ADOPTED REGULATION OF THE

BOARD OF WILDLIFE COMMISSIONERS

LCB File No. R053-25

EXPLANATION – Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AUTHORITY: § 1, NRS 488.045, 488.059, 501.181 and 501.243; §§ 2 and 3, NRS 501.105, 501.110 and 501.181; § 4, NRS 501.105, 501.181, 503.597 and 504.295; §§ 5-10, NRS 501.105, 501.181, 503.300 and 503.310; § 11, NRS 501.105 and 501.181.

A REGULATION relating to the Board of Wildlife Commissioners; revising provisions relating to the operation of vessels on certain waters in this State; making various changes to certain classifications of fish; revising provisions relating to northern pike fish; revising provisions governing the use of certain fish, or parts of certain fish, as bait; revising the circumstances under which live bait fish and other forms of aquatic life and animal life may be used as bait; revising provisions governing the capture, offering for sale, holding and transportation of aquatic bait and live bait fish by a person who is permitted to sell live bait; establishing provisions governing spearfishing or bowfishing for northern pike fish at Comins Lake; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law requires the Board of Wildlife Commissioners to establish policies to promote the safety of persons using vessels on the waters of this State. (NRS 501.181) Existing regulations provide that only a vessel without a motor or powered by an electric motor is allowed to be operated on certain waters in this State. (NAC 488.470) **Section 1** of this regulation provides that only a vessel without a motor or powered by an electric motor is allowed to be operated on the waters of the Battle Born Pond in Washoe County.

Existing law requires the Commission to classify, by regulation, fish as either game fish, protected fish or unprotected fish and authorizes the Commission to further classify protected fish as sensitive, threatened or endangered. (NRS 501.110) Existing regulations establish these classifications. (NAC 503.060, 503.065, 503.070) **Sections 2 and 3** of this regulation revise the scientific names for certain species of classified fish.

Existing law authorizes the Commission to prohibit the importation, transportation or possession of any species of wildlife that the Commission deems detrimental to the wildlife or the habitat of the wildlife in this State. (NRS 503.597) With certain exceptions, existing regulations prohibit a person from importing, transporting or possessing certain species of live wildlife, including, without limitation, northern pike. (NAC 503.110) **Section 4** of this regulation: (1) prohibits a person from releasing a northern pike into any body of water in this

State; and (2) requires any person who catches a northern pike by any method for taking fish to immediately kill the northern pike.

Existing law authorizes the Commission to: (1) prescribe by regulation the types of bait and methods by which it may or may not be used in any designated water; (2) regulate or prohibit the use of live bait in fishing; and (3) prescribe the species which may be held or sold by a person who holds a permit to sell live bait. (NRS 503.300, 503.310) Existing regulations authorize a person who has a fishing license or short-term permit to fish, or a person who is not required to obtain such a license or permit, to capture, transport and use bait for fishing or personal consumption, subject to certain exceptions. (NAC 503.502) **Section 5** of this regulation defines the term "animal life" to mean live insects, worms and other terrestrial invertebrates. **Section 6** of this regulation: (1) prohibits the use of parts of any game fish or protected species of fish as bait; (2) authorizes the use of any unprotected species of freshwater bait fish or parts which are commercially prepared or preserved as bait in waters where the use of aquatic bait is authorized; (3) removes the authorization to transport aquatic bait from one area of this State to another; and (4) authorizes the use of any fresh, dead or frozen saltwater species of fish or aquatic bait or parts thereof as bait in waters where the use of aquatic bait is authorized.

Existing regulations establish requirements for the use of bait in: (1) the Western Region, which consists of all waters within Carson City and Churchill, Douglas, Humboldt, Lyon, Mineral, Storey, Pershing and Washoe Counties; (2) the Eastern Region, which consists of all waters in Elko, Eureka, Lander and White Pine Counties; and (3) the Southern Region, which consists of all waters in Clark, Esmeralda, Lincoln and Nye Counties. (NAC 503.504-503.507) **Sections 7-9** of this regulation authorize the use of certain forms of aquatic and animal life as bait in the Western, Eastern and Southern Regions. **Section 7** prohibits the capture, possession while fishing or use of fish as bait in certain waters of the Western Region. **Section 10** of this regulation removes the chart setting forth the authorized species of bait for each Region.

Existing regulations prohibit a hole cut in the ice for purposes of ice fishing from exceeding 10 inches in diameter. (NAC 503.583) **Section 11** of this regulation authorizes a person to cut a hole in the ice for purposes of ice fishing by spear or by bow and arrow for northern pike at Comins Lake which must not exceed 12 inches in width and 24 inches in length. **Section 11** requires a person to: (1) return the block of ice to the hole after fishing; and (2) for a hole that exceeds 10 inches in diameter, mark the location of the hole with natural vegetation or a marker which is painted brightly, not less than 36 inches in height and visible from a minimum distance of 100 feet.

Section 1. NAC 488.470 is hereby amended to read as follows:

488.470 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, only vessels without motors are permitted on the following waters:

<u>Waters</u> <u>County</u>

(a) Angel Lake	Elko
(b) Blue Lake	Humboldt
(c) Marlette Lake	Washoe
(d) Truckee River from the California-Nevada state line to the point where the	
river enters the Pyramid Lake Indian Reservation.	Storey
	and Washoe

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, only vessels without motors and vessels which are powered by electric motors are permitted on the following waters:

<u>Waters</u>	County
(a) Groves Lake	Lander
(b) Sparks Marina Park	Washoe
(c) The lagoon south of Laughlin within section 33, T. 32 S., R. 66 E.,	
M.D.B. & M., as marked with signs or buoys, or both	Clark
(d) Spooner Lake	Douglas
(e) Knott Creek Reservoir	Humboldt
(f) Tonkin Springs Reservoir	Eureka
(g) Battle Born Pond	Washoe
3. The provisions of this section do not apply to a vessel that is:	

(a) Owned, operated and used for official purposes by a federal, state or local governmental entity which has jurisdiction over the body of water on which the vessel is operated; or

- (b) Operating pursuant to a permit for a marine event that is requested by a federal, state or local governmental entity which has jurisdiction over the body of water on which the vessel is operated and issued pursuant to NRS 488.305 and NAC 488.490 to 488.510, inclusive.
 - **Sec. 2.** NAC 503.060 is hereby amended to read as follows:

503.060 The following species of fish and all hybrids thereof are classified as game fish:

1. Cold-water game fish are:

	Common Name	Scientific Name
(a) Cutthroat trout	Bonneville	Oncorhynchus [clarkii] virginalis
		<u>utah</u>
	Lahontan	Oncorhynchus [clarkii] henshawi
		<u>henshawi</u>
	Yellowstone	Oncorhynchus [clarkii] virginalis
		<u>bouvieri</u>
(b) Salmon	Kokanee	Oncorhynchus nerka
	Chinook (King)	Oncorhynchus tshawytscha
(c) Trout	Brook	Salvelinus fontinalis
	Brown	Salmo trutta
	Bull	Salvelinus confluentis
	Lake	Salvelinus namaycush
	Rainbow	Oncorhynchus mykiss
	Redband	Oncorhynchus mykiss gairdneri

Oncorhynchus mykiss newberrii

(d) Whitefish Mountain Prosopium williamsoni

2. Warm-water game fish are:

	Common Name	Scientific Name
(a) Bullhead	Black	Ameiurus melas
	Brown	Ameiurus nebulosus
(b) Catfish	Channel	<u>Ictalurus punctatus</u>
	White	Ameiurus catus
(c) Bass	Striped	Morone saxatilis
	White	Morone chrysops
	Largemouth Black	Micropterus [salmoides] nigricans
	Smallmouth Black	Micropterus dolomieu
	Spotted Black	Micropterus punctulatus
(d) Crappie	Black	Pomoxis nigromaculatus
	White	Pomoxis annularis
(e) Perch	Sacramento	Archoplites interruptus
	Yellow	Perca flavescens
(f) Sunfish	Bluegill	Lepomis macrochirus
	Green	Lepomis cyanellus
	Redear	Lepomis microlophus

Common Name Scientific Name

Pumpkinseed <u>Lepomis gibbosus</u>

(g) Walleye <u>Sander vitreus</u>

(h) Muskie Tiger <u>Esox masquinongy x Esox</u>

{Lucius} lucius

Sec. 3. NAC 503.065 is hereby amended to read as follows:

503.065 1. The following species of fish are classified as protected:

Minnows (Cyprinidae)

	Common Name	Scientific Name
(a) Chub	Alvord	Siphateles alvordensis
	Big Smoky Valley Tui	Siphateles bicolor ssp. 8
	Fish Creek Springs Tui	Siphateles bicolor euchila
	Fish Lake Valley Tui	Siphateles bicolor ssp. 4
	Hot Creek Valley Tui	Siphateles bicolor ssp. 5
	Independence Valley Tui	Siphateles bicolor isolata
	Newark Valley Tui	Siphateles bicolor newarkensis
	Railroad Valley Tui	Siphateles bicolor ssp. 7
	Sheldon Tui	Siphateles bicolor eurysoma
	Virgin River (Muddy River	

(b) Dace Big Smoky Valley Speckled Rhinichthys osculus lariversi

Diamond Valley Speckled Rhinichthys osculus ssp. 10

Monitor Valley Speckled Rhinichthys osculus ssp. 5

Moapa Speckled Rhinichthys osculus moapae

Oasis Valley Speckled Rhinichthys osculus ssp.

Population)...... Gila seminuda

Relict Relictus solitarius

White River Speckled Rhinichthys osculus ssp. 7

Scientific Name

(c) Spinedace Virgin <u>Lepidomeda mollispinis mollispinis</u>

Suckers (Catostomidae)

Common Name Scientific Name

(d) Sucker Meadow Valley Wash Desert ... Catostomus clarki ssp. 2

Wall Canyon <u>Catostomus [ssp.] murivallis</u>

White River Desert Catostomus clarki intermedius

Killifishes (Cyprinodontidae)

Common Name Scientific Name

(e) Springfish	Moorman White River	Crenichthys baileyi thermophilus
	Preston White River	Crenichthys baileyi albivallis

2. The following species of protected fish are further classified as endangered:

Minnows (Cyprinidae)

	Common Name	Scientific Name
(a) Chub	Bonytail	Gila elegans
	Pahranagat Roundtail	Gila robusta jordani
	Virgin River	Gila seminuda
(b) Dace	Moapa	Moapa coriacea
	Ash Meadows Speckled	Rhinichthys osculus nevadensis
	Clover Valley Speckled	Rhinichthys osculus oligoporus
	Independence Valley	
	Speckled	Rhinichthys osculus lethoporus
(c) Pikeminnow	Colorado	Ptychocheilus lucius
(d) Spinedace	White River	Lepidomeda albivalis
(e) Woundfin		Plagopterus argentissimus

Suckers (Catostomidae)

Common Name Scientific Name Cui-ui Chasmistes cujus (f) Sucker Razorback <u>Xyrauchen texanus</u> Killifishes (Cyprinodontidae) **Common Name** Scientific Name (g) Poolfish Pahrump Empetrichthys latos (h) Pupfish Devils Hole Cyprinodon diabolis Warm Springs Cyprinodon nevadensis pectoralis Ash Meadows Amargosa Cyprinodon nevadensis mionectes (i) Springfish Hiko White River..... Crenichthys baileyi grandis White River..... Crenichthys baileyi baileyi

3. The following species of protected fish are further classified as threatened:

Minnows (Cyprinidae)

Common Name Scientific Name

	Common Name	Scientific Name
(a) Dace	Desert	Eremichthys acros
(b) Spinedace	Big Spring	Lepidomeda mollispinis pratensis
	Killifishes (Cyp	prinodontidae)
	Common Name	Scientific Name
(c) Springfish	Railroad Valley	Crenichthys nevadae
	Suckers (Cat	tostomidae)
	Common Name	Scientific Name
(4) C1	W/	Catastanus
(d) Sucker	w arner	<u>Catostomus warnerensis</u>
Sec. 4. NAC	503.110 is hereby amended to	read as follows:
503.110 1. I	Except as otherwise provided in	n this section, the importation, transportation or
possession of the f	collowing species of live wildling	fe or hybrids thereof, including viable embryos
or gametes, is proh	nibited:	
(a) Fish:		

(1) I	A 11
(1) Lampreys	All species in the family Petromyzontidae
(2) Freshwater stingray	All species in the family Potamotrygonidae
(3) Freshwater shark	All species in the genus <u>Carcharhinus</u>
(4) Bowfin	Amia calva
(5) Gars	All species in the family Lepisosteidae
(6) Herring and shad, except threadfin	
shad and gizzard shad	All species in the family Clupeidae, except
	<u>Dorosoma petenense</u> and <u>Dorosoma</u>
	<u>cepedianum</u>
(7) European Whitefish	All species in the genus <u>Leuciscus</u>
(8) Mexican banded tetra	Astyanax mexicanus
(9) Piranhas	All species in the genera Serrasalmus,
	Serrasalmo, Pygocentrus, Pristobrycon,
	<u>Hydrolycus, Rooseveltiella</u> and <u>Pygopristis</u>
(10) South American Parasitic Catfish	All species in the families Cetopsidae and
	Trichomycteridae
(11) White perch	Morone americana
(12) Freshwater drum	Aplodinotus grunniens
(13) Grass carp, except certified	
triploids as authorized by a	
special permit	Ctenopharyngodon idella

(14) Pike top minnow	Belonesox belizanus
(15) Snakehead	All species in the genera Parachanna and
	Channa
(16) Walking catfish	All species in the genera Clarias,
	Heteropneustes and Dinotopterus
(17) Tiger fish, Tigerfish and Wolf	All species in the genera Hydrocynus and
fish	<u>Hoplias</u>
(18) Sticklebacks	All species in the genera Apeltes, Eucalia,
	Gasterosteus and Pungitius
(19) Tilapia	All species in the genera Coelotilapia,
	Coptodon, Heterotilapia, Oreochromis,
	Pelmatolapia, Tilapia and Sarotherodon
(20) Nile perch	All species in the genera <u>Lates</u> and <u>Luciolates</u>
(21) Goldeye	All species in the genus <u>Hiodon</u>
(22) Carp:	
(I) Bighead	Hypophthalmichthys nobilis
(II) Black	Mylopharyngodon piceus
(III) Crucian	Carassius carassius
(IV) Indian	Catla catla, Cirrhina mrigala and Labeo rohita
(V) Silver	Hypophthalmichthys molitrix
(23) Rudd	Scardinius erythrophthalmus

Scientific Classification

(24) Northern Pike	Esox lucius
(25) Swamp eel	All species in the genus Monopterus
(26) Round goby	Neogobius melanostomus
(27) Flathead catfish	Pylodictis olivaris

(28) Peacock bass All species in the genus Cichla

(b) Reptiles:

Common Name

(1) Alligators, crocodiles and gharials	All species in the order Crocodilia
(2) Bird snake	All species in the genus <u>Thelotornis</u>
(3) Boomslang	<u>Dispholidus typus</u>
(4) Keelbacks	All species in the genus Rhabdophis
(5) Burrowing Asps	All species in the family Atractaspidae
(6) Coral snakes, cobras, kraits,	
mambas, Australian elapids	
and sea snakes	All species in the family Elapidae
(7) Pit vipers and true vipers, except	
species indigenous to this State	All species in the family Viperidae, except
	species indigenous to this State

Common Name Scientific Classification (8) Snapping Turtles All species in the family Chelydridae

- (9) Gila monsters and beaded lizards All species in the family Helodermatidae
- (c) Amphibians:

Common Name	Scientific Classification		
(1) (1)	A11		
(1) Clawed frogs	All species in the genus Xenopus		
(2) Giant or marine toads	Bufo horribilis, Bufo marinus and Bufo		

paracnemis

Scientific Classification

(d) Mammals:

Common Name

(1) Deer, elk, wapiti, moose and caribou	All species in the family Cervidae
(2) Wild Dogs or Dhole	Cuon alpinus
(3) Raccoon Dog	Nyctereutes procyonoides
(4) Mongooses and Meerkats	All species in the genera Atilax, Cynictis,
	Helogale, Mungos, Suricate, Ichneumia and
	<u>Herpestes</u>

(5) Wild European Rabbit	Oryctolagus cuniculus
(6) Multimammate Rat or Mouse	All species in the genus <u>Mastomys</u> (= <u>Praomys</u>)
(7) Bats	All species in the order Chiroptera
(8) Nutria	Myocastor coypus
(9) Coyote	<u>Canis latrans</u>
(10) Foxes	All species in the genera Vulpes, Fennecus,
	<u>Urocyon, Alopex, Lycalopex</u> and <u>Pseudalopex</u>
(11) Raccoon	Procyon lotor
(12) Skunk	All species in the genera Spilogale, Mephitis and
	<u>Conepatus</u>
(13) Wild pigs and hogs	All species in the family Suidae, except domestic
	breeds of Sus scrofa
(14) Reedbucks	All species in the genus Redunca
(15) Oryx and Gemsbok	All species in the genus <u>Oryx</u>
(16) Addax	Addax nasomaculatus
(17) Blesbok, Topi and Bontebok	All species in the genus <u>Damaliscus</u>
(18) Hartebeests	All species in the genera Alcelaphus and
	Sigmoceros
(19) Wildebeest and Gnus	All species in the genus <u>Connochaetes</u>
(20) Chamois	Rupicapra rupicapra and R. pyrenaica
(21) Tahr	All species in the genus <u>Hemitragus</u>

Common Name	Scientific Classification
(22) Ibex, Wild Goats, Tur and	
Markhor	All species in the genus <u>Capra</u> , except domestic
	goats, Capra hircus
(23) Barbary (Aoudad) Sheep	Ammotragus lervia
(24) Mouflon sheep, Urial, Bighorn	
and Argali	All species in the genus Ovis, except domestic
	sheep, Ovis aries
(e) Birds:	
Common Name	Scientific Classification
(1) Pink Starling or Rosy Pastor	Sturnus roseus
(2) Red-billed Dioch	
	Quelea quelea Proportus incorres
(3) Red-whiskered Bulbul	<u>Pychonotus jocosus</u>
(f) Crustaceans:	
Common Name	Scientific Classification
Common Name	Scientific Classification

Eriocheir sinensis

(1) Asiatic mitten crab.....

Scientific Classification

(2) Crayfish All species in the families Parastacidae,

Cambaridae and Astacidae, except Procambarus

clarkii, Orconectes causeyi and indigenous

species of the genus Pacifastacus

(g) Mollusks:

Common Name

Scientific Classification

(1) African giant snail	Achatina fulica
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(2) Zebra and quagga mussels...... All species in the genus <u>Dreissena</u>

(3) New Zealand mud snail <u>Potamopyrgus antipodarum, P. jenkinsi</u>

(4) Apple snails All species in the genus <u>Pomacea</u>

(5) Golden mussel <u>Limnoperna fortunei</u>

- 2. The headquarters of the Department and each regional office of the Department will maintain a physical description and picture of each species listed in this section when reasonably available.
- 3. The Department may issue a scientific permit for the collection or possession of wildlife or a commercial license for the possession of live wildlife, whichever is applicable, for the importation, transportation or possession of a species listed in this section only to:

- (a) A zoo or aquarium which is an accredited institutional member of the Zoological Association of America, the Association of Zoos and Aquariums or their successors.
 - (b) A college, university or governmental agency, for scientific or public health research.
- (c) Any other scientific institution, as determined by the Department, for research or medical necessity.
- (d) Any person engaged in commercial aquaculture, upon application and proof to the Department that the activity will not be detrimental to aquatic life, other wildlife or recreational uses. As a condition of the issuance to such a person of a commercial license for the possession of a species listed in this section, a bond may be required to provide for the removal of any species to which the license applies that may escape or be released from captivity for any reason. The amount of the bond will be determined by the Department after considering the degree of potential hazard to wildlife.
- (e) A tax-exempt nonprofit organization that exhibits wildlife solely for educational or scientific purposes.
- 4. An interstate shipment of a species listed in this section may be transported through this State, without a permit or license issued by the Department, if:
- (a) The shipper or transporter has evidence of lawful possession of the species issued by the state or country where the species originated;
- (b) Mammals, birds or fish are accompanied by a health certificate issued by the state or country where the species originated that indicates the destination, origin and proof of ownership of the species being transported;
 - (c) The species is in this State for less than 48 hours; and

- (d) The species is not unloaded or otherwise released while being transported through this State.
- 5. No person shall release a northern pike into a body of water in this State. If a person catches a northern pike by any method for taking fish, the northern pike must be killed immediately.
- 6. This section does not apply to the Department when it is conducting authorized introductions or transplantations of a native species of big game mammal listed in this section.
 - **Sec. 5.** NAC 503.500 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 503.500 As used in NAC 503.500 to 503.575, inclusive, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 1. "Animal life" means live insects (such as grasshoppers), worms (such as earthworms and leeches) and all other terrestrial invertebrates.
- 2. "Aquatic bait" means live, unprotected amphibians (such as salamanders, waterdogs and frogs), bullfrogs), crustaceans (such as crayfish) and mollusks (such as clams and snails).
- [2.] 3. "Aquatic life" means live amphibians, crustaceans, mollusks, fish and all other animals which grow in, live in or frequent water.
- [3.] 4. "Artificial lures" means any device with a hook or hooks attached which is made partly or entirely of rubber, wood, metal, glass, plastic or feathers.
 - [4.] 5. "Live bait fish" means live, unprotected species of freshwater fish.
- [5.] 6. "Minimum size" means the minimum total length a fish must measure to be possessed legally.
- [6.] 7. "Region" means one of the three administrative regions established by the Department.

- [7.] 8. "Single barbless hook" means a fish hook having one point which is manufactured without barbs or on which the barbs have been closed completely or filed off. The term does not include a fish hook which shares a common shank with one or more other fish hooks, regardless of whether the barbs have been closed completely or filed off.
- [8.] 9. "Total length" means the length of a fish measured from the tip of the nose to the tip of the tail fin
 - **Sec. 6.** NAC 503.502 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 503.502 1. A person who has a fishing license or short-term permit to fish, or who is not required to obtain such a license or permit pursuant to NRS 502.010 and NAC 502.285, may capture, transport and use bait for fishing or personal consumption except that:
- (a) The use of any game fish or protected species of fish *or parts thereof* for bait is prohibited.
- (b) Any unprotected species of freshwater bait fish or parts thereof which are *commercially* prepared [and] *or* preserved [commercially] may be used as bait only in waters where the use of aquatic bait is authorized, unless otherwise provided in the appropriate regional regulation.
- (c) Aquatic bait, other than salamanders or saltwater mudsuckers, may be used only in the water from which it is taken.
- (d) Aquatic life may be imported into this State only with the prior approval of the Department.
- (e) [Aquatic bait and live] *Live* bait fish may be transported from one area of this State to another only as provided in the appropriate regional regulation for the use of live bait fish.
- (f) Any fresh, dead or frozen saltwater species of fish or aquatic bait, including, without limitation, sardines, anchovies and shrimp, or parts thereof may be used as bait only in waters

where the use of aquatic bait is authorized, unless otherwise provided in the appropriate regional regulation.

- 2. A person who possesses bait in accordance with the provisions of this section shall not sell, barter or trade that bait.
- 3. Any bait obtained from a dealer in live bait fish who is licensed in this State must be accompanied by a currently dated receipt issued by that dealer.
 - **Sec. 7.** NAC 503.504 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 503.504 1. The Western Region consists of all waters within Carson City and Churchill, Douglas, Humboldt, Lyon, Mineral, Storey, Pershing and Washoe Counties.
 - 2. In the Western Region:
- (a) Live bait fish may be used only in the river basin from which it is taken and only in the following waters:
 - (1) The Carson River Basin.
- (2) The Humboldt River downstream from Stall Diversion Dam located near Golconda in Humboldt County, including Rye Patch Reservoir, Pitt-Taylor Reservoir, all waters in the Lovelock Valley, Chimney Reservoir and the Little Humboldt River downstream from Chimney Reservoir.
- (3) The portion of the Lake Tahoe Basin located in Carson City and Douglas and Washoe Counties.
 - (4) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, the Truckee River Basin.
- (5) The Walker River from the railroad bridge near Wabuska downstream to and including Walker Lake, except waters on the Walker River Paiute Reservation.

- (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c), in all waters of the Western Region not listed in paragraph (a), the capture, possession while fishing or use of fish as bait, whether dead or alive, or parts thereof, is prohibited.
- (c) Other forms of aquatic *life* and animal life, including, but not limited to, {grasshoppers, earthworms,} crayfish, *preserved salmon eggs and* any unprotected species of freshwater bait fish or parts thereof which are *commercially* prepared {and} or preserved {commercially, and preserved salmon eggs} may be used as bait.
 - 3. The following provisions apply to all other waters in the Western Region:
- (a) The capture, possession while fishing or the use of fish as bait, whether dead or alive, or parts thereof, is prohibited.
- (b) Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used in:
 - (1) (a) Catnip Reservoir;
 - (2) (b) Knott Creek Reservoir, including inlet and outlet streams;
 - (c) Marlette Lake, including tributaries and outlet streams;
- [(4)] (d) The portion of the East Walker River which is from one-quarter of a mile above the confluence of the East Walker River and Sweetwater Creek downstream to one-half of a mile below the confluence of the East Walker River and Red Wash Creek; and
- (5) (e) The portion of the Truckee River from the bridge on East Mustang Road downstream to the boundary of the Pyramid Lake Paiute Reservation.
 - (e) 4. Only artificial lures may be used in:
 - (1) (a) Hinkson Slough on the Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area; and
 - (2) (b) Hobart Reservoir.
 - **Sec. 8.** NAC 503.506 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 503.506 1. The Eastern Region consists of all waters in Elko, Eureka, Lander and White Pine Counties.
 - 2. Within this region:
- (a) [The] Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), the possession while fishing or use of fish as bait, whether dead or alive, or parts thereof, [or any unprotected species of freshwater bait fish or parts thereof which are prepared and preserved commercially except preserved salmon eggs.] is prohibited.
- (b) [Aquatic bait may be used only in the water from which it is taken.] Other forms of aquatic life and animal life, including, but not limited to, crayfish, preserved salmon eggs and any unprotected species of freshwater bait fish or parts thereof which are commercially prepared or preserved may be used as bait.
- 3. Only artificial lures may be used in the Tonkin Springs Reservoir and the collection ditch of the Ruby Lake National Wildlife Refuge.
- 4. Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used on the Snake Range High Lakes and on the south fork of the Humboldt River from the access causeway for the Lucky Nugget subdivision upstream to Lee. Only one single barbless hook may be attached to each hook eye or ring of the lure.
 - **Sec. 9.** NAC 503.507 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 503.507 1. The Southern Region consists of all waters in Clark, Esmeralda, Lincoln and Nye Counties.
- 2. In the waters of Lake Mead, Lake Mohave and the Colorado River located in Clark County:

- (a) Only the following species of live freshwater fish may be lawfully raised, transported, sold, offered for sale or imported for use as live bait:
 - (1) Golden shiner.
 - (2) Fathead minnow.
 - (3) Threadfin shad.
 - (4) Goldfish.
- (b) Carp, gizzard shad and mosquito fish may be used as bait but may be taken from and used only in the waters of the Colorado River.
- (c) Other forms of aquatic *life* and animal life, including, but not limited to, **[the waterdog**, grasshopper, earthworm and] crayfish, *preserved salmon eggs and any unprotected species of* freshwater bait fish or parts thereof which are commercially prepared or preserved may be used as bait.
- (d) A person holding a valid fishing license may purchase fish authorized for use as bait pursuant to paragraph (a) from a dealer in bait licensed in Arizona, California or Nevada or may, for the person's own use, take fish authorized for use as bait by:
 - (1) A dipnet;
 - (2) A cast net with a radius not exceeding 4 feet measured from the horn to the leadline;
 - (3) A seine not exceeding 10 feet in length and 4 feet in width; or
- (4) A trap for minnows not exceeding 12 inches in depth, 12 inches in width or 24 inches in length.
 - 3. Only artificial lures may be used in the Dacey Reservoir.
- 4. In all other waters of the Southern Region, the capture, possession while fishing or use of fish as bait, whether dead or alive, or parts thereof, other than preserved salmon eggs or any

unprotected species of freshwater bait fish or parts thereof which are *commercially* prepared [and] *or* preserved [commercially,] is prohibited.

Sec. 10. NAC 503.510 is hereby amended to read as follows:

503.510 [1.] Aquatic bait and [the following species of] live bait *fish* may be captured, offered for sale, held or transported by a person permitted to sell live bait, subject to the provisions of NAC 503.500 to 503.507, inclusive, and any special conditions contained in the annual permit issued by the Department. [:

Authorized Species by Region

	Western	Eastern	Southern
Species	Region	Region	Region]
Lahontan redside (Richardsonius egregius)	X	N	
Tui chub (Siphateles bicolor)	X	Θ	
Speckled dace (Rhinichthys osculus)	X	N	
Mosquitofish (Gambusia ssp.)	X	E	
Carp (Cyprinus carpio)	X		
Goldfish (Carassius auratus)		P	X
Golden shiner (Notemigonus crysoleucas)		E	X
Fathead minnow (Pimephalespromelas)	X	R	X
Threadfin shad (Dorosoma petenense)		M	X
Mountain sucker		Į	

— (Catostomus platyrhynchus)	X	Ŧ	
Tahoe sucker (Catostomus tahoensis)	X	Ŧ	
Salamander (Waterdogs) (Ambystoma)		E	X
Paiute Sculpin (Cottus beldingi)	X	Đ	
Sacramento blackfish (Orthodon microlepidotus)	X		

- 2. The reference work from which the species listed in subsection 1 were named is special publication 34 of the American Fisheries Society, Common and Scientific Names of Fishes from the United States, Canada and Mexico 7th edition, 2013.
 - **Sec. 11.** NAC 503.583 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 503.583 [For] 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, for purposes of ice fishing, a hole cut through the ice must not exceed 10 inches in diameter.
- 2. For purposes of ice fishing by spear or by bow and arrow for northern pike at Comins Lake, a person:
- (a) May cut a hole through the ice which must not exceed 12 inches in width and 24 inches in length.
 - (b) May not cut more than one hole in the ice for each ice fishing site.
- (c) Shall maintain in his or her possession the block of ice removed to create the hole in the ice.
 - (d) Before leaving the fishing site, shall:
 - (1) Return the block of ice that was removed into the hole cut through the ice; and
- (2) For any hole which exceeds 10 inches in diameter, mark the location of the hole to indicate the potential hazard with:

- (I) Natural vegetation; or
- (II) A marker which is painted brightly, not less than 36 inches in height and visible from a minimum distance of 100 feet,

which must be in the possession of the person at the time he or she cuts the hole through the ice.