Senate called to order at 7:31 p.m.
President Hutchison presiding.
Roll called.
All present except Senator Smith, who was excused.
Prayer by the Chaplain, Pastor Bruce Henderson.
Our Dear Heavenly Father,
Yesterday, many of us heard the words “This do in remembrance of Me.” We then partook of a memorial meal and remembered the greatest of all sacrifices.
We observe today in remembrance of more recent sacrifices and we honor those who have given their time, efforts and even their lives on behalf of our country, our flag and our freedoms.
Lord, may Your sacrifice and the sacrifices of all these men and women give us the strength, courage, peace and love to finish up our work here. Thank You for the gift of giving.

AMEN.

Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag.

By previous order of the Senate, the reading of the Journal is dispensed with, and the President and Secretary are authorized to make the necessary corrections and additions.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Mr. President:
Your Committee on Finance, to which was re-referred Senate Bill No. 489, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Do pass.
Also, your Committee on Finance, to which was re-referred Senate Bill No. 133, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Do pass as amended.
Also, your Committee on Finance, to which were referred Senate Bills Nos. 69, 491, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Amend, and do pass as amended.
Also, your Committee on Finance, to which was re-referred Senate Bill No. 299, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Re-refer to the Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy.
Mr. President:
Your Committee on Legislative Operations and Elections, to which was referred Assembly Bill No. 242, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Do pass.

PATRICIA FARLEY, Chair

Mr. President:
Your Committee on Revenue and Economic Development, to which was referred Senate Joint Resolution No. 13, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Amend, and do pass as amended.

MICHAEL ROBERSON, Chair

MESSAGES FROM THE ASSEMBLY
ASSEMBLY CHAMBER, Carson City, May 22, 2015

To the Honorable the Senate:
I have the honor to inform your honorable body that the Assembly on this day passed Senate Bills Nos. 76, 114, 134, 154, 175, 183, 206, 229, 264, 286, 294, 314, 329, 388, 393, 405, 409, 443, 445, 446, 453, 464, 471, 472, 484, 490, 499; Senate Joint Resolution No. 21; Assembly Bill No. 470.

Also, I have the honor to inform your honorable body that the Assembly on this day passed, as amended, Assembly Bills Nos. 448, 486.

Also, I have the honor to inform your honorable body that the Assembly amended, and on this day passed, as amended, Senate Bill No. 6, Amendment No. 845; Senate Bill No. 15, Amendment No. 891; Senate Bill No. 53, Amendment No. 904; Senate Bill No. 56, Amendments Nos. 789, 914; Senate Bill No. 58, Amendment No. 741; Senate Bill No. 67, Amendment No. 757; Senate Bill No. 68, Amendments Nos. 756, 962; Senate Bill No. 95, Amendment No. 814; Senate Bill No. 110, Amendment No. 897; Senate Bill No. 137, Amendment No. 760; Senate Bill No. 146, Amendment No. 840; Senate Bill No. 148, Amendment No. 846; Senate Bill No. 153, Amendment No. 723; Senate Bill No. 160, Amendment No. 853; Senate Bill No. 168, Amendment No. 941; Senate Bill No. 172, Amendment No. 735; Senate Bill No. 193, Amendment No. 839; Senate Bill No. 194, Amendment No. 759; Senate Bill No. 224, Amendment No. 865; Senate Bill No. 225, Amendment No. 928; Senate Bill No. 233, Amendment No. 724; Senate Bill No. 239, Amendment No. 857; Senate Bill No. 247, Amendment No. 783; Senate Bill No. 250, Amendment No. 758; Senate Bill No. 262, Amendment No. 858; Senate Bill No. 273, Amendment No. 726; Senate Bill No. 304, Amendment No. 880; Senate Bill No. 305, Amendment No. 787; Senate Bill No. 307, Amendment No. 796; Senate Bill No. 327, Amendment No. 894; Senate Bill No. 330, Amendment No. 750; Senate Bill No. 340, Amendment No. 824; Senate Bill No. 341, Amendment No. 841; Senate Bill No. 348, Amendment No. 791; Senate Bill No. 370, Amendment No. 838; Senate Bill No. 395, Amendment No. 859; Senate Bill No. 404, Amendment No. 887; Senate Bill No. 406, Amendment No. 825; Senate Bill No. 411, Amendment No. 819; Senate Bill No. 442, Amendment No. 959; Senate Bill No. 444, Amendment No. 861; Senate Bill No. 447, Amendments Nos. 860; 953 Senate Bill No. 458, Amendments Nos. 866, 956; Senate Bill No. 463, Amendment No. 934; Senate Bill No. 477, Amendment No. 738; Senate Bill No. 481, Amendments Nos. 782, 952; Senate Bill No. 482, Amendment No. 930; Senate Joint Resolution No. 17, Amendment No. 834, and respectfully requests your honorable body to concur in said amendments.

CAROL AIELLO SALA
Assistant Chief Clerk of the Assembly
To the Honorable the Senate:

I have the honor to inform your honorable body that the Assembly on this day concurred in the Senate Amendment No. 678 to Assembly Bill No. 175.

CAROL AIELLO SALA
Assistant Chief Clerk of the Assembly

MOTIONS, RESOLUTIONS AND NOTICES

Senator Kieckhefer moved that Senate Bill No. 299, just reported out of committee be re-referred to the Committee on Commerce Labor and Energy.

Motion carried.

INTRODUCTION, FIRST READING AND REFERENCE

Assembly Bill No. 448.

Senator Kieckhefer moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Education.

Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 470.

Senator Kieckhefer moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Legislative Operations and Elections.

Motion carried.

Assembly Bill No. 486.

Senator Kieckhefer moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy.

Motion carried.

SECOND READING AND AMENDMENT

Senate Bill No. 69.

Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Finance:

Amendment No. 773.

AN ACT relating to the judiciary; revising provisions relating to the eligibility of members of the Judicial Retirement Plan to retire; revising provisions governing the benefits of a retired justice or judge; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel’s Digest:

Existing law provides for the eligibility of members of the Judicial Retirement Plan to retire at a certain age if the member has a certain number of years of service. (NRS 1A.350) Section 1 of this bill provides that such a member may retire at the age of 55 years if he or she has at least 22 years of service.

Existing law [also] authorizes a retired justice or judge who accepts employment as a senior justice, senior judge, senior justice of the peace or senior municipal judge of the Nevada Court System to qualify to receive allowances under the Judicial Retirement Plan for the duration of his or her active service if the
justice or judge is at least 60 years of age at the time of his or her reemployment and accepts the employment at least 6 months after the effective date of his or her retirement. (NRS 1A.360) Section 2 of this bill changes the minimum age requirement to a requirement that, at the time of reemployment, the retired justice or judge must be receiving: (1) a benefit that is not actuarially reduced; or (2) a benefit that is actuarially reduced but the retired justice or judge has reached the required age at which he or she could have retired with a benefit that was not actuarially reduced. Section 2 also reduces the minimum required period before the acceptance of such employment from 6 months to 90 days after the effective date of the retirement of the justice or judge. Section 2.5 of this bill authorizes a retired justice or judge who is a member of the Public Employees’ Retirement System and who accepts employment as a senior justice, senior judge, senior justice of the peace or senior municipal judge with the Nevada Court System to continue to receive allowances under the Public Employees’ Retirement System for the duration of that employment.

Additionally, existing law provides that a retired justice or judge who is reemployed and commissioned as a senior justice, senior judge, senior justice of the peace or senior municipal court judge is entitled to receive a retirement allowance in addition to compensation for his or her service and is entitled to receive additional service credit for actual time served if he or she reenrolled in a retirement plan. (NRS 2.060, 3.090) Existing law further provides that such provisions, in addition to certain other provisions relating to the benefits of a retired justice or judge, expire by limitation on June 30, 2015. (Chapter 398, Statutes of Nevada 2009, p. 2222) Section 3 of this bill removes this sunset provision.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. (NRS 1A.350 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1A.350 1. A member of the Judicial Retirement Plan is eligible to retire at the age of 65 years if the member has at least 5 years of service, at the age of 60 years if the member has at least 10 years of service, at the age of 55 years if the member has at least 22 years of service and at any age if the member has at least 30 years of service.

2. Any member of the Judicial Retirement Plan who has the years of creditable service necessary to retire, but has not attained the required age, if any, may retire at any age with a benefit actuarially reduced to the required retirement age. Except as otherwise required as a result of NRS 1A.410, a retirement benefit pursuant to this subsection must be reduced by 4 percent of the unmodified benefit for each full year that the member is under the appropriate retirement age, and an additional 0.22 percent for each additional month that the member is under the appropriate retirement age. Any option selected pursuant to this subsection must be reduced by an amount
proportionate to the reduction provided in this subsection for the unmodified benefit. The Board may adjust the actuarial reduction based upon an experience study of the System and recommendation by the actuary. (Deleted by amendment.)

Sec. 2. NRS 1A.360 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1A.360 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4 and NRS 1A.370, if a retired justice or judge accepts employment as a justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, district judge, justice of the peace or municipal judge in any judicial capacity, including, without limitation, employment as a senior justice, senior judge, senior justice of the peace or senior municipal judge of the Nevada Court System, the retired justice or judge is disqualified from receiving any allowances under the Judicial Retirement Plan for the duration of his or her active service.

2. If a retired justice or judge accepts any employment other than that described in subsection 1, the justice or judge is entitled to the same allowances as a retired justice or judge who has no employment.

3. If a retired justice or judge who accepts employment as a justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, district judge, justice of the peace or municipal judge in a judicial capacity pursuant to this section elects not to reenroll in the Judicial Retirement Plan pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 1A.370, the Court Administrator if the retired justice or judge is a justice of the Supreme Court, a judge of the Court of Appeals or a district judge, the county if the retired justice or judge is a justice of the peace or the city if the retired justice or judge is a municipal judge, may pay contributions on behalf of the retired justice or judge to a retirement fund which is not a part of the Judicial Retirement Plan in an amount not to exceed the amount of the contributions that the Court Administrator, county or city would pay to the System on behalf of a participating justice or judge who is employed in a similar position.

4. The provisions of subsection 1 do not apply to a retired justice or judge who accepts employment as a senior justice, senior judge, senior justice of the peace or senior municipal judge of the Nevada Court System if the retired justice or judge is at least 60 years of age at:

(a) At the time of reemployment, and the retired justice or judge accepts:
(1) A benefit that is not actuarially reduced pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 1A.350; or
(2) A benefit actuarially reduced pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 1A.350 and the retired justice or judge has reached the required age at which he or she could have retired with a benefit that was not actuarially reduced pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 1A.350; and
(b) Accepts the employment at least 30 days after the effective date of his or her retirement pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 1A.130.

Sec. 2.5. NRS 286.520 is hereby amended to read as follows:
1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and NRS 286.525, the consequences of the employment of a retired employee are:
   (a) A retired employee who accepts employment or an independent contract with a public employer under this System is disqualified from receiving any allowances under this System for the duration of that employment or contract if:
      (1) The retired employee accepted the employment or contract within 90 calendar days after the effective date of the employee’s retirement; or
      (2) The retired employee is employed in a position which is eligible to participate in this System.
   (b) If a retired employee accepts employment or an independent contract with a public employer under this System more than 90 calendar days after the effective date of the employee’s retirement in a position which is not eligible to participate in this System, the employee’s allowance under this System terminates upon the employee’s earning an amount equal to one-half of the average salary for participating public employees who are not police officers or firefighters in any fiscal year, for the duration of that employment or contract.
   (c) If a retired employee accepts employment with an employer who is not a public employer under this System, the employee is entitled to the same allowances as a retired employee who has no employment.
2. The retired employee and the public employer shall notify the System:
   (a) Within 10 days after the first day of an employment or contract governed by paragraph (a) of subsection 1.
   (b) Within 30 days after the first day of an employment or contract governed by paragraph (b) of subsection 1.
   (c) Within 10 days after a retired employee earns more than one-half of the average salary for participating public employees who are not police officers or firefighters in any fiscal year from an employment or contract governed by paragraph (b) of subsection 1.
3. For the purposes of this section, the average salary for participating public employees who are not police officers or firefighters must be computed on the basis of the most recent actuarial valuation of the System.
4. If a retired employee who accepts employment or an independent contract with a public employer under this System pursuant to this section elects not to reenroll in the System pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 286.525, the public employer with which the retired employee accepted employment or an independent contract may pay contributions on behalf of the retired employee to a retirement fund which is not a part of the System in an amount not to exceed the amount of the contributions that the public employer would pay to the System on behalf of a participating public employee who is employed in a similar position.
5. If a retired employee is chosen by election or appointment to fill an elective public office, the retired employee is entitled to the same allowances as a retired employee who has no employment, unless the retired employee is
serving in the same office in which the retired employee served and for which the retired employee received service credit as a member. A public employer may pay contributions on behalf of such a retired employee to a retirement fund which is not a part of the System in an amount not to exceed the amount of the contributions that the public employer would pay to the System on behalf of a participating public employee who serves in the same office.

6. The System may waive for one period of 30 days or less a retired employee’s disqualification under this section if the public employer certifies in writing, in advance, that the retired employee is recalled to meet an emergency and that no other qualified person is immediately available.

7. A person who accepts employment or an independent contract with

- (a) Either house of the Legislature or the Legislative Counsel Bureau
- or
- (b) The Nevada Court System as a senior justice, senior judge, senior justice of the peace or senior municipal judge,
is exempt from the provisions of subsections 1 and 2 for the duration of that employment or contract.

8. A person who accepts employment with a volunteer fire department of which all the volunteers have become members of the System pursuant to NRS 286.367 is exempt from the provisions of subsections 1 and 2 for the duration of that employment.

Sec. 3. Section 11 of chapter 398, Statutes of Nevada 2009, at page 2222, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 11. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2009. [* and expires by limitation on June 30, 2015.]

Sec. 4. 1. This section and section 3 of this act become effective upon passage and approval.

2. Sections [1 and] 2 and 2.5 of this act become effective on July 1, 2015.

Senator Kieckhefer moved the adoption of the amendment. Remarks by Senator Kieckhefer.

This amendment makes various conforming changes so that this bill is in conformance with legislation that we passed earlier in the Session. It also makes sure to ensure that the Nevada Court System is allowed to participate in the Senior Judge Program and things like that without having their PERS reduced.

Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 491.
Bill read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Finance:
Amendment No. 923.

SUMMARY—[Makes an appropriation to provide] Provides for the award of a grant to a nonprofit organization for use in Fiscal Year 2015-2016 and Fiscal Year 2016-2017 for the recruitment of persons to establish and operate
high quality charter schools to serve families with the greatest needs. (BDR S-1189)

AN ACT [making an appropriation for Fiscal Year 2015-2016 and Fiscal Year 2016-2017] relating to education; providing for [distribution] the award of a grant of money to a nonprofit organization [; requiring the nonprofit organization that receives such money to match the money awarded and use the money awarded] for use in Fiscal Year 2015-2016 and Fiscal Year 2016-2017 to promote the establishment of high quality charter schools to serve families with the greatest needs; requiring the nonprofit organization that receives such money to match the money awarded and to prepare an annual report; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel’s Digest:

This bill [appropriates money] provides for the award of a grant of money for use in Fiscal Year 2015-2016 and Fiscal Year 2016-2017 [for a grant] to a nonprofit organization to aid the establishment and operation of high quality charter schools to serve pupils who live in poverty. A nonprofit organization that receives such a grant is required to use the money to: (1) recruit, encourage and develop natural persons to assume leadership roles in the formation and operation of high quality charter schools for pupils who live in households that have household incomes that are less than the federally designated level signifying poverty; and (2) recruit charter management organizations to operate such charter schools. The nonprofit organization is also required to match the grant with its own money. This bill also requires the nonprofit organization that receives the grant to prepare an annual report concerning the use of the money awarded and submit the report to the Budget Division of the Department of Administration and the Interim Finance Committee.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. 1. [There is hereby appropriated from the State General Fund to the Department of Administration the following sums:
(a) For the Fiscal Year 2015-2016 $10,000,000
(b) For the Fiscal Year 2016-2017 $10,000,000
2.] The Department of Administration, in consultation with the Department of Education and the State Public Charter School Authority, shall develop a request for proposals for a nonprofit organization incorporated in this State to:
(a) Recruit, encourage and develop natural persons who are committed to providing high quality charter schools in this State to assume leadership roles in the formation and operation of such charter schools to serve pupils who live in households that have household incomes that are less than the federally designated level signifying poverty; and
(b) Recruit charter management organizations that have demonstrated success operating high quality charter schools to serve such pupils who live
in poverty and the capability to successfully operate such charter schools in this State.

2. A nonprofit organization that submits a proposal in response to a request for proposals pursuant to subsection 1 must include in the proposal, without limitation:
   (a) Evidence of the ability of the nonprofit organization to accomplish the objectives set forth in subsection 1, and
   (b) Evidence that the nonprofit organization has sufficient money to match a grant of up to $5,000,000 per year for Fiscal Years 2015-2016 and 2016-2017.

3. The Department of Administration shall appoint a committee to evaluate responses to the request for proposals. The committee must include, without limitation, one representative from the Department of Education and one representative from the State Public Charter School Authority. The committee shall review and evaluate responses and recommend an applicant to the State Board of Examiners. The State Board of Examiners shall make the final decision on whether to award to the applicant a grant of the money appropriated by the 78th Session of the Legislature to the Department of Education for this purpose.

4. The nonprofit organization to which a grant is awarded pursuant to this section must match the money awarded and use such money for the purposes described in subsection 1.

5. Upon acceptance of the money appropriated by subsection 1, the nonprofit organization to which the money is awarded pursuant to this section shall:
   (a) Prepare and transmit a report to the Budget Division of the Department of Administration and the Interim Finance Committee on or before December 15, 2016, that describes each expenditure made from the grant of money appropriated by subsection 1 from the date on which the money was received by the nonprofit organization through December 1, 2016;
   (b) Prepare and transmit a report to the Budget Division of the Department of Administration and the Interim Finance Committee on or before September 15, 2017, that describes each expenditure made from the grant of money appropriated by subsection 1 from the date on which the money was received by the nonprofit organization through June 30, 2017; and
   (c) Upon request of the Legislative Commission, make available to the Legislative Auditor any of the books, accounts, claims, reports, vouchers or other records of information, confidential or otherwise, of the nonprofit organization, regardless of their form or location, that the Legislative Auditor deems necessary to conduct an audit of the use of the grant of money appropriated pursuant to subsection 1.
The sums appropriated by subsection 1 are available for either fiscal year. Any remaining balance of those sums must not be committed for expenditure after June 30, 2017, by the Department of Administration or any entity to which money from the appropriation is granted or otherwise transferred in any manner, and any portion of the appropriated money remaining must not be spent for any purpose after September 15, 2017, by either the Department of Administration or the entity to which the money was subsequently granted or transferred, and must be reverted to the State General Fund on or before September 15, 2017.

Sec. 2. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2015, and expires by limitation on June 30, 2017.

Senator Kieckhefer moved the adoption of the amendment.

Remarks by Senator Kieckhefer.

This amendment strikes the appropriation contained in the bill since it is being included in the appropriations act for the DSA bill. Additionally, it specifies that the Budget Division is the recipient of the reporting requirements within the bill.

Amendment adopted.

Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 498.

Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Finance:

Amendment No. 924.

AN ACT relating to health; requiring the licensure of community health worker pools by the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and Human Services and payment of an application fee for the license; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel’s Digest:

Existing law requires a person who wishes to operate or maintain a facility for the dependent or a medical facility to obtain a license from the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and Human Services and to pay an application fee for the license. (NRS 449.030, 449.050) Section 5.5 of this bill includes a community health worker pool within the definition of a facility for the dependent, thereby requiring community health worker pools to obtain a license from the Division. Section 4 of this bill provides that a person who holds a license as a facility for the dependent or a medical facility and employs community health workers is not required to obtain an additional license as a community health worker pool. Section 9 of this bill imposes certain requirements on a community health worker pool for the renewal of its license. Section 12 of this bill makes certain employees of a community health worker pool immune from civil liability for rendering emergency care or assistance in good faith in the course of his or her employment. Sections 13 and 15 of this bill extend certain mandatory reporting requirements to community health worker pools.
THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 449 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the
provisions set forth as sections 2, 3 and 4 of this act.

Sec. 2. “Community health worker” means a natural person who:
1. Lives in or otherwise has a connection to the community in which he
or she provides services.
2. Is trained by a provider of health care to provide certain services
which do not require the community health worker to be licensed.
3. Provides services at the direction of a facility for the dependent,
medical facility or provider of health care which may include, without
limitation, outreach and the coordination of health care.

Sec. 3. “Community health worker pool” means a person or agency
which provides, for compensation and through its employees or by contract
with community health workers, the services of community health workers to
any natural person, medical facility or facility for the dependent. The term
does not include an independent contractor who personally provides the
services of a community health worker or a facility for the dependent or any
medical facility other than a community health worker pool which provides
the services of a community health worker.

Sec. 4. A person who is licensed pursuant to this chapter as a facility for
the dependent or medical facility and who employs community health
workers is not required to obtain an additional license as a community
health worker pool.

Sec. 5. NRS 449.001 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 5.5. NRS 449.0045 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 6. NRS 449.0151 is hereby amended to read as follows:
5. A facility for intermediate care;
6. A facility for skilled nursing;
7. A facility for hospice care;
8. A hospital;
9. A psychiatric hospital;
10. A facility for the treatment of irreversible renal disease;
11. A rural clinic;
12. A nursing pool;
13. A facility for modified medical detoxification;
14. A facility for refractive surgery;
15. A mobile unit; [and]
16. A community triage center [; and]
17. A community health worker pool. [Deleted by amendment.]

Sec. 7. NRS 449.030 is hereby amended to read as follows:

449.030 1. Except as otherwise provided in section 4 of this act, no person, state or local government or agency thereof may operate or maintain in this State any medical facility or facility for the dependent without first obtaining a license therefor as provided in NRS 449.030 to 449.2428, inclusive and section 4 of this act.

2. Unless licensed as a facility for hospice care, a person, state or local government or agency thereof shall not operate a program of hospice care without first obtaining a license for the program from the Board.

Sec. 8. NRS 449.0302 is hereby amended to read as follows:

449.0302 1. The Board shall adopt:

(a) Licensing standards for each class of medical facility or facility for the dependent covered by NRS 449.030 to 449.2428, inclusive, and section 4 of this act and for programs of hospice care.

(b) Regulations governing the licensing of such facilities and programs.

(c) Regulations governing the procedure and standards for granting an extension of the time for which a natural person may provide certain care in his or her home without being considered a residential facility for groups pursuant to NRS 449.017. The regulations must require that such grants are effective only if made in writing.

(d) Regulations establishing a procedure for the indemnification by the Division, from the amount of any surety bond or other obligation filed or deposited by a facility for refractive surgery pursuant to NRS 449.068 or 449.069, of a patient of the facility who has sustained any damages as a result of the bankruptcy of or any breach of contract by the facility.

(e) Any other regulations as it deems necessary or convenient to carry out the provisions of NRS 449.030 to 449.2428, inclusive and section 4 of this act.

2. The Board shall adopt separate regulations governing the licensing and operation of:

(a) Facilities for the care of adults during the day; and

(b) Residential facilities for groups,
which provide care to persons with Alzheimer’s disease.

3. The Board shall adopt separate regulations for:
   (a) The licensure of rural hospitals which take into consideration the unique problems of operating such a facility in a rural area.
   (b) The licensure of facilities for refractive surgery which take into consideration the unique factors of operating such a facility.
   (c) The licensure of mobile units which take into consideration the unique factors of operating a facility that is not in a fixed location.

4. The Board shall require that the practices and policies of each medical facility or facility for the dependent provide adequately for the protection of the health, safety and physical, moral and mental well-being of each person accommodated in the facility.

5. In addition to the training requirements prescribed pursuant to NRS 449.093, the Board shall establish minimum qualifications for administrators and employees of residential facilities for groups. In establishing the qualifications, the Board shall consider the related standards set by nationally recognized organizations which accredit such facilities.

6. The Board shall adopt separate regulations regarding the assistance which may be given pursuant to NRS 453.375 and 454.213 to an ultimate user of controlled substances or dangerous drugs by employees of residential facilities for groups. The regulations must require at least the following conditions before such assistance may be given:
   (a) The ultimate user’s physical and mental condition is stable and is following a predictable course.
   (b) The amount of the medication prescribed is at a maintenance level and does not require a daily assessment.
   (c) A written plan of care by a physician or registered nurse has been established that:
      (1) Addresses possession and assistance in the administration of the medication; and
      (2) Includes a plan, which has been prepared under the supervision of a registered nurse or licensed pharmacist, for emergency intervention if an adverse condition results.
   (d) The prescribed medication is not administered by injection or intravenously.
   (e) The employee has successfully completed training and examination approved by the Division regarding the authorized manner of assistance.

7. The Board shall adopt separate regulations governing the licensing and operation of residential facilities for groups which provide assisted living services. The Board shall not allow the licensing of a facility as a residential facility for groups which provides assisted living services and a residential facility for groups shall not claim that it provides “assisted living services” unless:
   (a) Before authorizing a person to move into the facility, the facility makes a full written disclosure to the person regarding what services of
personalized care will be available to the person and the amount that will be charged for those services throughout the resident’s stay at the facility.

(b) The residents of the facility reside in their own living units which:
   (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 8, contain toilet facilities;
   (2) Contain a sleeping area or bedroom; and
   (3) Are shared with another occupant only upon consent of both occupants.

(c) The facility provides personalized care to the residents of the facility and the general approach to operating the facility incorporates these core principles:
   (1) The facility is designed to create a residential environment that actively supports and promotes each resident’s quality of life and right to privacy;
   (2) The facility is committed to offering high-quality supportive services that are developed by the facility in collaboration with the resident to meet the resident’s individual needs;
   (3) The facility provides a variety of creative and innovative services that emphasize the particular needs of each individual resident and the resident’s personal choice of lifestyle;
   (4) The operation of the facility and its interaction with its residents supports, to the maximum extent possible, each resident’s need for autonomy and the right to make decisions regarding his or her own life;
   (5) The operation of the facility is designed to foster a social climate that allows the resident to develop and maintain personal relationships with fellow residents and with persons in the general community;
   (6) The facility is designed to minimize and is operated in a manner which minimizes the need for its residents to move out of the facility as their respective physical and mental conditions change over time; and
   (7) The facility is operated in such a manner as to foster a culture that provides a high-quality environment for the residents, their families, the staff, any volunteers and the community at large.

8. The Division may grant an exception from the requirement of subparagraph (1) of paragraph (b) of subsection 7 to a facility which is licensed as a residential facility for groups on or before July 1, 2005, and which is authorized to have 10 or fewer beds and was originally constructed as a single-family dwelling if the Division finds that:
   (a) Strict application of that requirement would result in economic hardship to the facility requesting the exception; and
   (b) The exception, if granted, would not:
       (1) Cause substantial detriment to the health or welfare of any resident of the facility;
       (2) Result in more than two residents sharing a toilet facility; or
       (3) Otherwise impair substantially the purpose of that requirement.
9. The Board shall, if it determines necessary, adopt regulations and requirements to ensure that each residential facility for groups and its staff are prepared to respond to an emergency, including, without limitation:
   (a) The adoption of plans to respond to a natural disaster and other types of emergency situations, including, without limitation, an emergency involving fire;
   (b) The adoption of plans to provide for the evacuation of a residential facility for groups in an emergency, including, without limitation, plans to ensure that nonambulatory patients may be evacuated;
   (c) Educating the residents of residential facilities for groups concerning the plans adopted pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b); and
   (d) Posting the plans or a summary of the plans adopted pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) in a conspicuous place in each residential facility for groups.
10. The regulations governing the licensing and operation of facilities for transitional living for released offenders must provide for the licensure of at least three different types of facilities, including, without limitation:
   (a) Facilities that only provide a housing and living environment;
   (b) Facilities that provide or arrange for the provision of supportive services for residents of the facility to assist the residents with reintegration into the community, in addition to providing a housing and living environment; and
   (c) Facilities that provide or arrange for the provision of alcohol and drug abuse programs, in addition to providing a housing and living environment and providing or arranging for the provision of other supportive services.
   ➔ The regulations must provide that if a facility was originally constructed as a single-family dwelling, the facility must not be authorized for more than eight beds.
11. As used in this section, “living unit” means an individual private accommodation designated for a resident within the facility.

Sec. 9. NRS 449.089 is hereby amended to read as follows:

449.089  1. Each license issued pursuant to NRS 449.030 to 449.2428, inclusive, and section 4 of this act expires on December 31 following its issuance and is renewable for 1 year upon reapplication and payment of all fees required pursuant to NRS 449.050 unless the Division finds, after an investigation, that the facility has not:
   (a) Satisfactorily complied with the provisions of NRS 449.030 to 449.2428, inclusive, and section 4 of this act or the standards and regulations adopted by the Board;
   (b) Obtained the approval of the Director of the Department of Health and Human Services before undertaking a project, if such approval is required by NRS 439A.100; or
   (c) Conformed to all applicable local zoning regulations.
2. Each reapplication for an agency to provide personal care services in the home, an agency to provide nursing in the home, a community health
worker pool, a facility for intermediate care, a facility for skilled nursing, a hospital described in 42 U.S.C. § 1395ww(d)(1)(B)(iv) which accepts payment through Medicare, a residential facility for groups, a program of hospice care, a home for individual residential care, a facility for the care of adults during the day, a facility for hospice care, a nursing pool, the distinct part of a hospital which meets the requirements of a skilled nursing facility or nursing facility pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 483.5(b)(2), a hospital that provides swing-bed services as described in 42 C.F.R. § 482.66 or, if residential services are provided to children, a medical facility or facility for the treatment of abuse of alcohol or drugs must include, without limitation, a statement that the facility, hospital, agency, program, pool or home is in compliance with the provisions of NRS 449.119 to 449.125, inclusive, and 449.174.

3. Each reapplication for an agency to provide personal care services in the home, a community health worker pool, a facility for intermediate care, a facility for skilled nursing, a facility for the care of adults during the day, a residential facility for groups or a home for individual residential care must include, without limitation, a statement that the holder of the license to operate, and the administrator or other person in charge and employees of, the facility, agency, pool or home are in compliance with the provisions of NRS 449.093.

Sec. 10. NRS 449.119 is hereby amended to read as follows:

449.119 As used in NRS 449.119 to 449.125, inclusive, “facility, hospital, agency, program or home” means an agency to provide personal care services in the home, an agency to provide nursing in the home, a community health worker pool, a facility for intermediate care, a facility for skilled nursing, a hospital described in 42 U.S.C. § 1395ww(d)(1)(B)(iv) which accepts payment through Medicare, a residential facility for groups, a program of hospice care, a home for individual residential care, a facility for the care of adults during the day, a facility for hospice care, a nursing pool, the distinct part of a hospital which meets the requirements of a skilled nursing facility or nursing facility pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 483.5(b)(2), a hospital that provides swing-bed services as described in 42 C.F.R. § 482.66 or, if residential services are provided to children, a medical facility or facility for the treatment of abuse of alcohol or drugs.

Sec. 11. NRS 449.174 is hereby amended to read as follows:

449.174 1. In addition to the grounds listed in NRS 449.160, the Division may deny a license to operate a facility, hospital, agency, program or home to an applicant or may suspend or revoke the license of a licensee to operate such a facility, hospital, agency, program or home if:

(a) The applicant or licensee has been convicted of:

(1) Murder, voluntary manslaughter or mayhem;

(2) Assault or battery with intent to kill or to commit sexual assault or mayhem;
(3) Sexual assault, statutory sexual seduction, incest, lewdness or indecent exposure, or any other sexually related crime that is punished as a felony;

(4) Prostitution, solicitation, lewdness or indecent exposure, or any other sexually related crime that is punished as a misdemeanor, within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(5) A crime involving domestic violence that is punished as a felony;

(6) A crime involving domestic violence that is punished as a misdemeanor, within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(7) Abuse or neglect of a child or contributory delinquency;

(8) A violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution or use of any controlled substance or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS, within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(9) Abuse, neglect, exploitation or isolation of older persons or vulnerable persons, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.5091 to 200.50995, inclusive, or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct;

(10) A violation of any provision of law relating to the State Plan for Medicaid or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct, within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(11) A violation of any provision of NRS 422.450 to 422.590, inclusive;

(12) A criminal offense under the laws governing Medicaid or Medicare, within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(13) Any offense involving fraud, theft, embezzlement, burglary, robbery, fraudulent conversion or misappropriation of property, within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(14) Any other felony involving the use or threatened use of force or violence against the victim or the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon; or

(15) An attempt or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses listed in this paragraph, within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(b) The licensee has, in violation of NRS 449.125, continued to employ a person who has been convicted of a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1.; or

(c) The applicant or licensee has had a substantiated report of child abuse or neglect made against him or her and if the facility, hospital, agency, program or home provides residential services to children.

2. In addition to the grounds listed in NRS 449.160, the Division may suspend or revoke the license of a licensee to operate an agency to provide personal care services in the home, [and] an agency to provide nursing in the home or a community health worker pool if the licensee has, in violation of NRS 449.125, continued to employ a person who has been convicted of a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1.

3. As used in this section:

(a) "Domestic violence" means an act described in NRS 33.018.

(b) "Facility, hospital, agency, program or home" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.119.
(c) "Medicaid" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 439B.120.
(d) "Medicare" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 439B.130.

Sec. 12. NRS 449.194 is hereby amended to read as follows:

449.194 Any person who is employed by an agency to provide personal care services in the home or a community health worker pool who:

1. Has successfully completed a course in cardiopulmonary resuscitation according to the guidelines of the American National Red Cross or American Heart Association;

2. Has successfully completed the training requirements of a course in basic emergency care of a person in cardiac arrest conducted in accordance with the standards of the American Heart Association; or

3. Has successfully completed the training requirements of a course in the use and administration of first aid, including cardiopulmonary resuscitation,

and who in good faith renders emergency care or assistance in accordance with the person’s training, in the course of his or her regular employment or profession, to an elderly person or a person with a disability, is not liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or omission, not amounting to gross negligence, by that person in rendering that care.

Sec. 13. NRS 200.5093 is hereby amended to read as follows:

200.5093 1. Any person who is described in subsection 4 and who, in a professional or occupational capacity, knows or has reasonable cause to believe that an older person has been abused, neglected, exploited or isolated shall:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, report the abuse, neglect, exploitation or isolation of the older person to:

(1) The local office of the Aging and Disability Services Division of the Department of Health and Human Services;

(2) A police department or sheriff’s office;

(3) The county’s office for protective services, if one exists in the county where the suspected action occurred; or

(4) A toll-free telephone service designated by the Aging and Disability Services Division of the Department of Health and Human Services; and

(b) Make such a report as soon as reasonably practicable but not later than 24 hours after the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the older person has been abused, neglected, exploited or isolated.

2. If a person who is required to make a report pursuant to subsection 1 knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the abuse, neglect, exploitation or isolation of the older person involves an act or omission of the Aging and Disability Services Division, another division of the Department of Health and Human Services or a law enforcement agency, the person shall make the report to an agency other than the one alleged to have committed the act or omission.

3. Each agency, after reducing a report to writing, shall forward a copy of the report to the Aging and Disability Services Division of the Department
of Health and Human Services and the Unit for the Investigation and Prosecution of Crimes.

4. A report must be made pursuant to subsection 1 by the following persons:

   (a) Every physician, dentist, dental hygienist, chiropractor, optometrist, podiatric physician, medical examiner, resident, intern, professional or practical nurse, physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, perfusionist, psychiatrist, psychologist, marriage and family therapist, clinical professional counselor, clinical alcohol and drug abuse counselor, alcohol and drug abuse counselor, music therapist, athletic trainer, driver of an ambulance, paramedic, licensed dietitian or other person providing medical services licensed or certified to practice in this State, who examines, attends or treats an older person who appears to have been abused, neglected, exploited or isolated.

   (b) Any personnel of a hospital or similar institution engaged in the admission, examination, care or treatment of persons or an administrator, manager or other person in charge of a hospital or similar institution upon notification of the suspected abuse, neglect, exploitation or isolation of an older person by a member of the staff of the hospital.

   (c) A coroner.

   (d) Every person who maintains or is employed by an agency to provide personal care services in the home.

   (e) Every person who maintains or is employed by an agency to provide nursing in the home.

   (f) Every person who operates, who is employed by or who contracts to provide services for an intermediary service organization as defined in NRS 449.4304.

   (g) Any employee of the Department of Health and Human Services.

   (h) Any employee of a law enforcement agency or a county’s office for protective services or an adult or juvenile probation officer.

   (i) Any person who maintains or is employed by a facility or establishment that provides care for older persons.

   (j) Any person who maintains, is employed by or serves as a volunteer for an agency or service which advises persons regarding the abuse, neglect, exploitation or isolation of an older person and refers them to persons and agencies where their requests and needs can be met.

   (k) Every social worker.

   (l) Any person who owns or is employed by a funeral home or mortuary.

   (m) Every person who operates or is employed by a community health worker pool, as defined in section 3 of this act, or with whom a community health worker pool contracts to provide the services of a community health worker, as defined in section 2 of this act.

5. A report may be made by any other person.

6. If a person who is required to make a report pursuant to subsection 1 knows or has reasonable cause to believe that an older person has died as a
result of abuse, neglect or isolation, the person shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, report this belief to the appropriate medical examiner or coroner, who shall investigate the cause of death of the older person and submit to the appropriate local law enforcement agencies, the appropriate prosecuting attorney, the Aging and Disability Services Division of the Department of Health and Human Services and the Unit for the Investigation and Prosecution of Crimes his or her written findings. The written findings must include the information required pursuant to the provisions of NRS 200.5094, when possible.

7. A division, office or department which receives a report pursuant to this section shall cause the investigation of the report to commence within 3 working days. A copy of the final report of the investigation conducted by a division, office or department, other than the Aging and Disability Services Division of the Department of Health and Human Services, must be forwarded within 30 days after the completion of the report to the:
   (a) Aging and Disability Services Division;
   (b) Repository for Information Concerning Crimes Against Older Persons created by NRS 179A.450; and
   (c) Unit for the Investigation and Prosecution of Crimes.

8. If the investigation of a report results in the belief that an older person is abused, neglected, exploited or isolated, the Aging and Disability Services Division of the Department of Health and Human Services or the county’s office for protective services may provide protective services to the older person if the older person is able and willing to accept them.

9. A person who knowingly and willfully violates any of the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

10. As used in this section, “Unit for the Investigation and Prosecution of Crimes” means the Unit for the Investigation and Prosecution of Crimes Against Older Persons in the Office of the Attorney General created pursuant to NRS 228.265.

Sec. 14. NRS 427A.175 is hereby amended to read as follows:

427A.175 1. Within 1 year after an older patient sustains damage to his or her property as a result of any act or failure to act by a facility for intermediate care, a facility for skilled nursing, a residential facility for groups, a home for individual residential care, an agency to provide personal care services in the home, an intermediary service organization, a community health worker pool or an agency to provide nursing in the home in protecting the property, the older patient may file a verified complaint with the Division setting forth the details of the damage.

2. Upon receiving a verified complaint pursuant to subsection 1, the Administrator shall investigate the complaint and attempt to settle the matter through arbitration, mediation or negotiation.

3. If a settlement is not reached pursuant to subsection 2, the facility, home, agency, organization or older patient may request a hearing before the Specialist for the Rights of Elderly Persons. If requested, the Specialist for
the Rights of Elderly Persons shall conduct a hearing to determine whether the facility, home, agency, pool or organization is liable for damages to the patient. If the Specialist for the Rights of Elderly Persons determines that the facility, home, agency, pool or organization is liable for damages to the patient, the Specialist for the Rights of Elderly Persons shall order the amount of the surety bond pursuant to NRS 449.065 or the substitute for the surety bond necessary to pay for the damages pursuant to NRS 449.067 to be released to the Division. The Division shall pay any such amount to the older patient or the estate of the older patient.

4. The Division shall create a separate account for money to be collected and distributed pursuant to this section.

5. As used in this section:
   (a) "Agency to provide nursing in the home" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.0015;
   (b) "Agency to provide personal care services in the home" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.0021;
   (c) "Community health worker pool" has the meaning ascribed to it in section 3 of this act;
   (d) "Facility for intermediate care" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.0038;
   (e) "Facility for skilled nursing" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.0039;
   (f) "Home for individual residential care" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.0105;
   (g) "Intermediary service organization" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.4304;
   (h) "Older patient" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.065; and
   (i) "Residential facility for groups" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.017.

Sec. 15. NRS 632.472 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.472 1. The following persons shall report in writing to the Executive Director of the Board any conduct of a licensee or holder of a certificate which constitutes a violation of the provisions of this chapter:

(a) Any physician, dentist, dental hygienist, chiropractor, optometrist, podiatric physician, medical examiner, resident, intern, professional or practical nurse, nursing assistant, medication aide - certified, perfusionist, physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, psychiatrist, psychologist, marriage and family therapist, clinical professional counselor, alcohol or drug abuse counselor, music therapist, driver of an ambulance, paramedic or other person providing medical services licensed or certified to practice in this State.

(b) Any personnel of a medical facility or facility for the dependent engaged in the admission, examination, care or treatment of persons or an administrator, manager or other person in charge of a medical facility or
facility for the dependent upon notification by a member of the staff of the facility.

c) A coroner.
d) Any person who maintains or is employed by an agency to provide personal care services in the home.
e) Any person who operates, who is employed by or who contracts to provide services for an intermediary service organization as defined in NRS 449.4304.
f) Any person who maintains or is employed by an agency to provide nursing in the home.
g) Any employee of the Department of Health and Human Services.
h) Any employee of a law enforcement agency or a county’s office for protective services or an adult or juvenile probation officer.
i) Any person who maintains or is employed by a facility or establishment that provides care for older persons.
j) Any person who maintains, is employed by or serves as a volunteer for an agency or service which advises persons regarding the abuse, neglect or exploitation of an older person and refers them to persons and agencies where their requests and needs can be met.
k) Any social worker.
l) Any person who operates or is employed by a community health worker pool or with whom a community health worker pool contracts to provide the services of a community health worker, as defined in section 2 of this act.

2. Every physician who, as a member of the staff of a medical facility or facility for the dependent, has reason to believe that a nursing assistant or medication aide - certified has engaged in conduct which constitutes grounds for the denial, suspension or revocation of a certificate shall notify the superintendent, manager or other person in charge of the facility. The superintendent, manager or other person in charge shall make a report as required in subsection 1.

3. A report may be filed by any other person.

4. Any person who in good faith reports any violation of the provisions of this chapter to the Executive Director of the Board pursuant to this section is immune from civil liability for reporting the violation.

5. As used in this section 

(a) “Agency to provide personal care services in the home” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.0021.

(b) “Community health worker pool” has the meaning ascribed to it in section 3 of this act.

Sec. 16. This act becomes effective upon passage and approval for the purposes of adopting regulations and performing any other preparatory administrative tasks that are necessary to carry out the provisions of this act, and on October 1, 2015, for all other purposes.

Senator Kieckhefer moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Kieckhefer.
This amendment appropriately places the community worker pools under the definition of a facility for the dependent rather than a medical facility it is a budget implementation bill.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 13.
Resolution read second time.
The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Revenue and Economic Development:
Amendment No. 955.
SUMMARY—Proposes to amend the Nevada Constitution to limit the total amount of certain property taxes that may be levied on real property.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION—Proposing to amend the Nevada Constitution to limit the total amount of certain property taxes that may be levied on real property.
Legislative Counsel’s Digest:
This resolution proposes to amend the Nevada Constitution to limit the amount of certain property taxes which may be cumulatively levied per year on real property to 1 percent of the base value of the property. Additionally, this resolution provides that: (1) if one-half or more of the ownership interest in certain real property is transferred, the base value of the property becomes the cash value of the property on the date the ownership interest is transferred; (2) an improvement to real property increases the base value of the property by the cash value of the improvement, unless the improvement replaces certain improvements which were destroyed, protects the safety of the occupants or improves accessibility to persons with disabilities; (3) the base value of real property cannot increase or decrease from year to year by more than 3 percent, except as otherwise set forth in this resolution; (4) an owner domiciled in Nevada who has attained the age of 62 years may transfer the base value of his or her principal residence to a new residence of comparable value; and (5) an owner whose real property is taken by the exercise of eminent domain may transfer the base value of the condemned property to a new property of comparable value.

RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, JOINTLY, That a new section, designated Section 7, be added to Article 10 of the Nevada Constitution to read as follows:

Sec. 7. 1. The maximum amount of tax ad valorem that may be cumulatively levied per year on real property is 1 percent of the base value of the property. This limit does not apply to taxes ad valorem levied to pay the interest and principal of any bonded indebtedness incurred before the effective date of this section or approved thereafter by two thirds of the votes cast by the voters voting on the question in the taxing district to which it
or to pay any obligation under a contract made in connection with such bonded indebtedness.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3 to 7, inclusive, the base value of real property is the property’s taxable value from which the assessed value for the Fiscal Year 2017-2018 was calculated.

3. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection 7, if one-half or more of an ownership interest in real property is transferred, the base value of the property becomes the cash value of the property as of the date of transfer of the ownership interest. The provisions of this subsection do not apply if the transfer of ownership interest is to the spouse, child or grandchild of the transferor, or if the transfer of ownership interest is to or from a separate legal entity of which the transferor is the beneficial owner.

4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7:
   (a) If existing improvements to real property are materially enhanced or new improvements are constructed, except if constructed to replace existing improvements destroyed by natural disaster or other casualty, the base value of the property must be increased by the cash value of the enhancement or improvement, respectively.
   (b) If real property is converted to another use, the base value of the property must be redetermined after the conversion by appraisal at its cash value in accordance with the new use of the property.

5. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3, 4 and 7, the base value of real property must not be increased from year to year by any amount greater than the lesser of the increase caused by inflation, if any, or 3 percent. The base value of real property must be decreased from year to year:
   (a) To reflect any substantial damage to or destruction of the property; and
   (b) By an amount, not to exceed 3 percent, equal to any decrease in the value of the property caused by deflation or other economic or market conditions.

6. For the purposes of subsection 5, inflation and deflation must be measured by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers compiled by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics for the preceding calendar year. If the Index specified in this subsection ceases to be compiled, the Legislature shall provide by law for another appropriate method of measuring inflation and deflation.

7. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary:
   (a) An owner domiciled in this State who has attained the age of 62 years may replace his or her principal residence with another of comparable value and transfer to the new residence the base value of the old residence for the purpose of limiting the ad valorem tax on the new residence. If the cash value of the new residence exceeds the cash value of the old residence by more than 10 percent, the base value of the new residence must equal the base
value of the old residence plus the amount by which the cash value of the new residence exceeds the cash value of the old residence.

(b) An improvement may be constructed or materially enhanced without changing the base value of real property if the construction or enhancement is necessary to protect the safety of the occupants or improve accessibility to persons with disabilities.

(c) An owner whose real property is taken by the exercise of eminent domain may replace the condemned property with property of comparable value and transfer to the new property the base value of the condemned property for the purpose of limiting the ad valorem tax on the property. If the cash value of the new property exceeds the cash value of the condemned property by more than 10 percent, the base value of the new property must equal the base value of the condemned property plus the amount by which the cash value of the new property exceeds the cash value of the condemned property.

8. The Legislature shall provide by law for:
   (a) A uniform and just valuation of the base value of real property; and
   (b) Any other measure necessary to implement this section.

9. If any provision of this section or the application thereof to any person, thing or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect the provisions or application of this section that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this section are severable.

10. As used in this section:
   (a) "Cash value" means the most probable price which property would bring in a competitive and open market under all conditions requisite to a fair sale.
   (b) "Comparable value" means either a lower cash value or up to 10 percent more in cash value.
   (c) "Condemned property" means property taken by the exercise of eminent domain.

And be it further RESOLVED, That Section 1 of Article 10 of the Nevada Constitution be amended to read as follows:

Section 1. 1. Except as otherwise provided in Section 7 of this Article, the Legislature shall provide by law for a uniform and equal rate of assessment and taxation, and shall prescribe such regulations as shall secure a just valuation of taxation of all property, real, personal and possessory, except mines and mining claims, which shall be assessed and taxed only as provided in Section 5 of this Article.

2. Shares of stock, bonds, mortgages, notes, bank deposits, book accounts and credits, and securities and choses in action of like character are deemed to represent interest in property already assessed and taxed, either in Nevada or elsewhere, and shall be exempt.
3. The Legislature may constitute agricultural and open-space real property having a greater value for another use than that for which it is being used, as a separate class for taxation purposes and may provide a separate uniform plan for appraisal and valuation of such property for assessment purposes. If such plan is provided, the Legislature shall also provide for retroactive assessment for a period of not less than 7 years when agricultural and open-space real property is converted to a higher use conforming to the use for which other nearby property is used.

4. Personal property which is moving in interstate commerce through or over the territory of the State of Nevada, or which was consigned to a warehouse, public or private, within the State of Nevada from outside the State of Nevada for storage in transit to a final destination outside the State of Nevada, whether specified when transportation begins or afterward, shall be deemed to have acquired no situs in Nevada for purposes of taxation and shall be exempt from taxation. Such property shall not be deprived of such exemption because while in the warehouse the property is assembled, bound, joined, processed, disassembled, divided, cut, broken in bulk, relabeled or repackaged.

5. The Legislature may exempt motor vehicles from the provisions of the tax required by this Section, and in lieu thereof, if such exemption is granted, shall provide for a uniform and equal rate of assessment and taxation of motor vehicles, which rate shall not exceed five cents on one dollar of assessed valuation.

6. The Legislature shall provide by law for a progressive reduction in the tax upon business inventories by 20 percent in each year following the adoption of this provision, and after the expiration of the 4th year such inventories are exempt from taxation. The Legislature may exempt any other personal property, including livestock.

7. No inheritance tax shall ever be levied.

8. The Legislature may exempt by law property used for municipal, educational, literary, scientific or other charitable purposes, or to encourage the conservation of energy or the substitution of other sources for fossil sources of energy.

9. No income tax shall be levied upon the wages or personal income of natural persons. Notwithstanding the foregoing provision, and except as otherwise provided in subsection 1 of this Section, taxes may be levied upon the income or revenue of any business in whatever form it may be conducted for profit in the State.

10. The Legislature may provide by law for an abatement of the tax upon or an exemption of part of the assessed value of a single-family residence occupied by the owner to the extent necessary to avoid severe economic hardship to the owner of the residence.

Senator Settelmeyer moved the adoption of the amendment.

Remarks by Senator Settelmeyer.
Amendment No. 955 to Senate Joint Resolution No. 13 makes the following two changes to the resolution: The definition of the base year for the purposes of calculating the taxable value of real property based upon its assessed value is changed from Fiscal Year 2013-2014 to Fiscal Year 2017-2018 in order to get a more approximate value of the property, if the voters pass the bill; and the amendment specifies that the 1 percent limit on the amount of tax ad valorem that may be cumulatively levied per year on real property, does not apply to taxes ad valorem levied to pay the interest and principal of any bonded indebtedness or to pay any obligation under a contract made in connection with such bonded indebtedness. This will ensure that our bond rating is not lowered.

Amendment adopted.
Resolution ordered reprinted, engrossed and to Third Reading.

GENERAL FILE AND THIRD READING

Senate Bill No. 133.
Bill read third time.
Remarks by Senator Kieckhefer.

Senate Bill No.133, as amended, appropriates $2.5 million in each fiscal year of the 2015-17 biennium to the newly created Teachers’ School Supplies Reimbursement Account in the State General Fund for the purpose of reimbursing teachers for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with purchasing necessary school supplies for the pupils they instruct. For purposes of S.B. 133, “Teacher” is defined as a licensed employee of a school district who devotes the majority of his or her working time providing direct educational services to pupils. The term does not include a substitute teacher.

On or before September 1 of each year, the Department shall determine the amount of money that is available for distribution among all of the school districts and charter schools in this State for that fiscal year. Any such distribution must be provided to each school district and charter school based on the number of teachers employed by the school district or charter school, as applicable. To the extent that money is available, the Department shall establish the amount of reimbursement for each teacher which must not exceed $250 per fiscal year.

To the extent that money is available and distributed to each school district, the board of trustees of each school district and the governing body of each charter school that receives money shall determine the manner in which to distribute the money to teachers in the school district or charter school up to the maximum amount for that fiscal year determined by the Department of Education.

A teacher who receives money from the special revenue fund must submit receipts for any supplies purchased with the money to the principal of the school or charter school. The principal must maintain such receipts until the end of the next fiscal year and make them available for inspection upon request of the Department. Senate Bill 133 is effective July 1, 2015.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 133:
YEAS—20.
NAYS—None.
EXCUSED—Smith.

Senate Bill No. 133 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President declared it passed, as amended.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Assembly.

Senate Bill No. 489.
Bill read third time.
Remarks by Senator Kieckhefer.
Existing law requires a person who wishes to operate or maintain a facility for the dependent or a medical facility to obtain an annual license from the Division of Public and Behavioral Health (DPBH) of the Department of Health and Human Services and pay an application fee for
the license. Senate Bill 489 includes peer support recovery organizations within the definition of facility for the dependent, thereby requiring peer support recovery organizations to obtain an annual license from the DPBH. Senate Bill 489 also exempts a holder of a license as a facility for the dependent or a medical facility and employs persons to provide peer support services from the requirement to obtain an additional license as a peer support recovery organization. Additionally, S.B. 489 makes certain employees of a peer support recovery organization immune from civil liability for rendering emergency care or assistance in good faith in the course of his or her employment and extends certain mandatory reporting requirements to peer support recovery organizations.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 489:

YEAS—20.

NAYS—None.

EXCUSED—Smith.

Senate Bill No. 489 having received a two-thirds majority, Mr. President declared it passed.

Bill ordered transmitted to the Assembly.

Senate Bill No. 509.

Bill read third time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Finance:

Amendment No. 944.

AN ACT relating to education; revising provisions relating to the employees and duties of the State Public Charter School Authority; authorizing and requiring certain sponsors of charter schools to make certain agreements with the Authority and other sponsors of charter schools; revising provisions governing applications to form a charter school; authorizing a charter management organization to apply for a waiver of requirements concerning the composition of the governing body of a charter school; revising provisions governing amendments to a written charter or charter contract; authorizing the consolidation of the operations of multiple charter schools under certain circumstances; revising the circumstances under which the sponsor of a charter school is authorized or required to revoke a written charter or terminate a charter contract; authorizing a sponsor to reconstitute the governing body of a charter school in such circumstances; authorizing the sponsor of a charter school whose written charter has been revoked or whose charter contract has been terminated to take certain measures to attempt to replace the charter school; revising certain other provisions governing the operation of a charter school; authorizing a charter school to receive certain money; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel’s Digest:

Existing law establishes the State Public Charter School Authority, requires the Authority to appoint a Director and authorizes the Authority to sponsor charter schools. (NRS 386.490-386.515) Sections 10, 12-14 and 18 of this bill change the title of the Director of the Authority to “Executive Director,” and section 13 authorizes the Executive Director to pursue other businesses and hold other offices with the approval of the Authority. Section
11 of this bill requires the Authority to consist of persons who are experts on authorizing, developing and operating charter schools. Sections 15 and 16 of this bill revise provisions governing the staff of the Authority. Section 18 of this bill prohibits the Executive Director and the Authority from accepting any gift or donation from a charter management organization, a committee to form a charter school or the governing body of a charter school. Sections 32 and 33 of this bill require the Authority to adopt regulations that prescribe: (1) the process to apply to the Authority to form a charter school, renew a charter contract or amend a written charter or charter contract; (2) the contents of such applications; and (3) the procedure by which such applications will be evaluated. Sections 35, 45 and 46 of this bill revise certain other duties of the Authority.

In addition to the Authority, existing law also authorizes the board of trustees of a school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education to sponsor a charter school with the approval of the Department of Education. (NRS 386.515) Sections 17, 19 and 20 of this bill provide for a board of trustees of a school district or college or university within the System that sponsors a charter school to enter into certain agreements with the Authority. Sections 19 and 20 also revise the duties of the sponsor of a charter school, including the requirements of the policies and practices that a sponsor is required to adopt.

Existing law requires an application to form a charter school to be submitted by a committee to form a charter school. (NRS 386.520, 386.525) Sections 21 and 22 of this bill authorize a charter management organization to apply to form a charter school. Section 2 of this bill defines the term “charter management organization” to mean a nonprofit organization that operates multiple charter schools. Section 21 also revises the required contents of an application to form a charter school. Sections 21 and 36 of this bill authorize a charter management organization to request a waiver of requirements concerning the composition of a governing body. Section 22 revises the manner in which a sponsor is authorized to solicit and review applications to form a charter school.

Existing law authorizes the sponsor of a charter school to amend a written charter or charter contract upon the request of the governing body of a charter school. (NRS 386.527) Sections 4 and 53 of this bill require the sponsor of a charter school to hold a public hearing concerning requests to amend a written charter or charter contract to: (1) expand the grade levels served by the charter school; (2) significantly increase or decrease enrollment; (3) acquire additional facilities to expand the enrollment of the charter school; or (4) consolidate the operations of multiple charter schools. Such an amendment may not be made unless approved by the governing board of the sponsor. Sections 5 and 54 of this bill prescribe the circumstances under which the operations of multiple charter schools can be consolidated.
For any charter school approved before June 11, 2013, existing law requires the sponsor of the charter school to grant a written charter to the governing body. For any charter school approved on or after that date, existing law requires the sponsor to enter into a charter contract with the governing body. Because all written charters and charter contracts must be for terms of 6 years, all written charters will expire by June 11, 2019. (NRS 386.527) Sections 23 and 24 of this bill authorize a sponsor to require, as a condition of granting a request for an amendment, the replacement of a written charter with a charter contract for the period during which written charters may still be effective.

Existing law requires each charter contract to include a performance framework for the charter school. (NRS 386.528) Section 25 of this bill: (1) requires each sponsor to adopt a performance framework and incorporate it in the charter contract; (2) allows a sponsor to aggregate and disaggregate data for reporting and accountability purposes; and (3) authorizes the State Board of Education to adopt regulations requiring a sponsor to aggregate or disaggregate data. Section 26 of this bill revises the contents of an annual report submitted by a sponsor to a governing body.

Existing law authorizes a sponsor to revoke a written charter or terminate a charter contract under certain conditions and requires a sponsor to take such action if the charter school demonstrates persistent underachievement. (NRS 386.535, 386.5351) Sections 5 and 27-29 of this bill: (1) authorize a sponsor to reconstitute the governing body of a charter school in such situations; and (2) revise the conditions under which such action is authorized or required. Sections 6, 30 and 31 of this bill authorize the sponsor of a charter school whose written charter has been revoked or whose charter contract has been terminated to recruit a governing body of another charter school to replace the closed charter school with another campus of the other charter school. Sections 6 and 55 of this bill require a pupil who attended a charter school whose written charter has been revoked or whose charter contract has been terminated to be given priority in admission to the replacement charter school under such circumstances. Sections 6 and 56 provide that: (1) if the governing body of a charter school is reconstituted, the new governing body may terminate the employment of any employees of the charter school; and (2) if a written charter is revoked or a charter contract is terminated and a charter school is replaced, the governing body of the replacement charter school is not required to employ any employee of the previous charter school. Sections 52 and 56 of this bill exclude the rights of a governing body to terminate the employment of or refuse to reemploy employees at such schools from the scope of collective bargaining.

Sections 34 and 39 of this bill revise requirements concerning services, including transportation, provided by the board of trustees of a school district to pupils at a charter school.

Existing law: (1) prohibits a person who has been convicted of a felony relating to serving on the governing body of a charter school or any offense
involving moral turpitude from serving on the governing body of a charter school; and (2) requires a member of a governing body to read and understand certain materials. (NRS 386.549) Section 7 of this bill requires a newly appointed member of a governing body to undergo a criminal background check and prohibits a person who has been convicted of a felony or an offense involving moral turpitude from serving as a member of a governing body. Sections 36 and 37 of this bill require a member of a governing body to receive training under certain circumstances.

Sections 40 and 41 of this bill prohibit a contract between a governing body and a person who assists with the operation, management and provision of educational services at a charter school from containing certain provisions. Section 45 of this bill authorizes a charter school to use higher standards for graduation than those required by the State or a school district in which the charter school is located. Section 46 of this bill requires a charter school to notify the parent of a pupil who is under the age of 18 years before the pupil is suspended or expelled. Section 47 of this bill requires every teacher at a charter school, except for a vocational charter school, to possess certain qualifications, and section 51 of this bill makes a conforming change. Section 48 of this bill requires the Commission on Educational Technology to consider plans adopted by charter schools for the use of educational technology when establishing the plan for the use of educational technology in the public schools of this State. Sections 49 and 50 of this bill authorize a charter school to receive money from the Trust Fund for Educational Technology.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 386 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act.

Sec. 2. "Charter management organization" means:
1. A nonprofit organization that holds a written charter, charter contract or other equivalent agreement to operate more than one charter school in this State or another state; or
2. A nonprofit organization incorporated in this State for the purpose of operating a charter school in cooperation with a charter management organization that holds a written charter, charter contract or other equivalent agreement to operate more than one charter school in another state.

Sec. 3. "Educational management organization" means a for-profit corporation, business, organization or other entity that provides services relating to the operation and management of charter schools and achievement charter schools.

Sec. 4. 1. The State Public Charter School Authority, the board of trustees of the school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, as applicable, which sponsors a charter school may hold a public hearing concerning any request to amend a written
charter or a charter contract of the charter school it sponsors, including, without limitation, a request to amend a written charter or charter contract for the purpose of:

(a) Expanding the charter school to offer instruction in grade levels for which the charter school does not already offer instruction.

(b) Increasing the total enrollment of a charter school or the enrollment of pupils in a particular grade level in the charter school for a school year to more than 120 percent of the enrollment prescribed in the written charter or charter contract for that school year.

(c) Reducing the total enrollment of a charter school or the enrollment of pupils in a particular grade level in the charter school for a school year to less than 80 percent of the enrollment prescribed in the written charter or charter contract for that school year.

(d) Seeking to acquire an additional facility in any county of this State to expand the enrollment of the charter school.

(e) Consolidating the operations of multiple charter schools pursuant to section 5 of this act.

2. A written charter or charter contract may not be amended in any manner described in subsection 1 unless the amendment is approved by the State Public Charter School Authority, the board of trustees of the school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, as applicable.

3. The State Public Charter School Authority, the board of trustees of the school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, as applicable, must deny a request to amend a written charter or charter contract in the manner described in paragraphs (d) or (e) of subsection 1 if the State Public Charter School Authority, the board of trustees or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, as applicable, determines that:

(a) The charter school is not meeting the requirements of the performance framework concerning academics, finances or operation established pursuant to NRS 386.528; or

(b) The governing body does not have a comprehensive and feasible plan to operate additional facilities.

Sec. 5. The sponsor of a charter school may approve an amendment to a written charter or a charter contract to consolidate the operations of two or more charter schools if:

1. The sponsor of a charter school for which a written charter has been revoked or a charter contract has been terminated has approved a request by the governing body of the charter school requesting the amendment to negotiate with the owner, mortgagor or lienholder of the facilities in which the charter school has been operated for the purpose of operating an additional campus of the other charter school pursuant to section 6 of this act. If charter schools are consolidated under such conditions, the prior academic, operational and fiscal performance of the charter school whose
written charter has been revoked or whose charter contract has been terminated will not be attributed to the consolidated charter school.

2. Two or more governing bodies submit a request for an amendment to consolidate their charter contracts, governing bodies and operations to form a single charter school operating one or more campuses under a new charter contract. If charter schools are consolidated under such conditions:
   (a) The new charter contract will be in effect for the duration of the term of the written charter or charter contract which was closest to its date of expiration before consolidation; and
   (b) The academic, operational and fiscal performances of all charter schools that have been consolidated will be attributed to the consolidated charter school.

Sec. 6. 1. If the sponsor of a charter school reconstitutes the governing body of a charter school pursuant to NRS 386.535 or 386.5351, the sponsor must appoint new members to the governing body who meet the qualifications for membership set forth in NRS 386.549. The sponsor shall not reappoint more than 40 percent of the members of the previous governing body. Before appointing new members to the governing body, the sponsor must consider:
   (a) Input from members of the community in which the charter school is located and parents of pupils who attend the charter school.
   (b) Any relevant credentials, experience or other qualifications of a potential member, including, without limitation, whether the potential member resides in the geographic area served by the charter school or has experience in education.

2. If the sponsor of a charter school revokes a written charter or terminates a charter contract pursuant to NRS 386.535 or 386.5351, the sponsor may:
   (a) Petition the district court to appoint a receiver, to be paid from the funds of the charter school, to oversee and manage the charter school until other arrangements are made for pupils who attend the school.
   (b) Issue a request for proposals inviting the governing body of another charter school to negotiate with the owner, mortgagor or lienholder of the facilities in which the charter school operated for the purpose of operating an additional campus of the other charter school under the sponsorship of either the sponsor of the charter school for which the written charter has been revoked or the charter contract has been terminated or the sponsor of the charter school that intends to operate an additional campus. If the governing body proposes to operate an additional campus of the other charter school under the sponsorship of:
      (1) The sponsor of the charter school for which the written charter has been revoked or the charter contract has been terminated and the sponsor is not the sponsor of the charter school currently operated by the governing body, the governing body must, before the additional campus begins operating, also submit to the sponsor of the charter school for which the
written charter has been revoked or the charter contract has been terminated and receive approval for an application to form a charter school pursuant to NRS 386.520.  

(2) The sponsor of the charter school currently operated by the governing body, the governing body must, before the additional campus begins operating, also submit a request for and receive approval of an amendment to its written charter or charter contract to consolidate charter schools pursuant to NRS 386.527 and sections 4 and 5 of this act.  

3. Before selecting a governing body to operate another campus of an existing charter school to replace a charter school whose written charter has been revoked or whose charter contract has been terminated pursuant to subsection 2, the sponsor must consider:  

   (a) The performance record of the charter school in this State and other states;  
   (b) The plan of the governing body for improving pupil achievement and school performance;  
   (c) The suitability of the proposed academic program for pupils who were enrolled in the charter school before the revocation of the written charter or the termination of the charter contract; and  
   (d) Input from members of the community in which the charter school is located and parents who were enrolled in the charter school before the revocation of the written charter or the termination of the charter contract, including, without limitation, the input described in subsection 4.  

4. A sponsor that solicits proposals to operate an additional campus of an existing charter school shall allow parents of pupils who were enrolled in the charter school before the revocation of the written charter or the termination of the charter contract to interview governing bodies who submit proposals and, if three or more proposals are submitted pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 2, cast an advisory vote for the governing body they would prefer be given the opportunity to operate the campus.  

5. If a governing body is selected pursuant to this section to operate another campus of an existing charter school to replace a charter school whose written charter has been revoked or whose charter contract has been terminated and any necessary amendments or applications are approved, the charter school must enroll pupils who were enrolled in the charter school whose written charter was revoked or whose charter contract was terminated before enrolling other pupils.  

6. If the sponsor of a charter school reconstitutes the governing body of a charter school, the principal of the charter school shall:  

   (a) Review each employee of the charter school to determine whether to retain the employee based on the needs of the school and the ability of the employee to improve pupil achievement and school performance at the charter school. The new governing body may terminate the employment of any teachers or other employees of the charter school or, if possible, may reassign teachers or other employees to another school.
(b) Collaborate with the new governing body in making hiring determinations for the charter school.

7. If the sponsor of a charter school selects a governing body to operate another campus of an existing charter school to replace a charter school whose written charter has been revoked or whose charter contract has been terminated, the new governing body is not required to offer employment to any teacher or other employee of the charter school whose written charter has been revoked or whose charter contract has been terminated.

Sec. 7. 1. Within 10 days after being appointed to the governing body of a charter school, each member of a governing body, except a licensed teacher or other person licensed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, must, as a condition to membership, submit to the governing body a complete set of the member’s fingerprints and written permission authorizing the governing body to forward the fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for its report on the criminal history of the applicant and for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report on the criminal history of the member.

2. If the reports on the criminal history of the member indicate that the member has not been convicted of a felony or an offense involving moral turpitude, the member may continue to serve on the governing body.

3. If a report on the criminal history of a member indicates that the member has been convicted of a felony or an offense involving moral turpitude, the governing body of the charter school must remove the member.

Sec. 8. 1. In a county in which more than five charter schools are located and the total number of pupils enrolled in the charter schools exceeds 25 percent of the combined enrollment of all public schools, including, without limitation, charter schools, the Department shall, in consultation with all sponsors of charter schools in the county, determine whether holding a weighted lottery for admission to charter schools would improve diversity in charter schools that do not have a preference for at-risk pupils. If the Department determines that a weighted lottery for admission to charter schools would improve diversity in such charter schools, the Department shall, to the extent authorized by federal law, adopt regulations authorizing charter schools to establish a weighted lottery.

2. In a county in which more than ten charter schools are located and the total number of pupils enrolled in charter schools exceeds 50 percent of the combined enrollment of all public schools, including, without limitation, charter schools, the Department shall, in consultation with all sponsors of charter schools in the county:

(a) Adopt regulations establishing a uniform enrollment calendar and process for enrolling pupils applicable to all charter schools in the county. The regulations must establish a lottery for admission to each charter school in the county. If a charter school does not have a preference for at-risk pupils, the lottery must, to the extent authorized by federal law, be a weighted lottery.
(b) Allow the board of trustees of the school district to provide input regarding the enrollment calendar, processes for enrolling pupils and lotteries established pursuant to paragraph (a).

3. As used in this section, “weighted lottery” means a lottery that gives additional weight to pupils who are identified as being part of a specified group of pupils. The term does not include the reservation of seats in the charter school for specified pupils or groups of pupils.

Sec. 9. NRS 386.490 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.490 As used in NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive of this act, the words and terms defined in NRS 386.492 to 386.503, inclusive, and sections 2 and 3 of this act have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

Sec. 10. NRS 386.495 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.495 “Director” means the Executive Director of the State Public Charter School Authority appointed pursuant to NRS 386.511.

Sec. 11. NRS 386.5095 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.5095 1. The State Public Charter School Authority consists of seven members. The membership of the State Public Charter School Authority consists of:

(a) Two members appointed by the Governor in accordance with subsection 2;

(b) Two members, who must not be Legislators, appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate in accordance with subsection 2;

(c) Two members, who must not be Legislators, appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly in accordance with subsection 2; and

(d) One member appointed by the Charter School Association of Nevada or its successor organization.

2. The Governor, the Majority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly shall ensure that the membership of the State Public Charter School Authority:

(a) Includes persons with a demonstrated understanding of charter schools and a commitment to using charter schools as a way to strengthen public education in this State;

(b) Includes a parent or legal guardian of a pupil enrolled in a charter school in this State;

(c) Includes persons with specific knowledge of:

(1) Issues relating to elementary and secondary education;

(2) School finance or accounting, or both;

(3) Management practices;

(4) Assessments required in elementary and secondary education;

(5) Educational technology; and

(6) The laws and regulations applicable to charter schools; and

(d) Insofar as practicable, reflects the ethnic and geographical diversity of this State; and
(e) Insofar as practicable, consists of persons who are experts on best practices for authorizing charter schools and developing and operating high-quality charter schools and charter management organizations.

3. Each member of the State Public Charter School Authority must be a resident of this State.

4. After the initial terms, the term of each member of the State Public Charter School Authority is 3 years, commencing on July 1 of the year in which he or she is appointed. A vacancy in the membership of the State Public Charter School Authority must be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment. A member shall continue to serve on the State Public Charter School Authority until his or her successor is appointed.

5. The members of the State Public Charter School Authority shall select a Chair and Vice Chair from among its members. After the initial selection of those officers, each of those officers holds the position for a term of 2 years commencing on July 1 of each odd-numbered year. If a vacancy occurs in the Chair or Vice Chair, the vacancy must be filled in the same manner as the original selection for the remainder of the unexpired term.

6. Each member of the State Public Charter School Authority is entitled to receive:

(a) For each day or portion of a day during which he or she attends a meeting of the State Public Charter School Authority a salary of not more than $80, as fixed by the State Public Charter School Authority; and

(b) For each day or portion of a day during which he or she attends a meeting of the State Public Charter School Authority or is otherwise engaged in the business of the State Public Charter School Authority or is otherwise engaged in the business of the State Public Charter School Authority the per diem allowance and travel expenses provided for state officers and employees generally.

Sec. 12. NRS 386.511 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.511 1. The State Public Charter School Authority shall appoint an Executive Director of the State Public Charter School Authority for a term of 3 years. The State Public Charter School Authority shall ensure that the Executive Director has a demonstrated understanding of charter schools and a commitment to using charter schools as a way to strengthen public education in this State.

2. A vacancy in the position of Executive Director must be filled by the State Public Charter School Authority for the remainder of the unexpired term.

3. The Executive Director is in the unclassified service of the State.

Sec. 13. NRS 386.5115 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.5115 With the approval of the State Public Charter School Authority, the Executive Director may pursue any other business or occupation or hold any other office, including, without limitation, serving as a member on a committee, board or task force of an organization relating to charter schools, serving as a reviewer of applications to form a charter
school for organizations other than the State Public Charter School Authority and holding an office of profit, and may accept reimbursement for travel costs relating to such activities. The Executive Director shall not pursue any other business or occupation or hold any other office of profit without the approval of the State Public Charter School Authority.

Sec. 14. NRS 386.512 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.512 The Executive Director shall:

1. Execute, direct and supervise all administrative, technical and procedural activities of the State Public Charter School Authority in accordance with the policies prescribed by the State Public Charter School Authority;

2. Organize the State Public Charter School Authority in a manner which will ensure the efficient operation and service of the State Public Charter School Authority;

3. Serve as the Executive Secretary of the State Public Charter School Authority;

4. Ensure that the autonomy provided to charter schools in this State pursuant to state law and regulations is preserved; and

5. Perform such other duties as are prescribed by law or the State Public Charter School Authority.

Sec. 15. NRS 386.5125 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.5125 1. The State Public Charter School Authority may employ such persons as it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive [4], and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act. The staff employed by the State Public Charter School Authority must be qualified to carry out the daily responsibilities of sponsoring charter schools, including, without limitation, oversight of written charters and charter contracts, in accordance with the provisions of NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive [4], and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act.

2. The staff must include:

(a) Attorneys with experience with laws concerning education, special education and nonprofit organizations;

(b) Persons with experience overseeing the annual audits and financial operations of school districts, nonprofit organizations or corporations;

(c) Persons with experience conducting assessments and evaluations for a school district;

(d) Administrators with significant experience overseeing special education programs and programs while employed by a school district, charter management organization, educational management organization or other operator of charter schools;

(e) Policy analysts with significant experience in the areas of charter schools and education policy; and

(f) Any other persons that the State Public Charter School Authority determines are necessary.
3. Employees of the State Public Charter School Authority are in the unclassified service of the State and serve at the pleasure of the State Public Charter School Authority.

The State Public Charter School Authority shall periodically evaluate and make decisions concerning the number of persons employed by the State Public Charter School Authority and the qualifications and compensation of such persons based on guidance from the National Association of Charter School Authorizers, or its successor organization, an assessment of the strategic plan for recruiting operators of charter schools prepared pursuant to NRS 386.515 and the needs of the charter schools sponsored by the State Public Charter School Authority.

Sec. 16. NRS 386.5125 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.5125 1. The State Public Charter School Authority may employ such persons as it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act. The staff employed by the State Public Charter School Authority must be qualified to carry out the daily responsibilities of sponsoring charter schools, including, without limitation, oversight of written charters and charter contracts, in accordance with the provisions of NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act.

2. The staff must include:
   (a) Attorneys with experience with laws concerning education law, special education and nonprofit organizations;
   (b) Persons with experience overseeing the annual audits and financial operations of school districts, nonprofit organizations or corporations;
   (c) Persons with experience conducting assessments and evaluations for a school district;
   (d) Administrators with significant experience overseeing special education programs and programs while employed by a school district, charter management organization, educational management organization or other operator of charter schools;
   (e) Policy analysts with significant experience in the areas of charter schools and education policy; and
   (f) Any other persons that the State Public Charter School Authority determines are necessary.

3. The State Public Charter School Authority shall periodically evaluate and make decisions concerning the number of persons employed by the State Public Charter School Authority and the qualifications and compensation of such persons based on guidance from the National Association of Charter School Authorizers, or its successor organization, an assessment of the strategic plan for recruiting operators of charter schools prepared pursuant to NRS 386.515 and the needs of the charter schools sponsored by the State Public Charter School Authority.

Sec. 17. NRS 386.513 is hereby amended to read as follows:
1. The State Public Charter School Authority is hereby deemed a local educational agency for the purpose of directing the proportionate share of any money available from federal and state categorical grant programs to charter schools which are sponsored by the State Public Charter School Authority or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education that are eligible to receive such money. A college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education that sponsors a charter school shall enter into an agreement with the State Public Charter School Authority for the provision of any necessary functions of a local educational authority. A charter school that receives money pursuant to such a grant program shall comply with any applicable reporting requirements to receive the grant.

2. If the charter school is eligible to receive special education program units, the Department shall pay the special education program units directly to the charter school.

3. As used in this section, “local educational agency” has the meaning ascribed to it in 20 U.S.C. § 7801(26)(A).

Sec. 18. NRS 386.5135 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.5135  1. The Account for the State Public Charter School Authority is hereby created in the State General Fund, to be administered by the Executive Director.

2. The interest and income earned on the money in the Account must be credited to the Account.

3. The money in the Account may be used only for the establishment and maintenance of the State Public Charter School Authority.

4. Any money remaining in the Account at the end of a fiscal year does not revert to the State General Fund, and the balance in the Account must be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the Executive Director and the State Public Charter School Authority may accept gifts, grants and bequests to carry out the provisions of NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act. The Executive Director and the State Public Charter School Authority shall not accept any gift or donation from a charter management organization, a committee to form a charter school or the governing body of a charter school. Any money from gifts, grants and bequests must be deposited in the Account and may be expended in accordance with the terms and conditions of the gift, grant or bequest, or in accordance with this section.

Sec. 19. NRS 386.515 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.515  1. The board of trustees of a school district may apply to the Department for authorization to sponsor charter schools within the school district in accordance with the regulations adopted by the Department pursuant to NRS 386.540. An application must be approved by the Department before the board of trustees may sponsor a charter school. Not more than 180 days after receiving approval to sponsor charter schools, the
board of trustees shall provide public notice of its ability to sponsor charter schools and solicit applications for charter schools.

2. The State Public Charter School Authority shall sponsor charter schools whose applications have been approved by the State Public Charter School Authority pursuant to NRS 386.525. Except as otherwise provided by specific statute, if the State Public Charter School Authority sponsors a charter school, the State Public Charter School Authority is responsible for the evaluation, monitoring and oversight of the charter school.

3. A college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education may submit an application to the Department to sponsor charter schools in accordance with the regulations adopted by the Department pursuant to NRS 386.540. An application must be approved by the Department before a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education may sponsor charter schools.

4. The board of trustees of a school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education may enter into an agreement with the State Public Charter School Authority to provide technical assistance and support in preparing an application to sponsor a charter school and planning and executing the duties of a sponsor of a charter school as prescribed in this section.

5. Each sponsor of a charter school shall carry out the following duties and powers:
   (a) Evaluating applications to form charter schools as prescribed by NRS 386.525;
   (b) Approving applications to form charter schools that the sponsor determines are high quality, meet the identified educational needs of pupils and will serve to promote the diversity of public educational choices in this State;
   (c) Declining to approve applications to form charter schools that do not satisfy the requirements of NRS 386.525;
   (d) Negotiating and executing charter contracts pursuant to NRS 386.527;
   (e) Monitoring, in accordance with NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act, and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the applicable charter contract, the performance and compliance of each charter school sponsored by the entity; and
   (f) Determining whether the charter contract of a charter school that the entity sponsors merits renewal or whether the renewal of the charter contract should be denied or whether the written charter should be revoked or the charter contract terminated, as applicable, in accordance with NRS 386.530, 386.535 or 386.5351, as applicable; and

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(g) Determining whether the governing body of a charter school should be reconstituted in accordance with NRS 386.535 or 386.5351, as applicable; and
(h) Adopting a policy for appointing a new governing body of a charter school for which the governing body is reconstituted in accordance with NRS 386.535 or 386.5351, as applicable.

6. Each sponsor of a charter school shall develop policies and practices that are consistent with state laws and regulations governing charter schools. In developing the policies and practices, the sponsor shall review and evaluate nationally recognized policies and practices for sponsoring organizations of charter schools. The policies and practices must include, without limitation:

(a) The organizational capacity and infrastructure of the sponsor for sponsorship of charter schools, which must not be described as a limit on the number of charter schools the sponsor will approve;

(b) The procedure and criteria for soliciting and evaluating charter school applications in accordance with NRS 386.525 and for the renewal of charter contracts pursuant to NRS 386.530;

(c) Specific application procedures and timelines for committees to form a charter school that plan to enter into a contract with an educational management organization to operate the charter school, committees to form a charter school that do not plan to enter into such a contract and charter management organizations; and

(d) A description of the manner in which the sponsor will evaluate the previous performance of an educational management organization or other person with whom a committee to form a charter school plans to enter into a contract to operate a charter school or a charter management organization that submits an application to form a charter school;

(e) The procedure and criteria for evaluating applications for the renewal of charter contracts pursuant to NRS 386.530;

(f) The procedure for amending a written charter or charter contract and the criteria for determining whether a request for such an amendment will be approved which must include, without limitation, any manner in which such procedures and criteria will differ if the sponsor determines that the amendment is material or strategically important;

(g) If deemed appropriate by the sponsor, a strategic plan for recruiting charter management organizations, educational management organizations or other persons to operate charter schools based on the priorities of the sponsor and the needs of the pupils that will be served by the charter schools that will be sponsored by the sponsor;

(h) A description of how the sponsor will maintain oversight of the charter schools it sponsors, which must include, without limitation:

(1) An assessment of the needs of the charter schools that are sponsored by the sponsor that is prepared with the input of the governing bodies of such charter schools; and
(2) A strategic plan for the oversight and provision of technical support to charter schools that are sponsored by the sponsor in the areas of academic, fiscal and organizational performance; and

(g) A description of the process of evaluation for the charter schools it sponsors in accordance with NRS 386.610.

7. Before the State Public Charter School Authority or a board of trustees of a school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education that is approved to sponsor charter schools begins soliciting applications to form a charter school, the State Public Charter School Authority, board of trustees or college or university, as applicable, shall prepare, in collaboration with the Department, an evaluation of the academic needs of pupils in geographic areas served by the sponsor.

8. Evidence of material or persistent failure to carry out the powers and duties of a sponsor prescribed by this section constitutes grounds for revocation of the entity’s authority to sponsor charter schools.

9. The provisions of this section do not establish a private right of action against the sponsor of a charter school.

Sec. 20. NRS 386.515 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.515 1. The board of trustees of a school district may apply to the Department for authorization to sponsor charter schools within the school district in accordance with the regulations adopted by the Department pursuant to NRS 386.540. An application must be approved by the Department before the board of trustees may sponsor a charter school. Not more than 180 days after receiving approval to sponsor charter schools, the board of trustees shall provide public notice of its ability to sponsor charter schools and solicit applications for charter schools.

2. The State Public Charter School Authority shall sponsor charter schools whose applications have been approved by the State Public Charter School Authority pursuant to NRS 386.525. Except as otherwise provided by specific statute, if the State Public Charter School Authority sponsors a charter school, the State Public Charter School Authority is responsible for the evaluation, monitoring and oversight of the charter school.

3. A college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education may submit an application to the Department to sponsor charter schools in accordance with the regulations adopted by the Department pursuant to NRS 386.540. An application must be approved by the Department before a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education may sponsor charter schools.

4. The board of trustees of a school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education may enter into an agreement with the State Public Charter School Authority to provide technical assistance and support in preparing an application to sponsor a charter school and planning and executing the duties of a sponsor of a charter school prescribed in this section.
5. Each sponsor of a charter school shall carry out the following duties and powers:
   (a) Evaluating applications to form charter schools as prescribed by NRS 386.525;
   (b) Approving applications to form charter schools that the sponsor determines are high quality, meet the identified educational needs of pupils and will serve to promote the diversity of public educational choices in this State;
   (c) Declining to approve applications to form charter schools that do not satisfy the requirements of NRS 386.525;
   (d) Negotiating and executing charter contracts pursuant to NRS 386.527;
   (e) Monitoring, in accordance with NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act, and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the applicable charter contract, the performance and compliance of each charter school sponsored by the entity;
   (f) Determining whether the charter contract of a charter school that the entity sponsors merits renewal or whether the renewal of the charter contract should be denied or whether the charter contract should be terminated in accordance with NRS 386.530, 386.535 or 386.5351, as applicable;
   (g) Determining whether the governing body of a charter school should be reconstituted in accordance with NRS 386.535 or 386.5351, as applicable; and
   (h) Adopting a policy for appointing a new governing body of a charter school for which the governing body is reconstituted in accordance with NRS 386.535 or 386.5351, as applicable.

6. Each sponsor of a charter school shall develop policies and practices that are consistent with state laws and regulations governing charter schools. In developing the policies and practices, the sponsor shall review and evaluate nationally recognized policies and practices for sponsoring organizations of charter schools. The policies and practices must include, without limitation:
   (a) The organizational capacity and infrastructure of the sponsor for sponsorship of charter schools, which must not be described as a limit on the number of charter schools the sponsor will approve;
   (b) The procedure and criteria for soliciting and evaluating charter school applications in accordance with NRS 386.525, which must include, without limitation:
      (1) Specific application procedures and timelines for committees to form a charter school that plan to enter into a contract with an educational management organization to operate the charter school, committees to form a charter school that do not plan to enter into such a contract and charter management organizations; and
      (2) A description of the manner in which the sponsor will evaluate the previous performance of an educational management organization or other
person with whom a committee to form a charter school plans to enter into a contract to operate a charter school or a charter management organization that submits an application to form a charter school;

(c) The procedure and criteria for evaluating applications for renewal of charter contracts pursuant to NRS 386.530;

(d) The procedure for amending a charter contract and the criteria for determining whether a request for such an amendment will be approved which must include, without limitation, any manner in which such procedures and criteria will differ if the sponsor determines that the amendment is material or strategically important;

(e) If deemed appropriate by the sponsor, a strategic plan for recruiting charter management organizations, educational management organizations or other persons to operate charter schools based on the priorities of the sponsor and the needs of the pupils that will be served by the charter schools that will be sponsored by the sponsor;

(f) A description of how the sponsor will maintain oversight of the charter schools it sponsors, which must include, without limitation:

(1) An assessment of the needs of the charter schools that are sponsored by the sponsor that is prepared with the input of the governing bodies of such charter schools; and

(2) A strategic plan for the oversight and provision of technical support to charter schools that are sponsored by the sponsor in the areas of academic, fiscal and organizational performance; and

(g) A description of the process of evaluation for the charter schools it sponsors in accordance with NRS 386.610.

Before the State Public Charter School Authority or a board of trustees of a school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education that is approved to sponsor charter schools begins soliciting applications to form a charter school, the State Public Charter School Authority, board of trustees or college or university, as applicable, shall prepare, in collaboration with the Department, an evaluation of the academic needs of pupils in geographic areas served by the sponsor.

8. Evidence of material or persistent failure to carry out the powers and duties of a sponsor prescribed by this section constitutes grounds for revocation of the entity’s authority to sponsor charter schools.

9. The provisions of this section do not establish a private right of action against the sponsor of a charter school.

Sec. 21. NRS 386.520 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.520 1. A committee to form a charter school must consist of:

(a) One member who is a teacher or other person licensed pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS or who previously held such a license and is retired, as long as his or her license was held in good standing;

(b) One member who:

(1) Satisfies the qualifications of paragraph (a); or
(2) Is a school administrator with a license issued by another state or who previously held such a license and is retired, as long as his or her license was held in good standing;
(c) One parent or legal guardian who is not a teacher or employee of the proposed charter school; and
(d) Two members who possess knowledge and expertise in one or more of the following areas:
   (1) Accounting;
   (2) Financial services;
   (3) Law; or
   (4) Human resources.
2. In addition to the members who serve pursuant to subsection 1, the committee to form a charter school may include, without limitation, not more than four additional members as follows:
(a) Members of the general public;
(b) Representatives of nonprofit organizations and businesses; or
(c) Representatives of a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education.
3. A majority of the persons who serve on the committee to form a charter school must be residents of this State at the time that the application to form the charter school is submitted to the Department.
4. The applicant shall ensure that the completed application:
(a) Presents a clear, measurable and high-quality academic, financial and organizational vision and plans for the proposed charter school; and
(b) Provides the proposed sponsor of the charter school with a clear basis for assessing the capacity of the applicant to carry out the vision and plans.
5. An application to form a charter school must include all information prescribed by the Department by regulation and:
(a) A summary of the plan for the proposed charter school.
(b) A clear written description of the mission of the charter school and the goals for the charter school. A charter school must have as its stated purpose at least one of the following goals:
   (1) Improving the academic achievement of pupils;
   (2) Encouraging the use of effective and innovative methods of teaching;
   (3) Providing an accurate measurement of the educational achievement of pupils;
   (4) Establishing accountability and transparency of public schools;
   (5) Providing a method for public schools to measure achievement based upon the performance of the schools; or
   (6) Creating new professional opportunities for teachers.
(c) A clear description of the indicators, measures and metrics for the categories of academics, finances and organization that the charter school proposes to use, the external assessments that will be used to assess performance in those categories and the objectives that the committee to form a charter school plans to achieve in those categories, which must be expressed in terms of the objectives, measures and metrics. The objectives and the indicators, measures and metrics used by the charter school must be consistent with the performance framework adopted by the sponsor pursuant to NRS 386.527.

(d) A resume and background information for each person who serves on the board of the charter management organization or the committee to form a charter school, as applicable, which must include the name, telephone number, electronic mail address, background, qualifications, any past or current affiliation with any charter school in this State or any other state, any potential conflicts of interest and any other information required by the sponsor.

(e) The proposed location of, or the geographic area to be served by, the charter school and evidence of a need and community support for the charter school in that area.

(f) The minimum, planned and maximum projected enrollment of pupils in each grade in the charter school for each year that the charter school would operate under the proposed charter contract.

(g) The procedure for applying for enrollment in the proposed charter school, which must include, without limitation, the proposed dates for accepting applications for enrollment in each year of operation of the charter school.

(h) The proposed system of governance for the charter school, including, without limitation, the number of persons who will govern, the method for nominating and electing the persons who will govern and the term of office for each person.

(i) The method by which disputes will be resolved between the governing body of the charter school and the sponsor of the charter school.

(j) The proposed curriculum for the charter school and, if applicable to the grade level of pupils who are enrolled in the charter school, the requirements for the pupils to receive a high school diploma, including, without limitation, whether those pupils will satisfy the requirements of the school district in which the charter school is located for receipt of a high school diploma under the proposed charter contract and a statement of whether the charter school will enroll pupils who are in a particular category of at-risk pupils before enrolling other children who are eligible to attend the charter school pursuant to NRS 386.580 and the method for determining eligibility for enrollment in each such category of at-risk pupils served by the charter school.
(h) The textbooks that will be used at the charter school. The academic program that the charter school proposes to use, a description of how the academic program complies with the requirements of NRS 386.550, the proposed academic calendar for the first year of operation and a sample daily schedule for a pupil in each grade served by the charter school.

(i) The qualifications of the persons who will provide instruction at the charter school. A description of the proposed instructional design of the charter school and the type of learning environment the school will provide, including, without limitation, whether the charter school will provide a program of distance education, the planned class size and structure, the proposed curriculum for the charter school and the teaching methods that will be used at the charter school.

(j) Except as otherwise required by NRS 386.595, the process by which the governing body of the charter school will negotiate employment contracts with the employees of the charter school. The manner in which the school plans to identify and serve the needs of pupils with disabilities, pupils who are English language learners, pupils who are academically behind their peers and gifted pupils.

(k) A financial plan for the operation of the charter school. The plan must include, without limitation, procedures for the audit of the programs and finances of the charter school and guidelines for determining the financial liability if the charter school is unsuccessful. A description of any co-curricular or extracurricular activities that the school plans to offer and the manner in which these programs will be funded.

(l) Any uniform or dress code policy that the school plans to use.

(m) Plans and timelines for recruiting and enrolling students, including procedures for any lottery for admission that the school plans to conduct.

(n) The rules of behavior and punishments that the school plans to adopt pursuant to NRS 386.585, including, without limitation, any unique discipline policies for pupils enrolled in a program of special education.

(o) A chart that clearly presents the proposed organizational structure of the school and a clear description of the roles and responsibilities of the governing body, administrators and any other persons included on the chart and a table summarizing the decision-making responsibilities of the staff and governing body of the charter school and, if applicable, the charter management organization that operates the charter school. The table must also identify the person responsible for each activity conducted by the charter school, including, without limitation, the person responsible for establishing curriculum and culture, providing professional development to employees of the charter school and making determinations concerning the staff of the charter school.

(p) The names of any external organizations that will play a role in operating the school and the role each such organization will play.

(q) The manner in which the governing body of the charter school will be chosen.
(r) A staffing chart for the first year in which the charter school plans to operate and a projected staffing plan for the term of the charter contract.

(s) Plans for recruiting administrators, teachers and other staff, providing professional development to such staff.

(t) Proposed bylaws for the governing body, a description of the manner in which the school will be governed, including, without limitation, any governance training that will be provided to the governing body, and a code of ethics for members and employees of the governing body. The code of ethics must be prepared with guidance from the Nevada Commission on Ethics and must not conflict with any policy adopted by the sponsor.

(u) Explanations of any partnerships or contracts central to the operations or mission of the charter school.

(v) A statement of whether the charter school will provide for the transportation of pupils to and from the charter school. If the charter school will provide transportation, the application must include the proposed plan for the transportation of pupils. If the charter school will not provide transportation, the application must include a statement that the charter school will work with the parents and guardians of pupils enrolled in the charter school to develop a plan for transportation to ensure that pupils have access to transportation to and from the charter school.

[w] The procedure for the evaluation of teachers of the charter school, if different from the procedure prescribed in NRS 391.3125 and 391.3128. If the procedure is different from the procedure prescribed in NRS 391.3125 and 391.3128, the procedure for the evaluation of teachers of the charter school must provide the same level of protection and otherwise comply with the standards for evaluation set forth in NRS 391.3125 and 391.3128.

(x) A statement of the school’s plans for food service and other significant operational services, including a statement of whether the charter school will provide food service or participate in the National School Lunch Program, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1751 et seq. If the charter school will not provide food service or participate in the National School Lunch Program, the application must include an explanation of the manner in which the charter school will ensure that the lack of such food service or participation does not prevent pupils from attending the charter school.
(y) Opportunities and expectations for involving the parents of pupils enrolled in the charter school in instruction at the school and the operation of the school, including, without limitation, the manner in which the charter school will solicit input concerning the governance of the charter school from such parents.

(z) A detailed plan for starting operation of the charter school that identifies necessary tasks, the persons responsible for performing them and the dates by which such tasks will be accomplished.

(aa) A description of the financial plan and policies to be used by the charter school.

(bb) A description of the insurance coverage the school will obtain.

(cc) Budgets for starting operation at the charter school, the first year of operation of the charter school and the first 5 years of operation of the charter school, with any assumptions inherent in the budgets clearly stated.

(dd) Evidence of any money pledged or contributed to the budget of the charter school.

(ee) A statement of the facilities that will be used to operate the charter school and a plan for operating such facilities, including, without limitation, any backup plan to be used if the charter school cannot be operated out of the planned facilities.

(ff) If the charter school is a vocational school, a description of the career and technical education program that will be used by the school.

(gg) If the charter school will provide a program of distance education, a description of the system of course credits that the school will use and the manner in which the school will:

(1) Monitor and verify the participation in and completion of courses by pupils;
(2) Require pupils to participate in assessments and submit coursework;
(3) Conduct parent-teacher conferences; and
(4) Administer any test, examination or assessment required by state or federal law in a proctored setting.

(hh) If the charter school will provide a program where a student may earn college credit for courses taken in high school, a draft memorandum of understanding between the charter school and the college or university through which the credits will be earned and a term sheet, which must set forth:

(1) The proposed duration of the relationship between the charter school and the college or university and the conditions for renewal and termination of the relationship;
(2) The roles and responsibilities of the governing body of the charter school, the employees of the charter school and the college or university;
(3) The scope of the services and resources that will be provided by the college or university;
(4) The manner and amount that the college or university will be compensated for providing such services and resources, including, without
limitation, any tuition and fees that pupils at the charter school will pay to
the college or university;
(5) The manner in which the college or university will ensure that the
charter school effectively monitors pupil enrollment and attendance and the
acquisition of college credits; and
(6) Any employees of the college or university who will serve on the
governing body of the charter school.
(ii) If the applicant currently operates a charter school in another state,
evidence of the performance of such charter schools and the capacity of the
applicant to operate the proposed charter school.
(jj) If the applicant proposes to contract with an educational management
organization or any other person to provide educational or management
services:
(1) Evidence of the performance of the educational management
organization or other person when providing such services to a population of
pupils similar to the population that will be served by the proposed charter
school;
(2) A term sheet that sets forth:
(I) The proposed duration of the proposed contract between the
governing body of the charter school and the educational management
organization;
(II) A description of the responsibilities of the governing body of the
charter school, employees of the charter school and the educational
management organization or other person;
(III) All fees that will be paid to the educational management
organization or other person;
(IV) The manner in which the governing body of the charter school
will oversee the services provided by the educational management
organization or other person and enforce the terms of the contract;
(V) A disclosure of the investments of the educational management
organization or other person; and
(VI) The conditions for renewal and termination of the contract; and
(3) A disclosure of any conflicts of interest concerning the applicant
and the educational management organization or other person, including,
without limitation, any past or current employment, business or familial
relationship between any prospective employee of the charter school and a
member of the committee to form a charter school or the board of directors
of the charter management organization, as applicable.
(kk) Any additional information required by the sponsor.
6. A charter management organization may, as part of an application to
form a charter school, request a waiver of the requirements of subsection 1
or 2 of NRS 386.549 concerning the membership of the governing body. A
sponsor shall not grant such a waiver unless the charter management
organization provides a compelling reason for the waiver. If approved, the
waiver may provide, without limitation, for multiple governing bodies that
have the authority to make decisions concerning the governance of the charter school or a facility operated by the charter school. A majority of the members of each such governing body must reside in this State. A request for a waiver to allow for multiple such governing bodies must describe the role, responsibilities and composition of each such proposed governing body.

7. As used in subsection 1, “teacher” means a person who:
   (a) Holds a current license to teach issued pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS or who previously held such a license and is retired, as long as his or her license was held in good standing; and
   (b) Has at least 2 years of experience as an employed teacher.

Sec. 22. NRS 386.525 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.525 1. A committee to form a charter school or charter management organization may submit the application to the proposed sponsor of the charter school. If an application proposes to convert an existing public school, homeschool or other program of home study into a charter school, the proposed sponsor shall deny the application.

2. The proposed sponsor of a charter school shall, in reviewing an application to form a charter school:
   (a) Assemble a team of reviewers, which must include, without limitation, natural persons from different geographic areas of the United States who possess the appropriate knowledge and expertise with regard to the academic, financial and organizational experience of charter schools, to review and evaluate the application;
   (b) Conduct a thorough evaluation of the application, which includes an in-person interview with the applicant designed to elicit any necessary clarifications or additional information about the proposed charter school and determine the ability of the applicants to establish a high-quality charter school;
   (c) Base its determination on documented evidence collected through the process of reviewing the application; and
   (d) Adhere to the policies and practices developed by the proposed sponsor pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 386.515.

3. The proposed sponsor of a charter school may approve an application to form a charter school only if the proposed sponsor determines that:
   (a) The application:
      (1) Complies with NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act and the regulations applicable to charter schools; and
      (2) Is complete in accordance with the regulations of the Department and the policies and practices of the sponsor; and
   (b) The applicant has demonstrated competence in accordance with the criteria for approval prescribed by the sponsor pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 386.515 that will likely result in a successful opening and operation of the charter school.
4. If the board of trustees of a school district or a college or a university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, as applicable, receives an application to form a charter school, the board of trustees or the institution, as applicable, shall consider the application at a meeting that must be held not later than 60 days after the receipt of the application, or a later period mutually agreed upon by the committee to form the charter school and the board of trustees of the school district or the institution, as applicable, and ensure that notice of the meeting has been provided pursuant to chapter 241 of NRS. The board of trustees, the college or the university, as applicable, shall review an application in accordance with the requirements for review set forth in subsections 2 and 3.

5. The board of trustees, the college or the university, as applicable, may approve an application if it satisfies the requirements of subsection 3.

6. The board of trustees, the college or the university, as applicable, shall provide written notice to the applicant of its approval or denial of the application. If the board of trustees, the college or the university, as applicable, denies an application, it shall include in the written notice the reasons for the denial and the deficiencies in the application. The applicant must be granted 30 days after receipt of the written notice to correct any deficiencies identified in the written notice and resubmit the application.

7. If the board of trustees, the college or the university, as applicable, denies an application after it has been resubmitted pursuant to subsection 6, the applicant may submit a written request for sponsorship by the State Public Charter School Authority not more than 30 days after receipt of the written notice of denial. Any request that is submitted pursuant to this subsection must be accompanied by the application to form the charter school.

8. If the State Public Charter School Authority receives an application pursuant to subsection 1 or 7, it shall consider the application at a meeting which must be held not later than 60 days after receipt of the application or a later period mutually agreed upon by the committee to form the charter school and the State Public Charter School Authority. Notice of the meeting must be posted in accordance with chapter 241 of NRS. The State Public Charter School Authority shall review the application in accordance with the requirements for review set forth in subsections 2 and 3. The State Public Charter School Authority may approve an application only if it satisfies the requirements of subsection 3. Not more than 30 days after the meeting, the State Public Charter School Authority shall provide written notice of its determination to the applicant.

9. If the State Public Charter School Authority denies or fails to act upon an application, the denial or failure to act must be based upon a finding that the applicant failed to satisfy the requirements of subsection 3. The State Public Charter School Authority shall include in the written notice the reasons for the denial or the failure to act and the deficiencies in the application. The staff designated by the State Public Charter School
Authority shall meet with the applicant to confer on the method to correct the identified deficiencies. The applicant must be granted 30 days after receipt of the written notice to correct any deficiencies identified in the written notice and resubmit the application.

10. If the State Public Charter School Authority denies an application after it has been resubmitted pursuant to subsection 9, the applicant may, not more than 30 days after the receipt of the written notice from the State Public Charter School Authority, appeal the final determination to the district court of the county in which the proposed charter school will be located.

11. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the State Public Charter School Authority may adopt regulations establishing timelines and procedures by which the State Public Charter School Authority will review applications and the board of trustees of a school district that is approved to sponsor charter schools or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education that is approved to sponsor charter schools may adopt policies establishing timelines and procedures by which the board of trustees or college or university, as applicable, will review applications. These regulations or policies may:
   (a) Establish different timelines and review procedures for different types of applicants; and
   (b) Authorize or require an applicant to submit an abbreviated application, the contents of such an application and criteria that the State Public Charter School Authority will use to determine whether to invite the applicant to submit a full application that meets the requirements of NRS 386.520 or deny the abbreviated application and recommend that the applicant make substantial revisions and submit the application during another application cycle.

12. The State Public Charter School Authority may enter into a contract with any qualified person to:
   (a) Foster the development of high-quality charter management organizations, educational management organizations and other persons to operate charter schools in this State;
   (b) Solicit applications to form charter schools from high-quality applicants;
   (c) Provide training concerning the governance and management of charter schools to governing bodies of charter schools and applicants to form charter schools; or
   (d) Provide professional development and support services to the administration and other employees of charter schools.

13. The State Public Charter School Authority may provide compensation pursuant to a contract entered into pursuant to subsection 12 using any money raised by the State Public Charter School Authority from private donors for that purpose or any money received from fees paid to the State Public Charter School Authority.
14. On or before January 1 of each odd-numbered year, the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall submit a written report to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmission to the next regular session of the Legislature. The report must include:

(a) A list of each application to form a charter school that was submitted to the board of trustees of a school district, the State Public Charter School Authority, a college or a university during the immediately preceding biennium;

(b) The educational focus of each charter school for which an application was submitted;

(c) The current status of the application; and

(d) If the application was denied, the reasons for the denial.

Sec. 23. NRS 386.527 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.527 1. If the proposed sponsor of a charter school approves an application to form a charter school, it shall, before June 11, 2013, grant a written charter to the governing body of the charter school or, on or after June 11, 2013, negotiate and execute a charter contract with the governing body of the charter school. A charter contract must be executed not later than 60 days before the charter school commences operation. The charter contract must be in writing and incorporate, without limitation:

(a) The performance framework for the charter school;

(b) A description of the administrative relationship between the sponsor of the charter school and the governing body of the charter school, including, without limitation, the rights and duties of the sponsor and the governing body; and

(c) Any pre-opening conditions which the sponsor has determined are necessary for the charter school to satisfy before the commencement of operation to ensure that the charter school meets all building, health, safety, insurance and other legal requirements.

2. The charter contract must be signed by a member of the governing body of the charter school and:

(a) If the board of trustees of a school district is the sponsor of the charter school, the superintendent of schools of the school district;

(b) If the State Public Charter School Authority is the sponsor of the charter school, the Chair of the State Public Charter School Authority; or

(c) If a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education is the sponsor of the charter school, the president of the college or university.

3. Before the charter contract is executed, the sponsor of the charter school must approve the charter contract at a meeting of the sponsor held in accordance with chapter 241 of NRS.

4. The sponsor of the charter school shall, not later than 10 days after the execution of the charter contract, provide to the Department:

(a) Written notice of the charter contract and the date of execution; and
(b) A copy of the charter contract and any other documentation relevant to the charter contract.
5. If the board of trustees approves the application, the board of trustees shall be deemed the sponsor of the charter school.
6. If the State Public Charter School Authority approves the application:
   (a) The State Public Charter School Authority shall be deemed the sponsor of the charter school.
   (b) Neither the State of Nevada, the State Board, the State Public Charter School Authority nor the Department is an employer of the members of the governing body of the charter school or any of the employees of the charter school.
7. If a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education approves the application:
   (a) That institution shall be deemed the sponsor of the charter school.
   (b) Neither the State of Nevada, the State Board nor the Department is an employer of the members of the governing body of the charter school or any of the employees of the charter school.
8. The governing body of a charter school may request, at any time, a change in the sponsorship of the charter school to an entity that is authorized to sponsor charter schools pursuant to NRS 386.515. The State Board shall adopt:
   (a) A process for a charter school that requests a change in the sponsorship of the charter school, which must not require the charter school to undergo all the requirements of an initial application to form a charter school; and
   (b) Objective criteria for the conditions under which such a request may be granted.
9. A written charter or a charter contract, as applicable, must be for a term of 6 years. The term of the charter contract begins on the first day of operation of the charter school after the charter contract has been executed. The sponsor of the charter school may require, or the governing body of the charter school may request that the sponsor authorize, the charter school to delay commencement of operation for 1 school year.
10. The governing body of a charter school may submit to the sponsor of the charter school a written request for an amendment of the written charter or charter contract, as applicable. [Such an amendment may include, without limitation, the expansion of instruction and other educational services to pupils who are enrolled in grade levels other than the grade levels of pupils currently approved for enrollment in the charter school.] If the proposed amendment complies with the provisions of NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act, and any other statute or regulation applicable to charter schools, the sponsor and the governing body of the charter school may amend the written charter or charter contract, as applicable, in accordance with the proposed amendment. A sponsor may require, as a condition of granting a request for an amendment to a governing body that has been granted a written charter, such a governing
body to agree to the revocation of the written charter and to enter into a charter contract. If the sponsor denies the request for an amendment, the sponsor shall provide written notice to the governing body of the charter school setting forth the reasons for the denial.

11. A charter school shall not commence operation in a facility in which the charter school has not previously operated and is not eligible to receive apportionments for pupils enrolled in such a facility pursuant to NRS 387.124 until the sponsor has determined that the requirements of this section have been satisfied and that the facility the charter school will occupy has been inspected and meets the requirements of any applicable building codes, codes for the prevention of fire, and codes pertaining to safety, health and sanitation. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the sponsor shall make such a determination 30 days before the first day of school for the:

(a) Schools of the school district in which the charter school is located that operate on a traditional school schedule and not a year-round school schedule; or
(b) Charter school,

whichever date the sponsor selects. The sponsor shall not require a charter school to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this subsection more than 30 days before the date selected. However, it may authorize a charter school to demonstrate compliance less than 30 days before the date selected.

Sec. 24. NRS 386.527 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.527 1. If the proposed sponsor of a charter school approves an application to form a charter school, it shall negotiate and execute a charter contract with the governing body of the charter school. A charter contract must be executed not later than 60 days before the charter school commences operation. The charter contract must be in writing and incorporate, without limitation:

(a) The performance framework for the charter school;
(b) A description of the administrative relationship between the sponsor of the charter school and the governing body of the charter school, including, without limitation, the rights and duties of the sponsor and the governing body; and
(c) Any pre-opening conditions which the sponsor has determined are necessary for the charter school to satisfy before the commencement of operation to ensure that the charter school meets all building, health, safety, insurance and other legal requirements.

2. The charter contract must be signed by a member of the governing body of the charter school and:

(a) If the board of trustees of a school district is the sponsor of the charter school, the superintendent of schools of the school district;
(b) If the State Public Charter School Authority is the sponsor of the charter school, the Chair of the State Public Charter School Authority; or
(c) If a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education is the sponsor of the charter school, the president of the college or university.

3. Before the charter contract is executed, the sponsor of the charter school must approve the charter contract at a meeting of the sponsor held in accordance with chapter 241 of NRS.

4. The sponsor of the charter school shall, not later than 10 days after the execution of the charter contract, provide to the Department:
   (a) Written notice of the charter contract and the date of execution; and
   (b) A copy of the charter contract and any other documentation relevant to the charter contract.

5. If the board of trustees approves the application, the board of trustees shall be deemed the sponsor of the charter school.

6. If the State Public Charter School Authority approves the application:
   (a) The State Public Charter School Authority shall be deemed the sponsor of the charter school.
   (b) Neither the State of Nevada, the State Board, the State Public Charter School Authority nor the Department is an employer of the members of the governing body of the charter school or any of the employees of the charter school.

7. If a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education approves the application:
   (a) That institution shall be deemed the sponsor of the charter school.
   (b) Neither the State of Nevada, the State Board nor the Department is an employer of the members of the governing body of the charter school or any of the employees of the charter school.

8. The governing body of a charter school may request, at any time, a change in the sponsorship of the charter school to an entity that is authorized to sponsor charter schools pursuant to NRS 386.515. The State Board shall adopt:
   (a) A process for a charter school that requests a change in the sponsorship of the charter school, which must not require the charter school to undergo all the requirements of an initial application to form a charter school; and
   (b) Objective criteria for the conditions under which such a request may be granted.

9. A charter contract must be for a term of 6 years. The term of the charter contract begins on the first day of operation of the charter school after the charter contract has been executed. The sponsor of the charter school may require, or the governing body of the charter school may request that the sponsor authorize, the charter school to delay commencement of operation for 1 school year.

10. The governing body of a charter school may submit to the sponsor of the charter school a written request for an amendment of the charter contract. [Such an amendment may include, without limitation, the expansion of instruction and other educational services to pupils who are enrolled in grade...
levels other than the grade levels of pupils currently approved for enrollment in the charter school.] If the proposed amendment complies with the provisions of NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act, and any other statute or regulation applicable to charter schools, the sponsor and the governing body of the charter school may amend the charter contract in accordance with the proposed amendment. If the sponsor denies the request for an amendment, the sponsor shall provide written notice to the governing body of the charter school setting forth the reasons for the denial.

11. A charter school shall not commence operation in a facility in which the charter school has not previously operated and is not eligible to receive apportionments pursuant to NRS 387.124 for pupils enrolled in such a facility until the sponsor has determined that the requirements of this section have been satisfied and that the facility the charter school will occupy has been inspected and meets the requirements of any applicable building codes, codes for the prevention of fire, and codes pertaining to safety, health and sanitation. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the sponsor shall make such a determination 30 days before the first day of school for the:

(a) Schools of the school district in which the charter school is located that operate on a traditional school schedule and not a year-round school schedule; or

(b) Charter school,

whichever date the sponsor selects. The sponsor shall not require a charter school to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this subsection more than 30 days before the date selected. However, it may authorize a charter school to demonstrate compliance less than 30 days before the date selected.

Sec. 25. NRS 386.528 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.528 1. [The] Each sponsor of a charter school shall adopt a performance framework [that is required to be incorporated] and incorporate the performance framework into the charter contract pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 386.527. The performance framework must include, without limitation, performance indicators, measures and metrics for the categories of academics, finances and organization as follows:

(a) The category of academics addresses:

(1) The academic achievement and proficiency of pupils enrolled in the charter school, including, without limitation, the progress of pupils from year-to-year based upon the model to measure the achievement of pupils adopted by the Department pursuant to NRS 385.3595;

(2) Disparities in the academic achievement and proficiency of pupils enrolled in the charter school; and

(3) If the charter school enrolls pupils at the high school grade level, the rate of graduation of those pupils and the preparation of those pupils for success in postsecondary educational institutions and in career and workforce readiness.
(b) The category of finances addresses the financial condition and sustainability of the charter school.

(c) The category of organization addresses:
   (1) The percentage of pupils who reenroll in the charter school from year-to-year;
   (2) The rate of attendance of pupils enrolled in the charter school; and
   (3) The performance of the governing body of the charter school, including, without limitation, compliance with the terms and conditions of the charter contract and the applicable statutes and regulations.

2. In addition to the requirements for the performance framework set forth in subsection 1, the sponsor of the charter school may, upon request of the governing body of the charter school, include additional rigorous, valid and reliable performance indicators, measures and metrics in the performance framework that are specific to the mission of the charter school and that are consistent with NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act.

3. The governing body of a charter school shall, in consultation with the sponsor of the charter school, establish annual performance goals to ensure that the charter school is meeting the performance indicators, measures and metrics set forth in the performance framework in the charter contract.

4. If an application for renewal of a charter contract is approved, the sponsor of the charter school may review and, if necessary, revise the performance framework. Such a revised performance framework must be incorporated into the renewed charter contract.

5. The sponsor of a charter school shall ensure the collection, analysis and reporting of all data from the results of pupils enrolled in the charter school on statewide examinations to determine whether the charter school is meeting the performance indicators, measures and metrics for the achievement and proficiency of pupils as set forth in the performance framework for the charter school in a manner that complies with all applicable federal and state laws.

6. The sponsor of the charter school may aggregate data reported by the State and collected by the sponsor concerning pupil achievement and school performance at separate facilities operated by the same governing body or charter management organization and across all grades served by the charter school for the purpose of evaluating and reporting pupil achievement and school performance. Such an aggregation of data may include, without limitation, a weighted average of data concerning pupil achievement and school performance of each elementary school, junior high school, middle school or high school program operated by the charter school. The sponsor may also disaggregate such data by facility and by grade level or group of grade levels to provide greater transparency and accountability. The sponsor may also adopt policies for determining pupil achievement and school performance at a charter school.
7. The State Board may adopt regulations to place requirements on the manner in which data is reported by the sponsor, including, without limitation, the manner in which data must be aggregated or disaggregated in any report.

Sec. 26. NRS 386.530 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.530 1. On or before June 30 immediately preceding the final school year in which a charter school is authorized to operate pursuant to its charter contract, the sponsor of the charter school shall submit to the governing body of the charter school a written report summarizing the performance of the charter school and each facility that constitutes the charter school during the term of the charter contract, including, without limitation:

(a) A summary of the performance of the charter school based upon the terms of the charter contract and the requirements of NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act;

(b) An identification of any deficiencies relating to the performance of the charter school which the sponsor has determined may result in nonrenewal of the charter contract if the deficiencies remain uncorrected;

(c) Requirements for the application for renewal of the charter contract submitted to the sponsor pursuant to subsection 3; and

(d) The criteria that the sponsor will apply in making a determination on the application for renewal based upon the performance framework for the charter school and the requirements of NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act. Such criteria must include, without limitation, the performance indicators, measures and metrics included in the performance framework.

2. The governing body of a charter school may submit a written response to the sponsor of the charter school concerning the performance report prepared by the sponsor pursuant to subsection 1, which may include any revisions or clarifications that the governing body seeks to make to the report.

3. If a charter school seeks to renew its charter contract, the governing body of the charter school shall submit an application for renewal to the sponsor of the charter school on or before October 15 of the final school year in which the charter school is authorized to operate pursuant to its charter contract. The application for renewal must include, without limitation:

(a) The requirements for the application identified by the sponsor in the performance report prepared by the sponsor pursuant to subsection 1;

(b) A description of the academic, financial and organizational vision and plans for the charter school for the next charter term;

(c) Any information or data that the governing body of the charter school determines supports the renewal of the charter contract in addition to the information contained in the performance report prepared by the sponsor pursuant to subsection 1 and any response submitted by the governing body pursuant to subsection 2; and
(d) A description of any improvements to the charter school already undertaken or planned.

4. The sponsor of a charter school shall consider the application for renewal of the charter contract at a meeting held in accordance with chapter 241 of NRS. The sponsor shall provide written notice to the governing body of the charter school concerning its determination on the application for renewal of the charter contract not more than 60 days after receipt of the application for renewal from the governing body. The determination of the sponsor must be based upon:

(a) The criteria of the sponsor for the renewal of charter contracts; and

(b) Evidence of the performance of the charter school during the term of the charter contract in accordance with the performance framework for the charter school.

5. The sponsor of the charter school shall:

(a) Make available to the governing body of the charter school the data used in making the renewal decision; and

(b) Post a report on the Internet website of the sponsor summarizing the decision of the sponsor on the application for renewal and the basis for its decision.

6. A charter contract may be renewed for a term of 6 years.

Sec. 27. NRS 386.535 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.535 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 386.5351:

1. The sponsor of a charter school may reconstitute the governing body of a charter school, revoke a written charter or terminate a charter contract before the expiration of the charter if the sponsor determines that:

(a) The charter school, its officers or its employees:

(1) Committed a material breach of the terms and conditions of the written charter or charter contract;

(2) Failed to comply with generally accepted standards of fiscal management;

(3) Failed to comply with the provisions of NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act, or any other statute or regulation applicable to charter schools; or

(4) If the charter school holds a charter contract, has persistently underperformed, as measured by the performance indicators, measures and metrics set forth in the performance framework for the charter school;

(b) The charter school has filed for a voluntary petition of bankruptcy, is adjudicated bankrupt or insolvent, or is otherwise financially impaired such that the charter school cannot continue to operate;

(c) There is reasonable cause to believe that reconstitution, revocation or termination is necessary to protect the health and safety of the pupils who are enrolled in the charter school or persons who are employed by the charter school from jeopardy, or to prevent damage to or loss of the property of the school district or the community in which the charter school is located.
(d) The sponsor determines that the committee to form the charter school or charter management organization, as applicable, or any member of the committee to form the charter school or charter management organization, as applicable, or the governing body of the charter school has at any time made a material misrepresentation or omission concerning any information disclosed to the sponsor;

(e) The charter school is a high school that has a graduation rate for the immediately preceding school year that is less than 60 percent;

(f) The charter school is an elementary or middle school or junior high school that is rated in the lowest 5 percent of elementary schools, middle schools or junior high schools in the State in pupil achievement and school performance, as determined by the Department pursuant to the statewide system of accountability for public schools; or

(g) Pupil achievement and school performance at the charter school is unsatisfactory as determined by the Department pursuant to criteria prescribed by regulation by the Department to measure the performance of any public school.

2. Before the sponsor reconstitutes a governing body, revokes a written charter or terminates a charter contract, the sponsor shall provide written notice of its intention to the governing body of the charter school. The written notice must:

(a) Include a statement of the deficiencies or reasons upon which the action of the sponsor is based;

(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, prescribe a period, not less than 30 days, during which the charter school may correct the deficiencies, including, without limitation, the date on which the period to correct the deficiencies begins and the date on which that period ends;

(c) Prescribe the date on which the sponsor will make a determination regarding whether the charter school has corrected the deficiencies, which determination may be made during the public hearing held pursuant to subsection 3; and

(d) Prescribe the date on which the sponsor will hold a public hearing to consider whether to reconstitute the governing body, revoke the written charter or terminate the charter contract.

3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, not more than 90 days after the notice is provided pursuant to subsection 2, the sponsor shall hold a public hearing to make a determination regarding whether to reconstitute the governing body, revoke the written charter or terminate the charter contract. If the charter school corrects the deficiencies to the satisfaction of the sponsor within the time prescribed in paragraph (b) of subsection 2, the sponsor shall not reconstitute the governing body, revoke the written charter or terminate the charter contract of the charter school. The sponsor may not include in a written notice pursuant to subsection 2 any deficiency which was included in a previous written notice and which was corrected by the charter school, unless the deficiency recurred after being corrected [or the sponsor]
determines that the deficiency is evidence of an ongoing pattern of deficiencies in a particular area.

4. The sponsor of a charter school and the governing body of the charter school may enter into a written agreement that specifies different time periods than those set forth in subsections 2 and 3.

5. If the governing body of a charter school is reconstituted, the written charter is revoked or the charter contract is terminated, the sponsor of the charter school shall submit a written report to the Department and the governing body of the charter school setting forth the reasons for the reconstitution or termination, as applicable, not later than 10 days after reconstituting the governing body, revoking the written charter or terminating the charter contract.

Sec. 28. NRS 386.5351 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.5351 1. The sponsor of a charter school shall reconstitute the governing body of a charter school, revoke the written charter or terminate the charter contract of the charter school if the charter school receives three consecutive annual ratings established as the lowest rating possible indicating underperformance of a public school, as determined by the Department pursuant to the statewide system of accountability for public schools.

2. A charter school’s annual rating pursuant to the statewide system of accountability based upon the performance of the charter school for any school year before the 2013-2014 school year must not be included in the count of consecutive annual ratings for the purposes of [this subsection,][2] subsection 1, unless the sponsor determines that the governing body lacks the capacity to improve pupil achievement and school performance.

3. The Superintendent of Public Instruction may exempt a charter school from the provisions of subsection 1 if the Superintendent determines that there has been a significant change to the statewide system of accountability that justifies such an exemption. In such cases, the years before and after the exemption is awarded shall be deemed to be consecutive years for the purposes of subsection 1.

4. If a governing body is reconstituted, a written charter is revoked or a charter contract is terminated pursuant to subsection 1, the sponsor of the charter school shall submit a written report to the Department and the governing body of the charter school setting forth the reasons for the reconstitution, revocation or termination not later than 10 days after reconstituting the governing body, revoking the written charter or terminating the charter contract.

5. The provisions of NRS 386.535 do not apply to the reconstitution of a governing body, the revocation of a written charter or termination of a charter contract pursuant to this section.

Sec. 29. NRS 386.5351 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.5351 1. The sponsor of a charter school shall terminate the charter contract of the charter school if the charter school receives three consecutive annual ratings established as the lowest rating possible indicating
underperformance of a public school, as determined by the Department pursuant to the statewide system of accountability for public schools.

2. A charter school's annual rating pursuant to the statewide system of accountability based upon the performance of the charter school for any school year before the 2013-2014 school year must not be included in the count of consecutive annual ratings for the purposes of subsection 1, unless the sponsor determines that the governing body lacks the capacity to improve pupil achievement and school performance.

3. The Superintendent of Public Instruction may exempt a charter school from the provisions of subsection 1 if the Superintendent determines that there has been a significant change to the statewide system of accountability that justifies such an exemption. In such cases, the years before and after the exemption is awarded shall be deemed to be consecutive years for the purposes of subsection 1.

4. If a governing body is reconstituted or a charter contract is terminated pursuant to subsection 1, the sponsor of the charter school shall submit a written report to the Department and the governing body of the charter school setting forth the reasons for the reconstitution or termination not later than 10 days after reconstituting the governing body or terminating the charter contract.

5. The provisions of NRS 386.535 do not apply to the termination of a charter contract pursuant to this section.

Sec. 30. NRS 386.536 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.536 1. If a charter school ceases to operate voluntarily, if a charter contract is not renewed or if a written charter is revoked or if a charter contract is terminated and the sponsor does not recruit a governing body of another charter school to replace the charter school whose written charter is revoked or whose charter contract is terminated pursuant to section 6 of this act, as applicable, the governing body of the charter school shall:

(a) Give written notice of the closure to:

(1) The sponsor of the charter school, unless the closure results from the revocation of the written charter or the non-renewal or termination of a charter contract, as applicable;

(2) The Director of the Department of Business and Industry;

(3) The board of trustees of the school district in which the charter school is located, unless the board of trustees is the sponsor of the charter school and the closure results from the revocation of the written charter or the non-renewal or termination of a charter contract, as applicable;

(4) The Department;

(5) The parents or legal guardians of the pupils enrolled in the charter school; and

(6) The creditors of the charter school;
(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsections 4 and 5, appoint an administrator of the charter school, subject to the approval of the sponsor of the charter school, to act as a trustee during the process of the closure of the charter school and for 1 year after the date of closure;

(c) As soon as practicable, develop and present to the sponsor of the charter school a written plan for the closure of the charter school;

(d) Maintain an office at the charter school or elsewhere, with regular hours of operation and voice messaging stating the hours of operation;

(e) Maintain existing insurance coverage in force for the period required by the sponsor of the charter school;

(f) Conduct a financial audit and an inventory of all the assets of the charter school and cause a written report of the audit and inventory to be prepared for the sponsor of the charter school and the Department;

(g) Prepare a written list of the creditors of the charter school, identifying secured creditors and the assets in which those creditors have a security interest;

(h) Supply any information or documents required by the sponsor of the charter school; and

(i) Protect all the assets of the charter school from theft, misappropriation, deterioration or other loss.

2. The notice of the closure required by subsection 1 must include:

(a) The date of closure;

(b) A statement of the plan of the charter school to assist pupils to identify and transfer to another school; and

(c) The telephone number, mailing address and physical address of the office required by subsection 1.

3. The administrator appointed pursuant to subsection 1 shall carry out the duties prescribed for the governing body of the charter school by paragraphs (c) to (i), inclusive, of subsection 1 if the governing body ceases to exists or is otherwise unable to perform those duties and shall assume the responsibility for the records of the:

(a) Charter school;

(b) Employees of the charter school; and

(c) Pupils enrolled in the charter school.

4. If an administrator for the charter school is no longer available to carry out the duties set forth in subsection 3, the governing body of the charter school shall appoint a qualified person to assume those duties.

5. If the governing body of the charter school ceases to exist or is otherwise unable to appoint an administrator pursuant to subsection 1 or a qualified person pursuant to subsection 4, the sponsor of the charter school shall appoint an administrator or a qualified person to carry out the duties set forth in subsection 3.

6. In addition to performing the duties set forth in subsection 3, the administrator appointed by the governing body of the charter school or the
sponsor, or the qualified person appointed to carry out the duties of the administrator, shall:

(a) Cause to be paid and discharged all the liabilities and obligations of the charter school to the extent of the charter school’s assets;

(b) Terminate any lease, service agreement or any other contract of the charter school that is not necessary to complete the closure of the charter school;

(c) Supply any information or documents required by the sponsor of the charter school; and

(d) After the financial affairs of the charter school have been wound up and the closure of the charter school has otherwise been completed, cause a financial audit to be prepared and cause a written report of the audit to be prepared for the sponsor of the charter school and the Department.

7. The governing body of the charter school or the sponsor of the charter school may, to the extent practicable, provide financial compensation to the administrator or person appointed to carry out the provisions of this section. If the sponsor of the charter school provides such financial compensation, the sponsor is entitled to receive reimbursement from the charter school for the costs incurred by the sponsor in providing the financial compensation. Such reimbursement must not exceed costs incurred for a period longer than 6 months.

Sec. 31. NRS 386.536 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.536 1. If a charter school ceases to operate voluntarily, if a charter contract is not renewed or if a charter contract is terminated and the sponsor does not recruit a governing body of another charter school to operate another campus of the other charter school to replace the charter school whose written charter is revoked or whose charter contract is terminated pursuant to section 6 of this act, as applicable, the governing body of the charter school shall:

(a) Give written notice of the closure to:

(1) The sponsor of the charter school, unless the closure results from the non-renewal or termination of a charter contract;

(2) The Director of the Department of Business and Industry;

(3) The board of trustees of the school district in which the charter school is located, unless the board of trustees is the sponsor of the charter school and the closure results from the non-renewal or termination of a charter contract;

(4) The Department;

(5) The parents or legal guardians of the pupils enrolled in the charter school; and

(6) The creditors of the charter school;

(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsections 4 and 5, appoint an administrator of the charter school, subject to the approval of the sponsor of the charter school, to act as a trustee during the process of the closure of the charter school and for 1 year after the date of closure;
(c) As soon as practicable, develop and present to the sponsor of the charter school a written plan for the closure of the charter school;
(d) Maintain an office at the charter school or elsewhere, with regular hours of operation and voice messaging stating the hours of operation;
(e) Maintain existing insurance coverage in force for the period required by the sponsor of the charter school;
(f) Conduct a financial audit and an inventory of all the assets of the charter school and cause a written report of the audit and inventory to be prepared for the sponsor of the charter school and the Department;
(g) Prepare a written list of the creditors of the charter school, identifying secured creditors and the assets in which those creditors have a security interest;
(h) Supply any information or documents required by the sponsor of the charter school; and
(i) Protect all the assets of the charter school from theft, misappropriation, deterioration or other loss.
2. The notice of the closure required by subsection 1 must include:
(a) The date of closure;
(b) A statement of the plan of the charter school to assist pupils to identify and transfer to another school; and
(c) The telephone number, mailing address and physical address of the office required by subsection 1.
3. The administrator appointed pursuant to subsection 1 shall carry out the duties prescribed for the governing body of the charter school by paragraphs (c) to (i), inclusive, of subsection 1 if the governing body ceases to exist or is otherwise unable to perform those duties and shall assume the responsibility for the records of the:
(a) Charter school;
(b) Employees of the charter school; and
(c) Pupils enrolled in the charter school.
4. If an administrator for the charter school is no longer available to carry out the duties set forth in subsection 3, the governing body of the charter school shall appoint a qualified person to assume those duties.
5. If the governing body of the charter school ceases to exist or is otherwise unable to appoint an administrator pursuant to subsection 1 or a qualified person pursuant to subsection 4, the sponsor of the charter school shall appoint an administrator or a qualified person to carry out the duties set forth in subsection 3.
6. In addition to performing the duties set forth in subsection 3, the administrator appointed by the governing body of the charter school or the sponsor, or the qualified person appointed to carry out the duties of the administrator, shall:
(a) Cause to be paid and discharged all the liabilities and obligations of the charter school to the extent of the charter school’s assets;
(b) Terminate any lease, service agreement or any other contract of the charter school that is not necessary to complete the closure of the charter school;

(c) Supply any information or documents required by the sponsor of the charter school; and

(d) After the financial affairs of the charter school have been wound up and the closure of the charter school has otherwise been completed, cause a financial audit to be prepared and cause a written report of the audit to be prepared for the sponsor of the charter school and the Department.

7. The governing body of the charter school or the sponsor of the charter school may, to the extent practicable, provide financial compensation to the administrator or person appointed to carry out the provisions of this section. If the sponsor of the charter school provides such financial compensation, the sponsor is entitled to receive reimbursement from the charter school for the costs incurred by the sponsor in providing the financial compensation. Such reimbursement must not exceed costs incurred for a period longer than 6 months.

Sec. 32. NRS 386.540 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.540 1. The Department shall adopt regulations that prescribe:

(a) The process for submission of an application pursuant to NRS 386.515 by the board of trustees of a school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education to the Department for authorization to sponsor charter schools, the contents of the application, the process for the Department to review the application and the timeline for review;

(b) The process for the Department to conduct a comprehensive review of the sponsors of charter schools that it has approved for sponsorship pursuant to NRS 386.515 at least once every 3 years;

(c) The process for the Department to determine whether to continue or to revoke the authorization of a board of trustees of a school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education to sponsor charter schools;

(d) The process for submission of an application to form a charter school to the board of trustees of a school district [the State Public Charter School Authority] and a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, and the contents of the application;

(e) The process for submission of an application to renew a charter contract [to the board of trustees of a school district and a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, and the contents of the application];

(f) The criteria and type of investigation that must be applied by the board of trustees [the State Public Charter School Authority] and a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education in determining whether to approve an application to form a charter school, an application to renew a charter contract or a request for an amendment of a written charter or a charter contract; [and]
(g) The process for submission of an amendment of a written charter or a charter contract to the board of trustees of a school district and a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education pursuant to NRS 386.527 and the contents of the application; and

(h) In consultation with the State Public Charter School Authority, other sponsors of charter schools, governing bodies of charter schools and persons who may be affected:

(1) Requirements for the annual independent audits of charter schools, including, without limitation, required training for prospective auditors on the expectations and scope of the audits; and

(2) Ethics requirements for the governing bodies of charter schools.

2. The Department may adopt regulations as it determines are necessary to carry out the provisions of NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act, including, without limitation, regulations that prescribe the:

(a) Procedures for accounting and budgeting;

(b) Requirements for performance audits and financial audits of charter schools on an annual basis for charter schools that do not satisfy the requirements of subsection 1 of NRS 386.5515; and

(c) Requirements for performance audits every 3 years and financial audits on an annual basis for charter schools that satisfy the requirements of subsection 1 of NRS 386.5515; and

(d) Qualifications, in addition to those prescribed pursuant to NRS 386.520, of a charter management organization or committee to form a charter school that is authorized to file an application to form a charter school.

3. The State Public Charter School Authority shall adopt regulations that prescribe:

(a) The process for submission to the State Public Charter School Authority of an application to form a charter school, and the contents of such an application;

(b) The process for submission to the State Public Charter School Authority of an application to renew a charter contract, and the contents of such an application;

(c) The process for submission to the State Public Charter School Authority of an amendment to a written charter or charter contract pursuant to NRS 386.527 and the contents of the application; and

(d) The procedure for the investigation that the State Public Charter School Authority will conduct of an application to form a charter school, an application to renew a charter contract or an application to request an amendment of a written charter or charter contract, and the criteria that the State Public Charter School Authority will use to evaluate such applications.

Sec. 33. NRS 386.540 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.540  1. The Department shall adopt regulations that prescribe:
(a) The process for submission of an application pursuant to NRS 386.515 by the board of trustees of a school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education to the Department for authorization to sponsor charter schools, the contents of the application, the process for the Department to review the application and the timeline for review;

(b) The process for the Department to conduct a comprehensive review of the sponsors of charter schools that it has approved for sponsorship pursuant to NRS 386.515 at least once every 3 years;

(c) The process for the Department to determine whether to continue or to revoke the authorization of a board of trustees of a school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education to sponsor charter schools;

(d) The process for submission of an application to form a charter school to the board of trustees of a school district [the State Public Charter School Authority] and a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, and the contents of the application;

(e) The process for submission of an application to renew a charter contract [;] to the board of trustees of a school district and a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, and the contents of the application;

(f) The criteria and type of investigation that must be applied by the board of trustees [the State Public Charter School Authority] and a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education in determining whether to approve an application to form a charter school, an application to renew a charter contract or a request for an amendment of a charter contract; [and]

(g) The process for submission of an amendment of a charter contract to the board of trustees of a school district and a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education pursuant to NRS 386.527 and the contents of the application [;] and

(h) In consultation with the State Public Charter School Authority, other sponsors of charter schools, governing bodies of charter schools and persons who may be affected:

   (1) Requirements for the annual independent audits of charter schools, including, without limitation, required training for prospective auditors on the expectations and scope of the audits; and

   (2) Ethics requirements for the governing bodies of charter schools.

2. The Department may adopt regulations as it determines are necessary to carry out the provisions of NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive, and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act, including, without limitation, regulations that prescribe the:

(a) Procedures for accounting and budgeting;

(b) Requirements for performance audits and financial audits of charter schools on an annual basis for charter schools that do not satisfy the requirements of subsection 1 of NRS 386.5515; [and]
(c) Requirements for performance audits every 3 years and financial audits on an annual basis for charter schools that satisfy the requirements of subsection 1 of NRS 386.5515: and
(d) Qualifications, in addition to those prescribed pursuant to NRS 386.520, of a charter management organization or committee to form a charter school that is authorized to file an application to form a charter school.

3. The State Public Charter School Authority shall adopt regulations that prescribe:
(a) The process for submission to the State Public Charter School Authority of an application to form a charter school, and the contents of such an application;
(b) The process for submission to the State Public Charter School Authority of an application to renew a charter contract, and the contents of such an application;
(c) The process for submission to the State Public Charter School Authority of an amendment to a charter contract pursuant to NRS 386.527 and the contents of the application; and
(d) The procedure for the investigation that the State Public Charter School Authority will conduct of an application to form a charter school, an application to renew a charter contract or an application to request an amendment of a charter contract, and the criteria that the State Public Charter School Authority will use to evaluate such applications.

Sec. 34. NRS 386.545 is hereby amended to read as follows:
386.545  1. The Department and the board of trustees of a school district shall:
   (a) Upon request, provide information to the general public concerning the formation and operation of charter schools; and
   (b) Maintain a list available for public inspection that describes the location of each charter school.

2. The sponsor of a charter school shall:
   (a) Provide reasonable assistance to an applicant for a charter school and to a charter school in carrying out the provisions of NRS 386.490 to 386.649, inclusive; and sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act;
   (b) Provide technical and other reasonable assistance to a charter school for the operation of the charter school;
   (c) Provide information to the governing body of a charter school concerning the availability of money for the charter school, including, without limitation, money available from the Federal Government;
   (d) Provide timely access to the electronic data concerning the pupils enrolled in the charter school that is maintained pursuant to NRS 386.650; and
   (e) Provide appropriate information, education and training to a charter school and the governing body of a charter school concerning the applicable
provisions of this title and any other laws and regulations that affect charter schools and the governing bodies of charter schools.

3. If the board of trustees of a school district is the sponsor of a charter school, the sponsor shall:
   (a) Provide the charter school with an updated list of available substitute teachers within the school district.
   (b) Provide access to school buses for use by the charter school for field trips. The school district may charge a reasonable fee for the use of the school buses, which must not be greater than the amount that the board of trustees is authorized to charge the charter school for services pursuant to NRS 386.560.
   (c) If the school district offers summer school or Internet-based credit recovery classes, allow the pupils enrolled in the charter school to participate if space is available. The school district shall apply the same fees, if any, for participation of the pupils enrolled in the charter school as it applies to pupils enrolled in the school district.

4. If the Department prescribes a process for charter schools to report certain information, the Department may request the identified information regardless if that information is required to be submitted by charter schools pursuant to a specific statute. Upon such a request, a charter school shall provide the information if the Department includes a detailed description of the requested information and the mechanism by which the Department will pay or reimburse the charter school for the requested information, if the provision of the information will incur any costs for the charter school.

Sec. 35. NRS 386.547 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.547 The State Public Charter School Authority shall:

1. Before March 1 of each even-numbered year:
   (a) Review all statutes and regulations from which charter schools are exempt and determine whether such statutes and regulations assisted or impeded the charter schools in achieving their academic, fiscal and organizational goals and objectives;
   (b) Make recommendations to the Legislative Committee on Education concerning any legislation that would assist charter schools in achieving their academic, fiscal and organizational goals; and
   (c) Make recommendations to the State Board and the Department concerning any changes to regulations that would assist charter schools in achieving their academic, fiscal and organizational goals.

2. Make available information concerning the formation and operation of charter schools in this State and the academic, fiscal and organizational performance of each charter school in this State to pupils, parents and legal guardians of pupils, teachers and other educational personnel and members of the general public. The State Public Charter School Authority shall update such information annually.

Sec. 36. NRS 386.549 is hereby amended to read as follows:
386.549 1. Unless a waiver is granted pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 386.520, the governing body of a charter school must consist of:
(a) One member who is a teacher or other person licensed pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS or who previously held such a license and is retired, as long as his or her license was held in good standing.
(b) One member who:
   (1) Satisfies the qualifications of paragraph (a); or
   (2) Is a school administrator with a license issued by another state or who previously held such a license and is retired, as long as his or her license was held in good standing.
(c) One parent or legal guardian of a pupil enrolled in the charter school who is not a teacher or an administrator at the charter school.
(d) Two members who possess knowledge and experience in one or more of the following areas:
   (1) Accounting;
   (2) Financial services;
   (3) Law; or
   (4) Human resources.

2. In addition to the members who serve pursuant to subsection 1, the governing body of a charter school may include, without limitation, parents and representatives of nonprofit organizations and businesses. Unless a waiver is granted pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 386.520, not more than two persons who serve on the governing body may represent the same organization or business or otherwise represent the interests of the same organization or business. A majority of the members of the governing body must reside in this State. If the membership of the governing body changes, the governing body shall provide written notice to the sponsor of the charter school within 10 working days after such change.

3. A person may serve on the governing body only if the person submits an affidavit to the sponsor of the charter school indicating that the person:
(a) Has not been convicted of a felony relating to serving on the governing body of a charter school or any offense involving moral turpitude.
(b) Has received training or read and understands material concerning the roles and responsibilities of members of governing bodies of charter schools and other training and material designed to assist the governing bodies of charter schools, if such training and material is provided to the person by the sponsor or an application to form a charter school or amend a written charter or charter contract provided that the member would receive such training or read and understand such material.
(c) Complies with the requirements of section 7 of this act.

4. The governing body of a charter school is a public body. It is hereby given such reasonable and necessary powers, not conflicting with the Constitution and the laws of the State of Nevada, as may be requisite to attain the ends for which the charter school is established and to promote the welfare of pupils who are enrolled in the charter school.
5. The governing body of a charter school shall, during each calendar quarter, hold at least one regularly scheduled public meeting in the county in which a facility operated by the charter school where pupils receive instruction is located. Upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the membership of the governing body, each member is entitled to receive a salary of not more than $80 for attendance at each meeting, as fixed by the governing body, not to exceed payment for more than one meeting per month.

6. As used in subsection 1, “teacher” means a person who:
   (a) Holds a current license to teach issued pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS or who previously held such a license and is retired, as long as his or her license was held in good standing; and
   (b) Has at least 2 years of experience as an employed teacher.

The term does not include a person who is employed as a substitute teacher.

Sec. 37. NRS 386.549 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.549 1. Unless a waiver is granted pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 386.520, the governing body of a charter school must consist of:
   (a) One member who is a teacher or other person licensed pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS or who previously held such a license and is retired, as long as his or her license was held in good standing.
   (b) One member who:
      (1) Satisfies the qualifications of paragraph (a); or
      (2) Is a school administrator with a license issued by another state or who previously held such a license and is retired, as long as his or her license was held in good standing.
   (c) One parent or legal guardian of a pupil enrolled in the charter school who is not a teacher or an administrator at the charter school.
   (d) Two members who possess knowledge and experience in one or more of the following areas:
      (1) Accounting;
      (2) Financial services;
      (3) Law;
      (4) Human resources.

2. In addition to the members who serve pursuant to subsection 1, the governing body of a charter school may include, without limitation, parents and representatives of nonprofit organizations and businesses. Unless a waiver is granted pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 386.520, not more than two persons who serve on the governing body may represent the same organization or business or otherwise represent the interests of the same organization or business. A majority of the members of the governing body must reside in this State. If the membership of the governing body changes, the governing body shall provide written notice to the sponsor of the charter school within 10 working days after such change.
3. A person may serve on the governing body only if the person submits an affidavit to the sponsor of the charter school indicating that the person:
   (a) Has not been convicted of a felony relating to serving on the governing body of a charter school or any offense involving moral turpitude.
   (b) Has received training or read and understands material concerning the roles and responsibilities of members of governing bodies of charter schools and other training and material designed to assist the governing bodies of charter schools, if such training and material is provided to the person by the sponsor or an application to form a charter school or amend a written charter or charter contract provided that the member would receive such training or read and understand such material.
   (c) Complies with the requirements of section 7 of this act.

4. The governing body of a charter school is a public body. It is hereby given such reasonable and necessary powers, not conflicting with the Constitution and the laws of the State of Nevada, as may be requisite to attain the ends for which the charter school is established and to promote the welfare of pupils who are enrolled in the charter school.

5. The governing body of a charter school shall, during each calendar quarter, hold at least one regularly scheduled public meeting in the county in which a facility operated by the charter school where pupils receive instruction is located. Upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the membership of the governing body, each member is entitled to receive a salary of not more than $80 for attendance at each meeting, as fixed by the governing body, not to exceed payment for more than one meeting per month.

6. As used in subsection 1, “teacher” means a person who:
   (a) Holds a current license to teach issued pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS or who previously held such a license and is retired, as long as his or her license was held in good standing; and
   (b) Has at least 2 years of experience as an employed teacher.

Sec. 38. NRS 386.550 is hereby amended to read as follows:
386.550  1. A charter school shall:
   (a) Comply with all laws and regulations relating to discrimination and civil rights.
   (b) Remain nonsectarian, including, without limitation, in its educational programs, policies for admission and employment practices.
   (c) Refrain from charging tuition or fees, except for tuition or fees that the board of trustees of a school district is authorized to charge, levying taxes or issuing bonds.
   (d) Comply with any plan for desegregation ordered by a court that is in effect in the school district in which the charter school is located.
   (e) Comply with the provisions of chapter 241 of NRS.
(f) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, schedule and provide annually at least as many days of instruction as are required of other public schools located in the same school district as the charter school is located. The governing body of a charter school may submit a written request to the Superintendent of Public Instruction for a waiver from providing the days of instruction required by this paragraph. The Superintendent of Public Instruction may grant such a request if the governing body demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Superintendent that:

(1) Extenuating circumstances exist to justify the waiver; and

(2) The charter school will provide at least as many hours or minutes of instruction as would be provided under a program consisting of 180 days.

(g) Cooperate with the board of trustees of the school district in the administration of the examinations administered pursuant to NRS 389.550 and, if the charter school enrolls pupils at a high school grade level, the end-of-course examinations administered pursuant to NRS 389.805 and the college and career readiness assessment administered pursuant to NRS 389.807 to the pupils who are enrolled in the charter school.

(h) Comply with applicable statutes and regulations governing the achievement and proficiency of pupils in this State.

(i) Provide instruction in the core academic subjects set forth in subsection 1 of NRS 389.018, as applicable for the grade levels of pupils who are enrolled in the charter school, and provide at least the courses of study that are required of pupils by statute or regulation for promotion to the next grade or graduation from a public high school and require the pupils who are enrolled in the charter school to take those courses of study. This paragraph does not preclude a charter school from offering, or requiring the pupils who are enrolled in the charter school to take, other courses of study that are required by statute or regulation.

(j) If the parent or legal guardian of a child submits an application to enroll in kindergarten, first grade or second grade at the charter school, comply with NRS 392.040 regarding the ages for enrollment in those grades.

(k) Refrain from using public money to purchase real property or buildings without the approval of the sponsor.

(l) Hold harmless, indemnify and defend the sponsor of the charter school against any claim or liability arising from an act or omission by the governing body of the charter school or an employee or officer of the charter school. An action at law may not be maintained against the sponsor of a charter school for any cause of action for which the charter school has obtained liability insurance.

(m) Provide written notice to the parents or legal guardians of pupils in grades 9 to 12, inclusive, who are enrolled in the charter school of whether the charter school is accredited by the Commission on Schools of the Northwest Association of Schools and of Colleges and Universities.

(n) Adopt a final budget in accordance with the regulations adopted by the Department. A charter school is not required to adopt a final budget pursuant
to NRS 354.598 or otherwise comply with the provisions of chapter 354 of NRS.

(o) If the charter school provides a program of distance education pursuant to NRS 388.820 to 388.874, inclusive, comply with all statutes and regulations that are applicable to a program of distance education for purposes of the operation of the program.

2. A charter school shall not provide instruction through a program of distance education to children who are exempt from compulsory attendance authorized by the State Board pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 392.070. As used in this subsection, “distance education” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388.826.

Sec. 39. NRS 386.560 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.560 1. The governing body of a charter school may contract with the board of trustees of the school district in which the charter school is located or in which a pupil enrolled in the charter school resides or with the Nevada System of Higher Education for the provision of facilities to operate the charter school or to perform any service relating to the operation of the charter school, including, without limitation, transportation, the provision of health services for the pupils who are enrolled in the charter school and the provision of school police officers. If the board of trustees of a school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education is the sponsor of the charter school, the governing body and the sponsor must enter into a service agreement pursuant to NRS 386.561 before the provision of such services. If the board of trustees of a school district provides services to a charter school pursuant to this section, it shall not charge more than its cost for providing such services determined on a cost per pupil basis.

2. A charter school may use any public facility located within the school district in which the charter school is located. A charter school may use school buildings owned by the school district only upon approval of the board of trustees of the school district and during times that are not regular school hours.

3. The board of trustees of a school district may donate surplus personal property of the school district to a charter school that is located within the school district.

4. A charter school may:

(a) Acquire by construction, purchase, devise, gift, exchange or lease, or any combination of those methods, and construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, equip and furnish any building, structure or property to be used for any of its educational purposes and the related appurtenances, easements, rights-of-way, improvements, paving, utilities, landscaping, parking facilities and lands;

(b) Mortgage, pledge or otherwise encumber all or any part of its property or assets;

(c) Borrow money and otherwise incur indebtedness; and
(d) Use public money to purchase real property or buildings with the approval of the sponsor.

5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, upon the request of a parent or legal guardian of a pupil who is enrolled in a charter school, the board of trustees of the school district in which the pupil resides shall authorize the pupil to participate in a class that is not available to the pupil at the charter school or participate in an extracurricular activity, excluding sports, at a public school within the school district if:
   (a) Space for the pupil in the class or extracurricular activity is available; and
   (b) The parent or legal guardian demonstrates to the satisfaction of the board of trustees that the pupil is qualified to participate in the class or extracurricular activity.

If the board of trustees of a school district authorizes a pupil to participate in a class or extracurricular activity, excluding sports, pursuant to this subsection, the board of trustees is not required to provide transportation for the pupil to attend the class or activity. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to a pupil who is enrolled in a charter school and who desires to participate on a part-time basis in a program of distance education provided by the board of trustees of a school district pursuant to NRS 388.820 to 388.874, inclusive. Such a pupil must comply with NRS 388.858.

6. Upon the request of a parent or legal guardian of a pupil who is enrolled in a charter school, the board of trustees of the school district in which the pupil resides shall authorize the pupil to participate in sports at the public school that he or she would otherwise be required to attend within the school district, or upon approval of the board of trustees, any public school within the same zone of attendance as the charter school if:
   (a) Space is available for the pupil to participate; and
   (b) The parent or legal guardian demonstrates to the satisfaction of the board of trustees that the pupil is qualified to participate.

If the board of trustees of a school district authorizes a pupil to participate in sports pursuant to this subsection, the board of trustees is not required to provide transportation for the pupil to participate unless there is space available on the transportation provided by the board of trustees and the parent of the pupil or the charter school makes arrangements for the pupil to be at a designated place to be picked up at a designated time.

7. The board of trustees of a school district may revoke its approval for a pupil to participate in a class, extracurricular activity or sports at a public school pursuant to subsections 5 and 6 if the board of trustees or the public school determines that the pupil has failed to comply with applicable statutes, or applicable rules and regulations of the board of trustees, the public school or the Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association. If the board of trustees so revokes its approval, neither the board of trustees nor the public school is liable for any damages relating to the denial of services to the pupil.

Sec. 40. NRS 386.562 is hereby amended to read as follows:
386.562 1. A contract or a proposed contract between a charter school or a proposed charter school and a contractor or an educational management organization must not:

(a) Give to the contractor or educational management organization direct control of educational services, financial decisions, the appointment of members of the governing body, or the hiring and dismissal of an administrator or financial officer of the charter school or proposed charter school;

(b) Authorize the payment of loans, advances or other monetary charges from the contractor or educational management organization which are greater than 15 percent of the total expected funding received by the charter school or proposed charter school from the State Distributive School Account;

(c) Require the charter school or proposed charter school to prepay any fees to the contractor or educational management organization;

(d) Require the charter school or proposed charter school to pay the contractor or educational management organization before the payment of other obligations of the charter school or proposed charter school during a period of financial distress;

(e) Allow a contractor or educational management organization to cause a delay in the repayment of a loan or other money advanced by the contractor or educational management organization to the charter school or proposed charter school, which delay would increase the cost to the charter school or proposed charter school of repaying the loan or advance;

(f) Require the charter school or proposed charter school to enroll a minimum number of pupils for the continuation of the contract between the charter school or proposed charter school and the contractor or educational management organization;

(g) Require the charter school or proposed charter school to request or borrow money from this State to pay the contractor or educational management organization if the contractor or educational management organization will provide financial management to the charter school or proposed charter school;

(h) Contain a provision which restricts the ability of the charter school or proposed charter school to borrow money from a person or entity other than the contractor or educational management organization;

(i) Provide for the allocation to the charter school or proposed charter school of any indirect cost incurred by the contractor or educational management organization;

(j) Authorize the payment of fees to the contractor or educational management organization which are not attributable to the actual services provided by the contractor or educational management organization;

(k) Allow any money received by the charter school or proposed charter school from this State or from the board of trustees of a school district to be transferred to or deposited in a bank, credit union or other financial
institution outside this State, including money controlled by the contractor or educational management organization; [or]

(i) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, provide incentive fees to the contractor or educational management organization. A contract or a proposed contract may provide to the contractor or educational management organization incentive fees that are based on the academic improvement of pupils enrolled in the charter school [ ];

(m) Require automatic renewal of the contract or provide that the contract remains in effect if the governing body of a charter school is reconstituted, a written charter is revoked or a charter contract is terminated pursuant to NRS 386.535 or 386.5351;

(n) Contain any provision that would delay or prevent the approval of an application by the governing body of the charter school for an exemption from federal taxation pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3);

(o) Require the governing body of the charter school to pay any costs associated with ensuring that services comply with state and federal law;

(p) Provide that the contractor or educational management organization is not liable for failing to comply with the requirements of the contract; or

(q) Provide for the enforcement of terms of the contract that conflict with an applicable written charter, charter contract or federal or state law.

2. As used in this section, “contractor” or “educational management organization” means a corporation, business, organization or other entity, whether or not conducted for profit, with whom a committee to form a charter school or the governing body of a charter school, as applicable, contracts to assist with the operation, management or provision and implementation of educational services and programs of the charter school or proposed charter school. The term includes a corporation, business, organization or other entity that directly employs and provides personnel to a charter school or proposed charter school.

Sec. 41. NRS 386.562 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.562  1. A contract or a proposed contract between a charter school or a proposed charter school and a contractor or an educational management organization must not:

(a) Give to the contractor or educational management organization direct control of educational services, financial decisions, the appointment of members of the governing body, or the hiring and dismissal of an administrator or financial officer of the charter school or proposed charter school;

(b) Authorize the payment of loans, advances or other monetary charges from the contractor or educational management organization which are greater than 15 percent of the total expected funding received by the charter school or proposed charter school from the State Distributive School Account;

(c) Require the charter school or proposed charter school to prepay any fees to the contractor or educational management organization;
(d) Require the charter school or proposed charter school to pay the contractor or educational management organization before the payment of other obligations of the charter school or proposed charter school during a period of financial distress;

(e) Allow a contractor or educational management organization to cause a delay in the repayment of a loan or other money advanced by the contractor or educational management organization to the charter school or proposed charter school, which delay would increase the cost to the charter school or proposed charter school of repaying the loan or advance;

(f) Require the charter school or proposed charter school to enroll a minimum number of pupils for the continuation of the contract between the charter school or proposed charter school and the contractor or educational management organization;

(g) Require the charter school or proposed charter school to request or borrow money from this State to pay the contractor or educational management organization if the contractor or educational management organization will provide financial management to the charter school or proposed charter school;

(h) Contain a provision which restricts the ability of the charter school or proposed charter school to borrow money from a person or entity other than the contractor or educational management organization;

(i) Provide for the allocation to the charter school or proposed charter school of any indirect cost incurred by the contractor or educational management organization;

(j) Authorize the payment of fees to the contractor or educational management organization which are not attributable to the actual services provided by the contractor or educational management organization;

(k) Allow any money received by the charter school or proposed charter school from this State or from the board of trustees of a school district to be transferred to or deposited in a bank, credit union or other financial institution outside this State, including money controlled by the contractor or educational management organization;

(l) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, provide incentive fees to the contractor or educational management organization. A contract or a proposed contract may provide to the contractor or educational management organization incentive fees that are based on the academic improvement of pupils enrolled in the charter school;

(m) Require automatic renewal of the contract or provide that the contract remains in effect if the governing body of a charter school is reconstituted or a written charter is revoked or a charter contract is terminated pursuant to NRS 386.535 or 386.5351;

(n) Contain any provision that would delay or prevent the approval of an application by the governing body of the charter school for an exemption from federal taxation pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 501 (c)(3);
(o) Require the governing body of the charter school to pay any costs associated with ensuring that services comply with state and federal law;

(p) Provide that the contractor or educational management organization is not liable for failing to comply with the requirements of the contract; or

(q) Provide for the enforcement of terms of the contract that conflict with an applicable [written charter,] charter contract or federal or state law.

2. As used in this section, “contractor” or “educational management organization” means a corporation, business, organization or other entity, whether or not conducted for profit, with whom a committee to form a charter school or the governing body of a charter school, as applicable, contracts to assist with the operation, management or provision and implementation of educational services and programs of the charter school or proposed charter school. The term includes a corporation, business, organization or other entity that directly employs and provides personnel to a charter school or proposed charter school.

Sec. 42. NRS 386.577 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.577 1. After deducting the costs directly related to administering the Account for Charter Schools, the State Public Charter School Authority may use the money in the Account for Charter Schools, including repayments of principal and interest on loans made from the Account, and interest and income earned on money in the Account, only to make loans at or below market rate to charter schools for the costs identified in the loan application for use:

(a) In preparing a charter school to commence its first year of operation;

(b) To improve a charter school that has been in operation; and

(c) To fund recruitment of teachers and pupils to new charter school facilities and enrollment of pupils in such facilities.

2. The total amount of a loan that may be made to a charter school pursuant to subsection 1 must not exceed the lesser of an amount equal to $500 per pupil enrolled or to be enrolled at the charter school or $200,000.

Sec. 43. NRS 386.578 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.578 1. If the governing body of a charter school has a written charter issued or a charter contract executed pursuant to NRS 386.527, the governing body may submit an application to the State Public Charter School Authority for a loan from the Account for Charter Schools. An application must include a written description of the manner in which the loan will be used to prepare the charter school for its first year of operation or to improve a charter school that has been in operation.

2. The State Public Charter School Authority shall, within the limits of money available for use in the Account, make loans to charter schools whose applications have been approved. If the State Public Charter School Authority makes a loan from the Account, the State Public Charter School Authority shall ensure that the contract for the loan includes all terms and conditions for repayment of the loan.
3. The State Board of Public Charter School Authority:
   (a) Shall adopt regulations that prescribe the:
       (1) Annual deadline for submission of an application to the State Public
           Charter School Authority by a charter school that desires to receive a loan
           from the Account; and
       (2) Period for repayment and the rate of interest for loans made from the
           Account.
   (b) May adopt such other regulations as it deems necessary to carry out
       the provisions of this section and NRS 386.576 and 386.577.

Sec. 44. NRS 386.580 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.580 1. An application for enrollment in a charter school may be
submitted to the governing body of the charter school by the parent or legal
guardian of any child who resides in this State. Except as otherwise provided
in this subsection, a charter school shall enroll pupils who are eligible for enrollment in the order in
which the applications are received. If the board of trustees of the school
district in which the charter school is located has established zones of
attendance pursuant to NRS 388.040, the charter school shall, if practicable,
ensure that the racial composition of pupils enrolled in the charter school
does not differ by more than 10 percent from the racial composition of pupils
who attend public schools in the zone in which the charter school is located.
If a charter school is sponsored by the board of trustees of a school district
located in a county whose population is 100,000 or more, except for a
program of distance education provided by the charter school, the charter
school shall enroll pupils who are eligible for enrollment who reside in the
school district in which the charter school is located before enrolling pupils
who reside outside the school district. Except as otherwise provided in
subsection 2, if more pupils who are eligible for enrollment apply for
enrollment in the charter school than the number of spaces which are
available, the charter school shall determine which applicants to enroll
pursuant to this subsection on the basis of a lottery system.

2. Before a charter school enrolls pupils who are eligible for enrollment,
a charter school may enroll a child who:
   (a) Is a sibling of a pupil who is currently enrolled in the charter school;
   (b) Was enrolled, free of charge and on the basis of a lottery system, in a
prekindergarten program at the charter school or any other early childhood
educational program affiliated with the charter school;
   (c) Is a child of a person who is:
       (1) Employed by the charter school;
       (2) A member of the committee to form the charter school; or
       (3) A member of the governing body of the charter school;
   (d) Is in a particular category of at-risk pupils and the child meets the
eligibility for enrollment prescribed by the charter school for that particular
category; or
(e) Resides within the school district and within 2 miles of the charter school if the charter school is located in an area that the sponsor of the charter school determines includes a high percentage of children who are at risk. If space is available after the charter school enrolls pupils pursuant to this paragraph, the charter school may enroll children who reside outside the school district but within 2 miles of the charter school if the charter school is located within an area that the sponsor determines includes a high percentage of children who are at risk.

- If more pupils described in this subsection who are eligible apply for enrollment than the number of spaces available, the charter school shall determine which applicants to enroll pursuant to this subsection on the basis of a lottery system.

3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 8, a charter school shall not accept applications for enrollment in the charter school or otherwise discriminate based on the:
   (a) Race;
   (b) Gender;
   (c) Religion;
   (d) Ethnicity; or
   (e) Disability,

- of a pupil.

4. If the governing body of a charter school determines that the charter school is unable to provide an appropriate special education program and related services for a particular disability of a pupil who is enrolled in the charter school, the governing body may request that the board of trustees of the school district of the county in which the pupil resides transfer that pupil to an appropriate school.

5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, upon the request of a parent or legal guardian of a child who is enrolled in a public school of a school district or a private school, or a parent or legal guardian of a homeschooled child, the governing body of the charter school shall authorize the child to participate in a class that is not otherwise available to the child at his or her school or homeschool or participate in an extracurricular activity at the charter school if:
   (a) Space for the child in the class or extracurricular activity is available;
   (b) The parent or legal guardian demonstrates to the satisfaction of the governing body that the child is qualified to participate in the class or extracurricular activity; and
   (c) The child is a homeschooled child and a notice of intent of a homeschooled child to participate in programs and activities is filed for the child with the school district in which the child resides for the current school year pursuant to NRS 392.705.

- If the governing body of a charter school authorizes a child to participate in a class or extracurricular activity pursuant to this subsection, the governing body is not required to provide transportation for the child to attend the class
or activity. A charter school shall not authorize such a child to participate in a
class or activity through a program of distance education provided by the
charter school pursuant to NRS 388.820 to 388.874, inclusive.

6. The governing body of a charter school may revoke its approval for a
child to participate in a class or extracurricular activity at a charter school
pursuant to subsection 5 if the governing body determines that the child has
failed to comply with applicable statutes, or applicable rules and regulations.
If the governing body so revokes its approval, neither the governing body nor
the charter school is liable for any damages relating to the denial of services
to the child.

7. The governing body of a charter school may, before authorizing a
homeschooled child to participate in a class or extracurricular activity
pursuant to subsection 5, require proof of the identity of the child, including,
without limitation, the birth certificate of the child or other documentation
sufficient to establish the identity of the child.

8. This section does not preclude the formation of a charter school that is
dedicated to provide educational services exclusively to pupils:
   (a) With disabilities;
   (b) Who pose such severe disciplinary problems that they warrant a
specific educational program, including, without limitation, a charter school
specifically designed to serve a single gender that emphasizes personal
responsibility and rehabilitation; or
   (c) Who are at risk.

* If more eligible pupils apply for enrollment in such a charter school than
the number of spaces which are available, the charter school shall determine
which applicants to enroll pursuant to this subsection on the basis of a lottery
system.

Sec. 45. NRS 386.584 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.584 1. If a charter school provides instruction to pupils enrolled in
a high school grade level and the charter school requires those pupils to
satisfy requirements for graduation from high school that are less than the
requirements imposed by the school district in which the charter school is
located, the charter school shall not issue a high school diploma of the school
district but may issue a high school diploma which clearly indicates that it is
a diploma issued by a charter school. If a charter school requires its pupils to
satisfy requirements for graduation from high school that meet or exceed the
requirements of the school district in which the charter school is located, the
charter school may issue a high school diploma of the school district or a
high school diploma of the charter school.

2. A charter school shall submit the form for a diploma of the charter
school to the Department for approval if the form differs from the form of the
school district in which the charter school is located.

3. The provisions of this section do not [authorize]...
(a) Authorize a charter school to impose requirements for graduation from high school that are less than the requirements of the applicable state statutes and regulations.

(b) Require a charter school that imposes requirements for graduation from high school that are more stringent than the requirements of applicable state statutes and regulations and more stringent than the requirements of the school district in which the charter school is located to issue a high school diploma to a pupil who has not met the requirements for graduation from the charter school even if the pupil has met the requirements of applicable state statutes and regulations or the requirements of the school district in which the charter school is located.

Sec. 46. NRS 386.585 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.585 1. A governing body of a charter school shall adopt:

(a) Written rules of behavior required of and prohibited for pupils attending the charter school; and

(b) Appropriate punishments for violations of the rules.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, if suspension or expulsion of a pupil is used as a punishment for a violation of the rules, the charter school shall ensure that, before the suspension or expulsion, the pupil and, if the pupil is under 18 years of age, the parent or guardian of the pupil, has been given notice of the charges against him or her, an explanation of the evidence and an opportunity for a hearing. The provisions of chapter 241 of NRS do not apply to any hearing conducted pursuant to this section. Such a hearing must be closed to the public.

3. A pupil who poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disrupting the academic process or who is selling or distributing any controlled substance or who is found to be in possession of a dangerous weapon as provided in NRS 392.466 may be removed from the charter school immediately upon being given an explanation of the reasons for his or her removal and pending proceedings, which must be conducted as soon as practicable after removal, for suspension or expulsion of the pupil.

4. A pupil who is enrolled in a charter school and participating in a program of special education pursuant to NRS 388.520, other than a pupil who is gifted and talented or who receives early intervening services, may, in accordance with the procedural policy adopted by the governing body of the charter school for such matters, be:

(a) Suspended from the charter school pursuant to this section for not more than 10 days.

(b) Suspended from the charter school for more than 10 days or permanently expelled from school pursuant to this section only after the governing body has reviewed the circumstances and determined that the action is in compliance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq.

5. A copy of the rules of behavior, prescribed punishments and procedures to be followed in imposing punishments must be:
(a) Distributed to each pupil at the beginning of the school year and to each new pupil who enters school during the year.

(b) Available for public inspection at the charter school.

6. The governing body of a charter school may adopt rules relating to the truancy of pupils who are enrolled in the charter school if the rules are at least as restrictive as the provisions governing truancy set forth in NRS 392.130 to 392.220, inclusive. If a governing body adopts rules governing truancy, it shall include the rules in the written rules adopted by the governing body pursuant to subsection 1.

Sec. 47. NRS 386.590 is hereby amended to read as follows:

386.590 1. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, each teacher who provides instruction at a charter school must be highly qualified. If a charter school is a vocational school, the charter school shall, to the extent practicable, ensure that each teacher who provides instruction at the school is highly qualified, but in no event may less than 50 percent of the teachers who provide instruction at the school be unlicensed teachers.

2. A governing body of a charter school shall employ:

(a) If the charter school offers instruction in kindergarten or grade 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, a licensed teacher to teach pupils who are enrolled in those grades. If required by subsection 3 or 4, such a teacher must possess the qualifications required by 20 U.S.C. § 6319(a).

(b) If the charter school offers instruction in grade 9, 10, 11 or 12, a licensed teacher to teach pupils who are enrolled in those grades for the subjects set forth in subsection 4. If required by subsection 3 or 4, such a teacher must possess the qualifications required by 20 U.S.C. § 6319(a).

(c) In addition to the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b):

1. If a vocational charter school specializes in arts and humanities, physical education or health education, a teacher must be highly qualified to teach those courses of study.

2. If a vocational charter school specializes in the construction industry or any other building industry, teachers must be highly qualified to teach courses of study relating to the industry if those teachers are employed full-time.

3. If a vocational charter school specializes in the construction industry or other building industry and the school offers courses of study in computer education, technology or business, teachers must be highly qualified to teach those courses of study if those teachers are employed full-time.

4. A person who is initially hired by the governing body of a charter school on or after January 8, 2002, to teach in a program supported with money from Title I must possess the qualifications required by 20 U.S.C. § 6319(a).
not “initially hired” if the person has been employed as a teacher by another school district or charter school in this State without an interruption in employment before the date of hire by his or her current employer.

6. A teacher who is employed by a charter school, regardless of the date of hire, must, on or before July 1, 2006, possess the qualifications required by 20 U.S.C. § 6319(a) to be highly qualified if the teacher teaches one or more of the following subjects:

(a) English, reading or language arts;
(b) Mathematics;
(c) Science;
(d) Foreign language;
(e) Civics or government;
(f) Economics;
(g) Geography;
(h) History; or
(i) The arts.

7. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 386.588, a charter school may employ a person who is not licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 391 of NRS to teach a course of study for which a licensed teacher is not required pursuant to subsections 2, 3 and 4 if the person has:

(a) A degree, a license or a certificate in the field for which the person is employed to teach at the charter school; and
(b) At least 2 years of experience in that field.

7. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 386.588, a charter school shall employ such administrators for the school as it deems necessary. A person employed as an administrator must possess:

(a) A valid teacher’s license issued pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS with an administrative endorsement;
(b) A master’s degree in school administration, public administration or business administration; or
(c) At least 5 years of experience in school administration, public administration or business administration and a baccalaureate degree.

8. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 9, the portion of the salary or other compensation of an administrator employed by a charter school that is derived from public funds must not exceed the salary or other compensation, as applicable, of the highest paid administrator in a comparable position in the school district in which the charter school is located. For purposes of determining the salary or other compensation of the highest paid administrator in a comparable position in the school district, the salary or other compensation of the superintendent of schools of that school district must not be included in the determination.

9. If the salary or other compensation paid to an administrator employed by a charter school from public funds exceeds the maximum amount prescribed in subsection 8, the sponsor of the charter school shall conduct an audit of the salary or compensation. The audit must include,
without limitation, a review of the reasons set forth by the governing body of the charter school for the salary or other compensation and the interests of the public in using public funds to pay that salary or compensation. If the sponsor determines that the payment of the salary or other compensation from public funds is justified, the sponsor shall provide written documentation of its determination to the governing body of the charter school and to the Department. If the sponsor determines that the payment of the salary or other compensation from public funds is not justified, the governing body of the charter school shall reduce the salary or compensation paid to the administrator from public funds to an amount not to exceed the maximum amount prescribed in subsection 7.

10. A charter school shall not employ a person pursuant to this section if the person’s license to teach or provide other educational services has been revoked or suspended in this State or another state.

11. On or before November 15 of each year, a charter school shall submit to the Department, in a format prescribed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the following information for each person who is licensed pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS and who is employed by the governing body on October 1 of that year:

(a) The amount of salary or compensation of the licensed person, including, without limitation, verification of compliance with subsection 8, if applicable to that person; and

(b) The designated assignment, as that term is defined by the Department, of the licensed person.

12. As used in this section, “highly qualified” has the meaning ascribed to it in 20 U.S.C. § 7801.

Sec. 48. NRS 388.795 is hereby amended to read as follows:

388.795 1. The Commission shall establish a plan for the use of educational technology in the public schools of this State. In preparing the plan, the Commission shall consider:

(a) Plans that have been adopted by the Department and the school districts and charter schools in this State;

(b) Plans that have been adopted in other states;

(c) The information reported pursuant to paragraph (v) of subsection 2 of NRS 385.347 and similar information included in the annual report of accountability information prepared by the State Public Charter School Authority and a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education that sponsors a charter school pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 385.347;

(d) The results of the assessment of needs conducted pursuant to subsection 6; and

(e) Any other information that the Commission or the Committee deems relevant to the preparation of the plan.

2. The plan established by the Commission must include recommendations for methods to:
(a) Incorporate educational technology into the public schools of this State;
(b) Increase the number of pupils in the public schools of this State who have access to educational technology;
(c) Increase the availability of educational technology to assist licensed teachers and other educational personnel in complying with the requirements of continuing education, including, without limitation, the receipt of credit for college courses completed through the use of educational technology;
(d) Facilitate the exchange of ideas to improve the achievement of pupils who are enrolled in the public schools of this State; and
(e) Address the needs of teachers in incorporating the use of educational technology in the classroom, including, without limitation, the completion of training that is sufficient to enable the teachers to instruct pupils in the use of educational technology.

3. The Department shall provide:
   (a) Administrative support;
   (b) Equipment; and
   (c) Office space,
   as is necessary for the Commission to carry out the provisions of this section.

4. The following entities shall cooperate with the Commission in carrying out the provisions of this section:
   (a) The State Board.
   (b) The board of trustees of each school district.
   (c) The superintendent of schools of each school district.
   (d) The Department.

5. The Commission shall:
   (a) Develop technical standards for educational technology and any electrical or structural appurtenances necessary thereto, including, without limitation, uniform specifications for computer hardware and wiring, to ensure that such technology is compatible, uniform and can be interconnected throughout the public schools of this State.
   (b) Allocate money to the school districts from the Trust Fund for Educational Technology created pursuant to NRS 388.800 and any money appropriated by the Legislature for educational technology, subject to any priorities for such allocation established by the Legislature.
   (c) Establish criteria for the board of trustees of a school district that receives an allocation of money from the Commission to:
      (1) Repair, replace and maintain computer systems.
      (2) Upgrade and improve computer hardware and software and other educational technology.
      (3) Provide training, installation and technical support related to the use of educational technology within the district.
(d) Submit to the Governor, the Committee and the Department its plan for the use of educational technology in the public schools of this State and any recommendations for legislation.
(e) Review the plan annually and make revisions as it deems necessary or as directed by the Committee or the Department.
(f) In addition to the recommendations set forth in the plan pursuant to subsection 2, make further recommendations to the Committee and the Department as the Commission deems necessary.

6. During the spring semester of each even-numbered school year, the Commission shall conduct an assessment of the needs of each school district relating to educational technology. In conducting the assessment, the Commission shall consider:
(a) The recommendations set forth in the plan pursuant to subsection 2;
(b) The plan for educational technology of each school district, if applicable;
(c) Evaluations of educational technology conducted for the State or for a school district, if applicable; and
(d) Any other information deemed relevant by the Commission.

The Commission shall submit a final written report of the assessment to the Superintendent of Public Instruction on or before April 1 of each even-numbered year.

7. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall prepare a written compilation of the results of the assessment conducted by the Commission and transmit the written compilation on or before June 1 of each even-numbered year to the Legislative Committee on Education and to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmission to the next regular session of the Legislature.

8. The Commission may appoint an advisory committee composed of members of the Commission or other qualified persons to provide recommendations to the Commission regarding standards for the establishment, coordination and use of a telecommunications network in the public schools throughout the various school districts in this State. The advisory committee serves at the pleasure of the Commission and without compensation unless an appropriation or other money for that purpose is provided by the Legislature.

9. As used in this section, “public school” includes the Caliente Youth Center, the Nevada Youth Training Center and any other state facility for the detention of children that is operated pursuant to title 5 of NRS.

Sec. 49. NRS 388.800 is hereby amended to read as follows:
388.800 1. The Trust Fund for Educational Technology is hereby created in the State General Fund. The Trust Fund must be administered by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. The Superintendent may accept gifts and grants of money from any source for deposit in the Trust Fund. Any such money may be expended in accordance with the terms and conditions of the gift or grant, or in accordance with subsection 3.
2. The interest and income earned on the money in the Trust Fund must be credited to the Trust Fund.

3. The money in the Trust Fund may be used only for the distribution of money to school districts and charter schools to be used in kindergarten through 12th grade to obtain and maintain hardware and software for computer systems, equipment for transfer of data by modem through connection to telephone lines, and other educational technology as may be approved by the Commission for use in classrooms.

Sec. 50. NRS 388.805 is hereby amended to read as follows:

388.805 The Department shall, in consultation with the Commission, adopt regulations that establish a program whereby school districts and charter schools may apply to the Commission on Educational Technology for money from the Trust Fund for Educational Technology.

Sec. 51. NRS 391.170 is hereby amended to read as follows:

391.170 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, a teacher or other employee for whom a license is required is not entitled to receive any portion of public money for schools as compensation for services rendered unless he or she:

(a) Is legally employed by the board of trustees of the school district or the governing body of the charter school in which he or she is teaching or performing other educational functions.

(b) Has a license authorizing him or her to teach or perform other educational functions at the level and, except as otherwise provided in NRS 391.125, in the field for which he or she is employed, issued in accordance with law and in full force at the time the services are rendered.

2. The provisions of subsection 1 do not prohibit the payment of public money to teachers or other employees who are employed by a charter school [for whom a license is] who are not required to be highly qualified pursuant to the provisions of NRS 386.590.

3. As used in this section, “highly qualified” has the meaning ascribed to it in 20 U.S.C. § 7801.

Sec. 52. NRS 288.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

288.150 1. Except as provided in subsection 4, every local government employer shall negotiate in good faith through one or more representatives of its own choosing concerning the mandatory subjects of bargaining set forth in subsection 2 with the designated representatives of the recognized employee organization, if any, for each appropriate bargaining unit among its employees. If either party so requests, agreements reached must be reduced to writing.

2. The scope of mandatory bargaining is limited to:

(a) Salary or wage rates or other forms of direct monetary compensation.

(b) Sick leave.

(c) Vacation leave.

(d) Holidays.

(e) Other paid or nonpaid leaves of absence.
(f) Insurance benefits.
(g) Total hours of work required of an employee on each workday or workweek.
(h) Total number of days’ work required of an employee in a work year.
(i) [Discharge] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, discharge and disciplinary procedures.
(j) Recognition clause.
(k) The method used to classify employees in the bargaining unit.
(l) Deduction of dues for the recognized employee organization.
(m) Protection of employees in the bargaining unit from discrimination because of participation in recognized employee organizations consistent with the provisions of this chapter.
(n) No-strike provisions consistent with the provisions of this chapter.
(o) Grievance and arbitration procedures for resolution of disputes relating to interpretation or application of collective bargaining agreements.
(p) General savings clauses.
(q) Duration of collective bargaining agreements.
(r) Safety of the employee.
(s) Teacher preparation time.
(t) Materials and supplies for classrooms.
(u) The policies for the transfer and reassignment of teachers.
(v) Procedures for reduction in workforce consistent with the provisions of this chapter.
(w) Procedures and requirements for the reopening of collective bargaining agreements that exceed 1 year in duration for additional, further, new or supplementary negotiations during periods of fiscal emergency. The requirements for the reopening of a collective bargaining agreement must include, without limitation, measures of revenue shortfalls or reductions relative to economic indicators such as the Consumer Price Index, as agreed upon by both parties.

3. Those subject matters which are not within the scope of mandatory bargaining and which are reserved to the local government employer without negotiation include:
   (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (u) of subsection 2, the right to hire, direct, assign or transfer an employee, but excluding the right to assign or transfer an employee as a form of discipline.
   (b) The right to reduce in force or lay off any employee because of lack of work or lack of money, subject to paragraph (v) of subsection 2.
   (c) The right to determine:
      (1) Appropriate staffing levels and work performance standards, except for safety considerations;
      (2) The content of the workday, including without limitation workload factors, except for safety considerations;
      (3) The quality and quantity of services to be offered to the public; and
      (4) The means and methods of offering those services.
(d) Safety of the public.

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement negotiated pursuant to this chapter, a local government employer is entitled to take whatever actions may be necessary to carry out its responsibilities in situations of emergency such as a riot, military action, natural disaster or civil disorder. Those actions may include the suspension of any collective bargaining agreement for the duration of the emergency. Any action taken under the provisions of this subsection must not be construed as a failure to negotiate in good faith.

5. The provisions of this chapter, including without limitation the provisions of this section, recognize and declare the ultimate right and responsibility of the local government employer to manage its operation in the most efficient manner consistent with the best interests of all its citizens, its taxpayers and its employees.

6. If the sponsor of a charter school reconstitutes the governing body of a charter school, the new governing body may terminate the employment of any teachers or other employees of the charter school, and any provision of any agreement negotiated pursuant to this chapter that provides otherwise is unenforceable and void.

7. This section does not preclude, but this chapter does not require, the local government employer to negotiate subject matters enumerated in subsection 3 which are outside the scope of mandatory bargaining. The local government employer shall discuss subject matters outside the scope of mandatory bargaining but it is not required to negotiate those matters.

8. Contract provisions presently existing in signed and ratified agreements as of May 15, 1975, at 12 p.m. remain negotiable.

Sec. 53. Section 4 of this act is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 4. 1. The State Public Charter School Authority, the board of trustees of the school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education as applicable, which sponsors a charter school may hold a public hearing concerning any request to amend [a written charter or] a charter contract of the charter school it sponsors, including, without limitation a request to amend a written charter or charter contract for the purpose of:

(a) Expanding the charter school to offer instruction in grade levels for which the charter school does not already offer instruction.

(b) Increasing the total enrollment of a charter school or the enrollment of pupils in a particular grade level in the charter school for a school year to more than 120 percent of the enrollment prescribed in the [written charter or] charter contract for that school year.

(c) Reducing the total enrollment of a charter school or the enrollment of pupils in a particular grade level in the charter school for a school year to less than 80 percent of the enrollment prescribed in [the written charter or] charter contract for that school year.
(d) Seeking to acquire an additional facility in any county of this State to expand the enrollment of the charter school.
(e) Consolidating the operations of multiple charter schools pursuant to section 5 of this act.

2. A charter contract may not be amended in any manner described in subsection 1 unless the amendment is approved by the State Public Charter School Authority, the board of trustees of the school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, as applicable.

3. The State Public Charter School Authority, the board of trustees of the school district or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, as applicable, must deny a request to amend a charter contract in the manner described in paragraphs (d) or (e) of subsection 1 if the State Public Charter School Authority, the board of trustees or a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, as applicable, determines that:
   (a) The charter school is not meeting the requirements of the performance framework concerning academics, finances or operation established pursuant to NRS 386.528; or
   (b) The governing body does not have a comprehensive and feasible plan to operate additional facilities.

Sec. 54. Section 5 of this act is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 5. The sponsor of a charter school may approve an amendment to a charter contract to consolidate the operations of two or more charter schools if:

1. The sponsor of a charter school for which a written charter has been revoked or a charter contract has been terminated has approved a request by the governing body of the charter school requesting the amendment to negotiate with the owner, mortgagor or lienholder of the facilities in which the charter school has been operated for the purpose of operating an additional campus of the other charter school pursuant to section 6 of this act. If charter schools are consolidated under such conditions, the prior academic, operational and fiscal performance of the charter school whose written charter has been revoked or whose charter contract has been terminated will not be attributed to the consolidated charter school.

2. Two or more governing bodies submit a request for an amendment to consolidate their charter contracts, governing bodies and operations to form a single charter school operating one or more campuses under a new charter contract. If charter schools are consolidated under such conditions:
   (a) The new charter contract will be in effect for the duration of the term of the written charter or charter contract which was closest to its date of expiration before consolidation; and
   (b) The academic, operational and fiscal performances of all charter schools that have been consolidated will be attributed to the consolidated charter school.
Sec. 55. Section 6 of this act is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 6. 1. If the sponsor of a charter school reconstitutes the governing body of a charter school pursuant to NRS 386.535 or 386.5351, the sponsor must appoint new members to the governing body who meet the qualifications for membership set forth in NRS 386.549. The sponsor shall not reappoint more than 40 percent of the members of the previous governing body. Before appointing new members to the governing body, the sponsor must consider:
   (a) Input from members of the community in which the charter school is located and parents of pupils who attend the charter school.
   (b) Any relevant credentials, experience or other qualifications of a potential member, including, without limitation, whether the potential member resides in the geographic area served by the charter school or has experience in education.

2. If the sponsor of a charter school [revokes a written charter or] terminates a charter contract pursuant to 386.535 or 386.5351, the sponsor may:
   (a) Petition the district court to appoint a receiver, to be paid from the funds of the charter school, to oversee and manage the charter school until other arrangements are made for pupils who attend the school.
   (b) Issue a request for proposals inviting the governing body of another charter school to negotiate with the owner, mortgagor or lienholder of the facilities in which the charter school operated for the purpose of operating an additional campus of the other charter school under the sponsorship of either the sponsor of the charter school [for which the written charter has been revoked or] the charter contract has been terminated or the sponsor of the charter school that intends to operate an additional campus. If the governing body proposes to operate an additional campus of the other charter school under the sponsorship of:
      (1) The sponsor of the charter school for which [the written charter has been revoked or] the charter contract has been terminated and the sponsor is not the sponsor of the charter school currently operated by the governing body, the governing body must, before the additional campus begins operating, also submit to the sponsor of the charter school [for which the written charter has been revoked or] the charter contract has been terminated and receive approval for an application to form a charter school pursuant to NRS 386.520.
      (2) The sponsor of the charter school currently operated by the governing body, the governing body must, before the additional campus begins operating, also submit a request for and receive approval of an amendment to its [written charter or] charter contract to consolidate charter schools pursuant to NRS 386.527 and sections 4 and 5 of this act.

3. Before selecting a governing body to operate another campus of an existing charter school to replace a charter school [whose written charter has
been revoked or] whose charter contract has been terminated pursuant to subsection 2, the sponsor must consider:

(a) The performance record of the charter school in this State and other states;
(b) The plan of the governing body for improving pupil achievement and school performance;
(c) The suitability of the proposed academic program for pupils who were enrolled in the charter school before [the revocation of the written charter or] the termination of the charter contract; and
(d) Input from members of the community in which the charter school is located and parents who were enrolled in the charter school before [the revocation of the written charter or] the termination of the charter contract, including, without limitation, the input described in subsection 4.

4. A sponsor that solicits proposals to operate an additional campus of an existing charter school shall allow parents of pupils who were enrolled in the charter school before [the revocation of the written charter or] the termination of the charter contract to interview governing bodies who submit proposals and, if three or more proposals are submitted pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 2, cast an advisory vote for the governing body they would prefer be given the opportunity to operate the campus.

5. If a governing body is selected pursuant to this section to operate another campus of an existing charter school to replace a charter school [whose written charter has been revoked or] whose charter contract has been terminated and any necessary amendments or applications are approved, the charter school must enroll pupils who were enrolled in the charter school [whose written charter was revoked or] whose charter contract was terminated before enrolling other pupils.

6. If the sponsor of a charter school reconstitutes the governing body of a charter school, the principal of the charter school shall:
   (a) Review each employee of the charter school to determine whether to retain the employee based on the needs of the school and the ability of the employee to improve pupil achievement and school performance at the charter school. The new governing body may terminate the employment of any teachers or other employees of the charter school.
   (b) Collaborate with the new governing body in making hiring determinations for the charter school.

7. If the sponsor of a charter school selects a governing body to operate another campus of an existing charter school to replace a charter school [whose written charter has been revoked or] whose charter contract has been terminated, the new governing body is not required to offer employment to any teacher or other employee of the charter school [whose written charter has been revoked or] whose charter contract has been terminated.

Sec. 56. The provisions of NRS 288.150, as amended by section 52 of this act:
1. Apply to any collective bargaining agreement entered into, extended or renewed on or after the effective date of that section, and any provision of the agreement that is in conflict with that section, as amended, is void.
2. Do not apply to any collective bargaining agreement entered into before the effective date of that section during the current term of the agreement.

Sec. 57. 1. This section and sections 52 and 56 of this act become effective upon passage and approval.
2. Sections 1 to 15, inclusive, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 25 to 28, inclusive, 30, 32, 34, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, 42 to 51, inclusive, of this act become effective:
   (a) Upon passage and approval for the purpose of adopting any regulations and performing any other preparatory administrative tasks necessary to carry out the provisions of this act; and
   (b) On January 1, 2016, for all other purposes.

Senator Kieckhefer moved the adoption of the amendment.
Remarks by Senator Kieckhefer.
This amendment strikes the language that outlines all of the employees of the State Charter School Authority in the unclassified services.
Amendment adopted.
Bill ordered reprinted, reengrossed and to third reading.

Assembly Bill No. 242.
Bill read third time.
Remarks by Senator Manendo.
Assembly Bill No. 242 requires the Legislative Commission to appoint a subcommittee to conduct an interim study on postacute care in Nevada. The study must look at alternatives to institutionalization; cost savings of home- and community-based waiver programs. We urge your adoption.

Roll call on Assembly Bill No. 242:
YEAS—20.
NAYS—None.
EXCUSED—Smith.

Assembly Bill No. 242 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President declared it passed.
Bill ordered transmitted to the Assembly.

MOTIONS, RESOLUTIONS AND NOTICES
Motion carried.
UNFINISHED BUSINESS
SIGNING OF BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

There being no objections, the President and Secretary signed Senate Bills Nos. 12, 33, 39, 54, 129, 162, 176, 197, 241, 245, 306, 394; Assembly Bill No. 175.

Senator Roberson moved that the Senate adjourn until Tuesday, May 26, 2015, at 12 p.m.
Motion carried.

Senate adjourned at [TIME]

Approved: MARK A. HUTCHISON
Mark A. Hutchison
President of the Senate

Attest: CLAIRE J. CLIFT
Claire J. Clift
Secretary of the Senate

UNION LABEL