## REVISED PROPOSED REGULATION OF THE

## STATE QUARANTINE OFFICER

## LCB File No. R028-05

July 14, 2005

EXPLANATION - Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AUTHORITY: §§1 and 2, NRS 555.130.

A REGULATION relating to noxious weeds; revising provisions governing the designation of noxious weeds; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

**Section 1.** NAC 555.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

555.010 *1.* The following weeds are designated noxious weeds:

(a) Category A Weeds:

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- 1	1.	† (	( <b>1</b> )	African rue.	(Peganum harmala)

[2.] (2) Austrian fieldcress. (Rorippa austriaca)

[3.] (3) Austrian peaweed. (Sphaerophysa salsula)

(Swainsona salsula)

4. (4) Black henbane. (Hysocyamus niger)

[5.] (5) Camelthorn. (Alhagi [camelorum]] pseudalhagi)

[6.] (6) Common crupina. (Crupina vulgaris)

[7.] (7) Dalmatian toadflax. (Linaria dalmatica)

(8) Dyer's woad. (Isatis tinctoria)

[8.] (9) Eurasian water-milfoil. (Myriophyllum spicatum)

[9.] (10) Giant salvinia. (Salvinia molesta)

[10.] (11) Goats rue.	(Galega officinalis)
[11. Green fountain grass.	(Pennisetum setaceum)
— 12. Hemlock:	
(a) Poison; and	(Conium maculatum)
(b) Water.	<del>(Cicuta maculata)</del>
— 13. Horse nettle:	
(a) Carolina; and	(Solanum carolinense)
(b) White.	(Solanum elaeagnifolium)
—14.] (12) Houndstongue.	(Cynoglossum officinale)
[15.] (13) Hydrilla.	(Hydrilla verticillata)
[16. Knapweed:	
(a) Diffuse;	(Centaurea diffusa)
(b) Russian;	(Centaurea repens)
(c) Spotted; and	(Centaurea maculosa)
(d) Squarrose.	(Centaurea virgata)
— 17. Leafy spurge.	(Euphorbia esula)
—18.] (14) Iberian star thistle.	( <u>Centaurea iberica</u> )
(15) Klamath weed.	( <u>Hypericum perforatum</u> )
(16) Malta star thistle.	(Centaurea melitensis)
[19.] (17) Mayweed chamomile.	(Anthemis cotula)
[20.] (18) Mediterranean sage.	(Salvia aethiopis)
<del>[21. Medusahead.</del>	(Taeniatherum caput-medusae)
22. Perennial pepperweed.	(Lepidium latifolium)

— 23. Puncture vine.	(Tribulus terrestris)
—24.] (19) Purple loosestrife.	(Lythrum salicaria, Lythrum
	virgatum and their cultivars)
[25.] (20) Purple star thistle.	( <u>Centaurea calcitrapa</u> )
(21) Rush skeletonweed.	(Chondrilla juncea)
<del>[26. Saltcedar.</del>	(Tamarix ramosissima, T. parviflora)
27. Sorghum species, perennial, including,	(Sorghum spp.)
but not limited to:	
(a) Johnson grass;	
(b) Sorghum alum; and	
(c) Perennial sweet sudan.	
28. Starthistle:	
(a) Iberian;	(Centaurea iberica)
(b) Purple; and	(Centaurea calcitrapa)
(c) Yellow.	(Centaurea solstitialis)
— 29. St. Johnswort.	(Hypericum perforatum)
— 30.] (22) Sow thistle.	(Sonchus arvensis)
(23) Spotted knapweed.	( <u>Centaurea maculosa</u> )
(24) Squarrose knapweed.	( <u>Centaurea virgata</u> )
(25) Sulfur cinquefoil.	(Potentilla recta)
[31.] (26) Syrian bean caper.	(Zygophyllum fabago)
<del>[32. Thistle:</del>	
<del>(a) Canada;</del>	(Cirsium arvense)

——————————————————————————————————————	(Carduus nutans)
(c) Scotch; and	(Onopordum acanthium)
——————————————————————————————————————	(Sonchus arvensis)
— 33. Toadflax:	
——————————————————————————————————————	<del>(Linaria dalmatica)</del>
——————————————————————————————————————	<del>(Linaria vulgaris)</del>
— 34. Whitetop or hoary cress.	<del>(Cardaria draba)]</del>
(27) Yellow star thistle.	( <u>Centaurea solstitialis</u> )
(28) Yellow toadflax.	( <u>Linaria vulgaris</u> )
(b) Category B Weeds:	
(1) Carolina horse nettle.	( <u>Solanum carolinense</u> )
(2) Diffuse knapweed.	( <u>Centaurea diffusa</u> )
(3) Leafy spurge.	( <u>Euphorbia esula</u> )
(4) Medusahead.	( <u>Taeniatherum caput-medusae</u> )
(5) Musk thistle.	( <u>Carduus nutans</u> )
(6) Russian knapweed.	(Acroptilon repens)
(7) Scotch thistle.	(Onopordum acanthium)
(8) White horse nettle.	(Solanum elaeagnifolium)
(c) Category C Weeds:	
(1) Canada thistle.	( <u>Cirsium arvense</u> )
(2) Green fountain grass.	(Pennisetum setaceum)
(3) Hoary cress.	( <u>Cardaria draba</u> )
(4) Johnson grass.	(Sorghum halepense)

(5) Perennial pepperweed. (Lepidium latifolium)

(6) Poison Hemlock. (Conium maculatum)

(7) Puncture vine. (<u>Tribulus terrestris</u>)

(8) Salt cedar (tamarisk). (<u>Tamarix spp.</u>)

(9) Water Hemlock. (Cicuta maculata)

2. Category A weeds are weeds that are generally not found or that are limited in distribution throughout the State. Such weeds are subject to:

- (a) Active exclusion from the State and active eradication wherever found.
- (b) Active eradication from the premises of a dealer of nursery stock.
- 3. Category B weeds are weeds that are generally established in scattered populations in some counties of the State. Such weeds are subject to:
  - (a) Active exclusion where possible.
  - (b) Active eradication from the premises of a dealer of nursery stock.
- 4. Category C weeds are weeds that are generally established and generally widespread in many counties of the State. Such weeds are subject to active eradication from the premises of a dealer of nursery stock.
  - **Sec. 2.** NAC 555.075 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 555.075 1. The *designated* weeds subject to control within the Goose Creek Weed Control District are:
  - (a) Those *noxious* weeds [designated] specified in NAC 555.010; and
  - (b) [Black Henbane; and
- <del>(c)</del> Larkspur.

- 2. When considering chemical control of designated weeds, the Board of Directors of the Goose Creek Weed Control District shall follow the latest recommendations of the University of Nevada, Reno, and the Department.
- 3. When considering mechanical control of designated weeds, the Board of Directors shall determine the method to be used.
- 4. The District may inspect any medium used in agricultural production, including, without limitation, machinery, livestock, forage, feed grain and seed for planting, which is moving to or within the District and is capable of spreading weeds designated for control by the District. If upon inspection the agricultural medium is found to be infested with viable reproductive parts of a designated weed, the medium used in agricultural production must be treated in a manner approved by the District.
- 5. If a farmer, rancher or landowner refuses to allow the District to control a designated weed on his property or refuses to perform the necessary control measures himself in a manner acceptable to the District, the Board of Directors may request the Director to initiate legal proceedings as provided by law.
- 6. The District may cooperate financially with a subdivision outside the District which is infested with a weed that is subject to control within the District if that infestation renders a potential problem to the control of weeds within the District.