Carson City (Monday), May 23, 2011

Assembly called to order at 10:39 a.m.
Mr. Speaker presiding.
Roll called.
All present.
Prayer by the Chaplain, Pastor Micheal Hurlbert.

We come before You today, our great God and Father. We praise You for Your sovereignty. Lord, we just know that all authorities established have been established by You and for You. Today, Lord, I pray a special blessing on all the men and women here today that have come together in service to Your great state of Nevada. I pray that You be with them in their decisions, guide them, and let there be peace in their conflicts. Father, we pray this in the name of the Savior who gave His life in service to others.

Amen.

Pledge of allegiance to the Flag.

Assemblyman Conklin moved that further reading of the Journal be dispensed with, and the Speaker and Chief Clerk be authorized to make the necessary corrections and additions.

Motion carried.

Messages from the Senate

Senate Chamber, Carson City, May 20, 2011

To the Honorable the Assembly:

I have the honor to inform your honorable body that the Senate on this day passed Assembly Bills Nos. 13, 23, 56, 76, 110, 113, 115, 130, 135, 141, 143, 145, 146, 182, 192, 200, 213, 233.

Also, I have the honor to inform your honorable body that the Senate amended, and on this day passed, as amended, Assembly Bill No. 17, Amendment No. 592; Assembly Bill No. 29, Amendment No. 586; Assembly Bill No. 39, Amendment No. 598; Assembly Bill No. 40, Amendment No. 599; Assembly Bill No. 54, Amendment No. 587; Assembly Bill No. 154, Amendment No. 584; Assembly Bill No. 156, Amendment No. 571, and respectfully requests your honorable body to concur in said amendments.

Also, I have the honor to inform your honorable body that the Senate on this day adopted Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 2.

Sherry L. Rodriguez
Assistant Secretary of the Senate

Motions, Resolutions and Notices

By Assemblywoman Smith:

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 10—Directing the Legislative Committee on Health Care to create a task force to develop a state plan to address Alzheimer's disease.

Assemblyman Conklin moved that the resolution be referred to the Committee on Legislative Operations and Elections.

Motion carried.
By the Committee on Legislative Operations and Elections:

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 11—Amending the Joint Standing Rules of the Senate and Assembly for the 76th Session of the Nevada Legislature to extend the second House passage deadline from May 27, 2011, until May 30, 2011.

RESOLVED BY THE ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, THE SENATE CONCURRING, That Rule No. 14.3 of the Joint Standing Rules of the Senate and Assembly as adopted by the 76th Session of the Nevada Legislature is hereby amended to read as follows:


Except as otherwise provided in Joint Standing Rules Nos. 14.4, 14.5 and 14.6:

1. The final standing committee to which a bill or joint resolution is referred in its House of origin may only take action on the bill or joint resolution on or before the 68th calendar day of the legislative session. A bill may be re-referred after that date only to the Committee on Finance or the Committee on Ways and Means and only if the bill is exempt pursuant to subsection 1 of Joint Standing Rule No. 14.6.

2. Final action on a bill or joint resolution may only be taken by the House of origin on or before the 79th calendar day of the legislative session.

3. The final standing committee to which a bill or joint resolution is referred in the second House may only take action on the bill or joint resolution on or before the 103rd calendar day of the legislative session. A bill may be re-referred after that date only to the Committee on Finance or the Committee on Ways and Means and only if the bill is exempt pursuant to subsection 1 of Joint Standing Rule No. 14.6.

4. Final action on a bill or joint resolution may only be taken by the second House on or before the 110th calendar day of the legislative session.

Assemblyman Conklin moved the adoption of the resolution.

Remarks by Assemblyman Conklin.

Resolution adopted and ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Assemblyman Conklin moved to immediately transmit Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 11 to the Senate.

Motion carried.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 2:

Assemblyman Conklin moved that the resolution be referred to the Committee on Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Mining.

Motion carried.

NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

May 20, 2011

The Fiscal Analysis Division, pursuant to Joint Standing Rule 14.6, has determined the eligibility for exemption of: Senate Bill No. 488.

RICK COMBS
Fiscal Analysis Division

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Mr. Speaker:

Your Committee on Ways and Means has had under consideration the various budgets for the Division of Child and Family Services, and begs leave to report back that the following accounts have been closed by the Committee:

Children, Youth and Family Administration (101-3145)
Washoe County Integration (101-3141)
Clark County Integration (101-3142)
Mr. Speaker:

Your Committee on Ways and Means has had under consideration the budget for the Commission on Peace Officers Standards and Training, and begs leave to report back that it has closed the budget for the 2011-13 biennium.

Also, Your Committee on Ways and Means has had under consideration the various budgets for the Public Employees’ Benefits Program, and begs leave to report back that the following accounts have been closed by the Committee:

Public Employees’ Benefits Program (625-1338)
Active Employees’ Group Insurance (666-1390)
Retired Employee Group Insurance (680-1368)

DEBBIE SMITH, Chair

REMARKS FROM THE FLOOR

Assemblyman Conklin moved that the following budget closure remarks be entered in the Journal.

Motion carried.

ASSEMBLYMAN MASTROLUCA:

The Ways and Means Committee has reviewed the following budgets for the Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Child and Family Services for the 2011-13 biennium. The Committee also authorized Fiscal staff to adjust these accounts based on the final actions of Senate Bill 476, which makes various changes concerning the juvenile justice system. The closings increase General Fund appropriations for the Division of Child and Family Services by $9,817,618 in FY 2012 and $9,846,687 in FY 2013.

CHILDREN, YOUTH AND FAMILY ADMINISTRATION (101-3145) DHHS DCFS-1:

The Committee did not approve the Governor’s recommendation to eliminate mental health room and board expenses for children not in the custody of the Division. The Committee did approve the elimination of caseload growth in this service, for General Fund savings totaling $1.0 million in FY 2012 and $1.4 million in FY 2013, but added back the base year’s amount of funding, $3.5 million of General Funds, in each year of the 2011-13 biennium. The Committee approved the transfer of three positions and new funding to support a portion of the functions recommended by the Governor for a new Children’s Behavioral Health Policy and Accountability Board. The Committee also approved two new Social Services Program Specialist positions recommended by the Governor to support the quality improvement process involved with the block grant of state funding to Clark and Washoe Counties for child welfare services.

WASHOE COUNTY INTEGRATION (101-3141) DHHS DCFS-25:

The Committee approved the Governor’s recommendation to provide state funding to Washoe and Clark Counties for child welfare services in the form of capped block grants, rather than through the historic model of line-item expense budgets. The new funding method includes a performance improvement plan and a fiscal incentive plan to improve safety, permanency and well-being outcomes for abused and neglected children. The change to the block grant model includes minor reductions in General Funds to maintain the budgets at the level of funding approved in the 2009-11 biennium, but based upon updated caseload projections and the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage rate calculated for FY 2013, it does not appear that the counties’ funding will be reduced from historical levels. The Committee also approved budget flexibility for the child welfare agencies to implement a pilot project to improve therapeutic foster care in the State.
CLARK COUNTY INTEGRATION (101-3142) DHHS DCFS-32:
As indicated for Washoe County, the Committee approved the Governor’s recommendation to provide state funding to Clark County for child welfare services in the form of a capped block grant. The split of General Funds is based upon historical levels and totals 75 percent for Clark County ($42.75 million per year) and 25 percent for Washoe County ($14.25 million per year).

RURAL CHILD WELFARE (101-3229) DHHS DCFS-39:
The Committee approved the Governor’s recommendation to allocate the cost of Child Protective Services to the rural counties. The allocation of these costs was a recommendation of the Legislative Committee for the Fundamental Review of Base Budgets of State Agencies and Clark and Washoe Counties have historically funded these services in their jurisdictions.

COMMUNITY JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAMS (101-1383) DHHS DCFS-57:
The Committee approved the Governor’s recommendation to eliminate $1.4 million in General Funds in each year of the 2011-13 biennium for the Community Corrections Partnership Block Grants.
Additionally, the Committee approved the Governor’s budget amendment to transfer $3,029,615 in each year of the biennium from the DCFS Administration account to this account for payments to the counties/judicial districts for mental health room and board expenses for non-custody county probation youth.

Youth Alternative Placement (101-3147) DHHS DCFS-65:
The Committee approved a budget amendment to restore $1,381,033 in General Funds for each year of the biennium, originally recommended for elimination by the Governor, for support of the juvenile correctional camps in Clark and Douglas Counties.
Additionally, the Committee approved continuing a 10 percent General Fund reduction that was first approved during the 26th Special Session of $170,498 in each year of the biennium. However, the Committee did not approve the Governor’s recommendation to eliminate an additional 10 percent in General Funds of $153,448 in each year of the biennium.

Nevada Youth Training Center (101-3259) DHHS DCFS-81:
In accordance with the Governor’s recommendation, the Committee approved the closure of three residential 20-bed units, increasing one 20-bed unit to 30 beds, and the elimination of 18 positions. The actions reduce the bed capacity at the facility to 110 beds. Additionally, the Committee recommended a letter of intent directing the Division to provide quarterly reports to the Interim Finance Committee on the ratios of youth held in detention and lengths of stay.
Youth Parole Services (101-3263) DHHS DCFS-88:
The Committee did not approve the Governor’s recommendation to replace the youth parole services General Funds of $5.4 million in each year of the 2011-13 biennium with fees assessed to the counties.
The Committee approved the Governor’s recommendation to eliminate General Funds of $576,090 in each year of the 2011-13 biennium representing reimbursement to county detention facilities.

ASSEMBLYMAN HOGAN:
The Ways and Means Committee has completed its review of the budget for the Commission on Peace Officers Standards and Training (POST) as follows:
POST (101-3774) POST-1:
The Committee approved the Governor’s recommendation to convert three classified Training Officers II to unclassified POST Training Specialists and three classified Employee Development Managers to unclassified POST Bureau Chiefs, with no change in salary. The Committee approved the Governor’s recommended reduction in court assessments of $46,742 in FY 2012 and $48,252 in FY 2013 to achieve budget reduction goals. The Committee also approved $10,500 in FY 2012 for developing electronic forms, reducing data entry and manual processes for POST staff, as well as law enforcement agencies in Nevada tasked with preparing information and submitting it to POST.
On May 9, 2011, the Ways and Means Committee closed the budget accounts for the Public Employees' Benefits Program (PEBP). The following comments describe the more significant actions by the Committee.

**Public Employees' Benefits Program (625-1338) PEBP-1:**
The Committee approved the Governor's recommendations for plan design changes, as well as subsidy reductions for participants. These decision units will save an estimated $85.2 million in state subsidies over the upcoming biennium, of which approximately $54.5 million (64 percent) is General Fund appropriations. The plan design changes eliminate the Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) and replace it with a Consumer-Driven Health Plan (CDHP). In addition, active employee participants will receive a Health Savings Account, and retirees will receive a Health Reimbursement Arrangement. Deductibles will be $1,900 for the Employee/Non-Medicare Retiree Only coverage tiers, and $3,800 for the Employee/Non-Medicare Retiree + Dependent(s) tiers. Co-insurance will decrease from 80 percent after the deductible is met to 75 percent. Medicare eligible retirees will move out of the PEBP plan and into the individual Medicare market. The subsidy for most Medicare retirees will be $10 per month per year of service for the upcoming biennium, and the PEBP Board is charged with determining what the Medicare retiree subsidy will be for future biennia. In addition, spouses or domestic partners who are eligible for other employer-based health coverage will be removed from PEBP. Finally, the Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) option will continue to be available, but would be subsidized at a lower rate than the CDHP, and the rates for Northern Nevada and Southern Nevada will be blended into one rate table.

**Active Employees' Group Insurance (666-1390) PEBP-18:**
The Committee disapproved the Governor's recommendation to reduce the health insurance subsidy provided to part-time employees to 60 percent of the recommended total subsidy. The Governor's recommendation purported to save $1.5 million in General Fund in FY 2013; however, after adjustments to various budget accounts, the savings from the Governor’s recommendation was reduced to $690,557. The State’s contribution for active employee group insurance will be $644.81 per month for FY 2012 and $735.60 per month for FY 2013.

**Retired Employee Group Insurance (680-1368) PEBP-11:**
The Committee closed this account as recommended by the Governor. The State’s monthly contribution toward retiree health insurance (both non-Medicare and Medicare retirees) will be $418.42 in FY 2012 and $473.47 in FY 2013.

**Reports of Committees**

Mr. Speaker:
Your Committee on Commerce and Labor, to which were referred Senate Bills Nos. 59, 142, 152, 182, 213, 267, 294, 329, 411, has had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Do pass.

Also, your Committee on Commerce and Labor, to which were referred Senate Bills Nos. 18, 205, 259, has had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Amend, and do pass as amended.

Also, your Committee on Commerce and Labor, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 488, has had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Without recommendation, and rerefer to the Committee on Ways and Means.

KELVIN ATKINSON, Chair

Mr. Speaker:
Your Committee on Government Affairs, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 445, has had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Do pass.

MARILYN K. KIRKPATRICK, Chair
Mr. Speaker:
Your Committee on Health and Human Services, to which were referred Senate Bills Nos. 293, 420, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Do pass.

APRIL MASTROLUCA, Chair

Mr. Speaker:
Your Committee on Judiciary, to which were referred Senate Bills Nos. 30, 128, 159, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Amend, and do pass as amended.

WILLIAM C. HORNE, Chair

Mr. Speaker:
Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was rereferred Assembly Bill No. 224, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Amend, and do pass as amended.
Also, your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was rereferred Assembly Bill No. 259, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Amend, and do pass as amended.
Also, your Committee on Ways and Means, to which were referred Senate Bills Nos. 470, 474, 478, 479, 482, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Do pass.

DEBBIE SMITH, Chair

MOTIONS, RESOLUTIONS AND NOTICES
Assemblyman Conklin moved that Assembly Bill No. 259, just reported out of committee, be placed at the top of the General File.
Motion carried.

Assemblyman Conklin moved that Assembly Bill No. 224; Senate Bills Nos. 18, 30, 59, 128, 142, 152, 159, 182, 205, 213, 259, 267, 293, 294, 329, 411, 420, 445, 470, 474, 478, 479, 482, and 488, just reported out of committee, be placed on the Second Reading File.
Motion carried.

SECOND READING AND AMENDMENT
Assembly Bill No. 224.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Ways and Means:
Amendment No. 644.
AN ACT relating to education; creating the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement within the Department of Education; prescribing the duties of the Office; revising the contents of the annual reports of accountability for school districts prepared by school districts; revising the contents of the plans to improve the achievement of pupils prepared by school districts and public schools; requiring the Commission on Professional Standards in Education to prescribe course work on parental involvement and family engagement; revising the membership of the Statewide Council for the Coordination of the Regional Training Programs;
requiring the Statewide Council to establish a statewide program for teachers and administrators concerning parental involvement and family engagement; requiring the regional training programs for the professional development of teachers and administrators to provide training on parental involvement and family engagement; making an appropriation; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel’s Digest:
Existing law establishes the Advisory Council on Parental Involvement. (NRS 385.600, 385.610, 385.620) Sections 10-12 of this bill change the name of the Council to the Advisory Council on Parental Involvement and Family Engagement and revise the duties of the Council. Section 2 of this bill creates the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement within the Department of Education and requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to appoint an employee of the Department to serve as the Director of the Office. Section 3 of this bill prescribes the duties of the Office, which include adopting policies and developing a list of practices designed to increase the involvement of parents and the engagement of families in the support of the education of their children. Section 4 of this bill authorizes the board of trustees of a school district to establish an advisory council on parental involvement and family engagement to work in conjunction with the Advisory Council.

Under existing law, the board of trustees of each school district is required to prepare an annual report of accountability information for the public schools within the school district, including information on the communication with and participation by the parents of pupils in the school district. (NRS 385.347) Sections 5 and 7 of this bill revises the annual reports to include information on the involvement of parents and the engagement of families in the education of their children.

Under existing law, the board of trustees of each school district and each public school is required to prepare a plan to improve the achievement of pupils within the district or school. (NRS 385.348, 385.357) Sections 6 and 8 of this bill revise the provisions of the plan to include strategies and practices to improve and promote effective involvement and engagement by parents and families.

Existing law requires the Commission on Professional Standards in Education to adopt regulations governing the qualifications for licensing teachers and other educational personnel. (NRS 391.019) Section 13 of this bill requires the Commission, in cooperation with the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement, to adopt regulations prescribing course work on parental involvement and family engagement.

Existing law establishes three regional training programs for the professional development of teachers and administrators and the Statewide Council for the Coordination of the Regional Training Programs. (NRS 391.500-391.556) Section 14 of this bill revises the membership of the Statewide Council to include the Director of the Office of Parental
Section 15 of this bill requires the Statewide Council, in cooperation with the Office, to establish a statewide training program for teachers and administrators concerning effective parental involvement and family engagement. Section 16 of this bill requires the regional training programs to provide training on how to involve parents and engage families and how to work with parent liaisons in public schools.

Section 18.5 of this bill makes appropriations from the State General Fund to the Department of Education for the personnel and other related costs for the Director of the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement and the Advisory Council on Parental Involvement.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 385 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2, 3 and 4 of this act.

Sec. 2. 1. The Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement is hereby created within the Department.

2. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall:

(a) Appoint an employee of the Department to serve as the Director of the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement; and

(b) Ensure that the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement has a sufficient number of personnel for the Office to carry out the duties prescribed in section 3 of this act.

Sec. 3. 1. The Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement created by section 2 of this act shall:

(a) Review and evaluate the programs implemented by the school districts and public schools, including, without limitation, programs which are supported in part with money received from the Federal Government, for carrying out and increasing parental involvement and family engagement in the public schools. The review and evaluation must include an identification of current strategies and practices for effective parental involvement and family engagement.

(b) Develop a list of practices which have been proven effective in increasing the involvement of parents and the engagement of families in the education of their children, including, without limitation, practices that increase the ability of school districts and public schools to effectively reengage parents and families and provide those parents and families with the skills and resources necessary to support the academic achievement of their children.

(c) Work in cooperation with the Statewide Council for the Coordination of the Regional Training Programs to establish a statewide training program concerning parental involvement and family engagement required pursuant to NRS 391.520.
(d) Provide information to the school districts and public schools on the availability of competitive grants for programs which offer:

(1) Professional development for educational personnel on practices to reengage disengaged parents and families in the education of their children;
(2) Training for parents and families in skills of leadership and volunteerism;
(3) Family literacy training;
(4) Home visitation programs to encourage the involvement of parents and the engagement of families in the education of their children; and
(5) Other innovative programs that are designed to increase the involvement of parents and the engagement of families in the academic achievement of their children.

(e) Provide support to those school districts which have established an advisory council on parental involvement and family engagement pursuant to section 4 of this act and encourage those school districts which have not established such an advisory council to consider creating an advisory council for the school district.

(f) Build the capacity of public schools to work in collaboration with parents to establish policies for the involvement of parents and the engagement of families, including, without limitation, policies that focus on partnerships between public schools and the parents and families of children enrolled in public schools and the empowerment of parents and families in support of the education of their children.

(g) Work in cooperation with the Commission on Professional Standards in Education in developing the regulations required by subparagraph (11) of paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 391.019 and monitoring the implementation of those regulations.

(h) Establish, in collaboration with the State Board, guidelines to assist parents and families in helping their children achieve the standards of content and performance adopted by the State Board pursuant to NRS 389.520.

(i) Collaborate with the Nevada State Parent Information and Resource Center, the Parent Training and Information Centers, the Nevada Parent Teacher Association, the Advisory Council and the teachers who are trained to serve as liaisons to parents and legal guardians of pupils enrolled in public schools to plan and implement a statewide summit on parental involvement and family engagement, which must be held at least biennially. After each summit, the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement shall evaluate the success of the summit in consultation with the entities identified in this paragraph.

(j) Assist each school district and the public schools within the school district with incorporating strategies and practices for effective parental involvement and family engagement into the plans to improve the
achievement of pupils prepared by the school districts pursuant to NRS 385.348 and the public schools pursuant to NRS 385.357.

(k) Work in partnership with the Advisory Council to:

(1) Review and evaluate the annual reports of accountability prepared by the board of trustees of each school district pursuant to NRS 385.347 relating to parental involvement and family engagement in the school districts and public schools;

(2) Review and evaluate the plans to improve the achievement of pupils prepared by each school district pursuant to NRS 385.348 and each public school pursuant to NRS 385.357 relating to the strategies and practices for effective parental involvement and family engagement incorporated into the plans; and

(3) Review the status of the implementation of the provisions of this section and the effectiveness of the Office in carrying out the duties prescribed in this section.

2. On or before August 1 of each year, the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement shall prepare a report which includes a summary of the:

(a) Status of the progress made by the school districts and public schools in effectively involving parents and engaging families in the education of their children and an identification of any areas where further improvement is needed; and

(b) Activities of the Office during the immediately preceding school year, including the progress made by the Office, in consultation with the Advisory Council, in assisting the school districts and public schools with increasing the effectiveness of involving parents and engaging families in the education of their children.

3. The Department shall post on its Internet website:

(a) The list of practices developed by the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1;

(b) The report prepared by the Office pursuant to subsection 2; and

(c) Any other information that the Office finds useful for the school districts, public schools, parents, families and general public relating to effective parental involvement and family engagement.

Sec. 4. The board of trustees of a school district may establish an advisory council on parental involvement and family engagement to work in conjunction with the Advisory Council.

Sec. 5. NRS 385.347 is hereby amended to read as follows:

385.347 1. The board of trustees of each school district in this State, in cooperation with associations recognized by the State Board as representing licensed educational personnel in the district, shall adopt a program providing for the accountability of the school district to the residents of the district and to the State Board for the quality of the schools and the educational achievement of the pupils in the district, including, without limitation, pupils enrolled in charter schools in the school district. The board
of trustees of each school district shall report the information required by subsection 2 for each charter school that is located within the school district, regardless of the sponsor of the charter school. The information for charter schools must be reported separately and must denote the charter schools sponsored by the school district, the charter schools sponsored by the State Board and the charter schools sponsored by a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education.

2. The board of trustees of each school district shall, on or before August 15 of each year, prepare an annual report of accountability concerning:
   (a) The educational goals and objectives of the school district.
   (b) Pupil achievement for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district. The board of trustees of the district shall base its report on the results of the examinations administered pursuant to NRS 389.015 and 389.550 and shall compare the results of those examinations for the current school year with those of previous school years. The report must include, for each school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, and each grade in which the examinations were administered:
      (1) The number of pupils who took the examinations.
      (2) A record of attendance for the period in which the examinations were administered, including an explanation of any difference in the number of pupils who took the examinations and the number of pupils who are enrolled in the school.
      (3) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, pupil achievement, reported separately by gender and reported separately for the following groups of pupils:
         (I) Pupils who are economically disadvantaged, as defined by the State Board;
         (II) Pupils from major racial and ethnic groups, as defined by the State Board;
         (III) Pupils with disabilities;
         (IV) Pupils who are limited English proficient; and
         (V) Pupils who are migratory children, as defined by the State Board.
      (4) A comparison of the achievement of pupils in each group identified in paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 385.361 with the annual measurable objectives of the State Board.
      (5) The percentage of pupils who were not tested.
      (6) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the percentage of pupils who were not tested, reported separately by gender and reported separately for the groups identified in subparagraph (3).
      (7) The most recent 3-year trend in pupil achievement in each subject area tested and each grade level tested pursuant to NRS 389.015 and 389.550, which may include information regarding the trend in the achievement of pupils for more than 3 years, if such information is available.
(8) Information that compares the results of pupils in the school district, including, without limitation, pupils enrolled in charter schools in the district, with the results of pupils throughout this State. The information required by this subparagraph must be provided in consultation with the Department to ensure the accuracy of the comparison.

(9) For each school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, information that compares the results of pupils in the school with the results of pupils throughout the school district and throughout this State. The information required by this subparagraph must be provided in consultation with the Department to ensure the accuracy of the comparison.

(10) Information on whether each school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, has made progress based upon the model adopted by the Department pursuant to NRS 385.3595. A separate reporting for a group of pupils must not be made pursuant to this paragraph if the number of pupils in that group is insufficient to yield statistically reliable information or the results would reveal personally identifiable information about an individual pupil. The State Board shall prescribe the mechanism for determining the minimum number of pupils that must be in a group for that group to yield statistically reliable information.

(c) The ratio of pupils to teachers in kindergarten and at each grade level for each elementary school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, and the average class size for each core academic subject, as set forth in NRS 389.018, for each secondary school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.

(d) Information on the professional qualifications of teachers employed by each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district. The information must include, without limitation:

(1) The percentage of teachers who are:
   
   (I) Providing instruction pursuant to NRS 391.125;
   
   (II) Providing instruction pursuant to a waiver of the requirements for licensure for the grade level or subject area in which the teachers are employed; or
   
   (III) Otherwise providing instruction without an endorsement for the subject area in which the teachers are employed;

(2) The percentage of classes in the core academic subjects, as set forth in NRS 389.018, that are not taught by highly qualified teachers;

(3) The percentage of classes in the core academic subjects, as set forth in NRS 389.018, that are not taught by highly qualified teachers, in the aggregate and disaggregated by high-poverty compared to low-poverty schools, which for the purposes of this subparagraph means schools in the top quartile of poverty and the bottom quartile of poverty in this State;

(4) For each middle school, junior high school and high school:
(I) On and after July 1, 2005, the number of persons employed as substitute teachers for 20 consecutive days or more in the same classroom or assignment, designated as long-term substitute teachers, including the total number of days long-term substitute teachers were employed at each school, identified by grade level and subject area; and

(II) On and after July 1, 2006, the number of persons employed as substitute teachers for less than 20 consecutive days, designated as short-term substitute teachers, including the total number of days short-term substitute teachers were employed at each school, identified by grade level and subject area; and

(5) For each elementary school:

(I) On and after July 1, 2005, the number of persons employed as substitute teachers for 20 consecutive days or more in the same classroom or assignment, designated as long-term substitute teachers, including the total number of days long-term substitute teachers were employed at each school, identified by grade level; and

(II) On and after July 1, 2006, the number of persons employed as substitute teachers for less than 20 consecutive days, designated as short-term substitute teachers, including the total number of days short-term substitute teachers were employed at each school, identified by grade level.

(e) The total expenditure per pupil for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district. If this State has a financial analysis program that is designed to track educational expenditures and revenues to individual schools, each school district shall use that statewide program in complying with this paragraph. If a statewide program is not available, each school district shall use its own financial analysis program in complying with this paragraph.

(f) The curriculum used by the school district, including:

(1) Any special programs for pupils at an individual school; and

(2) The curriculum used by each charter school in the district.

(g) Records of the attendance and truancy of pupils in all grades, including, without limitation:

(1) The average daily attendance of pupils, for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.

(2) For each elementary school, middle school and junior high school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district that provides instruction to pupils enrolled in a grade level other than high school, information that compares the attendance of the pupils enrolled in the school with the attendance of pupils throughout the district and throughout this State. The information required by this subparagraph must be provided in consultation with the Department to ensure the accuracy of the comparison.

(h) The annual rate of pupils who drop out of school in grade 8 and a separate reporting of the annual rate of pupils who drop out of school in grades 9 to 12, inclusive, for each such grade, for each school in the district.
and for the district as a whole. The reporting for pupils in grades 9 to 12, inclusive, excludes pupils who:

1. Provide proof to the school district of successful completion of the examinations of general educational development.
2. Are enrolled in courses that are approved by the Department as meeting the requirements for an adult standard diploma.
3. Withdraw from school to attend another school.
(i) Records of attendance of teachers who provide instruction, for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.
(j) Efforts made by the school district and by each school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, to increase:
   1. Communication with the parents of pupils enrolled in the district; and
   2. The participation of parents in the educational process and activities relating to the school district and each school, including, without limitation, the existence of parent organizations and school advisory committees; and
   3. The involvement of parents and the engagement of families of pupils enrolled in the district in the education of their children.
(k) Records of incidents involving weapons or violence for each school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.
(l) Records of incidents involving the use or possession of alcoholic beverages or controlled substances for each school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.
(m) Records of the suspension and expulsion of pupils required or authorized pursuant to NRS 392.466 and 392.467.
(n) The number of pupils who are deemed habitual disciplinary problems pursuant to NRS 392.4655, for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.
(o) The number of pupils in each grade who are retained in the same grade pursuant to NRS 392.033 or 392.125, for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.
(p) The transiency rate of pupils for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district. For the purposes of this paragraph, a pupil is not transient if the pupil is transferred to a different school within the school district as a result of a change in the zone of attendance by the board of trustees of the school district pursuant to NRS 388.040.
(q) Each source of funding for the school district.
(r) A compilation of the programs of remedial study that are purchased in whole or in part with money received from this State, for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school sponsored by the district. The compilation must include:
(1) The amount and sources of money received for programs of remedial study for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.

(2) An identification of each program of remedial study, listed by subject area.

(s) For each high school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, the percentage of pupils who graduated from that high school or charter school in the immediately preceding year and enrolled in remedial courses in reading, writing or mathematics at a university, state college or community college within the Nevada System of Higher Education.

(t) The technological facilities and equipment available at each school, including, without limitation, each charter school, and the district's plan to incorporate educational technology at each school.

(u) For each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, the number and percentage of pupils who received:

(1) A standard high school diploma, reported separately for pupils who received the diploma pursuant to:

(I) Paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 389.805; and

(II) Paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 389.805.

(2) An adjusted diploma.

(3) A certificate of attendance.

(v) For each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, the number and percentage of pupils who failed to pass the high school proficiency examination.

(w) The number of habitual truants who are reported to a school police officer or law enforcement agency pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of NRS 392.144 and the number of habitual truants who are referred to an advisory board to review school attendance pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 392.144, for each school in the district and for the district as a whole.

(x) The amount and sources of money received for the training and professional development of teachers and other educational personnel for each school in the district and for the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.

(y) Whether the school district has made adequate yearly progress. If the school district has been designated as demonstrating need for improvement pursuant to NRS 385.377, the report must include a statement indicating the number of consecutive years the school district has carried that designation.

(z) Information on whether each public school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, has made adequate yearly progress, including, without limitation:
(1) The number and percentage of schools in the district, if any, that have been designated as needing improvement pursuant to NRS 385.3623; and

(2) The name of each school, if any, in the district that has been designated as needing improvement pursuant to NRS 385.3623 and the number of consecutive years that the school has carried that designation.

(aa) Information on the paraprofessionals employed by each public school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district. The information must include:

(1) The number of paraprofessionals employed at the school; and

(2) The number and percentage of all paraprofessionals who do not satisfy the qualifications set forth in 20 U.S.C. § 6319(c). The reporting requirements of this subparagraph apply to paraprofessionals who are employed in positions supported with Title I money and to paraprofessionals who are not employed in positions supported with Title I money.

(bb) For each high school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school that operates as a high school, information that provides a comparison of the rate of graduation of pupils enrolled in the high school with the rate of graduation of pupils throughout the district and throughout this State. The information required by this paragraph must be provided in consultation with the Department to ensure the accuracy of the comparison.

(cc) An identification of the appropriations made by the Legislature that are available to the school district or the schools within the district and programs approved by the Legislature to improve the academic achievement of pupils.

(dd) For each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, information on pupils enrolled in career and technical education, including, without limitation:

(1) The number of pupils enrolled in a course of career and technical education;

(2) The number of pupils who completed a course of career and technical education;

(3) The average daily attendance of pupils who are enrolled in a program of career and technical education;

(4) The annual rate of pupils who dropped out of school and were enrolled in a program of career and technical education before dropping out;

(5) The number and percentage of pupils who completed a program of career and technical education and who received a standard high school diploma, an adjusted diploma or a certificate of attendance; and

(6) The number and percentage of pupils who completed a program of career and technical education and who did not receive a high school diploma because the pupils failed to pass the high school proficiency examination.

(ee) Such other information as is directed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction.
3. The records of attendance maintained by a school for purposes of paragraph (i) of subsection 2 must include the number of teachers who are in attendance at school and the number of teachers who are absent from school. A teacher shall be deemed in attendance if the teacher is excused from being present in the classroom by the school in which the teacher is employed for one of the following reasons:
(a) Acquisition of knowledge or skills relating to the professional development of the teacher; or
(b) Assignment of the teacher to perform duties for cocurricular or extracurricular activities of pupils.
4. The annual report of accountability prepared pursuant to subsection 2 must:
(a) Comply with 20 U.S.C. § 6311(h)(2) and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto; and
(b) Be presented in an understandable and uniform format and, to the extent practicable, provided in a language that parents can understand.
5. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall:
(a) Prescribe forms for the reports required pursuant to subsection 2 and provide the forms to the respective school districts.
(b) Provide statistical information and technical assistance to the school districts to ensure that the reports provide comparable information with respect to each school in each district and among the districts throughout this State.
(c) Consult with a representative of the:
   (1) Nevada State Education Association;
   (2) Nevada Association of School Boards;
   (3) Nevada Association of School Administrators;
   (4) Nevada Parent Teacher Association;
   (5) Budget Division of the Department of Administration; and
   (6) Legislative Counsel Bureau,
   concerning the program and consider any advice or recommendations submitted by the representatives with respect to the program.
6. The Superintendent of Public Instruction may consult with representatives of parent groups other than the Nevada Parent Teacher Association concerning the program and consider any advice or recommendations submitted by the representatives with respect to the program.
7. On or before August 15 of each year, the board of trustees of each school district shall submit to each advisory board to review school attendance created in the county pursuant to NRS 392.126 the information required in paragraph (g) of subsection 2.
8. On or before August 15 of each year, the board of trustees of each school district shall:
(a) Provide written notice that the report required pursuant to subsection 2 is available on the Internet website maintained by the school district, if any,
or otherwise provide written notice of the availability of the report. The written notice must be provided to the:

1. Governor;
2. State Board;
3. Department;
4. Committee; and
5. Bureau.

(b) Provide for public dissemination of the annual report of accountability prepared pursuant to subsection 2 in the manner set forth in 20 U.S.C. § 6311(b)(2)(E) by posting a copy of the report on the Internet website maintained by the school district, if any. If a school district does not maintain a website, the district shall otherwise provide for public dissemination of the annual report by providing a copy of the report to the schools in the school district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, the residents of the district, and the parents and guardians of pupils enrolled in schools in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.

9. Upon the request of the Governor, an entity described in paragraph (a) of subsection 8 or a member of the general public, the board of trustees of a school district shall provide a portion or portions of the report required pursuant to subsection 2.

10. As used in this section:
   (a) “Highly qualified” has the meaning ascribed to it in 20 U.S.C. § 7801(23).
   (b) “Paraprofessional” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 391.008.

Sec. 6. NRS 385.348 is hereby amended to read as follows:

385.348 1. The board of trustees of each school district shall, in consultation with the employees of the school district, prepare a plan to improve the achievement of pupils enrolled in the school district, excluding pupils who are enrolled in charter schools located in the school district. If the school district is a Title I school district designated as demonstrating need for improvement pursuant to NRS 385.377, the plan must also be prepared in consultation with parents and guardians of pupils enrolled in the school district and other persons who the board of trustees determines are appropriate.

2. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the plan must include the items set forth in 20 U.S.C. § 6316(c)(7) and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto. If a school district has not been designated as demonstrating need for improvement pursuant to NRS 385.377, the board of trustees of the school district is not required to include those items set forth in 20 U.S.C. § 6316(c)(7) and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto that directly relate to the status of a school district as needing improvement.

3. In addition to the requirements of subsection 2, a plan to improve the achievement of pupils enrolled in a school district must include:
(a) A review and analysis of the data upon which the report required pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 385.347 is based and a review and analysis of any data that is more recent than the data upon which the report is based.

(b) The identification of any problems or factors at individual schools that are revealed by the review and analysis.

(c) Strategies based upon scientifically based research, as defined in 20 U.S.C. § 7801(37), that will strengthen the core academic subjects, as set forth in NRS 389.018.

(d) Strategies to improve the academic achievement of pupils enrolled in the school district, including, without limitation, strategies to:

(1) Instruct pupils who are not achieving to their fullest potential, including, without limitation:

   (I) The curriculum appropriate to improve achievement;

   (II) The manner by which the instruction will improve the achievement and proficiency of pupils on the examinations administered pursuant to NRS 389.015 and 389.550; and

   (III) An identification of the instruction and curriculum that is specifically designed to improve the achievement and proficiency of pupils in each group identified in paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 385.361;

(2) Increase the rate of attendance of pupils and reduce the number of pupils who drop out of school;

(3) Integrate technology into the instructional and administrative programs of the school district;

(4) Manage effectively the discipline of pupils; and

(5) Enhance the professional development offered for the teachers and administrators employed by the school district to include the activities set forth in 20 U.S.C. § 7801(34) and to address the specific needs of the pupils enrolled in the school district, as deemed appropriate by the board of trustees of the school district.

(e) An identification, by category, of the employees of the school district who are responsible for ensuring that each provision of the plan is carried out effectively.

(f) In consultation with the Department, an identification, by category, of the employees of the Department, if any, who are responsible for overseeing and monitoring whether the plan is carried out effectively.

(g) For each provision of the plan, a timeline for carrying out that provision, including, without limitation, a timeline for monitoring whether the provision is carried out effectively.

(h) For each provision of the plan, measurable criteria for determining whether the provision has contributed toward improving the academic achievement of pupils, increasing the rate of attendance of pupils and reducing the number of pupils who drop out of school.

(i) Strategies to improve the allocation of resources from the school district, by program and by school, in a manner that will improve the academic achievement of pupils. If this State has a financial analysis program
that is designed to track educational expenditures and revenues to individual schools, each school district shall use that statewide program in complying with this paragraph. If a statewide program is not available, each school district shall use its own financial analysis program in complying with this paragraph.

(j) Based upon the reallocation of resources set forth in paragraph (i), the resources available to the school district to carry out the plan, including, without limitation, a budget of the overall cost for carrying out the plan.

(k) A summary of the effectiveness of appropriations made by the Legislature that are available to the school district or the schools within the school district to improve the academic achievement of pupils and programs approved by the Legislature to improve the academic achievement of pupils.

(l) An identification of the programs, practices and strategies that are used throughout the school district and by the schools within the school district that have proven successful in improving the achievement and proficiency of pupils, including, without limitation:

1. An identification of each school that carries out such a program, practice or strategy;
2. An indication of which programs, practices and strategies are carried out throughout the school district and which programs, practices and strategies are carried out by individual schools;
3. The extent to which the programs, practices and strategies include methods to improve the achievement and proficiency of pupils in each group identified in paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 385.361; and
4. A description of how the school district disseminates information concerning the successful programs, practices and strategies to all schools within the school district.

(m) Strategies and practices to improve and promote effective involvement and engagement by parents and families of pupils enrolled in the school district which are consistent with the policies and recommendations of the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement made pursuant to section 3 of this act.

4. The board of trustees of each school district shall:
   (a) Review the plan prepared pursuant to this section annually to evaluate the effectiveness of the plan; and
   (b) Based upon the evaluation of the plan, make revisions, as necessary, to ensure that the plan is designed to improve the academic achievement of pupils enrolled in the school district.

5. On or before December 15 of each year, the board of trustees of each school district shall submit the plan or the revised plan, as applicable, to the:
   (a) Superintendent of Public Instruction;
   (b) Governor;
   (c) State Board;
   (d) Department;
   (e) Committee; and
Sec. 7. NRS 385.349 is hereby amended to read as follows:

385.349 1. The board of trustees of each school district shall prepare a summary of the annual report of accountability prepared pursuant to NRS 385.347 on the form prescribed by the Department pursuant to subsection 3 or an expanded form, as applicable. The summary must include, without limitation:
   (a) The information set forth in subsection 1 of NRS 385.34692, reported for the school district as a whole and for each school within the school district;
   (b) Information on the involvement and engagement of parents, legal guardians and families in the education of their children; and
   (c) Other information required by the Superintendent of Public Instruction in consultation with the Bureau.

2. The summary prepared pursuant to subsection 1 must:
   (a) Comply with 20 U.S.C. § 6311(h)(2) and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto; and
   (b) Be presented in an understandable and uniform format and, to the extent practicable, provided in a language that parents will likely understand.

3. The Department shall, in consultation with the Bureau and the school districts, prescribe a form that contains the basic information required by subsection 1. The board of trustees of a school district may use an expanded form that contains additions to the form prescribed by the Department if the basic information contained in the expanded form complies with the form prescribed by the Department.

4. On or before September 7 of each year, the board of trustees of each school district shall:
   (a) Submit the summary in an electronic format to the:
      (1) Governor;
      (2) State Board;
      (3) Department;
      (4) Committee;
      (5) Bureau; and
      (6) Schools within the school district.
   (b) Provide for the public dissemination of the summary by posting a copy of the summary on the Internet website maintained by the school district, if any. If a school district does not maintain a website, the district shall otherwise provide for public dissemination of the summary. The board of trustees of each school district shall ensure that the parents and guardians of pupils enrolled in the school district have sufficient information concerning the availability of the summary, including, without limitation, information that describes how to access the summary on the Internet website maintained by the school district, if any. Upon the request of a parent or legal guardian, the school district shall provide the parent or legal guardian with a written copy of the summary.
5. The board of trustees of each school district shall report the information required by this section for each charter school that is located within the school district, regardless of the sponsor of the charter school. The information for charter schools must be reported separately and must denote the charter schools sponsored by the school district, the charter schools sponsored by the State Board and the charter schools sponsored by a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education.

Sec. 8. NRS 385.357 is hereby amended to read as follows:

385.357 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 385.37603 and 385.37607, the principal of each school, including, without limitation, each charter school, shall, in consultation with the employees of the school, prepare a plan to improve the achievement of the pupils enrolled in the school.

2. The plan developed pursuant to subsection 1 must include:
   (a) A review and analysis of the data pertaining to the school upon which the report required pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 385.347 is based and a review and analysis of any data that is more recent than the data upon which the report is based.
   (b) The identification of any problems or factors at the school that are revealed by the review and analysis.
   (c) Strategies based upon scientifically based research, as defined in 20 U.S.C. § 7801(37), that will strengthen the core academic subjects, as defined in NRS 389.018.
   (d) Policies and practices concerning the core academic subjects which have the greatest likelihood of ensuring that each group of pupils identified in paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 385.361 who are enrolled in the school will make adequate yearly progress and meet the minimum level of proficiency prescribed by the State Board.
   (e) Annual measurable objectives, consistent with the annual measurable objectives established by the State Board pursuant to NRS 385.361, for the continuous and substantial progress by each group of pupils identified in paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of that section who are enrolled in the school to ensure that each group will make adequate yearly progress and meet the level of proficiency prescribed by the State Board.
   (f) Strategies and practices which:
      (1) Are consistent with the policy adopted pursuant to NRS 392.457 by the board of trustees of the school district in which the school is located, to promote effective involvement by parents and families of pupils enrolled in the school in the education of their children; and
      (2) Are designed to improve and promote effective involvement and engagement by parents and families of pupils enrolled in the school which are consistent with the policies and recommendations of the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement made pursuant to section 3 of this act.
(g) As appropriate, programs of remedial education or tutoring to be offered before and after school, during the summer, or between sessions if the school operates on a year-round calendar for pupils enrolled in the school who need additional instructional time to pass or to reach a level considered proficient.

(h) Strategies to improve the academic achievement of pupils enrolled in the school, including, without limitation, strategies to:

1. Instruct pupils who are not achieving to their fullest potential, including, without limitation:
   a. The curriculum appropriate to improve achievement;
   b. The manner by which the instruction will improve the achievement and proficiency of pupils on the examinations administered pursuant to NRS 389.015 and 389.550; and
   c. An identification of the instruction and curriculum that is specifically designed to improve the achievement and proficiency of pupils in each group identified in paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 385.361;

2. Increase the rate of attendance of pupils and reduce the number of pupils who drop out of school;

3. Integrate technology into the instructional and administrative programs of the school;

4. Manage effectively the discipline of pupils; and

5. Enhance the professional development offered for the teachers and administrators employed at the school to include the activities set forth in 20 U.S.C. § 7801(34) and to address the specific needs of pupils enrolled in the school, as deemed appropriate by the principal.

(i) An identification, by category, of the employees of the school who are responsible for ensuring that the plan is carried out effectively.

(j) In consultation with the school district or governing body, as applicable, an identification, by category, of the employees of the school district or governing body, if any, who are responsible for ensuring that the plan is carried out effectively or for overseeing and monitoring whether the plan is carried out effectively.

(k) In consultation with the Department, an identification, by category, of the employees of the Department, if any, who are responsible for overseeing and monitoring whether the plan is carried out effectively.

(l) For each provision of the plan, a timeline for carrying out that provision, including, without limitation, a timeline for monitoring whether the provision is carried out effectively.

(m) For each provision of the plan, measurable criteria for determining whether the provision has contributed toward improving the academic achievement of pupils, increasing the rate of attendance of pupils and reducing the number of pupils who drop out of school.

(n) The resources available to the school to carry out the plan. If this State has a financial analysis program that is designed to track educational expenditures and revenues to individual schools, each school shall use that
statewide program in complying with this paragraph. If a statewide program is not available, each school shall use the financial analysis program used by the school district in which the school is located in complying with this paragraph.

(o) A summary of the effectiveness of appropriations made by the Legislature that are available to the school to improve the academic achievement of pupils and programs approved by the Legislature to improve the academic achievement of pupils.

(p) A budget of the overall cost for carrying out the plan.

3. In addition to the requirements of subsection 2, if a school has been designated as demonstrating need for improvement pursuant to NRS 385.3623, the plan must comply with 20 U.S.C. § 6316(b)(3) and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, the principal of each school shall, in consultation with the employees of the school:

(a) Review the plan prepared pursuant to this section annually to evaluate the effectiveness of the plan; and

(b) Based upon the evaluation of the plan, make revisions, as necessary, to ensure that the plan is designed to improve the academic achievement of pupils enrolled in the school.

5. If a school has been designated as demonstrating need for improvement pursuant to NRS 385.3623 and a support team has been established for the school, the support team shall review the plan and make revisions to the most recent plan for improvement of the school pursuant to NRS 385.36127. If the school is a Title I school that has been designated as demonstrating need for improvement, the support team established for the school shall, in making revisions to the plan, work in consultation with parents and guardians of pupils enrolled in the school and, to the extent deemed appropriate by the entity responsible for creating the support team, outside experts.

6. On or before November 1 of each year, the principal of each school or the support team established for the school, as applicable, shall submit the plan or the revised plan, as applicable, to:

(a) If the school is a public school of the school district, the superintendent of schools of the school district.

(b) If the school is a charter school, the governing body of the charter school.

7. If a Title I school is designated as demonstrating need for improvement pursuant to NRS 385.3623, the superintendent of schools of the school district or the governing body, as applicable, shall carry out a process for peer review of the plan or the revised plan, as applicable, in accordance with 20 U.S.C. § 6316(b)(3)(E) and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto. Not later than 45 days after receipt of the plan, the superintendent of schools of the school district or the governing body, as applicable, shall approve the plan or the revised plan, as applicable, if it meets the requirements of 20
U.S.C. § 6316(b)(3) and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto and the requirements of this section. The superintendent of schools of the school district or the governing body, as applicable, may condition approval of the plan or the revised plan, as applicable, in the manner set forth in 20 U.S.C. § 6316(b)(3)(B) and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto. The State Board shall prescribe the requirements for the process of peer review, including, without limitation, the qualifications of persons who may serve as peer reviewers.

8. If a school is designated as demonstrating exemplary achievement, high achievement or adequate achievement, or if a school that is not a Title I school is designated as demonstrating need for improvement, not later than 45 days after receipt of the plan or the revised plan, as applicable, the superintendent of schools of the school district or the governing body, as applicable, shall approve the plan or the revised plan if it meets the requirements of this section.

9. On or before December 15 of each year, the principal of each school or the support team established for the school, as applicable, shall submit the final plan or the final revised plan, as applicable, to the:

(a) Superintendent of Public Instruction;
(b) Governor;
(c) State Board;
(d) Department;
(e) Committee;
(f) Bureau; and
(g) Board of trustees of the school district in which the school is located.

10. A plan for the improvement of a school must be carried out expeditiously, but not later than January 1 after approval of the plan pursuant to subsection 7 or 8, as applicable.

Sec. 9. NRS 385.358 is hereby amended to read as follows:

385.358 1. The principal of each public school, including, without limitation, each charter school, shall prepare a summary of accountability information on the form prescribed by the Department pursuant to subsection 3 or an expanded form, as applicable. The summary must include, without limitation:

(a) The information set forth in subsection 1 of NRS 385.34692, reported only for the school;
(b) Information on the involvement and engagement of parents, legal guardians and families in the education of their children; and
(c) Such other information as is directed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction in consultation with the Bureau.

2. The summary prepared pursuant to subsection 1 must be presented in an understandable and uniform format and, to the extent practicable, provided in a language that parents will likely understand.

3. The Department shall, in consultation with the Bureau and the school districts, prescribe a form that contains the basic information required by
subsection 1. The principal of a school may use an expanded form that contains additions to the form prescribed by the Department if the basic information contained in the expanded form complies with the form prescribed by the Department.

4. On or before September 7 of each year:
   (a) The principal of each public school shall submit the summary in electronic format to the:
      (1) Department;
      (2) Bureau; and
      (3) Board of trustees of the school district in which the school is located.
   (b) The school district in which the school is located shall ensure that the summary is posted on the Internet website maintained by the school, if any, or the Internet website maintained by the school district, if any. If the summary is not posted on the website of the school or the school district, the school district shall otherwise provide for public dissemination of the summary.
   (c) The principal of each public school shall ensure that the parents and legal guardians of the pupils enrolled in the school have sufficient information concerning the availability of the summary, including, without limitation, information that describes how to access the summary on the Internet website, if any, and how a parent or guardian may otherwise access the summary.
   (d) The principal of each public school shall provide a written copy of the summary to each parent and legal guardian of a pupil enrolled in the school.

Sec. 10. NRS 385.600 is hereby amended to read as follows:

385.600  As used in this section and NRS 385.610 and 385.620, and sections 2, 3 and 4 of this act, “Advisory Council” means the Advisory Council on Parental Involvement and Family Engagement established pursuant to NRS 385.610.

Sec. 11. NRS 385.610 is hereby amended to read as follows:

   2. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall appoint the following members to the Advisory Council:
      (a) Two parents or legal guardians of pupils enrolled in public schools;
      (b) Two teachers in public schools;
      (c) One administrator of a public school;
      (d) One representative of a private business or industry;
      (e) One member of the board of trustees of a school district in a county whose population is 100,000 or more; and
      (f) One member of the board of trustees of a school district in a county whose population is less than 100,000.
The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall, to the extent practicable, ensure that the members the Superintendent appoints to the Advisory Council reflect the ethnic, economic and geographic diversity of this State.

3. The Speaker of the Assembly shall appoint one member of the Assembly to the Advisory Council.

4. The Majority Leader of the Senate shall appoint one member of the Senate to the Advisory Council.

5. The Advisory Council shall elect a Chair and Vice Chair from among its members. The Chair and Vice Chair serve a term of 1 year.

6. After the initial terms:
   (a) The term of each member of the Advisory Council who is appointed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction is 3 years.
   (b) The term of each member of the Advisory Council who is appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly and the Majority Leader of the Senate is 2 years.

7. The Department shall provide:
   (a) Administrative support to the Advisory Council; and
   (b) All information that is necessary for the Advisory Council to carry out its duties.

8. For each day or portion of a day during which a member of the Advisory Council who is a Legislator attends a meeting of the Advisory Council or is otherwise engaged in the business of the Advisory Council, except during a regular or special session of the Legislature, the member is entitled to receive the:
   (a) Compensation provided for a majority of the members of the Legislature during the first 60 days of the preceding regular session;
   (b) Per diem allowance provided for state officers generally; and
   (c) Travel expenses provided pursuant to NRS 218A.655.

   The compensation, per diem allowances and travel expenses of the legislative members of the Advisory Council must be paid from the Legislative Fund.

9. A member of the Advisory Council who is not a Legislator is entitled to receive the per diem allowance and travel expenses provided for state officers and employees generally for each day or portion of a day during which the member attends a meeting of the Advisory Council or is otherwise engaged in the business of the Advisory Council. The per diem allowance and travel expenses for the members of the Advisory Council who are not Legislators must be paid by the Department.

Sec. 12. NRS 385.620 is hereby amended to read as follows:

385.620 The Advisory Council shall:
1. Review the policy of parental involvement adopted by the State Board and the policy of parental involvement and family engagement adopted by the board of trustees of each school district pursuant to NRS 392.457;
2. Review the information relating to communication with and participation, involvement and engagement of parents and families that is
included in the annual report of accountability for each school district pursuant to paragraph (j) of subsection 2 of NRS 385.347;
3. Review any effective practices carried out in individual school districts to increase parental involvement and family engagement and determine the feasibility of carrying out those practices on a statewide basis;
4. Review any effective practices carried out in other states to increase parental involvement and family engagement and determine the feasibility of carrying out those practices in this State;
5. Identify methods to communicate effectively and provide outreach to parents, legal guardians and families of pupils who have limited time to become involved in the education of their children for various reasons, including, without limitation, work schedules, single-parent homes and other family obligations;
6. Identify the manner in which the level of parental involvement and family engagement affects the performance, attendance and discipline of pupils;
7. Identify methods to communicate effectively with and provide outreach to parents, legal guardians and families of pupils who are limited English proficient;
8. Determine the necessity for the appointment of a statewide parental involvement and family engagement coordinator or a parental involvement and family engagement coordinator in each school district, or both;
9. Work in collaboration with the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement created by section 2 of this act to carry out the duties prescribed in section 3 of this act;
10. On or before July 1 of each year, submit a report to the Legislative Committee on Education describing the activities of the Advisory Council and any recommendations for legislation; and
11. On or before February 1 of each odd-numbered year, submit a report to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmission to the next regular session of the Legislature describing the activities of the Advisory Council and any recommendations for legislation.
Sec. 13. NRS 391.019 is hereby amended to read as follows:
391.019 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 391.027, the Commission:
(a) Shall adopt regulations:
(1) Prescribing the qualifications for licensing teachers and other educational personnel, including, without limitation, the qualifications for a license to teach middle school or junior high school education, and the procedures for the issuance and renewal of those licenses. The regulations must not prescribe qualifications which are more stringent than the qualifications set forth in NRS 391.0315 for a licensed teacher who applies for an additional license in accordance with that section.
(2) Identifying fields of specialization in teaching which require the specialized training of teachers.
(3) Except as otherwise provided in NRS 391.125, requiring teachers to obtain from the Department an endorsement in a field of specialization to be eligible to teach in that field of specialization.

(4) Setting forth the educational requirements a teacher must satisfy to qualify for an endorsement in each field of specialization.

(5) Setting forth the qualifications and requirements for obtaining a license or endorsement to teach American Sign Language, including, without limitation, being registered with the Aging and Disability Services Division of the Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to NRS 656A.100 to engage in the practice of interpreting in an educational setting.

(6) Requiring teachers and other educational personnel to be registered with the Aging and Disability Services Division pursuant to NRS 656A.100 to engage in the practice of interpreting in an educational setting if they:

(I) Provide instruction or other educational services; and

(II) Concurrently engage in the practice of interpreting, as defined in NRS 656A.060.

(7) Providing for the issuance and renewal of a special qualifications license to an applicant who holds a bachelor’s degree, a master’s degree or a doctoral degree from an accredited degree-granting postsecondary educational institution in a field for which the applicant will provide instruction in a classroom and who has:

(I) At least 2 years of experience teaching at an accredited degree-granting postsecondary educational institution in a field for which the applicant will provide instruction in a classroom and at least 3 years of experience working in that field; or

(II) At least 5 years of experience working in a field for which the applicant will provide instruction in a classroom.

An applicant for licensure pursuant to this subparagraph who holds a bachelor’s degree must submit proof of participation in a program of student teaching or mentoring or agree to participate in a program of mentoring or courses of pedagogy for the first 2 years of the applicant’s employment as a teacher with a school district or charter school.

(8) Requiring an applicant for a special qualifications license to:

(I) Pass each examination required by NRS 391.021 for the specific subject or subjects in which the applicant will provide instruction; or

(II) Hold a valid license issued by a professional licensing board of any state that is directly related to the subject area of the bachelor’s degree, master’s degree or doctoral degree held by the applicant.

(9) Setting forth the subject areas that may be taught by a person who holds a special qualifications license, based upon the subject area of the bachelor’s degree, master’s degree or doctoral degree held by that person.

(10) Providing for the issuance and renewal of a special qualifications license to an applicant who:
(I) Holds a bachelor’s degree or a graduate degree from an accredited college or university in the field for which the applicant will be providing instruction;

(II) Is not licensed to teach public school in another state;

(III) Has at least 5 years of experience teaching with satisfactory evaluations at a school that is accredited by a national or regional accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education; and

(IV) Submits proof of participation in a program of student teaching or mentoring or agrees to participate in a program of mentoring for the first year of the applicant’s employment as a teacher with a school district or charter school if the applicant holds a graduate degree or, if the applicant holds a bachelor’s degree, submits proof of participation in a program of student teaching or mentoring or agrees to participate in a program of mentoring or courses of pedagogy for the first 2 years of his or her employment as a teacher with a school district or charter school.

An applicant for licensure pursuant to this subparagraph is exempt from each examination required by NRS 391.021 if the applicant successfully passed the examination in another state.

(11) Prescribing course work on parental involvement and family engagement. The Commission shall work in cooperation with the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement created by section 2 of this act in developing the regulations required by this subparagraph.

(b) May adopt such other regulations as it deems necessary for its own government or to carry out its duties.

2. Any regulation which increases the amount of education, training or experience required for licensing:

(a) Must, in addition to the requirements for publication in chapter 233B of NRS, be publicized before its adoption in a manner reasonably calculated to inform those persons affected by the change.

(b) Must not become effective until at least 1 year after the date it is adopted by the Commission.

(c) Is not applicable to a license in effect on the date the regulation becomes effective.

3. A person who is licensed pursuant to subparagraph (7) or (10) of paragraph (a) of subsection 1:

(a) Shall comply with all applicable statutes and regulations.

(b) Except as otherwise provided by specific statute, is entitled to all benefits, rights and privileges conferred by statutes and regulations on licensed teachers.

(c) Except as otherwise provided by specific statute, if the person is employed as a teacher by the board of trustees of a school district or the governing body of a charter school, is entitled to all benefits, rights and privileges conferred by statutes and regulations on the licensed employees of a school district or charter school, as applicable.

Sec. 14. NRS 391.516 is hereby amended to read as follows:
391.516 1. The Statewide Council for the Coordination of the Regional Training Programs, consisting of **eight** members, is hereby created. The membership of the Council consists of:

(a) Each coordinator hired by the governing body of each regional training program pursuant to NRS 391.532.

(b) One member of the governing body of each regional training program, appointed by the governing body. The member appointed pursuant to this paragraph may appoint a designee to serve in his or her place.

(c) One representative of the Nevada State Education Association, appointed by the President of that Association.

(d) The Director of the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement appointed pursuant to section 2 of this act, who serves ex officio.

2. Each coordinator who serves on the Statewide Council is a member of the Statewide Council only for the period of his or her service as coordinator of the regional training program pursuant to NRS 391.532.

3. Each member appointed by the governing body pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 and the member appointed pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 1 serve a term of 2 years.

4. Members of the Statewide Council serve without salary for their service on the Council but are entitled to receive the per diem allowance and travel expenses provided for state officers and employees generally for each day or portion of a day during which a member attends a meeting of the Statewide Council or is otherwise engaged in the work of the Statewide Council. For the members of the Statewide Council who are appointed pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 1, the governing body of the regional training program represented by those members shall pay the per diem allowance and travel expenses. For the member of the Statewide Council who is appointed pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 1, the Nevada State Education Association shall pay the per diem allowance and travel expenses. The Department shall pay the per diem allowance and travel expenses for the Director of the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement.

5. The governing bodies of the regional training programs may mutually agree to expend a portion of their respective budgets to pay for the administrative support of the Statewide Council.

Sec. 15. NRS 391.520 is hereby amended to read as follows:

391.520 1. The Statewide Council shall meet not less than four times per year.

2. The Statewide Council shall:

(a) Adopt uniform standards for use by the governing body of each regional training program in the review and approval by the governing body of the training to be provided by the regional training program pursuant to NRS 391.540 and 391.544. The standards must ensure that the training provided by the regional training programs includes activities set forth in 20
U.S.C. § 7801(34), as appropriate for the type of training offered, is of high quality and is effective in addressing the training programs specified in subsection 1 of NRS 391.544.

(b) In cooperation with the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement created by section 2 of this act, establish a statewide program for teachers and administrators concerning effective parental involvement and family engagement which includes:

(1) Training for teachers on how to engage parents and families, including, without limitation, disengaged families, in the education of their children and to build the capacity of parents and families to support the learning and academic achievement of their children.

(2) Training for teachers and paraprofessionals on working with parent liaisons in public schools to carry out strategies and practices for effective parental involvement and family engagement.

(c) Coordinate the dissemination of information to school districts, administrators and teachers concerning the training, programs and services provided by the regional training programs.

(d) Disseminate information to the regional training programs concerning innovative and effective methods to provide professional development.

(e) Conduct long-range planning concerning the professional development needs of teachers and administrators employed in this state.

(f) Adopt uniform procedures for use by the governing body of each regional training program to report the evaluation conducted pursuant to NRS 391.552.

3. The Statewide Council may:

(a) Accept gifts and grants from any source for use by the Statewide Council in carrying out its duties pursuant to this section and accept gifts and grants from any source on behalf of one or more regional training programs to assist with the training provided pursuant to NRS 391.544; and

(b) Comply with applicable federal laws and regulations governing the provision of federal grants to assist the Statewide Council in carrying out its duties pursuant to this section and comply with applicable federal laws and regulations governing the provision of federal grants to assist with the training provided pursuant to NRS 391.544, including, without limitation, providing money from the budget of the Statewide Council to match the money received from a federal grant.

Sec. 16. NRS 391.544 is hereby amended to read as follows:

391.544 1. Based upon the assessment of needs for training within the region and priorities of training adopted by the governing body pursuant to NRS 391.540, each regional training program must provide:

(a) Training for teachers in the standards established by the Council to Establish Academic Standards for Public Schools pursuant to NRS 389.520.

(b) Through the Nevada Early Literacy Intervention Program established for the regional training program, training for teachers who teach
kindergarten and grades 1, 2 or 3 on methods to teach fundamental reading skills, including, without limitation:

(1) Phonemic awareness;
(2) Phonics;
(3) Vocabulary;
(4) Fluency;
(5) Comprehension; and
(6) Motivation.

(c) At least one of the following types of training:

(1) Training for teachers and school administrators in the assessment and measurement of pupil achievement and the effective methods to analyze the test results and scores of pupils to improve the achievement and proficiency of pupils.

(2) Training for teachers in specific content areas to enable the teachers to provide a higher level of instruction in their respective fields of teaching. Such training must include instruction in effective methods to teach in a content area provided by teachers who are considered masters in that content area.

(3) In addition to the training provided pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1, training for teachers in the methods to teach basic skills to pupils, such as providing instruction in reading with the use of phonics and providing instruction in basic skills of mathematics computation.

(d) In accordance with the program established by the Statewide Council pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 391.520 training for:

(1) Teachers on how to engage parents and families, including, without limitation, disengaged families, in the education of their children and to build the capacity of parents and families to support the learning and academic achievement of their children.

(2) Training for teachers and paraprofessionals on working with parent liaisons in public schools to carry out strategies and practices for effective parental involvement and family engagement.

2. The training required pursuant to subsection 1 must:

(a) Include the activities set forth in 20 U.S.C. § 7801(34), as deemed appropriate by the governing body for the type of training offered.

(b) Include appropriate procedures to ensure follow-up training for teachers and administrators who have received training through the program.

(c) Incorporate training that addresses the educational needs of:

(1) Pupils with disabilities who participate in programs of special education; and

(2) Pupils who are limited English proficient.

3. The governing body of each regional training program shall prepare and maintain a list that identifies programs for the professional development of teachers and administrators that successfully incorporate:
(a) The standards of content and performance established by the Council to Establish Academic Standards for Public Schools pursuant to NRS 389.520;
(b) Fundamental reading skills; and
(c) Other training listed in subsection 1.

The governing body shall provide a copy of the list on an annual basis to school districts for dissemination to teachers and administrators.

4. A regional training program may include model classrooms that demonstrate the use of educational technology for teaching and learning.

5. A regional training program may contract with the board of trustees of a school district that is served by the regional training program as set forth in NRS 391.512 to provide professional development to the teachers and administrators employed by the school district that is in addition to the training required by this section. Any training provided pursuant to this subsection must include the activities set forth in 20 U.S.C. § 7801(34), as deemed appropriate by the governing body for the type of training offered.

6. To the extent money is available from legislative appropriation or otherwise, a regional training program may provide training to paraprofessionals.

Sec. 17. NRS 392.457 is hereby amended to read as follows:

392.457 1. The State Board shall, in consultation with the boards of trustees of school districts, educational personnel, local associations and organizations of parents whose children are enrolled in public schools throughout this State and individual parents and legal guardians whose children are enrolled in public schools throughout this State, adopt a policy to encourage effective involvement and engagement by parents and families in support of their children and the education of their children. The policy adopted by the State Board must be considered when the Board:
(a) Consults with the boards of trustees of school districts in the adoption of policies pursuant to subsection 3; and
(b) Interacts with school districts, public schools, educational personnel, parents, legal guardians and families of pupils, and members of the general public in carrying out its duties pursuant to this title.

2. The policy adopted by the State Board pursuant to subsection 1 must include the following elements and goals:
(a) Promotion of regular, two-way, meaningful communication between home and school.
(b) Promotion and support of responsible parenting.
(c) Recognition of the fact that parents and families play an integral role in assisting their children to learn.
(d) Promotion of a safe and open atmosphere for parents and families to visit the school that their children attend and active solicitation of parental and familial support and assistance for school programs.
(e) Inclusion of parents as full partners in decisions affecting their children and families.
(f) Availability of community resources to strengthen and promote school programs, family practices and the achievement of pupils.

3. The board of trustees of each school district shall, in consultation with the State Board, educational personnel, local associations and organizations of parents whose children are enrolled in public schools of the school district and individual parents and legal guardians whose children are enrolled in public schools of the school district, adopt policies to encourage effective involvement and engagement by parents and families in support of their children and the education of their children. The policies adopted pursuant to this subsection must:

(a) Be consistent, to the extent applicable, with the policy adopted by the State Board pursuant to subsection 1;
(b) Include the elements and goals specified in subsection 2; and
(c) Comply with the parental involvement policy required by the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, as set forth in 20 U.S.C. § 6318.

4. The State Board and the board of trustees of each school district shall, at least once each year, review and amend their respective policies as necessary.

Sec. 18. NRS 392.4575 is hereby amended to read as follows:
392.4575 1. The Department shall prescribe a form for educational involvement accords to be used by all public schools in this State. The educational involvement accord must comply with the parental involvement policy:

(a) Required For parental involvement required by the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, as set forth in 20 U.S.C. § 6318.
(b) Adopted For parental involvement and family engagement adopted by the State Board pursuant to NRS 392.457.

2. Each educational involvement accord must include, without limitation:

(a) A description of how the parent or legal guardian will be involved in the education of the pupil, including, without limitation:
   (1) Reading to the pupil, as applicable for the grade or reading level of the pupil;
   (2) Reviewing and checking the pupil’s homework; and
   (3) Contributing 5 hours of time each school year, including, without limitation, by attending school-related activities, parent-teacher association meetings, parent-teacher conferences, volunteering at the school and chaperoning school-sponsored activities.
(b) The responsibilities of a pupil in a public school, including, without limitation:
   (1) Reading each day before or after school, as applicable for the grade or reading level of the pupil;
   (2) Using all school equipment and property appropriately and safely;
   (3) Following the directions of any adult member of the staff of the school;
   (4) Completing and submitting homework in a timely manner; and
Respecting himself or herself, others and all property.

c) The responsibilities of a public school and the administrators, teachers and other personnel employed at a school, including, without limitation:

(1) Ensuring that each pupil is provided proper instruction, supervision and interaction;

(2) Maximizing the educational and social experience of each pupil;

(3) Carrying out the professional responsibility of educators to seek the best interest of each pupil; and

(4) Making staff available to the parents and legal guardians of pupils to discuss the concerns of parents and legal guardians regarding the pupils.

3. Each educational involvement accord must be accompanied by, without limitation:

(a) Information describing how the parent or legal guardian may contact the pupil’s teacher and the principal of the school in which the pupil is enrolled;

(b) The curriculum of the course or standards for the grade in which the pupil is enrolled, as applicable, including, without limitation, a calendar that indicates the dates of major examinations and the due dates of significant projects, if those dates are known by the teacher at the time that the information is distributed;

(c) The homework and grading policies of the pupil’s teacher or school;

(d) Directions for finding resource materials for the course or grade in which the pupil is enrolled, as applicable;

(e) Suggestions for parents and legal guardians to assist pupils in their schoolwork at home;

(f) The dates of scheduled conferences between teachers or administrators and the parents or legal guardians of the pupil;

(g) The manner in which reports of the pupil’s progress will be delivered to the parent or legal guardian and how a parent or legal guardian may request a report of progress;

(h) The classroom rules and policies;

(i) The dress code of the school, if any;

(j) The availability of assistance to parents who have limited proficiency in the English language;

(k) Information describing the availability of free and reduced-price meals, including, without limitation, information regarding school breakfast, school lunch and summer meal programs;

(l) Opportunities for parents and legal guardians to become involved in the education of their children and to volunteer for the school or class; and

(m) The code of honor relating to cheating prescribed pursuant to NRS 392.461.

4. The board of trustees of each school district shall adopt a policy providing for the development and distribution of the educational involvement accord. The policy adopted by a board of trustees must require each classroom teacher to:
(a) Distribute the educational involvement accord to the parent or legal guardian of each pupil in the teacher’s class at the beginning of each school year or upon a pupil’s enrollment in the class, as applicable; and
(b) Provide the parent or legal guardian with a reasonable opportunity to sign the educational involvement accord.

5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the board of trustees of each school district shall ensure that the form prescribed by the Department is used for the educational involvement accord of each public school in the school district. The board of trustees of a school district may authorize the use of an expanded form that contains additions to the form prescribed by the Department if the basic information contained in the expanded form complies with the form prescribed by the Department.

6. The Department and the board of trustees of each school district shall, at least once each year, review and amend their respective educational involvement accords.

7. If a school support team is established in accordance with the regulations of the State Board adopted pursuant to NRS 385.361 for an elementary school, the principal of the school shall provide to the support team information concerning the distribution of the educational involvement accord and the number of accords which were signed and returned by parents and legal guardians. The information must be provided in an aggregated format and must not disclose the identity of an individual parent, legal guardian or pupil.

Sec. 18.5. 1. There are hereby appropriated from the State General Fund to the Department of Education the following sums for the personnel and other related costs for the Director of the Office of Parental Involvement and Family Engagement appointed pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of section 2 of this act:
For the Fiscal Year 2011-2012 ................................................. $67,126
For the Fiscal Year 2012-2013 ................................................. $91,594

2. There are hereby appropriated from the State General Fund to the Department of Education the following sums for the costs of the Advisory Council on Parental Involvement established pursuant to NRS 385.610:
For the Fiscal Year 2011-2012 ................................................. $10,000
For the Fiscal Year 2012-2013 ................................................. $10,000

3. Any balance of the sums appropriated by subsection 1 or 2 remaining at the end of the respective fiscal years must not be committed for expenditure after June 30 of the respective fiscal years by the Department of Education or any entity to which money from the appropriation is granted or otherwise transferred in any manner, and any portion of the appropriated money remaining must not be spent for any purpose after September 21, 2012, and September 20, 2013, respectively, by either the Department of Education or the entity to which the money from the appropriation was subsequently granted or
transferred, and must be reverted to the State General Fund on or before September 21, 2012, and September 20, 2013, respectively.

Sec. 19. On or before December 31, 2011, the Commission on Professional Standards in Education shall adopt the regulations required pursuant to NRS 391.019, as amended by section 13 of this act.

Sec. 20. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2011.

Assemblyman Hickey moved the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment adopted.

Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed, and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 18.

Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Commerce and Labor:

Amendment No. 651.

AN ACT relating to contractors; authorizing the State Contractors’ Board to discipline a licensed contractor for failure or refusal to comply with an order of the Board; requiring the Board to impose an administrative fine against a licensee who fails or refuses to comply with an order of the Board; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel’s Digest:

Existing law authorizes the State Contractors’ Board to discipline licensed contractors and other persons in this State for certain acts or omissions relating to work as a contractor. (NRS 624.295-624.361) Existing law also authorizes the Board to issue an order: (1) requiring a person without an active contractors’ license to cease and desist acting as a contractor or bidding on contracting jobs; (2) suspending, revoking or restricting the license of a contractor; (3) requiring a licensed contractor to reimburse the account established pursuant to NRS 624.470 for any sum paid out of the account for injuries caused to a person by the contractor; (4) imposing an administrative fine on a person or licensed contractor; (5) requiring a person or licensed contractor to correct certain conditions; (6) requiring a person to reimburse the Board for certain expenses; or (7) requiring a person or licensed contractor to cease and desist any unlawful advertising. (NRS 624.212, 624.291, 624.300, 624.341, 624.720)

Section 2 of this bill expands the scope of the authority of the Board by authorizing the Board to discipline licensed contractors for failure or refusal to comply with an order of the Board. Section 1 of this bill requires the Board to impose an administrative fine of $1,000 against a licensee who fails or refuses to comply with an order of the Board in addition to certain other disciplinary actions which may be taken by the Board against the licensee.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:
Section 1. NRS 624.300 is hereby amended to read as follows:

624.300 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3 and 5, the Board may:
(a) Suspend or revoke licenses already issued;
(b) Refuse renewals of licenses;
(c) Impose limits on the field, scope and monetary limit of the license;
(d) Impose an administrative fine of not more than $10,000;
(e) Order a licensee to repay to the account established pursuant to NRS 624.470, any amount paid out of the account pursuant to NRS 624.510 as a result of an act or omission of that licensee;
(f) Order the licensee to take action to correct a condition resulting from an act which constitutes a cause for disciplinary action, at the licensee’s cost, that may consist of requiring the licensee to:
   (1) Perform the corrective work himself or herself;
   (2) Hire and pay another licensee to perform the corrective work; or
   (3) Pay to the owner of the construction project a specified sum to correct the condition; or
   (g) Issue a public reprimand or take other less severe disciplinary action, including, without limitation, increasing the amount of the surety bond or cash deposit of the licensee,
2. If the Board suspends or revokes the license of a contractor for failure to establish financial responsibility, the Board may, in addition to any other conditions for reinstating or renewing the license, require that each contract undertaken by the licensee for a period to be designated by the Board, not to exceed 12 months, be separately covered by a bond or bonds approved by the Board and conditioned upon the performance of and the payment of labor and materials required by the contract.
3. If a licensee violates:
(a) The provisions of NRS 624.3014, subsection 2 or 3 of NRS 624.3015, subsection 1 of NRS 624.302 or subsection 1 of NRS 624.305, the Board may impose for each violation an administrative fine in an amount that is not more than $50,000.
(b) The provisions of subsection 4 of NRS 624.3015:
   (1) For a first offense, the Board shall impose an administrative fine of not less than $1,000 and not more than $50,000, and may suspend the license of the licensee for 6 months;
   (2) For a second offense, the Board shall impose an administrative fine of not less than $5,000 and not more than $50,000, and may suspend the license of the licensee for 1 year; and
   (3) For a third or subsequent offense, the Board shall impose an administrative fine of not less than $10,000 and not more than $50,000, and may revoke the license of the licensee.
(c) The provisions of subsection 7 of NRS 624.302, the Board shall, in addition to any other disciplinary action taken pursuant to this section, impose an administrative fine of $1,000.

4. The Board shall, by regulation, establish standards for use by the Board in determining the amount of an administrative fine imposed pursuant to subsection 3. The standards must include, without limitation, provisions requiring the Board to consider:
(a) The gravity of the violation;
(b) The good faith of the licensee; and
(c) Any history of previous violations of the provisions of this chapter committed by the licensee.

5. If a licensee is prohibited from being awarded a contract for a public work pursuant to NRS 338.017, the Board may suspend the license of the licensee for the period of the prohibition.

6. If a licensee commits a fraudulent act which is a cause for disciplinary action under NRS 624.3016, the correction of any condition resulting from the act does not preclude the Board from taking disciplinary action.

7. If the Board finds that a licensee has engaged in repeated acts that would be cause for disciplinary action, the correction of any resulting conditions does not preclude the Board from taking disciplinary action pursuant to this section.

8. The expiration of a license by operation of law or by order or decision of the Board or a court, or the voluntary surrender of a license by a licensee, does not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with any investigation of, or action or disciplinary proceeding against, the licensee or to render a decision suspending or revoking the license.

9. The Board shall not issue a private reprimand to a licensee.

10. An order that imposes discipline and the findings of fact and conclusions of law supporting that order are public records.

11. An administrative fine imposed pursuant to this section or NRS 624.341 or 624.710 plus interest at a rate that is equal to the prime rate at the largest bank in this State, as determined by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions on January 1 or July 1, as appropriate, immediately preceding the date of the order imposing the administrative fine, plus 4 percent, must be paid to the Board before the issuance or renewal of a license to engage in the business of contracting in this State. The interest must be collected from the date of the order until the date the administrative fine is paid.

12. All fines and interest collected pursuant to this section must be deposited with the State Treasurer for credit to the Construction Education Account created pursuant to NRS 624.580.

Sec. 2. NRS 624.302 is hereby amended to read as follows:

624.302 The following acts or omissions, among others, constitute cause for disciplinary action pursuant to NRS 624.300:
1. Contracting, offering to contract or submitting a bid as a contractor if the contractor’s license:
   (a) Has been suspended or revoked pursuant to NRS 624.300; or
   (b) Is inactive.
2. Failure to comply with a written citation issued pursuant to NRS 624.341 within the time permitted for compliance set forth in the citation, or, if a hearing is held pursuant to NRS 624.291, within 15 business days after the hearing.
3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, failure to pay an administrative fine imposed pursuant to this chapter within 30 days after:
   (a) Receiving notice of the imposition of the fine; or
   (b) The final administrative or judicial decision affirming the imposition of the fine,
   ✴ whichever occurs later.
4. The suspension, revocation or other disciplinary action taken by another state against a contractor based on a license issued by that state if the contractor is licensed in this State or applies for a license in this State. A certified copy of the suspension, revocation or other disciplinary action taken by another state against a contractor based on a license issued by that state is conclusive evidence of that action.
5. Failure or refusal to respond to a written request from the Board or its designee to cooperate in the investigation of a complaint.
6. Failure or refusal to comply with a written request by the Board or its designee for information or records, or obstructing or delaying the providing of such information or records.

7. Failure or refusal to comply with an order of the Board.
   Assemblyman Atkinson moved the adoption of the amendment.
   Amendment adopted.
   Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed, and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 30.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:
Amendment No. 626.

AN ACT relating to common-interest communities; providing for the electronic transfer of money to the United States Government or federal or state agencies under certain circumstances; authorizing an association to use electronic signatures to withdraw money from the operating account of the association under certain circumstances; revising provisions relating to the requirement that the executive board of an association make certain records available for review at a designated location; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel’s Digest:
Existing law requires certain signatures for the withdrawal of money from an account of a unit-owners’ association of a common-interest community.
Section 1 of this bill allows the withdrawal of money, without the required signatures, from the operating account of an association to make an electronic transfer of money to the United States Government or a federal or state agency. Section 1 also authorizes an association to use electronic signatures to withdraw money from the operating account of the association under certain circumstances.

Existing law requires the executive board of a unit-owners’ association to make certain financial records available for review at the business office of the association or some other location within the county in which the common-interest community is located. Existing law also requires the board to provide, upon request, a copy of those records to a unit’s owner or the Ombudsman for Owners in Common-Interest Communities and Condominium Hotels and authorizes the board to charge a certain fee to cover the actual costs of preparing the copy. (NRS 116.31177) Section 3 of this bill repeals that provision and instead, section 2 of this bill requires the executive board of a unit-owners’ association to make those records available for review at the business office of the association or a designated business location not to exceed 60 miles from the physical location of the common-interest community. Section 2 also retains the requirement that the board provide, upon request, a copy of such records to a unit’s owner or the Ombudsman; and the authority of the board to charge a fee to cover the actual costs of preparing the copy. (2) requires the board to provide the copy in electronic format at no charge to the unit’s owner or the Ombudsman or, if the board is unable to provide the copy in electronic format, in paper format at a cost not to exceed a certain amount per page of the record.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 116.31153 is hereby amended to read as follows:

116.31153 1. Money in the reserve account of an association required by paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 116.3115 may not be withdrawn without the signatures of at least two members of the executive board or the signatures of at least one member of the executive board and one officer of the association who is not a member of the executive board.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, money in the operating account of an association may not be withdrawn without the signatures of at least one member of the executive board or one officer of the association and a member of the executive board, an officer of the association or the community manager.

3. Money in the operating account of an association may be withdrawn without the signatures required pursuant to subsection 2 to:

(a) Transfer money to the reserve account of the association at regular intervals; or

(b) Make automatic payments for utilities;
(c) Make an electronic transfer of money to a state agency pursuant to NRS 353.1467; or
(d) Make an electronic transfer of money to the United States Government, or any agency thereof, pursuant to any federal law requiring transfers of money to be made by an electronic means authorized by the United States Government or the agency thereof.

4. An association may use electronic signatures to withdraw money in the operating account of the association if:
   (a) The electronic transfer of money is made pursuant to a written agreement entered into between the association and the financial institution where the operating account of the association is maintained;
   (b) The executive board has expressly authorized the electronic transfer of money; and
   (c) The association has established internal accounting controls which comply with generally accepted accounting principles to safeguard the assets of the association.

5. As used in this section, “electronic transfer of money” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 353.1467.

Sec. 2. NRS 116.31175 is hereby amended to read as follows:

116.31175 1. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the executive board of an association shall, upon the written request of a unit’s owner, make available the books, records and other papers of the association for review at the business office of the association or a designated business location not to exceed 60 miles from the physical location of the common-interest community and during the regular working hours of the association, including, without limitation:
   (a) The financial statement of the association;
   (b) The budgets of the association required to be prepared pursuant to NRS 116.31151;
   (c) The study of the reserves of the association required to be conducted pursuant to NRS 116.31152; and
   (d) All contracts to which the association is a party and all records filed with a court relating to a civil or criminal action to which the association is a party.

2. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to:
   (a) The personnel records of the employees of the association, except for those records relating to the number of hours worked and the salaries and benefits of those employees; and
   (b) The records of the association relating to another unit’s owner, including, without limitation, any architectural plan or specification submitted by a unit’s owner to the association during an approval process required by the governing documents, except for those records described in subsection 4; and
   (c) Any document, including, without limitation, minutes of an executive board meeting, a reserve study and a budget, if the document:
(1) Is in the process of being developed for final consideration by the executive board; and
(2) Has not been placed on an agenda for final approval by the executive board.

3. The executive board shall provide a copy of any of the records required to be made available pursuant to subsection 1 to a unit’s owner or the Ombudsman within 14 days after receiving a written request therefor. The executive board may charge a fee to cover the actual costs of preparing a copy, but shall provide the copy of any such records:
(a) In electronic format at no charge to the unit’s owner or the Ombudsman; or
(b) If the executive board is unable to provide the copy in electronic format, in paper format at a cost not to exceed 25 cents per page for the first 10 pages, and 10 cents per page thereafter.

4. The executive board of an association shall maintain a general record concerning each violation of the governing documents, other than a violation involving a failure to pay an assessment, for which the executive board has imposed a fine, a construction penalty or any other sanction. The general record:
(a) Must contain a general description of the nature of the violation and the type of the sanction imposed. If the sanction imposed was a fine or construction penalty, the general record must specify the amount of the fine or construction penalty.
(b) Must not contain the name or address of the person against whom the sanction was imposed or any other personal information which may be used to identify the person or the location of the unit, if any, that is associated with the violation.
(c) Must be maintained in an organized and convenient filing system or data system that allows a unit’s owner to search and review the general records concerning violations of the governing documents.

5. If the executive board refuses to allow a unit’s owner to review the books, records or other papers of the association, the Ombudsman may:
(a) On behalf of the unit’s owner and upon written request, review the books, records or other papers of the association during the regular working hours of the association; and
(b) If the Ombudsman is denied access to the books, records or other papers, request the Commission, or any member thereof acting on behalf of the Commission, to issue a subpoena for their production.

6. The books, records and other papers of an association must be maintained for at least 10 years. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to:
(a) The minutes of a meeting of the units’ owners which must be maintained in accordance with NRS 116.3108; or
(b) The minutes of a meeting of the executive board which must be maintained in accordance with NRS 116.31083.
7. The executive board shall not require a unit’s owner to pay an amount in excess of $10 per hour to review any books, records, contracts or other papers of the association pursuant to the provisions of this section.

8. If an official publication contains or will contain any mention of a candidate or ballot question, the official publication must, upon request and without charge, provide equal space to the candidate or a representative of an organization which supports the passage or defeat of the ballot question.

9. If an official publication contains or will contain the views or opinions of the association, the executive board, a community manager or an officer, employee or agent of an association concerning an issue of official interest, the official publication must, upon request and without charge, provide equal space to opposing views and opinions of a unit’s owner, tenant or resident of the common-interest community.

10. The association and its officers, employees and agents are immune from criminal or civil liability for any act or omission which arises out of the publication or disclosure of any information related to any person and which occurs in the course of carrying out any duties required pursuant to subsection 6 or 7.

11. As used in this section:
   (a) “Issue of official interest” includes, without limitation:
      (1) Any issue on which the executive board or the units’ owners will be voting, including, without limitation, the election of members of the executive board; and
      (2) The enactment or adoption of rules or regulations that will affect a common-interest community.
   (b) “Official publication” means:
      (1) An official website;
      (2) An official newsletter or other similar publication that is circulated to each unit’s owner; or
      (3) An official bulletin board that is available to each unit’s owner, which is published or maintained at the cost of an association and by an association, an executive board, a member of an executive board, a community manager or an officer, employee or agent of an association.

Sec. 3. NRS 116.31177 is hereby repealed.
Sec. 4. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2011.

TEXT OF REPEALED SECTION

116.31177 Maintenance and availability of certain financial records of association; provision of copies to units’ owners and Ombudsman.
1. The executive board of an association shall maintain and make available for review at the business office of the association or some other suitable location within the county where the common-interest community is situated or, if it is situated in more than one county, within one of those counties:
   (a) The financial statement of the association;
(b) The budgets of the association required to be prepared pursuant to NRS 116.31151; and
(c) The study of the reserves of the association required to be conducted pursuant to NRS 116.31152.

2. The executive board shall provide a copy of any of the records required to be maintained pursuant to subsection 1 to a unit’s owner or the Ombudsman within 14 days after receiving a written request therefor. The executive board may charge a fee to cover the actual costs of preparing a copy, but not to exceed 25 cents per page.

Assemblyman Ohrenschall moved the adoption of the amendment.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, reengrossed, and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 59.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 128.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:
Amendment No. 660.
AN ACT relating to guardianships; revising provisions governing the appointment, powers and duties of guardians; requiring certain guardians to undergo a background investigation at their own cost and expense; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel’s Digest:
Existing law governs the appointment, powers and duties of guardians. (Chapter 159 of NRS) Section 7 of this bill requires a private professional guardian to undergo a background investigation at his or her own cost and expense and to present the results of the background investigation to the court upon request. Section 8 of this bill requires every guardian to file a verified acknowledgment of the duties and responsibilities of a guardian before performing any duties as a guardian. The acknowledgment must set forth certain provisions, including certain specific duties of the guardian. The court may exempt a public guardian or private professional guardian from filing an acknowledgment in each case and may instead require the guardian to file a general acknowledgment which covers all guardianships to which the guardian may be appointed. Section 13 of this bill prohibits the removal of a guardian by the court if the sole reason for removal is the lack of money to pay the compensation and expenses of the guardian.
THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. (Deleted by amendment.)
Sec. 2. (Deleted by amendment.)
Sec. 3. (Deleted by amendment.)
Sec. 4. (Deleted by amendment.)
Sec. 5. (Deleted by amendment.)
Sec. 6. (Deleted by amendment.)

Sec. 7. NRS 159.0595 is hereby amended to read as follows:

159.0595 1. A private professional guardian, if a person, must be qualified to serve as a guardian pursuant to NRS 159.059 and must be a certified guardian.

2. A private professional guardian, if an entity, must be qualified to serve as a guardian pursuant to NRS 159.059 and must have a certified guardian involved in the day-to-day operation or management of the entity.

3. A private professional guardian shall, at his or her own cost and expense:
   (a) Undergo a background investigation which requires the submission of a complete set of his or her fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History and to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for their respective reports; and
   (b) Present the results of the background investigation to the court upon request.

4. As used in this section:
   (a) “Certified guardian” means a person who is certified by the Center for Guardianship Certification or any successor organization.
   (b) “Entity” includes, without limitation, a corporation, whether or not for profit, a limited-liability company and a partnership.
   (c) “Person” means a natural person.

Sec. 8. NRS 159.073 is hereby amended to read as follows:

159.073 1. Every guardian, before entering upon his or her duties as guardian and before letters of guardianship may issue:

2. (a) Take and subscribe the official oath which must:
   (1) Be endorsed on the letters of guardianship; and
   (2) State that the guardian will well and faithfully perform the duties of guardian according to law.

2. (b) File in the proceeding the appropriate documents which include, without limitation, the full legal name of the guardian and the residence and post office addresses of the guardian.

(c) Except as otherwise required in subsection 2, make and file in the proceeding a verified acknowledgment of the duties and responsibilities of a guardian. The acknowledgement must set forth:

(I) A summary of the duties, functions and responsibilities of a guardian, including, without limitation, the duty to:
   (I) Act in the best interest of the ward at all times.
   (II) Provide the ward with medical, surgical, dental, psychiatric, psychological, hygienic or other care and treatment as needed, with adequate food and clothing and with safe and appropriate housing.
   (III) Protect, preserve and manage the income, assets and estate of the ward and utilize the income, assets and estate of the ward solely for the benefit of the ward.
(IV) Maintain the assets of the ward in the name of the ward or the name of the guardianship. Except when the spouse of the ward is also his or her guardian, the assets of the ward must not be commingled with the assets of any third party.

(2) A summary of the statutes, regulations, rules and standards governing the duties of a guardian.

(3) A list of actions regarding the ward that require the prior approval of the court.

(4) A statement of the need for accurate recordkeeping and the filing of annual reports with the court regarding the finances and well-being of the ward.

2. The court may exempt a public guardian or private professional guardian from filing an acknowledgment in each case and, in lieu thereof, require the public guardian or private professional guardian to file a general acknowledgment covering all guardianships to which the guardian may be appointed by the court.

Sec. 9. (Deleted by amendment.)
Sec. 10. (Deleted by amendment.)
Sec. 11. (Deleted by amendment.)
Sec. 12. NRS 159.183 is hereby amended to read as follows:

159.183 1. Subject to the discretion and approval of the court and except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a guardian must be allowed:
(a) Reasonable compensation for the guardian’s services;
(b) Necessary and reasonable expenses incurred in exercising the authority and performing the duties of a guardian; and
(c) Reasonable expenses incurred in retaining accountants, attorneys, appraisers or other professional services.

2. Reasonable compensation and services must be based upon similar services performed for persons who are not under a legal disability. In determining whether compensation is reasonable, the court may consider:
(a) The nature of the guardianship;
(b) The type, duration and complexity of the services required; and
(c) Any other relevant factors.

3. In the absence of an order of the court pursuant to this chapter shifting the responsibility of the payment of compensation and expenses, the payment of compensation and expenses must be paid from the estate of the ward. In evaluating the ability of a ward to pay such compensation and expenses, the court may consider:
(a) The nature, extent and liquidity of the ward’s assets;
(b) The disposable net income of the ward;
(c) Any foreseeable expenses; and
(d) Any other factors that are relevant to the duties of the guardian pursuant to NRS 159.079 or 159.083.

4. A private professional guardian is not allowed compensation or expenses for services incurred by the private professional guardian as a result
of a petition to have him or her removed as guardian if the court removes the private professional guardian pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (b), (d), (e), (f) or (h) of subsection (1) of NRS 159.185.

Sec. 13. NRS 159.185 is hereby amended to read as follows:

159.185 1. The court may remove a guardian if the court determines that:

(a) The guardian has become mentally incompetent, unsuitable or otherwise incapable of exercising the authority and performing the duties of a guardian as provided by law;

(b) The guardian is no longer qualified to act as a guardian pursuant to NRS 159.059;

(c) The guardian has filed for bankruptcy within the previous 5 years;

(d) The guardian of the estate has mismanaged the estate of the ward;

(e) The guardian has negligently failed to perform any duty as provided by law or by any order of the court and:

(1) The negligence resulted in injury to the ward or the estate of the ward; or

(2) There was a substantial likelihood that the negligence would result in injury to the ward or the estate of the ward;

(f) The guardian has intentionally failed to perform any duty as provided by law or by any lawful order of the court, regardless of injury;

(g) The best interests of the ward will be served by the appointment of another person as guardian; or

(h) The guardian is a private professional guardian who is no longer qualified as a private professional guardian pursuant to NRS 159.0595.

2. A guardian may not be removed if the sole reason for removal is the lack of money to pay the compensation and expenses of the guardian.

Sec. 14. (Deleted by amendment.)

Sec. 15. (Deleted by amendment.)

Assemblyman Ohrenschall moved the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment adopted.

Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed, and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 142.

Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 152.

Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 159.

Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:

Amendment No. 661.

AN ACT relating to offenders; requiring the Director of the Department of Corrections to provide certain information to an offender upon his or her release, including information regarding employment assistance; authorizing
a court to require the earnings of a probationer to be held in trust for certain purposes; [authorizing a court to require certain offenders to complete an alternative program, treatment or activity as a condition of probation] and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel’s Digest:
Existing law requires the Director of the Department of Corrections to provide certain information to an offender upon the offender’s release from prison. (NRS 209.511) Section 1 of this bill requires the Director to provide such an offender with: (1) information relating to assistance for obtaining employment, including information regarding obtaining bonding for employment; and (2) information and reasonable assistance relating to acquiring a valid driver’s license or identification card to enable the offender to obtain employment if the offender requests such information and assistance and is eligible to acquire a driver’s license or identification card.

Existing law authorizes a court to set terms and conditions for placing an offender on probation. (NRS 176A.400) Section 2 of this bill specifies that such terms and conditions may include the requirement that any earnings of the offender while on probation be placed in trust for certain purposes. Section 2 also authorizes a court to require certain persons, found guilty of certain felonies which do not involve the use or threatened use of force or violence, to complete an alternative program, treatment or activity as a condition of probation.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 209.511 is hereby amended to read as follows:

209.511 1. When an offender is released from prison by expiration of his or her term of sentence, by pardon or by parole, the Director:
(a) May furnish the offender with a sum of money not to exceed $100, the amount to be based upon the offender’s economic need as determined by the Director;
(b) Shall give the offender notice of the provisions of chapter 179C of NRS and NRS 202.357 and 202.360;
(c) Shall require the offender to sign an acknowledgment of the notice required in paragraph (b);
(d) Shall give the offender notice of the provisions of NRS 179.245 and the provisions of NRS 213.090, 213.155 or 213.157, as applicable;
(e) Shall provide the offender with information relating to obtaining employment, including, without limitation, any programs which may provide bonding for an offender entering the workplace and any organizations which may provide employment or bonding assistance to such a person;
(f) Shall provide the offender with information and reasonable assistance relating to acquiring a valid driver’s license or identification card to enable the offender to obtain employment, if the offender:
(1) Requests such information and assistance; and

(2) Is eligible to acquire a valid driver’s license or identification card from the Department of Motor Vehicles;

(g) May provide the offender with clothing suitable for reentering society;

(h) May provide the offender with the cost of transportation to his or her place of residence anywhere within the continental United States, or to the place of his or her conviction;

(i) May, but is not required to, release the offender to a facility for transitional living for released offenders that is licensed pursuant to chapter 449 of NRS; and

(j) Shall require the offender to submit to at least one test for exposure to the human immunodeficiency virus.

2. The costs authorized in paragraphs (a) and (e), (f) and (g), (h) and (j) of subsection 1 must be paid out of the appropriate account within the State General Fund for the use of the Department as other claims against the State are paid to the extent that the costs have not been paid in accordance with subsection 5 of NRS 209.221 and NRS 209.246.

3. As used in this section, “facility for transitional living for released offenders” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.0055.

Sec. 2. NRS 176A.400 is hereby amended to read as follows:

176A.400. In issuing an order granting probation, the court may fix the terms and conditions thereof, including, without limitation:

(a) A requirement for restitution;

(b) A requirement that any earnings of the probationer be held in a trust:

(1) Which is administered by a trustee designated by the court; and

(2) From which a portion of the earnings is designated to pay for restitution, child support or any other obligation of the probationer specified by the court;

(c) An order that the probationer dispose of all the weapons the probationer possesses; or

(c) Any reasonable conditions to protect the health, safety or welfare of the community or to ensure that the probationer will appear at all times and places ordered by the court, including, without limitation:

(1) Requiring the probationer to remain in this State or a certain county within this State;

(2) Prohibiting the probationer from contacting or attempting to contact a specific person or from causing or attempting to cause another person to contact that person on the probationer’s behalf;

(3) Prohibiting the probationer from entering a certain geographic area;

(4) Prohibiting the probationer from engaging in specific conduct that may be harmful to the probationer’s own health, safety or welfare, or the health, safety or welfare of another person.
2. In issuing an order granting probation to a person who is found guilty of a category C, D or E felony, or who is found guilty of a category B felony which does not involve the use or threatened use of force or violence, the court may require the person as a condition of probation to participate in and complete to the satisfaction of the court any alternative program, treatment or activity deemed appropriate by the court.

3. The court shall not suspend the execution of a sentence of imprisonment after the defendant has begun to serve it.

4. In placing any defendant on probation or in granting a defendant a suspended sentence, the court shall direct that the defendant be placed under the supervision of the Chief Parole and Probation Officer. [Deleted by amendment.]

Assemblyman Ohrenschall moved the adoption of the amendment.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed, and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 182.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 205.
Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Commerce and Labor:

Amendment No. 653.

AN ACT relating to nursing; requiring national certification for a registered nurse to receive a certificate of recognition as an advanced practitioner of nursing; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Under existing law, the State Board of Nursing is authorized to grant a certificate of recognition as an advanced practitioner of nursing to a registered nurse who meets certain requirements. (NRS 632.237) This bill adds the requirement that to obtain a certificate of recognition as an advanced practitioner of nursing in Nevada the registered nurse must be certified as an advanced practitioner of nursing by a nationally recognized certification agency effective July 1, 2014. However, an advanced practitioner of nursing who receives a certificate of recognition before that date is exempt from that requirement.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 632.237 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.237 1. The Board may grant a certificate of recognition as an advanced practitioner of nursing to a registered nurse who [has]:

(a) Has completed an educational program designed to prepare a registered nurse to:
(a) Perform designated acts of medical diagnosis;
(b) Prescribe therapeutic or corrective measures; and
(c) Prescribe controlled substances, poisons, dangerous drugs and devices;

(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, submits proof that he or she is certified as an advanced practitioner of nursing by the American Board of Nursing Specialties, the National Commission for Certifying Agencies of the Institute for Credentialing Excellence, or their successor organizations, or any other nationally recognized certification agency approved by the Board; and who meets the

c) Meets any other requirements established by the Board for such certification.

2. An advanced practitioner of nursing may:
(a) Engage in selected medical diagnosis and treatment; and
(b) If authorized pursuant to NRS 639.2351, prescribe controlled substances, poisons, dangerous drugs and devices, pursuant to a protocol approved by a collaborating physician. A protocol must not include and an advanced practitioner of nursing shall not engage in any diagnosis, treatment or other conduct which the advanced practitioner of nursing is not qualified to perform.

3. The Board shall adopt regulations:
(a) Specifying any additional training, education and experience necessary for certification as an advanced practitioner of nursing.
(b) Delineating the authorized scope of practice of an advanced practitioner of nursing.
(c) Establishing the procedure for application for certification as an advanced practitioner of nursing.

4. The provisions of paragraph (b) of subsection 1 do not apply to an advanced practitioner of nursing who obtains a certificate of recognition before July 1, 2014.

Sec. 2. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2014.
Assemblyman Atkinson moved the adoption of the amendment.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed, and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 213.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 259.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Commerce and Labor:

Amendment No. 654.
AN ACT relating to trust companies; revising provisions governing the management of a trust by a family trust company or licensed family trust
company; specifying the applicability of the Uniform Prudent Investor Act to a trust managed by a family trust company or licensed family trust company; authorizing a family trust company or licensed family trust company to engage in certain transactions involving the assets of the trust or take certain actions if the transaction or action is in the interest of the beneficiaries and complies with certain other requirements; authorizing a family trust company or licensed family trust company and an interested person to enter into a nonjudicial settlement agreement to resolve any matter related to the management, administration or interpretation of a trust; requiring a family trust company and licensed family trust company to provide an annual report or certain information in lieu of an annual report to certain persons concerning the management of a trust; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel’s Digest:
Existing law requires a trust company that has been appointed as the fiduciary of a trust to invest and manage the assets of the trust according to the Uniform Prudent Investor Act. (NRS 164.700-164.775) The prudent investor rule requires, among other things, that a fiduciary of a trust diversify the assets of the trust through various investments. (NRS 164.750) Existing law places further restrictions on the types of transactions that a trust company may engage in with the assets of a trust for which it is a fiduciary. (NRS 669A.230) Section 15 of this bill provides an exception to the provisions of the Uniform Prudent Investor Act as it applies to the management of a trust by a family trust company or licensed family trust company. Section 7 of this bill authorizes a family trust company or licensed family trust company to engage in activities and transactions involving the assets of a trust, including the acquisition of concentrated holdings of stocks, bonds, securities or other assets, which might otherwise be prohibited by the Uniform Prudent Investor Act. Section 7 requires that such transactions or actions by a family trust company or licensed family trust company be for a fair price, if applicable, be in the interest of the beneficiaries and comply with the terms of the trust, a written consent agreement, a court order or a notice of proposed action. Furthermore, the transactions authorized by section 7 are not prohibited by a conflict of interest between the parties to the transaction.

Section 8 of this bill authorizes a family trust company or licensed family trust company and an interested person to enter into a nonjudicial settlement agreement with respect to any matter related to the management, administration or interpretation of a trust. Section 8 also authorizes a family trust company or licensed family trust company or an interested person to petition a court to approve a nonjudicial settlement agreement or to make certain other determinations related to the nonjudicial settlement agreement. Section 9 of this bill requires a family trust company or licensed family trust company that intends to execute a nonjudicial settlement agreement to meet certain notice requirements before executing the nonjudicial settlement
agreement and also requires an interested person who receives such notice to object within a certain period to preserve the right to bring certain actions relating to the nonjudicial settlement agreement. Section 9 also authorizes a family trust company or licensed family trust company or an interested person who timely objects to petition the court to approve, disapprove, enforce or modify the nonjudicial settlement agreement. Section 10 of this bill authorizes a family trust company or licensed family trust company to refrain from taking an action that is authorized by a nonjudicial settlement agreement under certain circumstances.

Section 11 of this bill requires a family trust company and licensed family trust company to provide annual reports to certain persons outlining any transactions taken by the family trust company or licensed family trust company while acting as the fiduciary of a trust and further authorizes the trust company to provide an interested person with certain other information in lieu of an annual report.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 669A of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 11, inclusive, of this act.

Sec. 2. "Interested person" means a person, other than the grantor of a trust, who is:

1. A person who would be a necessary party to a judicial proceeding involving a trust; or

2. An authorized representative pursuant to NRS 164.038.

Sec. 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law to the contrary, a family trust company or licensed family trust company, or an employee or agent of a family trust company or licensed family trust company, is not liable to an interested person for any transaction, decision to act or decision to not act if the family trust company or licensed family trust company or employee or agent thereof acted in good faith and in reasonable reliance on the express terms of a trust instrument, a written consent agreement or a court order.

Sec. 4. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter or by specific statute, a family trust company or licensed family trust company is subject to the provisions of this chapter only to the extent that the family trust company or licensed family trust company is engaged in the business of a family trust company or licensed family trust company, respectively.

Sec. 5. While acting as the fiduciary of a trust, a family trust company or licensed family trust company:

1. Shall administer and manage the trust in accordance with the terms of the trust;

2. Shall administer and manage the trust in the interest of the beneficiaries of the trust;
3. Shall administer and manage the trust in accordance with the provisions of this chapter; and
4. May administer and manage the trust by the exercise of discretionary power of administration given to the fiduciary by the terms of the trust instrument.

Sec. 6. (Deleted by amendment.)

Sec. 7. 1. In addition to the transactions authorized by NRS 669A.230 and notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, while acting as the fiduciary of a trust, a family trust company or licensed family trust company may:

(a) Invest in a security of an investment company or investment trust for which the family trust company or licensed family trust company, or a family affiliate, provides services in a capacity other than as a fiduciary;

(b) Place a security transaction using a broker that is a family affiliate;

(c) Invest in an investment contract that is purchased from an insurance company or carrier owned by or affiliated with the family trust company or licensed family trust company, or a family affiliate;

(d) Enter into an agreement with a beneficiary or grantor of a trust with respect to the appointment or compensation of the fiduciary or a family affiliate;

(e) Transact with another trust, estate, guardianship or conservatorship for which the family trust company or licensed family trust company is a fiduciary or in which a beneficiary has an interest;

(f) Make an equity investment in a closely held entity that may or may not be marketable and that is owned or controlled, either directly or indirectly, by one or more beneficiaries, family members or family affiliates;

(g) Deposit trust money in a financial institution that is owned or operated by a family affiliate;

(h) Delegate the authority to conduct any transaction or action pursuant to this section to an agent of the family trust company or licensed family trust company, or a family affiliate;

(i) Purchase, sell, hold, own or invest in any security, bond, real or personal property, stock or other asset of a family affiliate;

(j) Loan money to or borrow money from:

(1) A family member of the trust or his or her legal representative;

(2) Another trust managed by the family trust company or licensed family trust company; or

(3) A family affiliate;

(k) Act as proxy in voting any shares of stock which are assets of the trust;

(l) Exercise any powers of control with respect to any interest in a company that is an asset of the trust, including, without limitation, the appointment of officers or directors who are family affiliates; and
(m) Receive reasonable compensation for its services or the services of a family affiliate.

2. A transaction or action authorized pursuant to subsection 1 must:
   (a) Be for a fair price, if applicable;
   (b) Be in the interest of the beneficiaries; and
   (c) Comply with:
       (1) The terms of the trust instrument establishing the fiduciary relationship;
       (2) A judgment, decree or court order;
       (3) The written consent of each interested person; or
       (4) A notice of proposed action issued pursuant to NRS 164.725.

3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, nothing in this section prohibits a family trust company or licensed family trust company from transacting business with or investing in any asset of:
   (a) A trust, estate, guardianship or conservatorship for which the family trust company or licensed family trust company is a fiduciary;
   (b) A family affiliate; or
   (c) Any other company, agent, entity or person for which a conflict of interest may exist.

4. A conflict of interest between the fiduciary duty and personal interest of a family trust company or licensed family trust company does not void a transaction or action that:
   (a) Complies with the provisions of this section; or
   (b) Occurred before the family trust company or licensed family trust company entered into a fiduciary relationship pursuant to a trust instrument.

5. A transaction by or action of a family trust company or licensed family trust company authorized by this section is not voidable if:
   (a) The transaction or action was authorized by the terms of the trust;
   (b) The transaction or action was approved by a court or pursuant to a court order;
   (c) No interested person commenced a legal action relating to the transaction or action pursuant to subsection 6;
   (d) The transaction or action was authorized by a valid consent agreement, release or pursuant to the issuance of a notice of proposed action issued pursuant to NRS 164.725; or
   (e) The transaction or action occurred before the family trust company or licensed family trust company entered into a fiduciary relationship pursuant to a trust instrument.

6. A legal action by an interested person alleging that a transaction or action by a family trust company or licensed family trust company is voidable because of the existence of a conflict of interest must be commenced within 1 year after the date on which the interested person discovered, or by the exercise of due diligence should have discovered, the facts in support of his or her claim.
7. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, a family trust company or licensed family trust company is not required to obtain court approval for any transaction that otherwise complies with the provisions of this section.

Sec. 8. 1. A family trust company or licensed family trust company and an interested person may enter into a nonjudicial settlement agreement with respect to any matter involving the management, administration or interpretation of a trust that is managed pursuant to this chapter.

2. A nonjudicial settlement agreement that is entered into pursuant to this section must not contain:

(a) Terms that violate a material purpose of the trust; or
(b) Terms or conditions that could not be approved by a court.

3. The matters that may be resolved by a nonjudicial settlement agreement which is entered into pursuant to this section include, without limitation:

(a) Those pertaining to any transaction or action authorized pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (m), inclusive, of subsection 1 of section 7 of this act;
(b) The investment or use of trust assets;
(c) The lending or borrowing of money;
(d) The addition, deletion or modification of a term or condition of the trust;
(e) The interpretation or construction of a term or condition of the trust;
(f) The designation or transfer of the principal place of administration of the trust;
(g) The approval of a report or accounting that is provided pursuant to section 11 of this act;
(h) Direction to a fiduciary to refrain from performing a particular act or the grant to a fiduciary of any necessary or desirable power;
(i) The resignation or appointment of a fiduciary;
(j) The liability of a fiduciary for an action related to the management of the trust; and
(k) The termination of the trust.

4. After notice has been provided pursuant to section 9 of this act, a family trust company or licensed family trust company or an interested person may petition a court to approve a nonjudicial settlement agreement, to determine whether the nonjudicial settlement agreement was accurately represented to each interested person or to determine whether the nonjudicial settlement agreement contains terms or conditions that the court could approve. A family trust company or licensed family trust company is not liable to an interested person for taking an action that is authorized by a nonjudicial settlement agreement which has been approved by a court.

Sec. 9. 1. A family trust company or licensed family trust company shall provide written notice by personal service or by certified mail to each interested person who is a necessary party to a nonjudicial settlement
agreement entered into pursuant to section 8 of this act. A family trust company or licensed family trust company is not required to provide notice to any interested person who has consented in writing to the nonjudicial settlement agreement.

2. The notice provided pursuant to this section must:
   (a) Be provided at least 15 days before the execution of the nonjudicial settlement agreement;
   (b) Include a true and correct copy of the nonjudicial settlement agreement;
   (c) State that the notice is provided pursuant to this section and section 8 of this act;
   (d) State the name and mailing address of the family trust company or licensed family trust company;
   (e) State the date by which an objection to the nonjudicial settlement agreement must be made; and
   (f) State the date on which the nonjudicial settlement agreement is to be executed.

3. An interested person who receives notice pursuant to this section may object to any term or condition of, or any act that is authorized by, the nonjudicial settlement agreement by submitting his or her objection in writing to the family trust company or licensed family trust company within 1 year after the date on which the interested person received the notice. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, if an interested person does not object within 1 year after receiving notice, his or her objection is waived, and the interested person may not bring any action relating to the terms and conditions of, or any act taken pursuant to, the nonjudicial settlement agreement.

4. An interested person who objects within the period specified in subsection 3 may petition the court for an order to approve, disapprove, enforce or modify the nonjudicial settlement agreement. The burden is on the interested person to prove that the nonjudicial settlement agreement should be approved, disapproved, enforced or modified.

5. The provisions of subsection 3 do not prohibit an interested person who has received notice pursuant to this section and who fails to object to the nonjudicial settlement agreement within 1 year after receiving the notice from bringing an action alleging that the nonjudicial settlement agreement was procured fraudulently, or entered into by the family trust company or licensed family trust company in bad faith or in willful violation of the terms of the trust. A person who brings such an action has the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the nonjudicial settlement agreement was procured fraudulently, in bad faith or in willful violation of the terms of the trust.

6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, if no interested person who is entitled to receive notice pursuant to this section objects to the nonjudicial settlement agreement within 1 year after receiving the notice, a
family trust company or licensed family trust company is not liable to any interested person for taking any action that is authorized by the nonjudicial settlement agreement.

Sec. 10. 1. A family trust company or licensed family trust company may refrain from taking an action that is authorized by a nonjudicial settlement agreement if the family trust company or licensed family trust company determines in good faith that the action is not in the interest of the beneficiaries of the trust.

2. A family trust company or licensed family trust company that refrains from taking an action pursuant to subsection 1 shall provide written notice to each interested person within 15 days after its decision not to take the action and include in the notice the reasons for not taking the action.

3. An interested person who receives notice pursuant to subsection 2 may petition the court for an order requiring the family trust company or licensed family trust company to take the action authorized by the nonjudicial settlement agreement. The burden is on the beneficiary to prove that the proposed action is in the interest of the beneficiaries of the trust and should be taken.

4. A family trust company or licensed family trust company is not liable to an interested person for not taking an action that is authorized by a nonjudicial settlement agreement if the family trust company or licensed family trust company acted in good faith in not taking the action.

Sec. 11. 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a family trust company or licensed family trust company, while acting as the fiduciary of a trust, shall provide an annual report to each interested person for each year of the existence of the trust until the trust is terminated, at which time the trust company shall provide to each interested person a final report.

2. A report that is provided pursuant to this section must, for the year immediately preceding the report, provide an accounting of:

(a) Each asset and liability of the trust and its current market value or amount, if known;

(b) Each disbursement of income or principal, including the amount of the disbursement and to whom the disbursement was made;

(c) All payments of compensation from any source to the family trust company or licensed family trust company or any other person for services rendered; and

(d) Any other transaction involving an asset of the trust.

3. An interested person who is entitled to a report pursuant to this section may waive his or her right to the report by submitting a written waiver to the family trust company or licensed family trust company. An interested person who waives his or her right to a report may withdraw the waiver by submitting to the family trust company or licensed family trust company a written request for a report.
4. A family trust company or licensed family trust company is not required to provide a report pursuant to this section if the terms of the trust provide an exception to this requirement.

5. A family trust company or licensed family trust company may require an interested person who is entitled to receive confidential information pursuant to this section to execute a confidentiality agreement before providing the person with any confidential information.

6. In lieu of the information that a trustee is required to provide to an interested person pursuant to subsection 2, a trustee may provide to an interested person a statement indicating the accounting period and a financial report of the trust which is prepared by a certified public accountant and which summarizes the information required by paragraphs (a) to (d), inclusive, of subsection 2. Upon request, the trustee shall make all the information used in the preparation of the financial report available to each interested person who was provided a copy of the financial report pursuant to this subsection.

7. For the purposes of this chapter, information provided by a trustee to an interested person pursuant to subsection 6 is deemed an annual report.

8. A trustee may provide an annual report to an interested person via electronic mail or through a secure Internet website.

Sec. 12. NRS 669A.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:

669A.020 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 669A.030 to 669A.090, inclusive, and section 2 of this act have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

Sec. 13. NRS 669A.060 is hereby amended to read as follows:

669A.060 “Family affiliate” means a company or other entity with respect to which one or more family members or affiliates own, directly or indirectly, a material interest in the company or entity, or possess, directly or indirectly, the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of that company or entity, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract, power of direction or otherwise.

Sec. 13.5. NRS 669A.230 is hereby amended to read as follows:

669A.230 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, the assets forming the minimum capital of a licensed family trust company pursuant to NRS 669A.160 must:

(a) Consist of:

(1) Cash;

(2) Governmental obligations or insured deposits that mature within 3 years after acquisition;

(3) Readily marketable securities or other liquid, secure assets, bonds, sureties or insurance; or

(4) Any combination thereof.
(b) Have an aggregate market value that equals or exceeds 100 percent of the company’s required stockholders’ equity.

2. A licensed family trust company may purchase or rent real or personal property for use in the conduct of the business and other activities of the company.

3. **Notwithstanding** *Except as otherwise provided in section 7 of this act, and notwithstanding* any other provisions of law to the contrary, a licensed family trust company may invest its funds for its own account, other than those required or permitted to be maintained by subsection 1 or 2, in any type or character of equity securities, debt securities or other asset provided the investment complies with the prudent investor standards set forth in NRS 164.700 to 164.775, inclusive.

4. **Notwithstanding** *Except as otherwise provided in section 7 of this act and notwithstanding* the provisions of any other law to the contrary, a family trust company is authorized while acting as a fiduciary to purchase for the fiduciary estate, directly from underwriters or distributors or in the secondary market:

   (a) Bonds or other securities underwritten or distributed by the family trust company or an affiliate thereof or by a syndicate which includes the family trust company, provided that the family trust company discloses in any written communication or account statement reflecting the purchase of those bonds or securities the nature of the interest of the family trust company in the underwriting or distribution of those bonds and securities and whether the family trust company received any fee in connection with the purchase; and

   (b) Securities of any investment company *as defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940* for which the family trust company acts as advisor, custodian, distributor, manager, registrar, shareholder servicing agent, sponsor or transfer agent, or provided the family trust company discloses in any written communication or account statement reflecting the purchase of the securities the nature of the relationship and whether the family trust company received any fee for providing those services.

5. **The** *Except as otherwise provided in section 7 of this act, the authority granted in subsection 4 may be exercised only if*

   (a) The investment is not expressly prohibited by the instrument, judgment, decree or order establishing the fiduciary relationship;

   (b) The family trust company discloses in writing to the person or persons to whom it sends account statements its intent to exercise the authority granted in subsection 4 before the first exercise of that authority; and

   (c) The family trust company procures in writing the consent of its cofiduciaries with discretionary investment powers, if any, to the investment.

6. **A** *Except as otherwise provided in section 7 of this act, a family trust company may*

   (a) Invest in the securities of an investment company *as defined under the federal Investment Company Act of 1940* or investment trust, to which the family trust company or its affiliate provides services in a capacity other than
as trustee. The investment is not presumed to be affected by a conflict between personal and fiduciary interests if the investment complies with the prudent investor standards set forth in NRS 164.700 to 164.775, inclusive.

(b) Be compensated by an investment company or investment trust described in paragraph (a) for providing services in a capacity other than as trustee if the family trust company discloses at least annually to each person to whom it sends account statements the rate and method by which the compensation was determined.

7. Nothing Except as otherwise provided in section 7 of this act, nothing in subsections 4, 5 and 6 shall affect the degree of prudence which is required of fiduciaries under the laws of this State. Any bonds or securities purchased under authority of this section are not presumed to be affected by a conflict between the fiduciary’s personal and fiduciary interest if the purchase of the bonds or securities:
   (a) Is at a fair price;
   (b) Is in accordance with:
       (1) The interest of the beneficiaries; and
       (2) The purposes of the trusts; and
   (c) Complies with:
       (1) The prudent investor standards set forth in NRS 164.700 to 164.775, inclusive; and
       (2) The terms of the instrument, judgment, decree or order establishing the fiduciary relationship.

8. Notwithstanding Except as otherwise provided in section 7 of this act and notwithstanding the provisions of subsections 4 to 7, inclusive, a family trust company which is authorized to exercise trust powers in this State and which is acting as a fiduciary shall not purchase for the fiduciary estate any fixed income or equity security issued by the family trust company or an affiliate thereof unless:
   (a) The family trust company is expressly authorized to do so by:
       (1) The terms of the instrument creating the trust;
       (2) A court order;
       (3) The written consent of the grantor of the trust; or
       (4) The written consent of every adult beneficiary of the trust who, at the time notice is provided pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 5, receives or is entitled to receive income under the trust or who would be entitled to receive a distribution of principal if the trust were terminated; or
   (b) The purchase of the security:
       (1) Is at a fair price; and
       (2) Complies with:
           (I) The prudent investor standards set forth in NRS 164.700 to 164.775, inclusive; and
           (II) The terms of the instrument, judgment, decree or order establishing the fiduciary relationship.

9. As used in this section:
(a) “Face-amount certificate” has the meaning ascribed to it in 15 U.S.C. § 80a-2(a)(15).

(b) “Government securities” has the meaning ascribed to it in 15 U.S.C. § 80a-2(a)(16).

(c) “Investment company” means any issuer which:

1. Is or holds itself out as being engaged primarily, or proposes to engage primarily, in the business of investing, reinvesting or trading in securities;

2. Is engaged or proposes to engage in the business of issuing face-amount certificates of the installment type, or has been engaged in such business and has any such certificate outstanding; or

3. Is engaged or proposes to engage in the business of investing, reinvesting, owning, holding or trading in securities, and owns or proposes to acquire investment securities having a value exceeding 40 percent of the value of the total assets of the issuer, exclusive of government securities and cash items, on an unconsolidated basis.

(d) “Issuer” has the meaning ascribed to it in 15 U.S.C. § 80a-2(a)(22).

Sec. 14. NRS 90.250 is hereby amended to read as follows:

90.250 “Investment adviser” means any person who, for compensation, engages in the business of advising others as to the value of securities or as to the advisability of investing in, purchasing or selling securities, or who, for compensation and as a part of a regular business, issues or promulgates analyses or reports concerning securities. The term does not include:

1. An employee of an adviser;

2. A depository institution;

3. A lawyer, accountant, engineer or teacher whose performance of investment advisory services is solely incidental to the practice of the person’s profession;

4. A broker-dealer whose performance of investment advisory services is solely incidental to the conduct of business as a broker-dealer and who receives no special compensation for the investment advisory services;

5. A publisher, employee or columnist of a newspaper, news magazine or business or financial publication, or an owner, operator, producer or employee of a cable, radio or television network, station or production facility if, in either case, the financial or business news published or disseminated is made available to the general public and the content does not consist of rendering advice on the basis of the specific investment situation of each client;

6. A person whose advice, analyses or reports relate only to securities exempt under paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of NRS 90.520; or

7. A family trust company or licensed family trust company or an employee or agent of a family trust company or licensed family trust company that is engaged in the business of a family trust company or licensed family trust company pursuant to chapter 669A of NRS, and that
is exempt from registration as an investment adviser pursuant to the federal Investment Advisers Act of 1940; or

8. Any other person the Administrator by regulation or order designates.

Sec. 15. NRS 164.740 is hereby amended to read as follows:

NRS 164.740 Except as otherwise provided in chapter 669A of NRS, a trustee who invests and manages trust property owes a duty to the beneficiaries of the trust to comply with the prudent investor rule as set forth in NRS 164.700 to 164.775, inclusive, but a trustee is not liable to a beneficiary to the extent that the trustee acted in reasonable reliance on the terms of the trust.

Sec. 16. This act becomes effective upon passage and approval.

Assemblyman Atkinson moved the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment adopted.

Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed, and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 267.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 293.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 294.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 329.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 411.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 420.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 445.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 470.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 474.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 478.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 479.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 482.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.
Senate Bill No. 488.
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

MOTIONS, RESOLUTIONS AND NOTICES

Assemblyman Conklin moved that Senate Bill No. 488 be taken from the General File and rereferred to the Committee on Ways and Means.
Motion carried.

NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

May 23, 2011

The Fiscal Analysis Division, pursuant to Joint Standing Rule 14.6, has determined the eligibility for exemption of: BDR S-1300.

RICK COMBS
Fiscal Analysis Division

INTRODUCTION, FIRST READING AND REFERENCE

By the Committee on Ways and Means:
Assembly Bill No. 572—AN ACT relating to taxation; revising provisions governing the expenditure by police departments of the proceeds of the sales and use tax imposed pursuant to the Clark County Sales and Use Tax Act of 2005; revising certain reporting requirements concerning such expenditures; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Assemblyman Conklin moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Taxation.
Motion carried.

MOTIONS, RESOLUTIONS AND NOTICES

NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

May 23, 2011

The Fiscal Analysis Division, pursuant to Joint Standing Rule 14.6, has determined the exemption of: Senate Bill No. 154.

RICK COMBS
Fiscal Analysis Division

Assemblyman Conklin moved that Assembly Bill No. 525; Senate Bills Nos. 132, 149, 186, 277, and 317 be taken from the General File and placed on the General File for the next legislative day.
Motion carried.

Assemblyman Conklin moved that Senate Bill No. 154 be taken from the General File and rereferred to the Committee on Ways and Means.
Motion carried.

Assemblyman Conklin moved that Senate Bill No. 301 be taken from the General File and placed on the Chief Clerk’s desk.
Motion carried.
Assembly Bill No. 259.
Bill read third time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Ways and Means:
Amendment No. 603.

AN ACT relating to legal services; requiring a portion of certain existing fees to be used for certain programs for legal services; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel’s Digest:
Existing law requires certain fees to be charged and collected in civil actions and provides that such fees must only be used for court staffing, capital costs, debt service, renovation, furniture, fixtures, equipment, technology and, in counties whose population is less than 100,000 (currently counties other than Clark and Washoe Counties), for court appointed special advocate programs. (NRS 19.0302) Section 1 of this bill authorizes such fees to also be used to support legal services for the indigent in counties whose population is less than 100,000. Section 1 also provides that, in counties whose population is 100,000 or more, (currently Clark and Washoe Counties) $20 of each fee, collected on the commencement or transfer of any action in district court or upon the filing of any first paper by a defendant, must be submitted to a program for legal services for the operation of programs for the indigent.

Existing law also requires certain fees to be charged and collected at the time of recording a notice of default and election to sell. (NRS 107.080) Section 2 of this bill provides that $5 of each fee, collected at the time of recording a notice of default and election to sell, must be submitted to a program for legal services for the operation of programs for the indigent.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 19.0302 is hereby amended to read as follows:
19.0302  1. Except as otherwise provided by specific statute and in addition to any other fee required by law, each clerk of the court or county clerk, as appropriate, shall charge and collect the following fees:
(a) On the commencement of any action or proceeding in the district court, other than those listed in paragraphs (c), (e) and (f), or on the transfer of any action or proceeding from a district court of another county, to be paid by the party commencing the action, proceeding or transfer……………...$99
(b) On the appearance of any defendant or any number of defendants answering jointly, to be paid upon the filing of the first paper in the action by the defendant or defendants ………………………………………….$99
(c) On the filing of a petition for letters testamentary, letters of 
administration or a guardianship, which fee does not include the court fee 
prescribed by NRS 19.020, to be paid by the petitioner:
   (1) Where the stated value of the estate is $200,000 or more………$352
   (2) Where the stated value of the estate is more than $20,000 but less 
   than $200,000..........................................................................................$99
   (3) Where the stated value of the estate is $20,000 or less, no fee may 
   be charged or collected.
(d) On the filing of a motion for summary judgment or a joinder thereto 
$200
(e) On the commencement of an action defined as a business matter 
pursuant to the local rules of practice and on the answer or appearance of any 
party in any such action or proceeding, to be paid by the party commencing, 
answering or appearing in the action or proceeding thereto………………$1,359
(f) On the commencement of:
   (1) An action for a constructional defect pursuant to NRS 40.600 to 
   40.695, inclusive; or
   (2) Any other action defined as “complex” pursuant to the local rules of 
   practice, 
   and on the answer or appearance of any party in any such action or 
   proceeding, to be paid by the party commencing, answering or appearing in 
   the action or proceeding...............................................................$349
(g) On the filing of a third-party complaint, to be paid by the filing party 
.............................................................................................................$135
(h) On the filing of a motion to certify or decertify a class, to be paid by 
the filing party.........................................................................................$349
(i) For the issuance of any writ of attachment, writ of garnishment, writ of 
execution or any other writ designed to enforce any judgment of the court 
..............................................................................................................$10

2. [Fees] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, fees collected 
pursuant to this section must be deposited into a special account administered 
by the county and maintained for the benefit of the court. The money in that 
account must be used only:
   (a) To offset the costs for adding and maintaining new judicial 
departments, including, without limitation, the cost for additional staff;
   (b) To reimburse the county for any capital costs incurred for maintaining 
any judicial departments that are added by the 75th Session of the Nevada 
Legislature; and
   (c) If any money remains in the account in a fiscal year after satisfying the 
purposes set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b), to:
      (1) Acquire land on which to construct additional facilities for the 
district court or a regional justice center that includes the district court;
      (2) Construct or acquire additional facilities for the district court or a 
regional justice center that includes the district court;
(3) Renovate or remodel existing facilities for the district court or a regional justice center that includes the district court;

(4) Acquire furniture, fixtures and equipment necessitated by the construction or acquisition of additional facilities or the renovation of an existing facility for the district court or a regional justice center that includes the district court;

(5) Acquire advanced technology;

(6) Pay debt service on any bonds issued pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 350.020 for the acquisition of land or facilities or the construction or renovation of facilities for the district court or a regional justice center that includes the district court;

(7) In a county whose population is less than 100,000, support court appointed special advocate programs for children, at the discretion of the judges of the judicial district;

(8) In a county whose population is less than 100,000, support legal services to the indigent and to be used by the organization operating the program for legal services that receives the fees charged pursuant to NRS 19.031 for the operation of programs for the indigent; or

(9) Be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

3. Except as otherwise provided by specific statute, all fees prescribed in this section are payable in advance if demanded by the clerk of the court or county clerk.

4. Each clerk of the court or county clerk shall, on or before the fifth day of each month, account for and pay to the county treasurer:

(a) In a county whose population is 100,000 or more, an amount equal to $20 of each fee collected pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 1 during the preceding month. The county treasurer shall remit quarterly to the organization operating the program for legal services that receives the fees charged pursuant to NRS 19.031 for the operation of programs for the indigent all the money received from the clerk of the court or county clerk pursuant to this paragraph.

(b) All remaining fees collected pursuant to this section during the preceding month.

Sec. 2. NRS 107.080 is hereby amended to read as follows:

107.080 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 107.085 and 107.086, if any transfer in trust of any estate in real property is made after March 29, 1927, to secure the performance of an obligation or the payment of any debt, a power of sale is hereby conferred upon the trustee to be exercised after a breach of the obligation for which the transfer is security.

2. The power of sale must not be exercised, however, until:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), in the case of any trust agreement coming into force:

(1) On or after July 1, 1949, and before July 1, 1957, the grantor, the person who holds the title of record, a beneficiary under a subordinate deed of trust or any other person who has a subordinate lien or encumbrance of
record on the property has, for a period of 15 days, computed as prescribed in subsection 3, failed to make good the deficiency in performance or payment; or

(2) On or after July 1, 1957, the grantor, the person who holds the title of record, a beneficiary under a subordinate deed of trust or any other person who has a subordinate lien or encumbrance of record on the property has, for a period of 35 days, computed as prescribed in subsection 3, failed to make good the deficiency in performance or payment;

(b) In the case of any trust agreement which concerns owner-occupied housing as defined in NRS 107.086, the grantor, the person who holds the title of record, a beneficiary under a subordinate deed of trust or any other person who has a subordinate lien or encumbrance of record on the property has, for a period that commences in the manner and subject to the requirements described in subsection 3 and expires 5 days before the date of sale, failed to make good the deficiency in performance or payment;

(c) The beneficiary, the successor in interest of the beneficiary or the trustee first executes and causes to be recorded in the office of the recorder of the county wherein the trust property, or some part thereof, is situated a notice of the breach and of the election to sell or cause to be sold the property to satisfy the obligation; and

(d) Not less than 3 months have elapsed after the recording of the notice.

3. The 15- or 35-day period provided in paragraph (a) of subsection 2, or the period provided in paragraph (b) of subsection 2, commences on the first day following the day upon which the notice of default and election to sell is recorded in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the property is located and a copy of the notice of default and election to sell is mailed by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested and with postage prepaid to the grantor or, to the person who holds the title of record on the date the notice of default and election to sell is recorded, and, if the property is operated as a facility licensed under chapter 449 of NRS, to the State Board of Health, at their respective addresses, if known, otherwise to the address of the trust property. The notice of default and election to sell must:

(a) Describe the deficiency in performance or payment and may contain a notice of intent to declare the entire unpaid balance due if acceleration is permitted by the obligation secured by the deed of trust, but acceleration must not occur if the deficiency in performance or payment is made good and any costs, fees and expenses incident to the preparation or recordation of the notice and incident to the making good of the deficiency in performance or payment are paid within the time specified in subsection 2; and

(b) If the property is a residential foreclosure, comply with the provisions of NRS 107.087.

4. The trustee, or other person authorized to make the sale under the terms of the trust deed or transfer in trust, shall, after expiration of the 3-month period following the recording of the notice of breach and election to
sell, and before the making of the sale, give notice of the time and place thereof by recording the notice of sale and by:

(a) Providing the notice to each trustor, any other person entitled to notice pursuant to this section and, if the property is operated as a facility licensed under chapter 449 of NRS, the State Board of Health, by personal service or by mailing the notice by registered or certified mail to the last known address of the trustor and any other person entitled to such notice pursuant to this section;

(b) Posting a similar notice particularly describing the property, for 20 days successively, in three public places of the township or city where the property is situated and where the property is to be sold;

(c) Publishing a copy of the notice three times, once each week for 3 consecutive weeks, in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the property is situated; and

(d) If the property is a residential foreclosure, complying with the provisions of NRS 107.087.

5. Every sale made under the provisions of this section and other sections of this chapter vests in the purchaser the title of the grantor and any successors in interest without equity or right of redemption. A sale made pursuant to this section may be declared void by any court of competent jurisdiction in the county where the sale took place if:

(a) The trustee or other person authorized to make the sale does not substantially comply with the provisions of this section or any applicable provision of NRS 107.086 and 107.087;

(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, an action is commenced in the county where the sale took place within 90 days after the date of the sale; and

(c) A notice of lis pendens providing notice of the pendency of the action is recorded in the office of the county recorder of the county where the sale took place within 30 days after commencement of the action.

6. If proper notice is not provided pursuant to subsection 3 or paragraph (a) of subsection 4 to the grantor, to the person who holds the title of record on the date the notice of default and election to sell is recorded, to each trustor or to any other person entitled to such notice, the person who did not receive such proper notice may commence an action pursuant to subsection 5 within 120 days after the date on which the person received actual notice of the sale.

7. The sale of a lease of a dwelling unit of a cooperative housing corporation vests in the purchaser title to the shares in the corporation which accompany the lease.

8. After a sale of property is conducted pursuant to this section, the trustee shall:

(a) Within 30 days after the date of the sale, record the trustee’s deed upon sale in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the property is located; or
(b) Within 20 days after the date of the sale, deliver the trustee’s deed upon sale to the successful bidder. Within 10 days after the date of delivery of the deed by the trustee, the successful bidder shall record the trustee’s deed upon sale in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the property is located.

9. If the successful bidder fails to record the trustee’s deed upon sale pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 8, the successful bidder:
   (a) Is liable in a civil action to any party that is a senior lienholder against the property that is the subject of the sale in a sum of up to $500 and for reasonable attorney’s fees and the costs of bringing the action; and
   (b) Is liable in a civil action for any actual damages caused by the failure to comply with the provisions of subsection 8 and for reasonable attorney’s fees and the costs of bringing the action.

10. The county recorder shall, in addition to any other fee, at the time of recording a notice of default and election to sell collect:
   (a) A fee of $150 for deposit in the State General Fund.
   (b) A fee of $45 for deposit in the Account for Foreclosure Mediation, which is hereby created in the State General Fund. The Account must be administered by the Court Administrator, and the money in the Account may be expended only for the purpose of supporting a program of foreclosure mediation established by Supreme Court Rule.
   (c) A fee of $5 to be paid over to the county treasurer on or before the fifth day of each month for the preceding calendar month. The county recorder may direct that 1.5 percent of the fees collected by the county recorder pursuant to this paragraph be transferred into a special account for use by the office of the county recorder. The county treasurer shall remit quarterly to the organization operating the program for legal services that receives the fees charged pursuant to NRS 19.031 for the operation of programs for the indigent all the money received from the county recorder pursuant to this paragraph.

11. The fees collected pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 10 must be paid over to the county treasurer by the county recorder on or before the fifth day of each month for the preceding calendar month, and, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, must be placed to the credit of the State General Fund or the Account for Foreclosure Mediation as prescribed pursuant to subsection 10. The county recorder may direct that 1.5 percent of the fees collected by the county recorder be transferred into a special account for use by the office of the county recorder. The county treasurer shall, on or before the 15th day of each month, remit the fees deposited by the county recorder pursuant to this subsection to the State Controller for credit to the State General Fund or the Account as prescribed in subsection 10.

12. The beneficiary, the successor in interest of the beneficiary or the trustee who causes to be recorded the notice of default and election to sell
shall not charge the grantor or the successor in interest of the grantor any portion of any fee required to be paid pursuant to subsection 10.

13. As used in this section, “residential foreclosure” means the sale of a single family residence under a power of sale granted by this section. As used in this subsection, “single family residence”:
   (a) Means a structure that is comprised of not more than four units.
   (b) Does not include any time share or other property regulated under chapter 119A of NRS.

Sec. 3. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2011.

Assemblyman Hickey moved the adoption of the amendment.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, reengrossed, and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 6.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 6:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.

Senate Bill No. 6 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 10.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 10:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.

Senate Bill No. 10 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 12.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 12:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.

Senate Bill No. 12 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 13.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 13:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.

Senate Bill No. 13 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.
Senate Bill No. 15.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 15:
YEAS—41.
NAYS—Neal.
Senate Bill No. 15 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

MOTIONS, RESOLUTIONS AND NOTICES

Assemblyman Conklin moved that Senate Bill No. 94 be taken from the General File and placed on the General File for the next legislative day.
Motion carried.

GENERAL FILE AND THIRD READING

Senate Bill No. 17.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 17:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 17 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 21.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 21:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 21 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 25.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 25:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 25 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 33.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 33:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 33 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

MOTIONS, RESOLUTIONS AND NOTICES

Assemblyman Conklin moved that Senate Bill No. 37 be taken from General File and placed at the top of the General File for the next legislative day.
Motion carried.

GENERAL FILE AND THIRD READING

Senate Bill No. 38.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 38:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 38 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 45.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 45:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 45 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 58.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 58:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 58 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 63.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 63:
YEAS—41.
NAYS—Kirmer.
Senate Bill No. 63 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.
Senate Bill No. 66.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 66:
YEAS—40.
NAYS—Hickey, Sherwood—2.
Senate Bill No. 66 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 67.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 67:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 67 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 79.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 79:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 79 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 89.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 89:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 89 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 96.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 96:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 96 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 109.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 109:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 109 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 111.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 111:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 111 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 117.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 117:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 117 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 134.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 134:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 134 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 137.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 137:
YEAS—41.
NAYS—Carlton.
Senate Bill No. 137 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 157.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 157:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 157 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 167.
Bill read third time.
Remarks by Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 167:
**YEAS—42.**
**NAY_S—None.
Senate Bill No. 167 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 196.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 196:
**YEAS—42.**
**NAY_S—None.
Senate Bill No. 196 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 209.
Bill read third time.
Remarks by Assemblyman Anderson.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 209:
**YEAS—42.**
**NAY_S—None.
Senate Bill No. 209 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 225.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 225:
**YEAS—42.**
**NAY_S—None.
Senate Bill No. 225 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 245.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 245:
**YEAS—42.**
**NAY_S—None.
Senate Bill No. 245 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed, as amended.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 264.
Bill read third time.
Remarks by Assemblywoman Mastroluca.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 264:
YEAS—41.
NAYS—Hardy.
Senate Bill No. 264 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed, as amended.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 322.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 322:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 322 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 328.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 328:
YEAS—37.
NAYS—Ellison, Hansen, Hardy, Kirner, Kite—5.
Senate Bill No. 328 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 331.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 331:
YEAS—29.
Senate Bill No. 331 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 337.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 337:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 337 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 353.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 353:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 353 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 368.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 368:
YEAS—29.
Senate Bill No. 368 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 387.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 387:
YEAS—30.
Senate Bill No. 387 having received a two-thirds majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 390.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 390:
YEAS—41.
NAYS—Sherwood.
Senate Bill No. 390 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 441.
Bill read third time.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 441:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Bill No. 441 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.
Senate Bill No. 495.
Bill read third time.
Potential conflict of interest declared by Assemblyman Anderson.
Conflict of interest declared by Assemblywoman Woodbury.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 495:
YEAS—38.
NAYS—Aizley, Brooks, Pierce—3.
NOT VOTING—Woodbury.
Senate Bill No. 495 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.
Senate Joint Resolution No. 4.
Resolution read third time.
Roll call on Senate Joint Resolution No. 4:
YEAS—42.
NAYS—None.
Senate Joint Resolution No. 4 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed.
Resolution ordered transmitted to the Senate.

GUESTS EXTENDED PRIVILEGE OF ASSEMBLY FLOOR

On request of Assemblywoman Smith, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to the following students and chaperones from Truckee Meadows Community College High School: Rachel Bonderson, Danessa Duckett, Blanca Fascio, Amelia Gunn, Olivia Hernandez, Vanessa Lan, Alicia Lee, Dalton Malone, Savannah Mascarelli, Jared Michael, Joshua Moore, Sera Ozbek, Zachary Reinitz, Amanda Rieger, Justin Schilling, Erin Smith, Joseph Stanton, Maxwell Thom, Brooke Whisenant, Steven Aguilar, Seini Aonga, Gabriel Busch, Julian Byrd, Markus Chapman, Dominick Peter Crisostomo, Kyle Fenner, Meghan Grassi, Bruce Kroboth, Shay Malloy, Tyler Nott, Morgan Perry, Mark Peterson, Devonnie Pickrell, Kyle Polzin, Erica Rose, Amanda Mae Sagun, Dylan Schindler, Mason Walton, Isabel Youngs, and Carlos Hatfield.

Assemblyman Conklin moved that the Assembly adjourn until Wednesday, May 25, 2011, at 10 a.m., and that it do so with our thoughts and prayers going out to those affected by the tornado in Joplin, Missouri.
Motion carried.
Assembly adjourned at 12:26 p.m.

Approved: JOHN OCEGUERA
Speaker of the Assembly

Attest: SUSAN FURLONG
Chief Clerk of the Assembly