

# STATE LEVEL OVERVIEW: CAREGIVING LAWS & POLICIES SUPPORTED BY AARP

AARP has a 60+ - year history of advocating for older adults, empowering them to choose how they live as they age and fighting for policies that allow them to age in their own homes and communities where we know through our research they would like to be. Recognizing that family caregivers are critical to aging in place, AARP accelerated our advocacy work on behalf of family caregivers in 2014 with the CARE Act – now law in 45 states. Building on the foundation of the CARE Act, AARP state offices around the country have led the charge in bringing real, tangible relief to our nation's 48 million family caregivers – passing state legislation that supports family caregivers in 44 states and 3 territories.

With 77% of registered voters being a current, past, or future <u>family caregiver</u>, AARP's advocacy work on behalf of family caregivers cuts across political ideologies. And with 21% of registered voters identifying as a current family caregiver, elected officials and candidates would do well to consider the needs of this growing political constituency.

# Caregiving policy principles

The three principles listed below, which map to the <u>National Strategy on Family Caregiving</u> released in September 2022, outline the overarching areas AARP believes policymakers at the state and federal levels can focus on to better address the growing needs – and preserve and improve the general health and well-being – of our nation's unpaid family caregivers.

#### Make providing care - and finding paid care - easier for family caregivers

- New and existing family caregivers alike often find the long-term care system challenging to navigate. Policymakers should make finding and providing care easier for family caregivers and better incorporate and recognize family caregivers and their vital role as a part of the nation's long-term care team.
  - Related policies: HCBS expansion, navigation, direct care workforce, education/training.

# Alleviate the economic, financial, and other challenges directly associated with caregiving responsibilities

- Family caregivers face a variety of emotional, physical, and financial challenges that can not only result in poor outcomes for those they are assisting but can also have long-term effects on family caregivers themselves. Policymakers should look to alleviate some of these challenges by expanding services and resources available to family caregivers.
  - Related policies: Paid leave, sick leave, caregiver compensation/self-direction, tax credits/reimbursement programs, respite care, caregiver assessments, financial and legal protections.

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#### Increase and ensure access to services and supports for all family caregivers

- Addressing racial, economic, and health disparities and the distinct needs of underserved communities is crucial
  to supporting America's family caregivers. When crafting and implementing policy solutions, policymakers should
  ensure their proposals are addressing the wide spectrum of experiences and needs that family caregivers face and
  that those proposals are not adding to existing disparities.
  - Related considerations when developing policy to support family caregivers: geographic, racial, economic, ethnic, language, ability/mobility, and other barriers.

### **State Advocacy**

#### **Paid Leave**

- AARP has been instrumental in passing laws to create and expand paid leave policies that directly benefit family caregivers. AARP has helped pass paid family leave in 13 states and the District of Columbia. These states include: California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, Oregon, Rhode Island, and Washington.
- A total of 14 states (Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, Oregon, Rhode Island, Vermont, Washington) and the District of Columbia now require paid sick leave and an additional three (Nevada, Maine, and Illinois) have enacted general paid time off laws that allow for paid sick leave (18 total).
- With 3 out of 5 caregivers balancing work with their caregiving responsibilities, these paid leave policies
  help to ensure that working caregivers can maintain their jobs and their incomes while providing care for
  their loved ones.

#### **Financial Support**

- On average, caregivers spend over <u>\$7,200 per year out-of-pocket</u> on caregiving responsibilities. These policies
  lower the financial burden on caregivers and recognize the critical role caregivers play in reducing the need for
  taxpayer-funded care.
- AARP offices across the country also advocate for policies that provide financial relief for family caregivers in the form of stipends, tax credits or compensation.
- AARP has worked with several states, including Maine, Arizona, Oklahoma, and New Jersey, to offer tax
  credits or other reimbursement programs for family caregivers who incur expenses while caring for their
  loved ones.
  - Meanwhile, AARP has also fought in a number of states to ensure that family caregivers who have had to leave the workforce to care for a loved one can be reimbursed for providing that care.
    - All 50 states and Washington DC have at least one self-directed care program, which allows individuals
      receiving services in their homes and communities to receive a monthly allowance that may be used to hire,
      supervise, train, schedule, manage, and fire their own workers.

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- Most states have some restrictions on which designated representatives or family members can be hired as paid service providers. However, AARP has been working to urge states to allow individuals self-directing their care to hire and pay family members for their caregiving. For example:
  - » In 2023, AARP Utah supported a law requiring the Department of Health and Human Services to apply for a federal Medicaid Waiver amendment to implement a program to reimburse a parent or guardian who provides extraordinary personal care services to a waiver enrollee.
  - » AARP Maine was similarly engaged in recent passage of a law requiring an existing 1915(c) waiver to be amended to enhance participant direction.

#### **Home and Community-based Services**

- AARP fights for respite care and other services, such as help with housekeeping, that support family caregivers and make it possible for them to care for their loved ones at home.
- AARP also fights to keep people in their homes and communities and out of costly institutions, including fighting to ensure that it is just as easy to get people connected to home care as it is to get them into a nursing home after being discharged from the hospital.

#### **Caregiver Assessments**

AARP recognizes that it's just as important to provide care for the caregiver as it is for the care recipient and has
advocated for comprehensive caregiver assessments so that caregivers get the support they need to care for their
loved ones.

#### Guardianship

- AARP advocates at the state level to assist caregivers with the legal means to care for their loved ones while also protecting vulnerable seniors who rely on legal guardians for decision making.
- For much of the country, guardianship laws are out of date. Most states haven't had a major revision of their guardianship laws in over 20 years. Sixteen states haven't had a revision in three or more decades. The Uniform Guardianship, Conservatorship, and Other Protective Arrangements Act (UGCOPAA) was approved by the Uniform Law Commission in July 2017 and AARP was involved in its drafting. To date, the act has been enacted in its entirety in Maine and Washington, and partially in Iowa, Nevada, New Mexico, Mississippi, and South Carolina.
- Currently, guardianship information, rules, and forms can vary from county to county, state to state, and even court to court.
- States advocate for guardianship standards that are more consistent as well as standards that help protect vulnerable seniors from "bad actors" who aren't acting in the best interests of the seniors who rely on them.

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#### **CARE Act**

- The Caregiver Advise, Record, Enable (CARE) Act AARP's model legislation is now law in 45 states and territories (including DC, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands). Oklahoma was the first state to pass the CARE Act in 2014 and Georgia the most recent in 2022.
- The CARE Act was intentionally designed as budget-neutral legislation that would start building momentum for more robust change.
- The laws help to ensure caregivers get the training they need to care for their loved ones following a
  hospital stay.

# State caregiving advocacy— the why

#### Caregiving By the Numbers

- Estimated economic value of family caregivers' unpaid contributions: \$600 billion
- Number of Caregivers: 48 million
- Between now and 2050, the number of Americans 85 and older will increase 200% and those between 75 and 84 will increase 100%.
- Of the 48 million family caregivers, 11.2 million are caring for somebody living with dementia and that number is expected to triple by 2050.

#### **Financial Impact**

- On average, caregivers are spending more than \$7,000/year out-of-pocket, which for many accounts for one-quarter or more of their annual income.
- 45% have experienced some financial impact.
- 30% do not have savings.
- 25% have taken on more debt.

#### Impending Crisis (Caregiver shortage)

- By the year 2034, adults ages 65 and older will outnumber children under the age of 18, and the share of
  potential caregivers is projected to continue shrinking relative to the number of older adults potentially at risk for
  needing long-term care.
- Direct care workforce shortages, exacerbated during the pandemic, result in more hours of care and higher-intensity care by family caregivers. While the workforce is expected to grow from 4.6 million in 2019 to 5.9 million by 2028, the challenge is in retaining workers in a field with an average turnover rate of 40 to 60% each year and providing sufficient pay and training.

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# State caregiving advocacy — the who

#### Women

- 61% of family caregivers are women and women devote 50% more time to caregiving duties than men.
- 1 in 3 women caregivers pass up promotions, training opportunities and new assignments in the workplace.
- In December of 2021, women had lost nearly 60% of the 3.6 million jobs that vanished as a result of the pandemic.

#### **Millennials**

- 47% of family caregivers are under the age of 50, including about a quarter who are Millennials.
- Roughly 30% of family caregivers live in a household that also includes children or grandchildren. Known as
  the "sandwich generation" these are increasingly Millennial caregivers and are more likely to be working full
  or part-time.

#### Caregivers of color

- Over 30% of family caregivers self-identify as a racial or ethnic minority.
- Caregiving can have disproportionate impacts on people of color and these groups face unique challenges in accessing and utilizing our healthcare system.

For inquiries, contact: media@aarp.org

Learn more: <u>aarp.org/caregiving</u>

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