

**PROPOSED REGULATION OF THE
BOARD OF WILDLIFE COMMISSIONERS**

LCB FILE NO. R059-26I

**The following document is the initial draft regulation proposed
by the agency submitted on 03/23/2026**

**PROPOSED REGULATION OF THE
BOARD OF WILDLIFE COMMISSION**

LCB File No. RXXX-XX

COMMISSION GENERAL REGULATION 527

EXPLANATION – Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

Section 1. Chapter 501 of NAC is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. The following definitions are for the purpose of administering wildlife salvage permits
 - a. Vehicle collision involving wildlife refers to an incident in which a motorized vehicle makes physical contact with any wildlife, resulting in mortal injury or death to the animal.
 - i. Vehicle collisions which result in mortal injury to wildlife must be euthanized by a sworn peace officer by the State of Nevada.
 - b. Incidental events involving wildlife refer to unintentional occurrences that result in death to the animal. To include:
 - i. Natural death from non-human-related causes including disease, wildlife predation, old age, starvation, exposure to severe weather, and environmental disasters including wildfires, floods, habitat shifts.
 - ii. Mortal injury or death sustained due to structures such as property fencing injury.
 - iii. Incidental events involving suspected mortal injury of wildlife must be determined by a representative of the Department before euthanizing the wildlife.
 - iv. Each incidental event will be evaluated by the Department to determine if a wildlife salvage permit may be issued.
 - c. Non-incident events involving wildlife refer to intentional, reckless, or negligent human behavior that directly or indirectly causes injury or death to the animal.
2. For the purpose of Senate Bill 215, any individual may apply for a wildlife salvage permit for any:
 - a. Game mammal as defined in NAC 503.020, except for black bear.
 - b. Game bird as defined in NAC 503.045, except for crow.That was killed as a result of a vehicle collision, or incidental event, not involving negligence or any unlawful act of any individual.
3. Salvaged wildlife may be transported from the location the salvaged wildlife was found, provided the salvaging individual physically documents the possession with the following information prior to leaving the salvage location:

- a. A photograph of the entire salvaged animal, including the head. The photograph must contain location metadata information. (location information turned on during photo)
 - b. The name and address of the individual salvaging the wildlife.
 - c. A description of the salvaged wildlife including the species, gender and number of antler points on either side if applicable.
 - d. The date and time on which the salvaged wildlife was taken and possessed.
 - e. A description of the motorized vehicle involved in the collision, if applicable.
 - f. The destination where the salvaged wildlife carcass will be transported.
4. The individual salvaging the wildlife must surrender to the Department, the skull, including any associated horns or antlers if applicable within 48 hours from the time the wildlife was salvaged and present to the Department all information required as outlined in subsection 2 of this regulation, after which, the Department will issue a wildlife salvage permit.
5. The Department may deny possession of any salvaged wildlife based on suspicion of disease, or suspicion of the wildlife being killed due to negligence or an unlawful act.
6. Any individual who is issued a wildlife salvage permit is prohibited from using any portion of the carcass to sell, trade or barter.
7. Any wildlife taken for salvage:
 - a. Must be removed in its entirety from the site of collection. Cleaning, field dressing or quartering is permitted at the site of collection provided that all un-salvaged parts including internal organs and entrails be removed and placed out of view of the roadway and a minimum of 200 feet from the roadway or easement. Processing of meat or parts is not permitted at the site of collection.
 - b. Must not impede the movement of any vehicular traffic on the roadway at any time.
 - c. Is not permitted within an active travel lane.
 - d. Is not permitted along any portion of any roadway with a speed limit of 75 miles per hour or greater.
 - e. Wildlife salvage is not permitted within any construction zone or active emergency responder scene.
8. Salvage permits:
 - a. Are not transferable.
 - b. Do not authorize the pickup and possession of a threatened or endangered species carcass or its parts.
9. Hunting license or game tags are not required for the purpose of issuance of a wildlife salvage permit.
10. The issuance of salvage permits may be prohibited if Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) is detected in the state pursuant Senate Bill 215.

11. Any individual who possesses a salvaged wildlife ungulate which was salvaged within a Transportation Restricted Zone (TRZ) must comply with transportation restrictions of the carcass as provided by any currently enforced quarantine order.
12. No person shall salvage wildlife except in accordance with this regulation.