Senate called to order at 11:21 a.m.
President Pro Tempore Parks presiding.
Roll called.
All present.
Prayer by Pastor Larry Unterseher, Nevada, Utah, Northeastern California conference of the Seventh-day Adventist Church.

Let us pray.
Father God, we ask Your blessing on this special day as we celebrate the life and accomplishments of two of Nevada’s finest servant leaders: Sue Wagner and Bernice Mathews. They have provided us with quality leadership while being outstanding role models for our youth for generations to come. Give them overwhelming blessings as they continue their lives of service.
We ask also Your blessing on this Senate Floor Session. Be with each Senator as they ably undertake the challenges and possibilities that confront this great State. Give them wisdom as they work to make Nevada a haven for its citizens and for all who enter its territory.
We ask for these blessings in Your most holy and precious Name.

AMEN.

Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag.

The President Pro Tempore announced that under previous order, the reading of the Journal is waived for the remainder of the 77th Legislative Session and the President and Secretary are authorized to make any necessary corrections and additions.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Mr. President:
Your Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy, to which were referred Senate Bill Nos. 36, 41, 261 and 493, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Amend, and do pass as amended.

KELVIN ATKINSON, Chair

Mr. President:
Your Committee on Education, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 269, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Amend, and do pass as amended.

JOYCE WOODHOUSE, Chair

Mr. President:
Your Committee on Government Affairs, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 232, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Re-refer to the Committee on Finance.

DAVID R. PARKS, Chair

Mr. President:
Your Committee on Health and Human Services, to which were referred Senate Bill Nos. 318, 381 and 449, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Amend, and do pass as amended.

JUSTIN C. JONES, Chair
Mr. President:

Your Committee on Transportation, to which were referred Senate Bill Nos. 317, 322, 343, 428, 429 and 456, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Amend, and do pass as amended.

MARK A. MANENDO, Chair

MESSAGES FROM THE ASSEMBLY

ASSEMBLY CHAMBER, Carson City, April 16, 2013

To the Honorable the Senate:

I have the honor to inform your honorable body that the Assembly on this day passed Assembly Bill Nos. 135, 194, 198, 233, 255, 281, 322, 337, 350, 432, 483, 492, 493, 495.

Also, I have the honor to inform your honorable body that the Assembly on this day passed, as amended, Assembly Bill Nos. 8, 11, 29, 60, 65, 109, 144, 221, 300, 377, 393.

MATTHEW BAKER
Assistant Chief Clerk of the Assembly

WAIVERS AND EXEMPTIONS

NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

April 17, 2013

The Fiscal Analysis Division, pursuant to Joint Standing Rule No. 14.6, has determined the eligibility for exemption of: Assembly Bill No. 256.

CINDY JONES
Fiscal Analysis Division

MOTIONS, RESOLUTIONS AND NOTICES

By Senators Denis, Atkinson, Brower, Cegavske, Ford, Goicoechea, Gustavson, Hammond, Hardy, Hutchison, Jones, Kieckhefer, Kihuen, Manendo, Parks, Roberson, Segerblom, Settelmeyer, Smith, Spearman and Woodhouse:

Senate Resolution No. 5—Inducting Sue Wagner into the Senate Hall of Fame.

WHEREAS, The Senate of the Legislature of the State of Nevada has established a Senate Hall of Fame whose members are selected by leadership from those past Senators who have served with distinction and who have made exemplary contributions to the State of Nevada; and

WHEREAS, Sue Wagner was born in Portland, Maine, and received a Bachelor of Arts in Political Science from the University of Arizona and a Master of Arts in History from Northwestern University in Evanston, Illinois; and

WHEREAS, During her career, Sue worked as a newspaper reporter, an educator in government and history at the high school and college levels, and in special assistant positions at Ohio State University and the Desert Research Institute; and

WHEREAS, Sue Wagner was married to the late Dr. Peter Wagner, who lost his life in 1980 while conducting research for the Desert Research Institute, and is the mother of their two children Kirk and Kristina; and

WHEREAS, Sue Wagner was first elected to the Nevada Assembly from Washoe County in 1974, serving in that position for 6 years until her election to the Nevada Senate in November 1980, being only the fifth woman to be elected to the Nevada State Senate; and

WHEREAS, Senator Wagner chaired the Senate Committee on Judiciary during the 1987 and 1989 Legislative Sessions, the first woman in Nevada history to serve in that capacity, and also served on the Senate Standing Committees on Government Affairs and Legislative Affairs and Operations, and chaired a number of special studies during the Interim period between Sessions, including the Legislative Commission’s Subcommittees on the Nevada Prison System (1979-81), Development of a Master Plan for the Nevada Prison System (1981-82), Grand Juries in Nevada (1983-84), Foster Care Provided to Children in Nevada (1985-86) and the Study of Alternative Methods of Resolving Disputes (1989-90); and
WHEREAS, During her career as a State Senator, Senator Wagner was the primary sponsor of numerous bills that were enacted and signed into law, including measures affecting families, women and children, domestic violence, persons with disabilities, smoking in public buildings, ethics in government, growth management and regional planning, prison-related issues, elections and election campaign reform, conservation, public health and sample ballots for constitutional amendments; and

WHEREAS, Following 10 years of service in the Nevada State Senate, Senator Wagner was elected as Lieutenant Governor of Nevada in 1990 and, as Lieutenant Governor from 1991 through 1995, presided over the Floor Sessions of the Senate during the Regular Sessions of 1991 and 1993; and

WHEREAS, Starting in 1995, Sue Wagner was in charge of the legislative intern program for the University of Nevada, Reno, which allows university students who may be interested in a career in government or elective office to assist a member of the Legislature during regular Legislative Sessions; and

WHEREAS, In April 1997, Sue Wagner was appointed to the Nevada Gaming Commission by former Governor Bob Miller where she served for over 11 years; and

WHEREAS, Some of the numerous honors, awards and accomplishments which Sue Wagner has received include: Humanitarian of the Year from the National Conference of Christians and Jews; Outstanding Woman in Government from the Governor’s Conference on Women; Conservation Legislator of the Year from the Nevada Wildlife Federation; Breaking the Glass Ceiling Award from the Women Executives in State Government; the Professional Achievement Award from the University of Arizona Alumni Association; the Nevada Merit Mother of the Year Award from the American Mother’s Association; Woman of the Year from the Commission on the Status of Women; and Woman of Distinction Lifetime Achievement from the Capital Women’s Political Caucus; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, That Sue Wagner, who has dedicated many years of her life to the service of the people of the State of Nevada at the University of Nevada, Reno, as a member of both the Nevada Senate and Assembly, as Lieutenant Governor of Nevada and as a member of the Nevada Gaming Commission, is hereby inducted into the Senate Hall of Fame of the Legislature of the State of Nevada.

Senator Denis moved the adoption of the resolution.

Remarks by Senators Denis, Smith, Brower and Cegavske.

SENATOR DENIS:
Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. It is my great honor to endorse former Senator Sue Wagner’s induction into the Nevada Senate Hall of Fame. Although none of our current members had the privilege of serving with you in the Senate, your sterling reputation as an extraordinary Senator and President of the Senate lives on in this Body. Although you should have received this recognition and honor many years ago, I am pleased that today we can give you our most sincere thanks for all you have done on behalf of Nevada and its residents.

I understand that Sue’s early inspiration to serve the public in elective office came from a prominent member of the United States Senate who was also from Maine, Margaret Chase Smith. Sue met Senator Smith when she was just a child. Apparently it was a great meeting as Sue went on to idolize Senator Smith and regard her as her personal role model. Sue, I feel certain that if she were still with us, Senator Margaret Chase Smith would be so proud of you today.

Senate Resolution No. 5 does not go into much detail on Sue’s extremely active and committed efforts on behalf of the Legislature between Sessions. She was particularly active in both the Council of State Governments as well as its regional component, the Western Legislative Conference. Here in Nevada, she served on numerous interim studies and chaired the Legislative Commission’s Subcommittees on: Nevada Prison System from 1979 to 1981; Development of a Master Plan for the Nevada Prison System from 1981 to 1982; Grand Juries in Nevada from 1983 to 1984; Foster Care Provided to Children in Nevada from 1985 to 1986; and the Study of Alternative Methods of Resolving Disputes from 1989 to 1990. She also chaired the Committee to Review Regulations in 1989 and 1990.
It also should be noted that starting in 1995, Sue was in charge of the legislative intern program for the University of Nevada, Reno. This ongoing program pairs university students who may be interested in a career in government or elective office with members of the Legislature in Carson City. The program operates each Legislative Session and a number of Nevadans have benefitted from this special experience.

It was in 1990, while in the middle of her third four-year term as a State Senator that Sue decided to seek election as Lieutenant Governor of Nevada. On September 3, 1990, after making a number of campaign stops on the eve of Nevada’s primary election, the small plane in which Sue was a passenger crashed just outside of Fallon. One person died in that crash and Sue and others on board were seriously injured. Nevertheless, she won that primary election and went on to a convincing win in November, making her the first woman to be elected as Nevada’s Lieutenant Governor. Following four years of outstanding service in that office, Sue decided against seeking additional elective office. But, she continued to serve the people of Nevada by serving as an appointed member of the Nevada Gaming Commission from 1997 to 2009. If my math is correct, Sue was an elected or appointed State officer for 32 years.

On behalf of the entire Nevada Senate, we extend our most sincere thanks to Sue Wagner for her outstanding years of service to the people of Nevada.

SENATOR SMITH:
It is my honor to rise in support of Senate Resolution No. 5 inducting my friend Sue Wagner into the Nevada Senate Hall of Fame. As the Majority Leader said, this honor is long overdue. I am so happy that Sue is here today for this celebration.

When I think of Sue, which is often, a number of words immediately come to mind: friend, leader, role model, mentor, innovator, advocate for women and children and dedicated public servant. Sue, you have been such an inspiration to me and so many other Nevadans. Thank you for all you have done on behalf of the people of the State of Nevada.

Senate Resolution No. 5 before us does a great job of capturing, in very brief form, many of those contributions Sue made for the well-being of Nevada’s citizens. But, her accomplishments are far too numerous for a resolution of this type. Her amazing work for women will never be forgotten. Because of Sue’s teamwork and bipartisan attitude, women have funding for domestic violence protections and are protected in the Nevada Constitution with a pro-choice amendment.

Sue was a partner, colleague and friend of my friend and predecessor, Jan Evans. The two women often led the way on many decisions affecting the women and children in our State. Sue, I am most grateful for your work and I know that today our friend Jan is smiling down on you and your accomplishments.

Several years ago I had the opportunity to serve as a mentor in a women’s leadership institute program for women who wanted to run for office. One of the evenings was spent at a fireside chat with Sue Wagner telling her story. The room was full of young women. It was amazing to me; you could have heard a pin drop as Sue told her story over a couple of hours. They were so interested in her life and her accomplishments and all that she meant to the State. It made me realize how very much you have contributed and how powerful your story is to the rest of the women in this State.

Sue Wagner has had much triumph, adversity and tragedy in her life; she soldiered through loss and pain to be an accomplished woman and a loving mother. Sue Wagner serves as a true inspiration for us all and richly deserves a prominent place among our other great Senate leaders as a member of the Senate Hall of Fame.

SENATOR BROWER:
It is an honor to rise in support of Senate Resolution No. 5. It is my great privilege to say a few words about a truly great Nevadan and my constituent—Sue Wagner.

Sue contributed so much to the Senate as a member of this Body and as Lieutenant Governor. I only regret that it has taken us so long to honor her with induction into the Senate Hall of Fame, an honor she richly deserves.

When Sue first ran for the Legislature in 1974 she was the perfect candidate: smart, well educated, hardworking, had a great family and she was a woman. Even though I wasn’t old enough to vote in 1974, I do know that being a woman at that time was not generally considered
to be a good thing for a political candidate. It was still somewhat unusual. Sue helped to destroy that conventional wisdom, blazing a trail for many to follow.

Yesterday my colleague from Senate District No. 3 made a joking reference to my relationship with former Assemblywoman Barbara Buckley. I will tell you I enjoyed serving with Barbara very much; we had a very good relationship and agreed on many important things—not everything, but on many very important issues. I recall sitting in my office in Washington, D.C. when I first learned that Barbara would be Nevada’s first woman speaker. I wrote her a note to congratulate her and I also mentioned to her how proud I was that I could go home that evening and tell my daughters that their home state was going to have its first woman Speaker; that was more proof that they could do anything they wanted to in their lives. I am confident that Barbara would be the first to acknowledge that it was Sue Wagner and others like her that made all of it possible.

The resolution before us today highlights many of Sue’s accomplishments; I would like to highlight just one. That is her support of business and economic development. She was a champion of legislation aimed at building Nevada’s economy. As Lieutenant Governor, she chaired our State Commission on Economic Development. She later went on to serve with great distinction as a member of the Nevada Gaming Commission.

Finally, I would like to share an excerpt from a great book titled The Maverick Spirit: Building the New Nevada. This book briefly profiles 15 great Nevadans who made our State what it is today. Sue can be found in Chapter 14 between former Senator Bill Raggio and Jerry Tarkanian. In the chapter about Sue, it describes her as follows: “a fair minded, courageous political leader, an independent woman who never hesitated to vote her conscience regardless of party dogma or public opinion. From her first days in Carson City, beginning in 1975, she showed no fear of challenging conventional political values, and voters of both parties recognized that hers was a career dedicated to principle rather than expediency. She had helped break down many unwritten, but nonetheless powerful, barriers that confronted talented and qualified women seeking careers in public service in Nevada. And she did so with extraordinary grace and courage.”

Thank you Sue for your incredible service to our State and congratulations on your induction to the Nevada Senate Hall of Fame.

SENATOR CEGAVSKE:
I rise in support of Senate Resolution No. 5 and it is my pleasure to provide a few words in tribute to an outstanding former State Senator Sue Wagner. I am particularly pleased that both of our Hall of Fame inductees this year are women. Only three women have been so honored by this Body in the past: former State Senators Helen Herr, Ann O’Connell and Dina Titus. So to both Sue and Bernice—my dear friends—I offer my sincere thanks and congratulations for your many years of service to the State of Nevada.

Before I go on, I would like to talk briefly about Sue’s wonderful family. She is so proud of her son Kirk, who is an attorney living in Carmel Valley, California. His three teenage daughters, Annabelle, Olivia and Grace, also make Grandmother Sue very proud. Daughter Kristina Cook works in the university administration in the San Diego area and also is the mother of Sue’s fourth grandchild, Peter, who is two years old.

Let me now highlight just a couple of topics of great importance to all women. Of course, Sue participated in the national debate over the Equal Rights Amendment to the United States Constitution. She proved to be an eloquent and persuasive advocate of this measure, and although it was not approved, the debates certainly served to improve the standing of women in our society today. But let me turn to 1989, which was to be Sue’s last regular Session as a State Senator. She successfully sponsored Senate Bill 287 that year, which provided for the establishment of centers for “displaced homemakers” in both Clark County and Washoe County. The law is primarily designed to assist those women who stayed at home to raise a family, only to be faced later with a divorce or the death, disability or job loss of a spouse. Among other things, the centers created by the bill provide counseling services and courses of instruction to assist “displaced homemakers” in finding and retaining employment. We thank you for that and for its success.
In closing, I want to thank you, Sue, for being such an outstanding and early role model for women in the Legislature. Only four women had ever been elected to serve in this Body up to your election in 1980. It also should be noted that you were the top vote-getter in a multi-member district that year, a true sign of your popularity with the voters. Today, it is almost taken for granted that a significant number of our members will be women. Thank you Sue for helping lead the way. Congratulations.

Resolution adopted unanimously.

By Senators Denis, Atkinson, Brower, Cegavske, Ford, Goicoechea, Gustavson, Hammond, Hardy, Hutchison, Jones, Kieckhefer, Kihuen, Manendo, Parks, Roberson, Segerblom, Settelmeyer, Smith, Spearman and Woodhouse:

Senate Resolution No. 6—Inducting Bernice Mathews into the Senate Hall of Fame.

WHEREAS, The Senate of the Legislature of the State of Nevada has established a Senate Hall of Fame whose members are selected by leadership from those past Senators who have served with distinction and who have made exemplary contributions to the State of Nevada; and

WHEREAS, Bernice Mathews was born in Jackson, Mississippi, and moved to Reno, Nevada, in the 1950s, where she received a Bachelor of Science in Nursing and a Master of Education in Administration of Higher Education from the University of Nevada, Reno; and

WHEREAS, During her nursing career, Bernice Mathews advanced from a staff nurse to a head nurse at Washoe Medical Center and from a clinical nursing instructor to the Director of Health Sciences and Nursing at Truckee Meadows Community College; and

WHEREAS, Bernice Mathews also became a small business owner, operating a sky cap service and a gift shop at the Reno-Tahoe International Airport with her daughter Aileen; and

WHEREAS, Bernice Mathews is the proud mother of her children Arnold II, Anthony, Aileen, Barbara, Ruben, Clive and Allen (deceased); and

WHEREAS, Bernice Mathews was elected to the Reno City Council in 1991 where she was appointed Assistant Mayor, and in November 1994 was elected to the Nevada State Senate representing Washoe County Senatorial District No. 1, a position she held for 16 years, concluding her service in the Senate in November 2010 following 8 regular sessions and 10 special sessions; and

WHEREAS, During her legislative career, Senator Mathews served in Senate leadership, including Senate Minority Whip in 1999 and Assistant Minority Leader from 2001 through 2008, and in the 2009 Session served as co-chair of the influential Senate Committee on Finance, a committee on which she served for all 16 years of her legislative service; and

WHEREAS, Senator Mathews served on other standing committees, including those concerned with human resources and facilities, education, legislative affairs and operations, elections and natural resources, and served on numerous policy and study committees during the Interim period between sessions, including the Interim Finance Committee and over 20 study committees; and

WHEREAS, Senator Mathews was the primary sponsor of numerous bills that were enacted and signed into law, including measures concerning public education, facilities for persons with disabilities, books for school libraries, postsecondary education, persons with hearing impairments, meetings of public bodies, insurance for school employees, cancer screening, occupational diseases, police and firefighting personnel, public guardians, domestic abuse, mental health services and motor vehicle insurance; and

WHEREAS, Some of the numerous honors, awards and accomplishments which Bernice Mathews has received include: Nevada Mother of the Year; Member of the Hall of Fame of the Nevada Women’s Fund; Outstanding Alumni from the University of Nevada, Reno, School of Nursing; Business Woman of the Year from the Negro Business and Professional Women; the Outstanding Service Award from the Washoe County Airport Authority; the Dean’s Award from the University of Nevada, Reno’s School of Medicine; and the President’s Medal from Truckee Meadows Community College; now, therefore, be it
RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, That Bernice Mathews, who has dedicated many years of her life to the service of the people of the State of Nevada as a practicing nurse, as a member of the Reno City Council, as an educator and administrator and as a member of the Nevada State Senate for 16 years, is hereby inducted into the Senate Hall of Fame of the Legislature of the State of Nevada.

Senator Denis moved the adoption of the resolution.
Remarks by Senators Denis, Smith, Hardy, Kieckhefer and Atkinson.

SENATOR DENIS:
I rise to speak in favor of Senate Resolution No. 6. I would like to mention some of the contributions that former Senator Mathews made to education in our State. It is something we share—a love for our kids and their education.

Former Senator Mathews’ life is a testimony to the importance and the power of education. As a student, growing up in the segregated south, she understood what it was to be denied equal opportunities to study. Many of the years of her adulthood were occupied in the pursuit of education. In fact, a passion for learning is one of the central themes of her life.

As a mother of a large family, she had daily contact for many years with the teachers, staff and administrators of the Washoe County public schools. As an adult student at Washoe Western School of Practical Nursing, as an undergraduate and a graduate student at the University of Nevada, and finally as an instructor and an administrator at Truckee Meadows Community College, she came to know our system of higher education inside and out. These experiences made her uniquely qualified to participate in making education policy.

As a Legislator, former Senator Mathews served as a member of the Senate Committee on Education from 1999 to 2010, weighing and considering proposals that have had a profound and lasting impact on students in our State. During her years of service, she was the primary sponsor for bills on public education, books for school libraries, postsecondary education and group insurance for school district employees, among other topics. She also served on study committees that dealt with subjects closely related to education, such as children and families, persons with disabilities and autism.

Whether they realize it or not, the students of our great State are the beneficiaries of her experience, her wisdom and her untiring devotion. Few other Legislators—and few other teachers—have done as much as former Senator Mathews to ensure that our children have a chance to reach the full measure of their potential. I can only hope that during my legislative service I can accomplish a small portion of what former Senator Mathews has. For this accomplishment, she deserves a place in our Senate Hall of Fame.

SENATOR SMITH:
I am honored to rise in support of Senate Resolution No. 6 inducting former Senator Bernice Mathews into the Nevada Senate Hall of Fame. Former Senator Mathews served 16 years in the Nevada Senate with great ability, dignity and integrity. Among many other positive attributes, Bernice was known for her intelligence, compassion, work ethic, leadership, teamwork, good old common sense and, as we all know, a great sense of humor.

At the spry age of 60, Bernice was just getting started in her second career as an elected public officer. Long an advocate for “good public policy,” she was seeking an elective office that was involved in the development of policy at the State level. She campaigned hard and won the November 1994 General Election to become a Nevada State Senator. We are all very lucky for that.

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uninsured vehicles on Nevada’s streets and highways by requiring the Department of Motor Vehicles to send an insurance verification form to all vehicle owners it determines to be uninsured. These bills will have lasting effects on this State. Along with my colleagues, we express our shared gratitude for your efforts on both of those causes.

In Nevada we pride ourselves on being a “citizen legislature.” Bernice Mathews is a perfect example of a very busy citizen who took the time required to serve in this Body. She was a nursing student who rose through the ranks to become head of the nursing program at Truckee Meadows Community College. She also served as an elected member of the Reno City Council for three years and operated two businesses at the Reno-Tahoe International Airport. Anyone taking an early morning flight out of Reno still sees her there, sitting behind the counter of her business. Despite all of this, or perhaps because of all of this, Bernice has made the perfect addition to the Nevada Senate with her wide-ranging interests and experiences. The Nevada Senate, Bernice, is a better place because of the hard and consistently excellent work you have performed in this Body.

You have always treated your colleagues, staff and the public with the utmost respect and compassion. And you have always stood up for the underdog. In my time here I have watched you closely and tried to emulate the way you treat people.

Thank you Bernice for all you have done for the Nevada Senate, the State of Nevada and for our citizens.

SENIOR HARDY:
I also wish to rise in support of Senate Resolution No. 6 inducting former Senator Bernice Mathews, her maiden name, into the Senate Hall of Fame.

As a medical doctor, I have tremendous respect for nurses and the nursing profession. So I would like to say a few things about former Senator Mathews and her career in that demanding and difficult profession.

Former Senator Mathews came to this profession the hard way: beginning as a nurse’s aide, then becoming a practical nurse, then a registered nurse, earning her bachelor’s degree, advancing from staff nurse to head nurse at Washoe Medical Center, earning a master’s degree, becoming a nursing instructor at Truckee Meadows Community College and finally becoming head of the health science and nursing program at that institution. Keep in mind that she did all this while raising a large family.

In the December 12, 1959, edition of the Reno Evening Gazette, there appeared an article about the Washoe Western School of Practical Nursing. The article was accompanied by a photograph of a classroom full of students, dressed in crisp white uniforms and starched white caps like nurses used to wear in those days. The students are looking at a human skeleton and other anatomical displays. The caption of the photograph identifies one of the students, sitting on the front row as “Mrs. Bernice Martin.” This is her married name although she has made it clear that she has been happily divorced for more than 40 years.

Nine years later, the January 5, 1969, edition of the Nevada State Journal includes this interesting item: “Hats off to Mrs. Bernice Martin, a Junior in the Orvis School of Nursing at the University of Nevada, who has been named recipient of the Allstate Foundation nursing scholarship. Serving as second vice president of the Nevada Student Nurses Association, District 1. Mrs. Martin is the mother of four children and resides in Reno.”

The next year, on December 23, 1970, the Reno Evening Gazette ran an article on the hazards of the Christmas holidays. The article included comments by emergency room nurses and noted in passing that Mrs. Bernice Martin would be one of the nurses on duty in the emergency room on Christmas day. I would imagine that it must have sometimes been difficult for her, as a mother, to be away from her young family on those special holidays so that others could receive the care they needed.

Former Senator Mathews—Bernice—we salute you for your contributions to the nursing profession and to medical care in our State. You are a shining example to women everywhere, who work so hard to balance the demands of education, career and family life.

We love you. Thank you, Bernice.
Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. I am not sure how I am going to compete with Senator Hardy.

I rise in support of Senate Resolution No. 6. Like me and many of us, Bernice is not a native Nevadan, but is a Nevadan by choice. I came here originally in 2003 as a reporter to cover the Legislature when former Senator Matthews was in this Body. I found her to be one of the most welcoming and kind people to me as I came into this building and had my introduction to Nevada politics. She was clearly someone who knew what was going on, versus some who might have known the happenings here or there. She very clearly put forward her tremendous sense of humor. She paid attention to the details of the legislation she cared about.

In 1991, Bernice decided to run for a seat on the Reno City Council to take care of some issues she believed to be important; she displayed immediate leadership. She was appointed Assistant Mayor in 1993. She made a name for herself by talking to a disgruntled and disturbed taxi driver, who had doused himself with gasoline and threatened to set himself on fire. She talked with him—using her skills as a person—and convinced him that he would be heard and listened to if he would just put down his cigarette lighter. She was successful; a disastrous suicide and potential explosion were avoided that day due to her ability to take a common-sense approach to a difficult situation. She talks to people and tries to resolve differences; that’s the type of Legislator she became in 1994 when she was first elected to the State Senate.

I note that Bernice stayed consistent with the advice of an earlier great member of Nevada’s Senate Hall of Fame, the late former Senator Carl Dodge of Fallon. He recommended that every newly elected Legislator should walk into this building and spend the first Session as an apprentice and learn about the issues that they will face as they go through their legislative careers. She did just that, and by the start of her second regular Session in 1997, she was fully ready to engage and did so on a wide range of issues, many of which you have heard about here today.

One I would like to highlight is Senate Bill 183 of the 2003 Session. That piece of legislation came out of an experience with one of her colleagues in the Senate at that time, former Senator Maurice Washington. He had a personal experience with cancer, and Bernice took the initiative and put forward a piece of legislation that requires a policy of insurance that covers treatment for colorectal cancers shall also cover screenings for it. She passed that into law and it remains the current law of this State.

As a former journalist, like former Senator Mathews I pay attention to the details: have you ever stopped at the gift shop in the Reno-Tahoe International Airport called Traveller Gifts? I always wondered why she misspelled the word “traveler”—the name of her business has an extra letter “L” in there. I recently learned that Traveller was not misspelled, it was simply a way for Bernice to recognize one of the more famous horses of all time—General Robert E. Lee’s faithful steed of that same name and spelling.

Bernice, thank you for being such a wonderful person. Thank you for being the person I always look for in the airport when I walk through; you are my favorite person to see at the airport. And thank you for imparting wisdom on me even though I have not had the privilege of serving with you.

I feel honored to know you and call you a friend. Congratulations on your induction here today.

It is my distinct pleasure to enthusiastically endorse and support the resolution inducting former Senator Bernice Mathews into the Nevada Senate Hall of Fame. She served with great dignity and efficiency in this body for 16 years, from 1996 to 2010. She was a very special Legislator who was able to work effectively with just about everyone in the building; Senators and Assembly Members; Democrats and Republicans; women and men; lobbyists and the media; State agency representatives; and particularly the legislative staff.

When Bernice had to step down from office because of our Constitutional term limits—so many of us were very saddened to see her go. Thank you, Bernice Mathews, for your many years of great service in the Nevada Senate, in the Reno City Council and as an important faculty member and department head in Nevada’s System of Higher Education.
Bernice has many “firsts” associated with her name, including: first African-American elected to the Reno City Council; first African-American woman elected to the Nevada Senate; first African-American in the Nation to head a college-level nursing program; first woman to Chair Nevada’s Senate Committee on Finance; and so on. But, Bernice Mathews is really a very modest person who prefers not to be remembered for her list of “firsts.” Instead, she prefers others to focus on her broad range of public service in education and elective office, where she believed strongly in serving and representing “everybody, regardless of race, creed or color.” And those are her own words.

Never one to become complacent with her many activities and accomplishments, and with a strong desire to serve others, in 1991 Bernice Mathews ran for a seat on the Reno City Council. Among other reasons for seeking this office, she was disturbed when her beloved pond at Paradise Park in Reno dried up. After all, it was the place where she would take her children and others in the neighborhood to fish, which she considered to be a great alternative to youth simply out on the streets. She ran that year against an incumbent but worked really hard to win the election and a seat on the City Council, where she went on to become Assistant Mayor.

Whether a member of the community, college faculty, Reno City Councilwoman or Nevada State Senator, Bernice Mathews continually advocated for quality public education in Nevada. In recognition of her years of service and support of public schools, she was honored by the Washoe County School District, which in 1997 opened a new school in Reno bearing her name. Today, Bernice Mathews Elementary School is a multi-track, kindergarten through grade 6, year-round school located in north Reno; it’s not far from Paradise Pond, which now has adequate water to support fishing again.

I remember being a freshman in the Nevada Assembly 11 years ago and hearing of Senator Bernice Mathews. I ran into her in the hall during my first week. I went up to her and I said, “Hello Senator Mathews!” She replied, “Who are you?” She then remembered I was serving in the other House. She scolded me because I hadn’t been over to talk to her. I knew I had better get over to her office. I don’t know what else I had on the calendar but I made my way down to former Senator Mathews’ office—which I called her woodshed.

I don’t know that we talked about any legislation; we discussed family and other things. She joked with me and then remembered my daughter being with me on the opening day of that Legislative Session—my daughter was five years old, missing teeth and in ponytails. My daughter is now 17 years old and former Senator Mathews, I would like to show you her picture before you leave. I remember former Senator Mathews telling me to make sure I raised my daughter right.

Former Senator Mathews is someone I looked up to in this Body. I was a bit intimidated by her, but I don’t know if she ever knew that. As her daughter reminded me, Bernice has a lot of bark, but no bite. This is the first time I have had the opportunity to speak to your daughter, but she is definitely your daughter. She has the same smile and she is back here organizing just like you.

I am happy to have the pleasure of meeting her and the rest of your family. I am happy to know your son Anthony changed his registration last year; I won’t say to what. [laughter] I said it makes me happy so that should give you all a hint. Maybe he hasn’t told you yet, Ms. Mathews, so maybe I may be starting something.

Former Senator Mathews’ contributions to this Body are immense. She taught so much to those of us coming in. One thing I took away from her and I repeat often—especially during the last few weeks to some of our own members—is the one thing you honor in this building is your word. Once you give your word, you have to keep it. I live by that. It was the first thing Bernice told me when I came to see her that day 11 years ago.

Thank you. I love you. I appreciate you. This building has never been the same without you.

Resolution adopted unanimously.

Mr. President Pro Tempore announced that if there were no objections, the Senate would recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Senate in recess at 12:20 p.m.
APRIL 17, 2013 — DAY 73

SENATE IN SESSION

At 2:19 p.m.
President Pro Tempore Parks presiding.
Quorum present.
Senator Segerblom absent, excused.

Senator Smith moved that Senate Bill No. 232, just reported out of committee, be re-referred to the Committee on Finance.
Motion carried.

Senator Smith moved that Senate Bill Nos. 192, 229, 314 and 470 be taken from the General File and placed on the General File for the next legislative day.
Motion carried.

Senator Smith moved that Senate Bill No. 350 be taken from the General File and placed on the Secretary’s Desk.
Motion carried.

INTRODUCTION, FIRST READING AND REFERENCE

Assembly Bill No. 8.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 11.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 29.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 60.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Judiciary.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 65.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Government Affairs.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 109.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.
Motion carried.
Assembly Bill No. 135.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Government Affairs.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 144.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 194.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Judiciary.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 198.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Transportation.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 221.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 233.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Judiciary.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 255.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 281.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Government Affairs.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 300.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Judiciary.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 322.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy.
Motion carried.
Assembly Bill No. 337.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Education.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 350.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Legislative Operations and Elections.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 377.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Judiciary.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 393.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 432.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 445.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Government Affairs.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 483.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Natural Resources.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 492.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 493.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Government Affairs.
Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 495.
Senator Smith moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.
Motion carried.
SECOND READING AND AMENDMENT

*Senate Bill No. 2.*
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

*Senate Bill No. 27.*
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:
*Amendment No. 27.*
Senator Kihuen moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Kihuen.
*Amendment No. 27* to *Senate Bill No. 27* makes the following changes: (1) it replaces the provisions outlined in *Senate Bill No. 27* with the provisions of *Senate Bill No. 57* of the 77th Legislative Session; (2) it authorizes the official attorney to appoint a special counsel to provide representation if the official attorney determines that it is impracticable, uneconomical or could constitute a conflict of interest; and (3) it requires the Director of the Department of Administration to include the biennial cost of implementing the provisions of this measure in the Attorney General’s cost allocation plan for the 78th Session of the Nevada Legislature.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

*Senate Bill No. 45.*
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:
*Amendment No. 84.*
Senator Kihuen moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Kihuen.
*Amendment No. 84* to *Senate Bill No. 45* deletes Section 11 which retains the existing language in Section 160 of Chapter 179A of *Nevada Revised Statutes.* This section of *Nevada Revised Statutes* relates to the removal of records where the disposition of the case was favorable to the accused. The Department of Public Safety testified that it can make the needed changes without the need to revise the *Nevada Revised Statutes.*

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

*Senate Bill No. 47.*
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy:
*Amendment No. 46.*
Senator Atkinson moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Atkinson.
*Amendment No. 46* to *Senate Bill No. 47* clarifies that two or more mortgage brokers who are properly licensed in Nevada are not prohibited from working in conjunction with one another with respect to commercial loan transactions. It also clarifies that a nonprofit agency or organization that offers credit counseling or advice to a homeowner of a residence in foreclosure must maintain 501(c)(3) tax-exempt status to be exempt from the licensing requirements as a foreclosure consultant or foreclosure purchaser.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 60.**
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:
**Amendment No. 72.**
Senator Kihuen moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Kihuen.
Amendment No. 72 to Senate Bill No. 60 is the Secretary of State’s bill which makes more than 12 changes to clean up the original bill.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 65.**
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Natural Resources:
**Amendment No. 193.**
Senator Settelmeyer moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Settelmeyer.
Amendment No. 193 to Senate Bill No. 65 clarifies that the Division of Environmental Protection may issue a summary order or a cease and desist order if the Division of Environmental Protection has reasonable cause to believe, based on satisfactory evidence, that a person is about to violate certain provisions relating to public water systems. Amendment No. 193 to Senate Bill No. 65 also makes a number of minor technical corrections such as: (1) making a correction to statutory reference in Section 2; (2) clarifying that orders from the Division of Environmental Protection are issued, rather than served; and (3) deleting language relating to violations of drinking water standards by laboratories, since laboratories provide an analytical service and are not in a position to violate any drinking water standard.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 68.**
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Government Affairs:
**Amendment No. 256.**
Senator Spearman moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Spearman.
Amendment No. 256 to Senate Bill No. 68 makes the creation of an underground utility district permissive in all counties, and provides that if a county chooses to create such a district it will be county-wide rather than excluding incorporated cities as did the original bill. It also requires undergrounding of utilities to be part of any new redevelopment project, but this requirement does not take effect until July 1, 2018. Finally, the amendment incorporates technical language requested by utility, telecommunications and video providers to clarify which parts of their equipment will be affected by the bill and which parts are necessarily excluded from it.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 74.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Government Affairs:
Amendment No. 255.
Senator Spearman moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Spearman.
Amendment No. 255 to Senate Bill No. 74 strikes the word “immediately” from the bill regarding fulfillment of requests for public records which cannot be made immediately available. It clarifies that “a copy” of the minutes or an audio recording of a public meeting must be made available to a member of the public upon request. The amendment also sets the per-page fee for copies of certain public records at 50 cents. Finally, it authorizes a county clerk to waive fees charged for searching records or files.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 94.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy:
Amendment No. 325.
Senator Atkinson moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Atkinson.
Amendment No. 325 to Senate Bill No. 94 changes the amount to $25 that can be charged by a high-interest loan service, payable on a one-time basis, on any loan that remains unpaid 10 days or more after the date of default.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 101.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:
Amendment No. 26.
Senator Settelmeyer moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Settelmeyer.
Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. Amendment No. 26 to Senate Bill No. 101 adds the term “supervised release” and defines it to mean a person who has been charged with or convicted of a misdemeanor, gross misdemeanor or felony and who has been released from custody before trial or sentencing, subject to the conditions imposed by the court. It also revises the qualifications of the chief of a department of alternative sentencing to include experience in pretrial or presentencing release.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.
Senate Bill No. 106.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:
Amendment No. 71.
Senator Kihuen moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Kihuen.
Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. Amendment No. 71 to Senate Bill No. 106 revises the following: (1) it deletes Section 5 from the bill, which relates to the procedure by which a juvenile court judge approves or rejects the recommendations of a master of the juvenile court or directs a hearing de novo; (2) it includes a “for good cause shown” provision, which authorizes the juvenile court, in its discretion and upon good cause shown, to waive all or part of any community service which the court ordered a child to perform; (3) it adds language to prohibit reporting a judgment to a credit agency until the child has reached the age of 21; and (4) it revises the purposes for which money collected from fees imposed by a court may be used.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 122.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Government Affairs:
Amendment No. 254.
Senator Atkinson moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Atkinson.
Amendment No. 254 to Senate Bill No. 122 increases the number of Housing Authority Board members to 12, one more than was provided for in the original bill. The twelfth member will represent tenants living in Clark County. Additionally, the amendment staggered the terms of the newly-appointed tenant representatives so that their terms will not expire at the same time. It adds three more residents to the Housing Authority Board.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 131.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:
Amendment No. 188.
Senator Kihuen moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Kihuen.
Amendment No. 188 to Senate Bill No. 131 makes the following changes: (1) it provides that a personal representative may also take control of any similar electronic or digital asset of the decedent; (2) it clarifies that this measure does not authorize a personal representative to take control of, conduct, continue or terminate any financial account of the decedent, including without limitation, a bank account or investment account; and (3) it clarifies that the provisions of this measure do not invalidate or revoke any conditions, terms of service or contractual obligations the holder of such an account or asset has with the provider or administrator of the account, asset or Internet website.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 134.**

Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Natural Resources.

**Amendment No. 158.**

Senator Goicoechea moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Goicoechea.

Amendment No. 158 to Senate Bill No. 134 deletes Section 1 of the bill which specifies that "water" includes snow for the purposes of watering livestock. Sections 2, 3 and 4 of the bill also relate to this issue and are deleted. It also deletes Section 5 which proposed to revise the definition of "place" or "point" of diversion.

Amendment No. 158 to Senate Bill No. 134 deletes provisions in Section 8 that would have required the submission of an application to the State Engineer prior to the placement of a guzzler and, instead adds new language requiring that each guzzler include a posted notice that provides a telephone number and other contact information of the person or agency that placed the guzzler. Finally, the amendment adds new language that provides for the issuance of a temporary permit to appropriate groundwater for watering livestock in times of drought. The new language adds other sections to the bill, which reference this temporary drought permit in other parts of Chapter 533 of *Nevada Revised Statutes.*

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 140.**

Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:

**Amendment No. 133.**

Senator Kihuen moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Kihuen.

Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. Amendment No. 133 to Senate Bill No. 140 provides that a retaining lien for attorney’s fees includes without limitation, copies of the attorney’s files, if the original documents received from the client have been returned to the client. It also clarifies that a retaining lien for attorney’s fees must not be construed as inconsistent with the attorney’s professional responsibilities to the client.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 143.**

Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Transportation:

**Amendment No. 82.**

Senator Manendo moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Manendo.

Amendment No. 82 to Senate Bill No. 143 moves the effective date of the bill back three months to January 1, 2014.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 174.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Government Affairs:
Amendment No. 196.
Senator Hutchison moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Hutchison.
Amendment No. 196 to Senate Bill No. 174 deletes the creation of the Citizen Commission on Veterans Memorials and places the duties of that commission with the Veterans’ Services Commission. The gift account created in the original bill remains intact as do the provisions for selecting and recommending service members’ names to the Governor and for naming buildings or other properties in their honor.

Amendment adopted.
Senator Smith moved that Senate Bill No. 174 be re-referred to the Committee on Finance upon return from reprint.
Motion carried.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to the Committee on Finance.

Senate Bill No. 177.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:
Amendment No. 68.
Senator Settelmeyer moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Settelmeyer.
Amendment No. 68 to Senate Bill No. 177 makes the following changes: (1) it provides that a child who violates the provisions of this act is a child in need of supervision (not a delinquent child), meaning it will remain a status offense; (2) it adds the referral of a child to a tobacco awareness and cessation program for the first, second and third offenses; (3) it also creates a situation where if the fines are not paid, it allows the court to restrict a driver’s license or the obtaining of a driver’s license for a period of time to encourage the payment of those fines.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 183.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Natural Resources:
Amendment No. 222.
Senator Jones moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Jones.
Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. Amendment No. 222 to Senate Bill No. 183 amends the definition of “computer” by deleting language specifying that the term does not include a personal digital assistant or computer peripheral. It clarifies that “covered electronic device” includes “computer peripheral, facsimile machine and digital playback device.” It allows the
money in the Account for Recycling Covered Electronic Devices to be used to carry out the provisions of the program and extends the effective date to January 1, 2015.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 198.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy:
Amendment No. 138.
Senator Hardy moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Hardy.
Amendment No. 138 to Senate Bill No. 198 requires the Chiropractic Physicians’ Board of Nevada to adopt regulations concerning the conditions under which a chiropractic assistant may perform services under indirect supervision.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 205.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Health and Human Services:
Amendment No. 363.
Senator Kieckhefer moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Kieckhefer.
Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. Amendment No. 363 to Senate Bill No. 205 requires the Health Division to adopt appropriate regulations and to submit to the Legislative Committee on Health Care quarterly reports based upon the trauma treatment information collected. It also requires an entity to submit trauma treatment information electronically, if practicable.
Finally, the amendment appropriates $200,000 from the State General Fund to the Fund for the State Trauma Registry.

Amendment adopted.
Senator Smith moved that Senate Bill No. 205 be re-referred to the Committee on Finance upon return from reprint.
Motion carried.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to the Committee on Finance.

Senate Bill No. 226.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:
Amendment No. 186.
Senator Settelmeyer moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Settelmeyer.
Amendment No. 186 to Senate Bill No. 226 retains provisions in existing law relating to Clark County’s ordinance that requires the registration of firearms. It eliminates the part of the bill which eliminated the Clark County handgun registration program.
Amendment adopted.
Senator Settelmeyer moved that Senate Bill No. 226 be re-referred to the Committee on Finance upon return from reprint.
Motion carried.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to the Committee on Finance.

Senate Bill No. 235.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy.
Amendment No. 212.
Senator Atkinson moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Atkinson.
Amendment No. 212 to Senate Bill No. 235 provides that an employee of a designated third party may access the electronic system with whom a local law enforcement agency contracts for the purpose of receiving and storing information that is submitted electronically by a scrap metal processor. It provides limited indemnification to any person who maintains, electronically submits or stores certain information concerning the purchase of scrap metal that is required to be submitted to a local law enforcement agency. The amendment also requires that the information relating to the purchase of scrap metal must be kept confidential by the person in whose possession such information is held.
Amendment No. 212 to Senate Bill No. 235 makes it a gross misdemeanor for any person to knowingly and willfully violate any provision of this bill concerning the maintenance, electronic submission or storage of the confidential information.
Finally, it adds that a seller may use a consular identification card as proof of identification.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 236.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Government Affairs:
Amendment No. 197.
Senator Spearman moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Spearman.
Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. Amendment No. 197 to Senate Bill No. 236 revises the deadline for implementation of the bill’s provisions to June 30, 2015, and adds more flexibility in complying with the measure, as follows: (1) agencies are allowed at their discretion to utilize any program, software or technology in the manner they deem appropriate to comply; (2) agencies may collaborate with each other in order to achieve compliance, including sharing technology; (3) agencies may at their discretion comply with the bill’s provisions in phases over time in order to meet the June 30, 2015, deadline; and (4) an agency may apply to the Interim Finance Committee for a waiver from the bill’s requirements which must be granted if it is determined that extenuating circumstances exist or that the cost of complying would place too heavy a burden on the agency’s operations.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.
Senate Bill No. 258.

Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Health and Human Services:

Amendment No. 231.

Senator Kieckhefer moved the adoption of the amendment.

Remarks by Senator Kieckhefer.

Amendment No. 231 to Senate Bill No. 258 specifies that the Task Force on the Prevention of Sexual Abuse of Children meet no more than six times from July 1, 2013, through July 1, 2014.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 268.

Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy:

Amendment No. 214.

Senator Ford moved the adoption of the amendment.

Remarks by Senator Ford.

Amendment No. 214 to Senate Bill No. 268 requires a wireless telecommunications provider, upon request of a law enforcement agency, to provide the most accurate call location information readily available. It also adds that an emergency situation must involve the immediate risk of death or serious physical harm.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 272.

Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Government Affairs:

Amendment No. 175.

Senator Kieckhefer moved the adoption of the amendment.

Remarks by Senator Kieckhefer.

Amendment No. 175 to Senate Bill No. 272 breaks the original Section 1 of the bill into two parts: now Section 1 and Section 1.5. It also adds language in Section 3 which separates from one another the actions necessary to accomplish boundary line revisions affecting two different parcels of land: one located along the Interstate 80 corridor east of Reno and the other located in Southeast Reno.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 273.

Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Government Affairs:

Amendment No. 198.
Senator Settelmeyer moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Settelmeyer.
Amendment No. 198 to Senate Bill No. 273 adds failure to maintain a valid driver’s license to those causes for which a deputy sheriff may be released from duty.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 287.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy:
Amendment No. 139.
Senator Hardy moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Hardy.
Amendment No. 139 makes three changes to Senate Bill No. 287: (1) it deletes provisions authorizing the State Board of Cosmetology to adopt regulations for teaching a class or program in a branch of cosmetology rather than a cosmetology school; (2) it replaces the “copy” with “duplicate” when referring to displaying of a license or certificate of registration; and (3) it deletes provisions allowing a cosmetologist to apply salicylic acid to peel skin.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 305.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Education:
Amendment No. 293.
Senator Settelmeyer moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Settelmeyer.
Amendment No. 293 to Senate Bill No. 305 deletes a restriction against a pupil receiving a credit for completing an internship if the pupil had already completed a course in a similar subject area. It also deletes provisions concerning a tax credit for employers offering an internship program under the provisions of the bill as a whole.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 313.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Transportation:
Amendment No. 239.
Senator Manendo moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Manendo.
Amendment No. 239 to Senate Bill No. 313 provides that prior to the start of testing a vehicle equipped with autonomous technology, the entity performing the test must submit a $5 million instrument of insurance, surety bond or proof of self-insurance to the Department of Motor Vehicles.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 315.**

Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Health and Human Services:

**Amendment No. 360.**

Senator Kieckhefer moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Kieckhefer.

Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. Amendment No. 360 to Senate Bill No. 315 retains the current statutory provisions related to the makeup of a district board of health, with the following exceptions: (1) it clarifies that the non-gaming representative must not be an owner, employee or independent contractor of a gaming business; and (2) it requires one representative to be an employee of an entity that specializes in recycling but is not in the business of disposing of municipal waste.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 340.**

Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Health and Human Services:

**Amendment No. 358.**

Senator Kieckhefer moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Kieckhefer.

Amendment No. 358 to Senate Bill No. 340 creates the Office for Patient-Centered Medical Homes within the Health Division of the Department of Health and Human Services. It directs the Health Division to certify patient-centered homes, register insurers and develop related regulations including the imposition of a fee for certification or registration. Finally, within the limits of available funding, the Health Division is required to establish the Advisory Council on Patient-Centered Medical Homes to advise and make recommendations concerning the Office for Patient-Centered Homes.

Amendment adopted.
Senator Kieckhefer moved that Senate Bill No. 340 be re-referred to the Committee on Finance upon return from reprint.
Motion carried.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to the Committee on Finance.

**Senate Bill No. 356.**

Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 373.**

Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:

**Amendment No. 184.**

Senator Kihuen moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Kihuen.
Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. Amendment No. 184 to Senate Bill No. 373 provides that 90 percent of the disposable earnings of a debtor during a week are exempt from garnishment if the gross annual salary or wage of the debtor is $70,000 or less. It also provides that 75 percent of the disposable earnings of a debtor during a week are exempt from garnishment if the gross annual salary or wage of the debtor exceeds $70,000.

Finally, the amendment provides that if an annuity is listed on a loan application as an asset, the creditor may seek to recover payment from the annuity.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 420.**
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 436.**
Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Government Affairs:
**Amendment No. 199.**
Senator Spearman moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Spearman.
Amendment No. 199 to Senate Bill No. 436 requires that the principal of the Nevada State Parks and Cultural Resources Endowment Fund must not be spent, and only the interest earned on the principal may be used to carry out the provisions of the bill.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 420.**
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 450.**
Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Health and Human Services:
**Amendment No. 382.**
Senator Kieckhefer moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Kieckhefer.
Amendment No. 382 to Senate Bill No. 450 replaces the current qualifications for a district health officer and replaces them with the following: the district health officers must: (1) be licensed or eligible to be licensed and, if eligible, must obtain a medical license within 12 months of hire; and (2) have a master’s degree as indicated, or equivalent job experience; or certification or eligibility to obtain certification by the American Board of Preventive Medicine, and five years of experience working in a management position for a local, state or national public health agency.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

**Senate Bill No. 476.**
Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.
Senate Bill No. 508.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Transportation:
Amendment No. 244.
Senator Manendo moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Manendo.
Amendment No. 244 to Senate Bill No. 508 eliminates obsolete provisions concerning the Super Speed Ground Transportation System. It reorganizes the Super Speed Ground Transportation System under the State of Nevada and removes California as a participant from the current statute.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 1.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Natural Resources:
Amendment No. 220.
Senator Manendo moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Manendo.
Amendment No. 220 to Senate Joint Resolution No. 1 deletes certain references to federal land management agencies and language requiring the resolution to be transmitted to those federal agencies. It removes certain references made to “public and private lands.”
Amendment adopted.
Resolution ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senator Denis moved that the Senate recess subject to the call of the Chair.
Motion carried.
Senate in recess at 3:57 p.m.

SENATE IN SESSION
At 4:24 p.m.
President Pro Tempore Parks presiding.
Quorum present.

GENERAL FILE AND THIRD READING
Senate Bill No. 59.
Bill read third time.
Remarks by Senator Ford.
Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. Senate Bill No. 59 eliminates the statutory restriction that prohibits the use of school district facilities by charter schools during regular school hours. I urge your support.
Roll call on Senate Bill No. 59:
YEAS—20.
NAYS—None.
EXCUSED—Segerblom.

Senate Bill No. 59 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President Pro Tempore declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to Assembly.

Senate Bill No. 176.
Bill read third time.
Remarks by Senator Jones.
Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. Senate Bill No. 176 requires an agency that provides child welfare services to determine whether a report concerning the possible abuse or neglect of a child, which the agency has determined warrants an investigation, is substantiated or unsubstantiated by credible evidence. I urge your support.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 176:
YEAS—20.
NAYS—None.
EXCUSED—Segerblom.

Senate Bill No. 176 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President Pro Tempore declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to Assembly.

Senate Bill No. 276.
Bill read third time.
Remarks by Senator Cegavske.
Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. I rise in support of Senate Bill No. 276 which directs the Legislative Committee on Health Care to appoint a subcommittee to conduct an interim study of the delivery of supported living services and jobs and day training services to Medicaid recipients. The study must include, without limitation: (1) an evaluation of the needs of Medicaid recipients for these services and recommendations to improve the delivery of these services; and (2) an evaluation of the rate of reimbursement provided by Medicaid to providers of these services, including recommendations regarding the rates necessary to ensure an adequate number of providers to address the needs of Medicaid recipients within this State. The Legislative Committee on Health Care shall submit a report of the results of the study and any recommendations for legislation to the 78th Session of the Nevada Legislature. This bill is effective on July 1, 2013. I would appreciate your support.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 276:
YEAS—20.
NAYS—None.
EXCUSED—Segerblom.

Senate Bill No. 276 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President Pro Tempore declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to Assembly.

Senate Bill No. 309.
Bill read third time.
Remarks by Senator Spearman.
I would like to recognize my intern for this Legislative Session, Mr. Morgan Fisher, as this bill was his brainchild. Senate Bill No. 309 urges the Nevada System of Higher Education and various business organizations such as chambers of commerce, to establish mentoring programs for new, aspiring or struggling business entrepreneurs, especially for those who are veterans, small businesses or minority business owners. It also urges the various groups to work together to establish scholarship awards, based upon merit and need, and consider best practices for similar mentoring programs, including those that provide peer mentoring and training in management, to turn business ideas into viable businesses. The bill is effective upon passage and approval.

According to testimony, one potential model program that might be examined is Utah’s Foundry Program, established at the University of Utah’s David Eccles School of Business, the program serves as a business incubator for entrepreneurs.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 309:
YEAS—20.
NAYS—None.
EXCUSED—Segerblom.

Senate Bill No. 309 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President Pro Tempore declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to Assembly.

Senate Bill No. 344.
Bill read third time.
Remarks by Senator Woodhouse.
Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. Senate Bill No. 344, as amended, authorizes certain hospitals and facilities licensed by the Health Division of the Nevada Department of Health and Human Services that provide residential treatment to children and which operate a licensed private school to request reimbursement from the Department of Education for the cost of providing educational services to a child. The Department of Health and Human Services must verify the child is a patient or resident of the hospital or facility and attends the licensed private school for more than seven days.

The Department of Education shall determine the requested amount of reimbursement to the hospital or facility based upon a percentage of the per pupil basic support guarantee and shall withhold such amount from the school district or charter school where the child would attend if the child were not a patient in the hospital or facility. The funding withheld shall then be distributed by the Department of Health and Human Services to the hospital or facility. Any necessary regulations to carry out these provisions shall be adopted by the Department of Health and Human Services.

Section 2 of Senate Bill No. 344 authorizes the Department of Education, school districts, charter schools and the Health Division of the Department of Health and Human Services to enter into cooperative agreements for the provision of educational services at such licensed hospitals and facilities licensed by the Health Division.

Senate Bill No. 344, as amended, becomes effective upon passage and approval for the purposes of entering into cooperative agreements, adopting regulations, and any other necessary preparatory administrative tasks and on July 1, 2013, for all other purposes.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 344:
YEAS—20.
NAYS—None.
EXCUSED—Segerblom.

Senate Bill No. 344 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President Pro Tempore declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to Assembly.
Senate Bill No. 345.
Bill read third time.
Remarks by Senators Woodhouse and Denis.

Senator Woodhouse:
Senate Bill No. 345 creates a 15-member Advisory Council on Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics, or “STEM,” within the Nevada Department of Education. The Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Chancellor of the Nevada System of Higher Education, the Executive Director of the Office of Economic Development and the Director of the Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation, or their designees, serve as ex officio members. The Advisory Council on Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics also includes 11 voting members who are educators or businesspeople in science, technology, engineering and mathematics fields appointed by legislative leadership. Members serve without compensation.

Among other things, the Advisory Council is required to develop a strategic plan for the development of education resources in science, technology, engineering and mathematics to serve as a foundation for workforce development, college preparedness and economic development. Finally, the Advisory Council must submit reports of its activities to the Legislature, the State Board of Education and the Governor with recommendations on science, technology, engineering and mathematics instruction and curriculum. The bill is effective on July 1, 2013, and expires by limitation on June 30, 2017.

According to testimony, there are currently not enough trained workers to meet the demand for science, technology, engineering and mathematics skills in Nevada. The Governor’s Office of Economic Development is targeting growth in sectors such as health and medical services, clean energy and information technology. Each of these sectors needs science, technology, engineering and mathematics skills. Six other states have created advisory councils or committees on science, technology, engineering, and mathematics: Arkansas, Delaware, Iowa, Kentucky, Massachusetts and Oregon. I urge your support.

Senator Denis:
Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. Science, technology, engineering and mathematics education is a big deal because it is all of the important things we keep talking about; it’s our future. I support this bill and I support setting this up so we have some direction in the State for science, technology, engineering and mathematics education. I urge the Body’s support.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 345:
YEAS—20.
NAYS—None.
EXCUSED—Segerblom.

Senate Bill No. 345 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President Pro Tempore declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to Assembly.

Senate Bill No. 382.
Bill read third time.
Remarks by Senator Ford.

Senate Bill No. 382 revises provisions concerning the flammability of certain components and materials contained in new school buses. The measure delays compliance with these standards by applying them to new buses purchased after January 1, 2016. The bill also revises provisions concerning flammability standards that may be applied to components within the engine compartment of a new school bus. In lieu of meeting those standards, a bus may be purchased if the engine compartment contains an automatic fire suppression system that meets certain specifications. The bill is effective upon passage and approval.
Sen. Woodhouse: Thank you, Mr. President Pro Tempore. Senate Bill No. 442 deletes and repeals various reporting requirements relating to school districts and public schools that are duplicative of other reports, are obsolete or pose a significant burden on staff resources within schools and school districts. The bill is effective on July 1, 2013.

The measure repeals statutes requiring: (1) the Superintendent of Public Instruction to provide copies of codified statutes related to education and to send an annual memorandum to each school district and charter school governing body concerning legislative actions outlining the related duties of schools or school districts; (2) charter school governing bodies and school districts to establish a plan to implement the statutes, including parental notice of the changes; (3) school district adoption of a policy, in response to the State Department of Education policy, requiring a safe and respectful learning environment and for the ethical, safe and secure use of computers; (4) a pilot program for small learning communities in middle schools and junior high schools beginning next fiscal year; (5) school district adoption of a policy for peer mentoring programs in middle schools and junior high schools; (6) school district and charter school adoption of policies concerning certain pupil-led conferences; (7) the establishment of small learning communities in certain large high schools; (8) school districts that adopt a peer mentoring program for high schools to meet certain requirements for such a policy; (9) reports to the Department of Education concerning the results of the State criterion referenced examinations for English, mathematics, writing and science, and the reconciliation of the number of pupils taking the exams; (10) school districts to conduct height and weight examinations of a representative same of pupils; (11) school districts to establish school attendance councils; (12) reports related to an alternative school schedule; and (13) reports about the use of environmentally sensitive cleaning and maintenance products within the school district.

The Senate Committee on Education urges your support.

Sen. Ford: Senate Bill No. 442 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President Pro Tempore declared it passed.

Bill ordered transmitted to Assembly.

Sen. Ford: Senate Bill No. 505 repeals provisions in Nevada Revised Statutes that establish the Columbia Basin Interstate Compact Commission of the State of Nevada. Analysis conducted by the Research Division indicates that the compact never actually functioned. Oregon and Washington did not adopt similar statutes, and Idaho and Utah repealed their provisions many years ago. The compact was never agreed to by the two primary states, Oregon and Washington, nor was the
compact approved by the United States Congress. For these reasons, there no longer appeared to
be a reason to retain these provisions and, as a result, the Legislative Commission requested
Senate Bill No. 505 to remove these obsolete provisions from the Nevada Revised Statutes.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 505:
YEAS—20.
NAYS—None.
EXCUSED—Segerblom.

Senate Bill No. 505 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President
Pro Tempore declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to Assembly.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS
SIGNING OF BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS
There being no objections, the President Pro Tempore and Secretary of the
Senate signed Senate Bill No. 121.

GUESTS EXTENDED PRIVILEGE OF SENATE FLOOR
On request of Senator Atkinson, the privilege of the Floor of the Senate
Chamber for this day was extended to Aileen Martin, Anthony Martin and
Arnold Martin Jr.

On request of Senator Brower, the privilege of the Floor of the Senate
Chamber for this day was extended to former Senator Spike Wilson and
Stephanie Tyler.

On request of Senator Denis, the privilege of the Floor of the Senate
Chamber for this day was extended to former Senators Bernice Mathews and
Sue Wagner; also, Mark Bacon, Marybel Batjer, Christina Batjer, Elisa
Cafferata, Guy Clifton, Kathy Person and Lana Walker.

On request of Senator Goicoechea, the privilege of the Floor of the Senate
Chamber for this day was extended to Terri Fritz.

On request of Senator Hammond, the privilege of the Floor of the Senate
Chamber for this day was extended to Stephanie Lamboley.

On request of Senator Hutchison, the privilege of the Floor of the Senate
Chamber for this day was extended to Stella Blood.

On request of Senator Manendo, the privilege of the Floor of the Senate
Chamber for this day was extended to Barbara Weinberg.

On request of Senator Parks, the privilege of the Floor of the Senate
Chamber for this day was extended to Jennifer Crowe.

On request of Senator Segerblom, the privilege of the Floor of the Senate
Chamber for this day was extended to Martha Romero.

On request of Senator Settelmeyer, the privilege of the Floor of the Senate
Chamber for this day was extended to the students from Rite of Passage
Charter School: Damion Anaya, Cody Brooks, Hector Carranza, Jose
Carvajal, Markus Gallegos, Paul Haynes, Erick Johnson, Saul Meza, Logan Ortiz, Juan Jay Reyes, Christopher Romiski, Ruben Sanchez, Micah Taylor, Hunter Thomas, Cedric Vincent and Christian Weikl.

On request of Senator Smith, the privilege of the Floor of the Senate Chamber for this day was extended to Nathan Sutton.

On request of Senator Woodhouse, the privilege of the Floor of the Senate Chamber for this day was extended to Shayne Del Cohen.

Senator Denis moved that the Senate adjourn until Thursday, April 18, 2013, at 11:00 a.m.

Motion carried.

Senate adjourned at 4:48 p.m.

Approved: DAVID R. PARKS

President Pro Tempore of the Senate

Attest: DAVID A. BYERMAN

Secretary of the Senate