PROPOSED REGULATION OF THE

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY

LCB File No. R039-07

August 6, 2007

EXPLANATION - Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AUTHORITY: §§1 and 2, NRS 639.070 and 639.0745.

A REGULATION relating to pharmacy; establishing requirements for information concerning prescriptions that may be shared between the computerized systems of pharmacies; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Section 1. Chapter 639 of NAC is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

- 1. Information concerning prescriptions may be shared between the computerized systems of two or more pharmacies licensed by the Board if:
 - (a) The pharmacies are commonly owned; and
- (b) The computerized systems for recording information concerning prescriptions share a common database that:
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, contains all the information concerning a patient that is contained in each computerized system that has access to the database;
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, contains all the information concerning a prescription that is contained in each computerized system that has access to the database;

- (3) After a prescription has been filled, automatically decreases the number of refills specified by the prescription, if any, regardless of which pharmacy filled the prescription;
- (4) Automatically stores any modification or manipulation of information concerning a prescription made by a pharmacy with access to the database so that the modification or manipulation is available to each pharmacy with access to the database;
- (5) Prevents access by a person who is not authorized to obtain information from the database;
- (6) Requires any person who is authorized to modify or manipulate information concerning a prescription, before modifying or manipulating the information concerning the prescription, to identify himself in the computerized system by:
 - (I) Using a biometric identification technique; or
- (II) Entering into the computerized system another unique identifier which is approved by the Board and which is known only to and used only by that person;
- (7) Makes and maintains an unchangeable record of each person who gains access to information concerning a prescription, or who modifies or manipulates information concerning the prescription, that includes, without limitation:
 - (I) The name or initials of the person;
- (II) An identifier that can be used to determine the pharmacy in which the person accessed the information concerning the prescription or modified or manipulated the information concerning the prescription; and
- (III) The type of activity concerning the prescription that the person performed, including, without limitation, accessing the information concerning the prescription and modifying or manipulating the information concerning the prescription;

- (8) Contains a scanned image of the original prescription if the original prescription is a written prescription; and
- (9) Provides contact information for the first pharmacist who verifies the correctness of the information contained in the database concerning the prescription.
- 2. If a pharmacy is the initial pharmacy to receive a written prescription, a pharmacist shall ensure that:
- (a) The written prescription is numbered consecutively in accordance with NAC 639.914; and
 - (b) The image of the prescription is scanned into the computerized system of the pharmacy.
- 3. If a pharmacy other than the pharmacy that initially received a prescription enters information concerning a prescription into a computerized system for recording information concerning prescriptions, the information must not be accessible from the common database for the purpose of filling or dispensing a prescription until a pharmacist verifies the correctness of the information entered into the computerized system. After verifying that information, the pharmacist shall enter a notation in the computerized system that includes his name, contact information and the date on which he verified the information.
- 4. A pharmacy that fills a prescription using the information from the common database, other than the pharmacy that initially received the prescription, shall:
- (a) Process the prescription in the same manner as a prescription that is initially received by the pharmacy;
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c), dispense the prescription in the same manner as a prescription that is initially received by the pharmacy; and
 - (c) Place on the label of the container in which the prescription will be dispensed:

- (1) The number assigned to the prescription by the pharmacy that initially received the prescription; and
- (2) An additional number or other identifier that ensures that the number placed on the label pursuant to subparagraph (1) is not confused with a prescription number of the pharmacy that is filling the prescription.
- 5. The filling of a prescription pursuant to the provisions of subsection 4 shall not be considered a transfer of the prescription.
 - **Sec. 2.** NAC 639.912 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 639.912 A pharmacist shall use a computerized system which meets the requirements contained in NAC 639.910 to store and retrieve information concerning prescriptions. The use of a computerized system does not excuse the pharmacist from maintaining the physical records concerning prescriptions required by law. To qualify for use pursuant to NAC 639.910 to 639.938, inclusive, *and section 1 of this regulation*, a computerized system must be able to provide all the information concerning the refilling of prescriptions required by law.