



Naval Air Station Fallon Update for the Legislative Committee on Public Lands

22 August 2008

CDR Luther Hook Executive Officer



Outline



- ◆ NAS Fallon
 - -Naval Strike and Air Warfare Center
- ◆ Fallon Range Training Complex (FRTC)
- ◆ Current Training
- ◆ Issues

Exhibit F - LANDS Document consists of 19 slides. Entire Exhibit Provided

Meeting Date: 08-22-08



NAS Fallon's Mission



- ◆ Maintain and operate facilities, and provide services and equipment, to support the most realistic Strike and Integrated Air Warfare training available for Fleet operating forces
- ◆ Support Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation (RDT&E) operations on a not-to-interfere basis



Naval Strike and Air Warfare Center (NSAWC) Mission



- ◆ Primary site/authority for Graduate Level Naval Strike/Air Warfare Training
 - Air Wing Training
 - Weapons Tactics Instructor Training
 - TOPGUN, TOPDOME, SWTI
 - Joint Training
 - Desert Rescue Exercise / Patriot integration
- ◆ Tactics Development





Demographics



- ◆ NAS Fallon land area = 8,670 acres
- ◆ NAS Fallon & Tenants
 - 61 Aircraft
 - 2,945 Personnel
 - 1,127 Military: 190 Officers and 937 Enlisted
 - 418 Civil Service
 - · approx. 1,400 Contractors
- ◆ Over 40,000 transient personnel annually



Annual Training (FY06)



- ◆ 25 weeks of operations supporting Carrier Air Wing/SFARP/Unit-level detachments
 - Carrier Air Wings
 SFARP
 TOPGUN Classes
 Unit-level training
 3 x 4 weeks
 5 x 3 weeks
 4 x 9 weeks
 14 x 2 weeks
- ◆ 26 dets totaling ~88 weeks of training

NASF Tower Operations 52,435

FRTC Range Sorties 200,000+



Fallon Range Training Complex (FRTC)



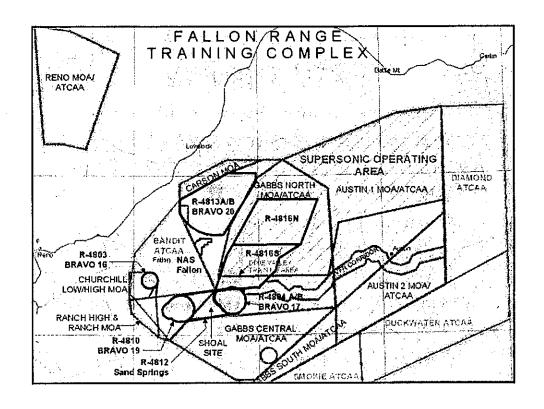
Over 80% of Weapons dropped from Navy aircraft in training land on the Fallon Ranges

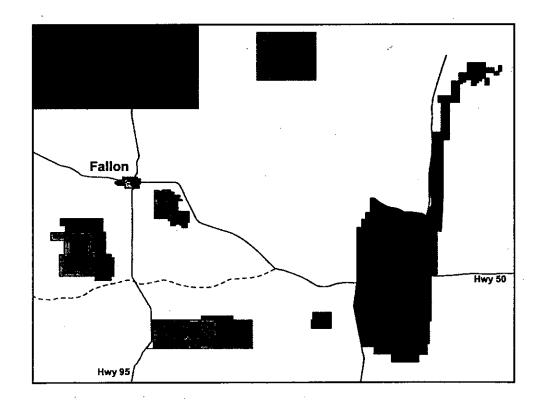


FRTC



- ◆ Naval Aviation's Premier Training Range
- ◆ Airspace 13,200 sq mi. (6.5 mil acres)
 - Less than 3% is restricted Navy land (145,000 acres)
 - 97% open to ranching/mining/recreation
 - Approximately 800 residents
 - Austin and Gabbs
- ◆ Training area larger than States of Massachusetts and Rhode Island
- ◆ Very similar to Afghanistan and Iraq







FRTC Training



- ◆ Training/Tactics requirements change rapidly due to the dynamic nature of the Global War on Terror (GWOT)
 - -A resulting increase in:
 - Close Air Support
 - Special Operations training
 - Military Operations in Urban Terrain (MOUT)
 - · Roadside bomb (IED) Training
 - Convoy training



FRTC Training



- ◆ Training enhancements
 - Increased presence of ground training forces
 - Use of "Visual Cueing" Targets
 - Non-ordnance targets designed to increase appearance of threat footprint on ground
 - Tanks, Armored Personnel Carriers, Trucks, etc
 - Increased use of Unmanned Aerial Vehicles



FRTC Training



- ◆ Other syllabus changes
 - Upgrading Electronic Warfare (EW) and Communications capabilities
 - Mobilizing EW threats
 - Utilizing EW satellite sites identified in 2003
 Requirements Document
 - Addition of mobile threat ground targets
 - Training to moving land targets



FRTC Training



- ◆ National Defense Policy drives training
- ◆ Accredited for Joint National Training Capability (JNTC) in August 2007
 - Increased level of joint service integration with Fallon Air Wing training syllabus
 - Air Force AWACS, Army PATRIOT, other units and platforms
 - Future integration with USMC ground forces



FRTC Training



- ◆ No changes or expansion expected
- ◆ Airspace constrained by airway corridors
- ♦ MOAs/ATCAAs may be denied if required by commercial traffic
 - Coordinated with FAA via Oakland and Salt Lake City Air Traffic Control Centers
 - Usually in response to weather



FRTC Range Issues



- ◆Crescent Valley
 - Supersonic airspace
- ◆Special Use Airspace
 - Hours available versus demand



Range Issues



- ♦ Wilderness Areas designation
 - Maintain current access
 - Airspace
 - Mishap sites
- ♦ Wind Farms impact on flight ops
 - -Interfere with low level and Helo flights
 - Wind energy development process



Land Use Partnering



Innovative Opportunities

- Green Energy
 - Geothermal power plant at NASF
 - Future photovoltaic array
- ◆ Encroachment Management
 - Base Encroachment Action Plan
 - Partnering opportunities
 - Churchill County -- transferable development rights (TDRs)
 - · State of Nevada -- Question 1 funds
 - Lahontan Valley Land and Water Alliance
 - Nevada Land Conservancy
 - NV Senate Bill 269 signed into law

