## PROPOSED REGULATION OF THE

### NEVADA TAX COMMISSION

#### LCB File No. R057-21

November 12, 2021

EXPLANATION - Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AUTHORITY: § 1, NRS 360.090, 363C.020, as amended by section 1 of Assembly Bill No. 435, chapter 139, Statutes of Nevada 2021, at page 580, and NRS 363C.100.

A REGULATION relating to taxation; establishing requirements for the exemption from the commerce tax for persons who take part in certain events for a purpose related to the conduct of a business; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

# **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

Existing law imposes an annual commerce tax on each business entity whose gross revenue earned in this State during a fiscal year exceeds \$4,000,000. The tax is imposed at a rate based on the industry in which the business entity is primarily engaged. (Chapter 363C of NRS) Existing law exempts from the commerce tax a person who takes part in an exhibition, trade show, industry or corporate meeting or similar event held in this State for a purpose related to the conduct of a business, including, without limitation, an organizer, manager or sponsor of such an event or an exhibitor at such an event. (NRS 363C.020, as amended by section 1 of Assembly Bill No. 435, chapter 139, Statutes of Nevada 2021, at page 580) This regulation clarifies that this exemption applies only to a person who: (1) participates in an event of limited duration primarily attended by members of a particular trade or industry for the purpose of exhibiting their merchandise or services or discussing matters of interest to members of that trade or industry; and (2) does not engage in any business activity in this State other than the participation, organization, management or sponsorship of such an event.

## **Section 1.** NAC 363C.210 is hereby amended to read as follows:

363C.210 1. The commerce tax is a tax imposed on each business entity engaging in a business in this State. To determine whether a business entity is engaging in a business in this State, the Department must consider the activities of the business entity and not the activities of other entities in which the business entity owns an interest.

- 2. Except as otherwise provided in [subsection] subsections 3 and 4 and chapter 363C of NRS, for the purpose of determining whether a person or other entity is subject to the commerce tax, a person or other entity is a business entity if the person is:
- (a) An entity organized pursuant to title 7 of NRS or another equivalent statute of this State or another jurisdiction, other than an entity organized pursuant to chapter 82 or 84 of NRS.
- (b) A state, national, domestic or foreign bank, whether organized under the laws of this State, another state or another country, or under federal law.
- (c) A savings and loan association or savings bank, whether organized under the laws of this State, another state or another country, or under federal law.
- (d) A partnership governed by chapter 87 of NRS or another equivalent statute of this State or another jurisdiction.
- (e) A registered limited-liability partnership registered with the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 87.440 to 87.500, inclusive.
  - (f) A business association.
- (g) A joint venture, except a joint operating or co-ownership arrangement which meets the requirements of 26 C.F.R. § 1.761-2(a)(3), Treas. Reg. § 1.761-2(a)(3), that elects out of federal partnership treatment as provided by 26 U.S.C. § 761(a).
  - (h) A joint stock company.
  - (i) A holding company.
  - (j) A natural person who is required to file with the Internal Revenue Service a:
- (1) Schedule C (Form 1040), Profit or Loss from Business, or its equivalent or successor form;

- (2) Schedule E (Form 1040), Supplemental Income and Loss, or its equivalent or successor form, if an activity of the natural person is reported on Part I of that Schedule; or
- (3) Schedule F (Form 1040), Profit or Loss from Farming, or its equivalent or successor form
  - (k) Any other person engaging in a business in this State.
- 3. [For] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, for the purpose of determining whether a person or other entity is subject to the commerce tax, a person or other entity is not a business entity if the person or entity is listed in subsection 2 of NRS 363C.020, as amended by section 1 of Assembly Bill No. 435, chapter 139, Statutes of Nevada 2021, at page 580, regardless of whether the person or entity is engaging in a business in this State.
- 4. The exclusion from the definition of "business entity" set forth in paragraph (n) of subsection 2 of NRS 363C.020, as amended by section 1 of Assembly Bill No. 435, chapter 139, Statutes of Nevada 2021, at page 580, applies only to a person who:
- (a) Participates in an event of limited duration primarily attended by members of a particular trade or industry for the purpose of exhibiting their merchandise or services or discussing matters of interest to members of that trade or industry; and
- (b) Does not engage in any business activity in this State other than the participation, organization, management or sponsorship of an event described in paragraph (a).
  - **5.** As used in this section:
- (a) "Holding company" means an entity that confines its activities to owning stock in, and supervising management of, other companies.

- (b) "Joint stock company" means a common-law unincorporated business enterprise of natural persons possessing common capital with ownership interests represented by shares of stock.
- (c) "Joint venture" means a partnership engaged in the joint prosecution of a particular transaction for mutual profit.