

Committee Action:
Do Pass _____
Amend & Do Pass _____
Other _____

Senate Committee on Judiciary

This measure may be considered for action during today's work session.

ASSEMBLY BILL 32 (First Reprint)

Makes various changes relating to criminal justice. (BDR 14-263)

Sponsored By: Assembly Committee on Judiciary (On Behalf of the Department of Sentencing Policy)
Date Heard: May 1, 2023
Fiscal Notes: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State: No.

Assembly Bill 32 revises provisions governing the Department of Sentencing Policy, including changing the requirements to serve as executive director, specifying that information collected or stored by the Department for the purpose of analyzing and understanding the criminal justice system is confidential and not a public record, and requiring the collection of and reporting on certain data relating to the length of imprisonment and recidivism rates for persons whose probation, suspension of sentence, or parole supervision is revoked due to a technical violation. The bill also revises provisions governing the Nevada Sentencing Commission, including membership specifications for some members, and requiring that the Commission track and assess data on the housing status of persons admitted to and released from prison. Further, the Nevada Local Justice Reinvestment Coordinating Council is authorized to accept any gift, donation, bequest, grant, or other source of money to carry out its duties.

This bill also revises provisions relating to the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety, including revising the risk and needs assessments administered to certain probationers and parolees, authorizing the Division to impose confinement in a jail or detention facility or place a person under a system of active electronic monitoring for technical violations of probation or parole, and requiring a system of graduated sanctions to include guidance on the use of such confinement and monitoring.

This bill authorizes a court or the State Board of Parole Commissioners to revoke probation, suspension of sentence, or parole supervision at the request of a probationer or parolee. A probationer who is arrested and detained, or a parolee whose parole is revoked, for committing a technical violation receives credit for any time served while awaiting a hearing. The bill increases the terms of imprisonment for a temporary revocation of parole supervision from 30 days to 90 days for the first temporary revocation and from 90 days to 180 days for the second temporary revocation. Finally, full revocation of parole supervision is authorized for a third or subsequent revocation.

Amendments: None.