

**SECOND REVISED PROPOSED REGULATION OF THE
NEVADA TAX COMMISSION**

LCB File No. R109-08

September 18, 2008

EXPLANATION – Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AUTHORITY: §§1-21, NRS 360.090, 361.4722, 361.4723 and 361.4724.

A REGULATION relating to taxation; providing for the administration of an exclusion from certain partial abatements of property taxes for an improvement to or change in the actual or authorized use of property; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Section 1. Chapter 361 of NAC is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 20, inclusive, of this regulation.

Sec. 2. *As used in sections 2 to 20, inclusive, of this regulation, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in sections 3 to 14, inclusive, of this regulation have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.*

Sec. 3. *“Agricultural use” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 361A.030.*

Sec. 4. *“Commercial use” means the current employment of property for any use other than agricultural use, industrial use, institutional use, mining use, multifamily residential use, open-space use, recreational use, single-family residential use or use as vacant land.*

Sec. 5. *“Industrial use” means the current employment of property for the purpose of:*

- 1. Manufacturing, assembly, processing, fabricating, machining or warehousing; or*
- 2. Extracting sand and gravel, unless the net proceeds thereof are subject to taxation pursuant to chapter 362 of NRS.*

Sec. 6. *“Institutional use” has the meaning ascribed to it in NAC 361.61012.*

Sec. 7. *“Mining use” means the current employment of property for the development or extraction of any mineral on or beneath the surface of land, including metal ores, oil, gas and other hydrocarbons, and geothermal resources.*

Sec. 8. *“Multifamily residential use” means the current employment of property for any residential purpose other than single-family residential use.*

Sec. 9. *“On-site improvement” means a physical change to the land area of any property which makes the site ready for its intended use or development, such as grading or landscaping or the addition of fencing, curbing, paving or walkways. The term does not include:*

1. Any off-site improvements, including, but not limited to, sewer or drainage lines, utility hookups, sidewalks or roads which are not located on the property; or

2. Any change in the intensity of use of the property.

Sec. 10. *“Open-space use” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 361A.050.*

Sec. 11. *“Partial abatement” means a partial abatement of taxes provided pursuant to NRS 361.4722, 361.4723 or 361.4724.*

Sec. 12. *“Recreational use” has the meaning ascribed to it in NAC 361.61024.*

Sec. 13. *“Single-family residential use” means the current employment of property as a single-family residence, as that term is defined in NRS 361.4723.*

Sec. 14. *“Vacant land” means any land other than land on which there is an improvement sufficient to allow the identification of or establish actual use.*

Sec. 15. *The provisions of sections 2 to 20, inclusive, of this regulation:*

1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, set forth the methodology required to carry out the provisions of NRS 361.4722, 361.4723 and 361.4724, in determining the amount of any property taxes to be excluded from each partial abatement and added to the tax roll for the current fiscal year attributable to any incremental increase in the assessed value of any property from the immediately preceding fiscal year as a result of any improvement to or change in the actual or authorized use of the property.

2. Do not apply to any property of an interstate or intercounty nature regarding which the Commission establishes the valuation thereof for assessment purposes pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 361.320 or NRS 361.321.

Sec. 16. *Any determination by a county assessor or the Department, as applicable, that there is any improvement to the subject property must be based on a finding that:*

1. There is an appurtenance erected upon or affixed to the land, including any on-site improvement, in the current fiscal year that did not exist in the immediately preceding fiscal year;

2. There was a negative adjustment to the taxable value of the subject property for the immediately preceding fiscal year to account for a physical detriment affecting the property, such as, but not limited to, an adjustment for access, assemblage, flood zone, infrastructure, unusable area, frontage, shape, size, topography or utility, which is revised or removed for the current fiscal year based upon any on-site improvements to the subject property that partially or fully remedy that physical detriment; or

3. The subject property consists in whole or in part of a community unit in a common-interest community, and there is:

(a) A common element in that common-interest community; or

(b) An appurtenance erected upon or affixed to a common element in that common-interest community,

↳ that did not exist in the immediately preceding fiscal year.

Sec. 17. 1. *Any determination by a county assessor or the Department, as applicable, that there is any change in the actual use of the subject property must be based on a finding that, upon the commencement of the immediately preceding fiscal year:*

(a) The property was vacant land and, as the result of new construction on the property sufficient to allow for an identification of the use of the property, the primary use of the property upon the commencement of the current fiscal year is agricultural use, commercial use, industrial use, institutional use, mining use, multifamily residential use, open-space use, recreational use or single-family residential use;

(b) The primary use of the property as vacant land, agricultural use, commercial use, industrial use, institutional use, mining use, multifamily residential use, open-space use, recreational use or single-family residential use is different from the primary use of the property as vacant land, agricultural use, commercial use, industrial use, institutional use, mining use, multifamily residential use, open-space use, recreational use or single-family residential use upon the commencement of the current fiscal year;

(c) The taxable value of the land was determined pursuant to subparagraph (2) of paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 361.227 in accordance with the use to which the improvements to the property were being put and that taxable value was less than the taxable value of the land would have been if determined pursuant to subparagraph (1) of paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 361.227, and, as a result of a physical change to the property, the taxable value of the land upon the commencement of the current fiscal year as determined

pursuant to subparagraph (2) of paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 361.227 is the same as the taxable value of the land upon the commencement of the current fiscal year as determined pursuant to subparagraph (1) of paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 361.227; or

(d) The property was assessed and taxed as part of a qualified subdivision, but is no longer part of that qualified subdivision upon the commencement of the current fiscal year. The amount of any partial abatement that applies to the property must be calculated as if the property had not been assessed and taxed as part of a qualified subdivision during the immediately preceding or any other prior fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, “qualified subdivision” has the meaning ascribed to it in NAC 361.117.

2. If any improvements from which the actual use of the subject property was determined for the purposes of subparagraph (2) of paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 361.227 are destroyed or otherwise removed from the property, the county assessor or the Department, as applicable, shall consider whether the actual use of the property, as determined from the destroyed or removed improvements, still exists for the current fiscal year.

3. If the subject property has more than one use, the county assessor may determine a single use for each individual portion of the property that is being used for only one use for the purpose of determining whether there is any change in the actual use of that portion of the property.

Sec. 18. *1. Any determination by a county assessor or the Department, as applicable, that there is any change in the authorized use of the subject property must be based on a finding that:*

(a) Between the commencement of the immediately preceding fiscal year and the commencement of the current fiscal year, there has been a change in the legal or governmental restrictions on the use of the property;

(b) The change in the legal or governmental restrictions on the use of the property allow the property to be put to a use that was not a permitted use upon the commencement of the immediately preceding fiscal year; and

(c) The property was vacant land upon the commencement of both the immediately preceding fiscal year and the current fiscal year, or all the improvements to the property were removed from the property before the commencement of the current fiscal year.

2. If a combination of applications or approvals is required for any changes in the legal or governmental restrictions on the use of the subject property, no finding may be made pursuant to subsection 1 until all such applications and approvals have been obtained.

Sec. 19. *If a county assessor or the Department, as applicable:*

1. Does not make a determination in compliance with the provisions of section 16, 17 or 18 of this regulation that there has been any improvement to or change in the actual or authorized use of the subject property, no amount of property taxes may be added to the tax roll for the current fiscal year attributable to any incremental increase in the assessed value of the property from the immediately preceding fiscal year as a result of any improvement to or change in the actual or authorized use of the property.

2. Makes a determination in compliance with the provisions of section 16, 17 or 18 of this regulation that there has been any improvement to or change in the actual or authorized use of the subject property, the amount of any property taxes to be added to the tax roll for the current fiscal year attributable to any incremental increase in the assessed value of the

property from the immediately preceding fiscal year as a result of any improvement to or change in the actual or authorized use of the property must be determined by:

(a) Determining the taxable value of the property in accordance with the provisions of NRS 362.095, paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 362.100 and NAC 361.106 to 361.139, inclusive, as applicable, for the current fiscal year based on any improvement to or change in the actual or authorized use of the property from the immediately preceding fiscal year.

(b) Determining the taxable value of the property in accordance with the provisions of NRS 362.095, paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 362.100 and NAC 361.106 to 361.139, inclusive, as applicable, for the current fiscal year as if there had not been any improvement to or change in the actual or authorized use of the property from the immediately preceding fiscal year.

(c) Subtracting the amount determined pursuant to paragraph (b) from the amount determined pursuant to paragraph (a). If the remainder is:

(1) A positive number, that remainder constitutes the incremental increase in the taxable value of the property attributable to any improvement to or change in the actual or authorized use of the property from the immediately preceding fiscal year; or

(2) Zero or a negative number, there is no incremental increase in the taxable value of the property attributable to any improvement to or change in the actual or authorized use of the property from the immediately preceding fiscal year.

(d) Converting any incremental increase in the taxable value of the property determined pursuant to paragraph (c) into an assessed value by multiplying that amount by .35.

(e) Multiplying the assessed value determined pursuant to paragraph (d) by the applicable rate of property taxes.

↪ Any amount determined pursuant to this subsection may be assessed only to the specific property for which the assessed valuation has increased as a result of any improvement to or change in the actual or authorized use of that property.

Sec. 20. *A county assessor shall include with each notice of assessed valuation or amended notice of assessed valuation provided to a taxpayer or an owner of property pursuant to NRS 361.300, a statement of whether any determination has been made that will result in the exclusion of any taxes from any partial abatement that applies to the subject property attributable to any incremental increase in the assessed value of the property from the immediately preceding fiscal year as a result of any improvement to or change in the actual or authorized use of the property. If the statement indicates that such a determination has been made, the statement must:*

- 1. Set forth that determination;*
 - 2. Specify the amount of that incremental increase in the assessed value of the property;*
- and*
- 3. Describe the manner in which the matter may be appealed to the county board of equalization or the Commission.*

Sec. 21. NAC 361.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

361.010 As used in NAC 361.010 to 361.61038, inclusive, *and sections 2 to 20, inclusive, of this regulation*, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NAC 361.012 to 361.018, inclusive, have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.