

# Implementing Nevada's Strategic Highway Safety Plan











EXHIBIT E - Transportation Issues

Entire document provided.

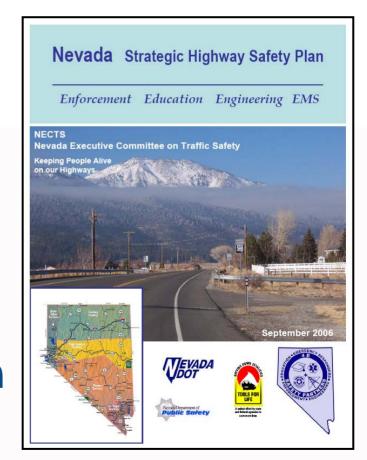
Document consists of 24 pages.

A copy of the complete document is available through the Research Library (775/684-6827) or e-mail library@lcb.state.nv.us).

Meeting Date: 7/02/08

# Safety Summit 2008

- Purpose and Goals
- The Need
- Statistical update
- NDOT Safety
   Engineering activities
- Implementing the Plan

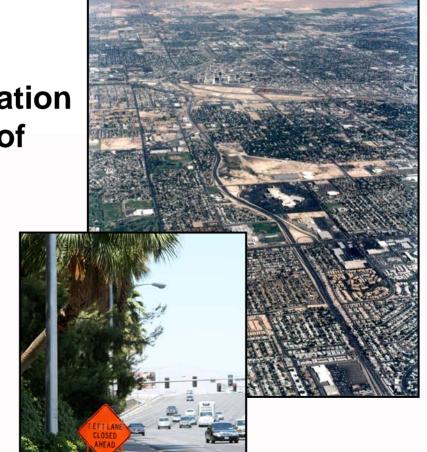


# **Background**

# **Consider:**

 In 2005 the Texas Transportation Institute estimated the cost of congestion in Clark County alone: \$543 million

 That same year, vehicle crashes in Clark County resulted in a cost to society of over \$2.8 billion



# **Background**

# Also consider:

# Nevada crime/crash clock (2006)

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- 1 murder every39 hours
- 1 aggravated assault every59 minutes
- 1 violent crime every28 minutes
- 1 property crime every5 minutes

- 1 traffic fatality every20 hours
- 1 traffic injury every16 minutes
- 1 property damage crash every 14 minutes
- 1 crash every9 minutes

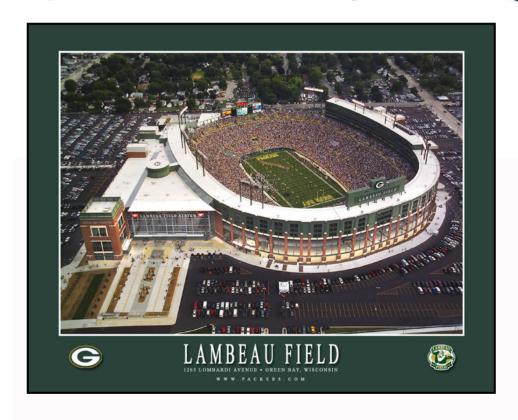
# **Background**

# Overview of injuries in Nevada 2000 – 2004 (Nevada State Health Division, 2008)

- Unintentional injuries are the fifth leading cause of death in Nevada and in the United States, as reported by the Center for Disease Control and Prevention
- The most common unintentional injury is motor vehicle accidents

# Background: the problem today

- Highway deaths in the U.S have remained relatively constant
  - **43,510 (2005)**
  - **42,642 (2006)**
- And...



Traffic-related fatalities are the leading cause of death for people between the ages of 4 and 34

# Focusing on the problem

Nevada fatal crash summary by emphasis areas

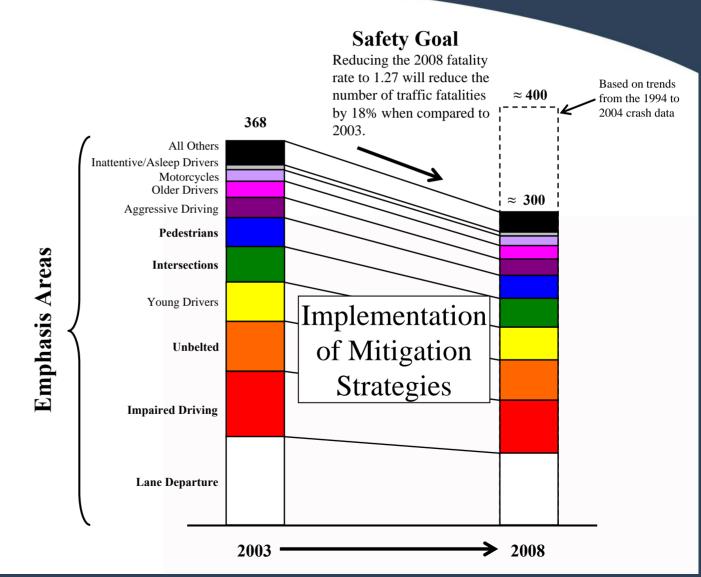
| Summary o  | Emphasis Areas   | Nevada Fatal Crashes*  | Percei     |
|--|--|--|------------|
| Part 1:<br>Drivers                                 | instituting Graduated Licensing for Young<br>Drivers   | 249 fatal crashes involved a driver<br>under the age of 21                       | 17%        |
|  | Ensuring Drivers are Licensed and Fully<br>Competent   | NA   |            |
|  | Sustaining Proficiency in Older Drivers  | 111 fatal crashes involved a driver<br>between the age of 65 and 74              | 7%         |
|  |  | 98 fatal crashes involved a driver over<br>the age of 74                         | 7%         |
|  | Curbing Aggressive Driving   | 180 fatal crashes listed speeding or<br>reckless action as a contributing factor | 12%        |
|  | Reducing Imp   | contributing factor  | 35%<br>15% |
|  | Incomplete Debug Defets Assessed   | 45 fatal crashes listed asleep or fatigued<br>as the driver's physical condition | 3%         |
|  | Increasing Driver Safety Awareness Increasing Seat Belt Usage and Improving  | NA<br>822 yehiele occupent fatalities (out of                                    |            |
|  | Minereasing So   | eat <b>Bertusa</b> g   | <b>e</b> " |
| Part 2:<br>Special<br>Users<br>Part 3:<br>Vehicles | Making Walking and Street Crossing Easier  | 265 pedestrian fatalities  | 15%        |
|  | waking walkir  | าตู เลคต Street  | 2%         |
|  | improving Motorcycle Safety and Increasing<br>Motorcycle Aware 2006  | 100 motorcyclists fatalities   | 6%         |
|  | Making Truck Tra CalfeOSSING   | East State Involving heavy trucks  | 12%        |
| Part 4:<br>Highways                                | increasing Safety Enhancements in Vehicles<br>Reducing Vehicle-Train Crashes   | NA 1 fatal crash involving a collision with a                                    | 0%         |
|  | Keeping Vertice COMP V   | ehicles on   | 40%        |
|  | Minimizing the Consequences of Leaving the<br>Road   | Top 5 fatal run -off the road collisions:  |            |
|  | the Ro   | 0 = 0 = (0 = 0)=   |            |
|  |  | - Struck fixed object (15%)<br>- Overturned in median (14%)                      |            |
|  |  | - Struck median fixed object (3%)  |            |
|  | <u>improving the</u>   | e <b>₊Design</b> ₊and  | 19%        |
|  | Reducing Head-On and Across-Median   | 115 fatal head-on and across-median  | 8%         |
|  | Designing Care Design | Jirilghway   | 3%         |
| Part 5:<br>EMS<br>Part 6:<br>Manage-<br>ment       | Enhancing Emergency Medical Capabilities to increase Survivability Interse   | ctions   |            |
|  | improving information and Decision Support<br>Systems  | NA   |            |
|  | Creating More Effective Processes and Safety<br>Management Systems   | NA   |            |

# **Emphasis Areas**

1998-2002 (1,750) 2002-2006 (2,000 fatalities)

- Alcohol impairment 464 fatalities/27% of total traffic fatalities
   416 fatalities/21%
- Unbelted occupants
   780 fatalities/46% of total traffic fatalities
   886 fatalities/44%
- Pedestrians276 fatalities/16% of total traffic fatalities388 fatalities/19%
- Lane/road departures
   675 fatalities/39% of total traffic fatalities
   810 fatalities/41%
- Intersections
   443 fatalities/26% of total traffic fatalities
   536 fatalities/27%

# **Our Goal**



# **Twenty Critical Strategies**

#### **Enforcement**

- Highly publicized DUI checkpoints
- Seize Vehicle/License Plate for DUI offenses
- Highly publicized Seat Belt enforcement campaigns & primary seat belt law
- Enforce pedestrian laws at high crash areas (judicial follow-thru)
- Automated Enforcement

#### **Education**

- How to maintain vehicle on the roadway
- Public service campaigns to reduce impaired driving
- Subsidized transportation to/from bars, hotels, etc.
- Pedestrian safety education

#### **EMS**

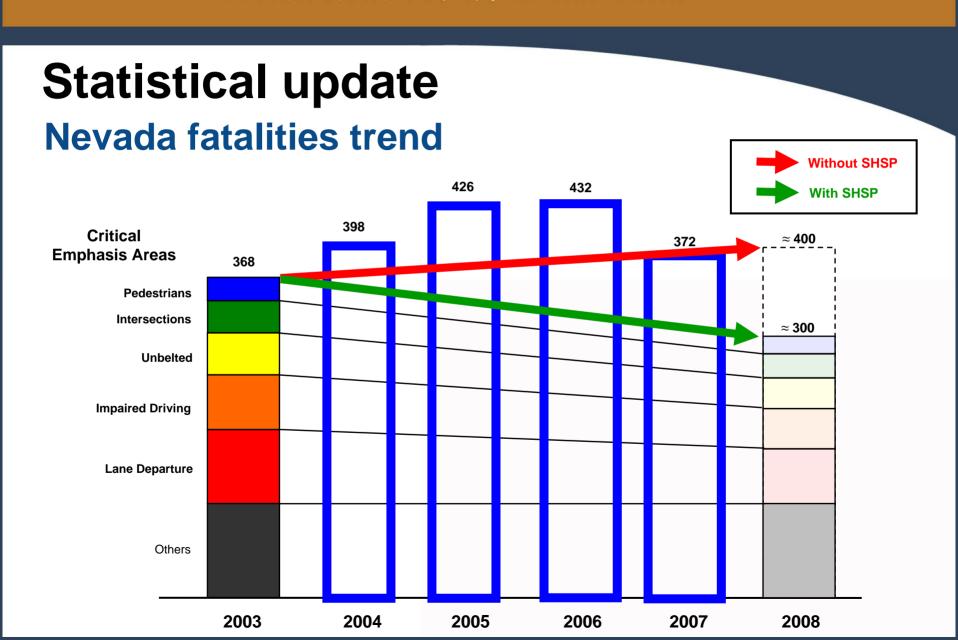
- First responder training for state patrol, maintenance workers, etc.
- ITS Technology to reduce response times

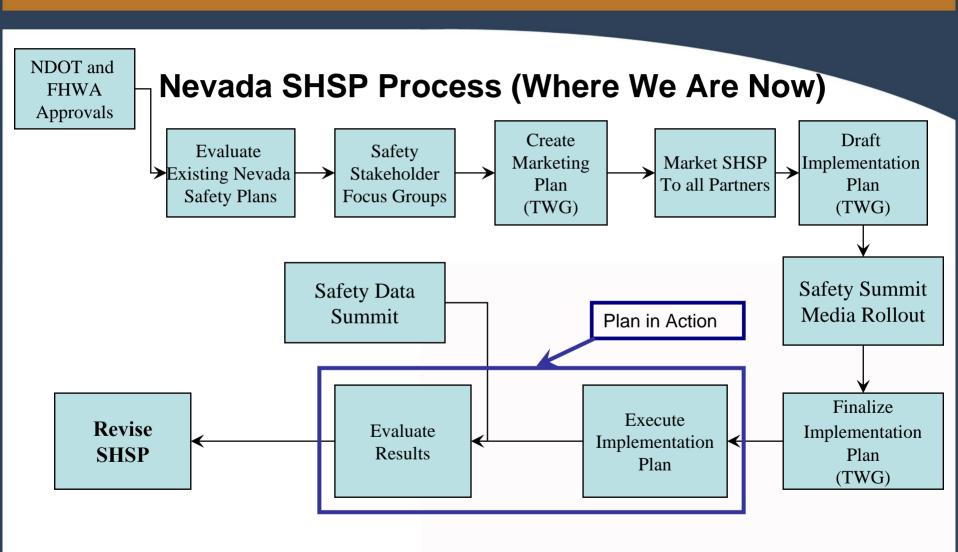
### **Engineering**

- Keep vehicles in their lane
- Flatten slopes and remove roadside objects
- Increase ped safety by constructing sidewalks, refuge islands, and upgrading signals
- Access management
- Intersection geometric improvements
- Increase intersection awareness with traffic control devices
- Traffic signal upgrades and improvements

#### **Data Systems**

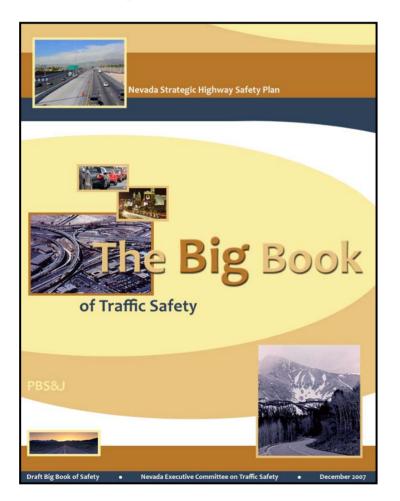
- Improve ability to perform data analysis across agencies
- Develop criteria to identify high pedestrian crash locations and crosswalk placement guidelines





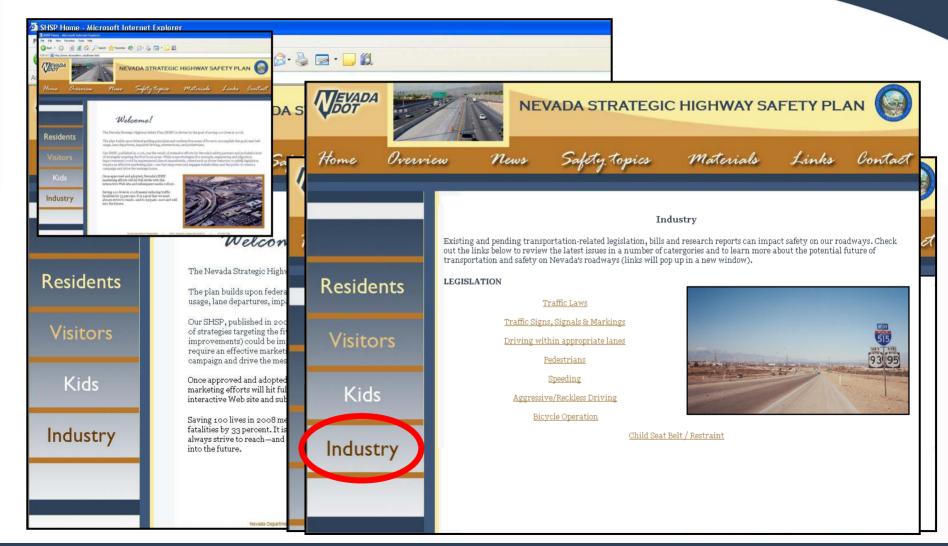
# **Nevada SHSP Process**

# The Big Book of Safety



| Title        | Attorney General Advisor   | y M                   | 4 4 4 |  |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|-------|--|
| Title:       | Bicycle Safety Education<br>28-PS-5/26-163PS-3   |                       |       |  |
| Institution: | Washoe County Kiwanis Club   |                       |       |  |
| Status:      | New  |                       |       |  |
| Description: | This 502(c)3 organization will conduct bicycle rodeos and distribute helmets to Northern Nevada communities while conducting education on bicycle safety. This is the third year of a highly successful education program. |                       |       |  |
| Resources:   | \$11,500   |                       |       |  |
| Partners:    |  | Contact:<br>Telephone |       |  |
| Strategies:  |  | Address:              |       |  |
| ou accones.  |  | •                     |       |  |

# Nevada SHSP process: www.drivesafenv.com



# **CEA Implementation Teams**

# **Impaired Driving**

Team Leader: Michael Geeser, AAA Nevada, in association with the Attorney General's Advisory Coalition on Impaired Driving

#### **Strategies**

- Conduct highly publicized DUI checkpoints
- Conduct public service campaign to reduce impaired driving
- Institute a mandatory ignition interlock program for DUI offenders
- Seize the vehicle/license plate of convicted impaired driving offenders
- Provide subsidized transportation to/from drinking establishments

# **Safety Belts**

Team Leader: Traci Pearl, Office of Traffic Safety, in association with the Nevada Seatbelt Coalition

#### **Strategies**

- Improve core driving skills/car control and accident avoidance
- Conduct highly publicized seat belt enforcement campaign
- Improve ability to perform crash data analysis across agencies
- Create primary seat belt law

# **CEA Implementation Teams**

# **Lane Departures**

**Team Leader: Kelly Anrig, NDOT** 

#### **Strategies**

- Keep vehicles in their lanes through improvements/engineering
- Flatten side slopes and reduce roadside objects
- Create education/awareness programs for maintaining vehicles on roadway lanes
- Provide first responder training for state patrol, maintenance workers, and related personnel

#### Intersections

Team Leader: Chris Louis, RTC of Washoe County

#### **Strategies**

- Implement automated enforcement including red-light-running cameras
- Increase intersection awareness with traffic control devices
- Implement geometric intersection improvements
- Implement traffic signal upgrades and improvements
- Follow the principles of access management at intersections

# **CEA Implementation Teams**

### **Pedestrians**

Team Leader: Jerry Duke, RTC of Southern Nevada

#### **Strategies**

- Enforce pedestrian laws at high crash locations (with judicial follow-thru)
- Provide pedestrian safety education for pedestrians and motorists
- Develop criteria to identify high pedestrian crash locations and placement, design, and implementation guidelines for pedestrian amenities

# **Agencies with CEA Team Action Assignments**

- Department of Public Safety
- NDOT
- RTC Washoe County
- RTC Southern Nevada
- Cities and Counties Statewide
- STOP DUI
- AAA
- MADD

- Nye County Community Prevention Partnership
- UNLV
- UNR
- DMV
- Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department
- Reno Police Department

- Henderson Police Department
- Washoe County Sheriff
- FHWA
- Federal Motor Vehicle Carriers Association
- Emergency Medical Services
- American Traffic Academy
- Safe Communities
- Safe Kids

# Public Information Officer (PIO) Working Group

# **Advisory committee to the SHSP Technical Working Group**

- Integrates and engages statewide agency PIO personnel (e.g., NDOT, DPS, AAA, DMV, Dept. of Health, RTC North and South)
- Refines and guides marketing/media strategies from focus groups/workshops and Safety Summit
- Creates coordinated message for media outlets and the public

# **Purpose and Goals**

Safety Summit March 18-19, Henderson, Nevada

- Foster networks
  - Prioritize and track participant feedback
  - Share successful implementation strategies
  - Coordinate SHSP support
  - Conduct media rollout
- Develop implementation task teams with roles, responsibilities, and timing
- Commit to a safety culture

# Office of Traffic Safety (OTS) SHSP participation

- Provides incentives to state, local, and non-profit agencies that apply for federal grants addressing key SHSP strategies
- Provides professional development grants enabling partners to participate in SHSP meetings and special events
- Provides paid media to inform the public of high-visibility enforcement and other key behavioral traffic safety issues
- Funds law enforcement, education, and emergency medical services to perform traffic safety programs

# **NDOT Safety Engineering**

### Hazard Elimination Program

- High Crash Location review and project development (intersections)
- centerline rumble strips (lane departure)

## Road Safety Audit Program

Reviewing roadways from a safety perspective (intersection/lane departure/pedestrian)

#### Data Driven Solutions

- Partnership with DPS on NCATS management
- New analytic tools
  - Statewide GIS
  - Statewide C.A.R.E. implementation
  - SafetyAnalyst FHWA Pool Funded Study
- Safety Data Warehouse

# Legislative involvement

- Strategy: Primary Seat Belt Law
  - Unbelted Occupants
    - 44% of total traffic fatalities
  - Benefit:
    - A NHTSA study found seat belts reduce the risk of a fatality by 45% and a critical injury by 50% for front seat passengers over the age of five).
  - Cost:
    - Publicity costs to inform the public of the law change.
    - Increased enforcement and publicity to magnify the effect of the law change.

# Legislative involvement

- Strategy: Automated Enforcement (Red Light Running Cameras)
  - Intersections
    - 27% of total traffic fatalities
  - Benefit:
    - 15% reduction in related crashes
  - Cost:
    - Varies depending on equipment selected
      - \$50,000 per intersection
      - Sensor costs \$5,000 to \$10,000 per intersection
  - National Conference of State Legislatures
    - Example legislation <a href="http://www.ncsl.org/programs/transportation/trafsafdb.cfm">http://www.ncsl.org/programs/transportation/trafsafdb.cfm</a>
  - More information
    - http://www.stopredlightrunning.com/

# The problem tomorrow

# Nationwide, of every 100 children born this year:

 One will die violently in a highway crash during their lifetime.

 70 will be injured in a crash during their lifetimes – some more

than once.

