ADOPTED REGULATION OF THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DIVISION OF THE DEPARTMENT

OF EMPLOYMENT, TRAINING AND REHABILITATION

LCB File No. R079-11

Effective January 1, 2012

EXPLANATION - Matter in italics is new; matter in brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AUTHORITY: §§1 and 2, NRS 612.220 and 612.550.

A REGULATION relating to unemployment compensation; prescribing the contribution rate schedule for calendar year 2012; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Section 1. NAC 612.270 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 612.270 The Administrator establishes the following schedule of contribution rates for eligible employers for calendar year [2011:] 2012:
- 1. Class 1: A rate of 0.25 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is [8.5]

 11.4 percent or more;
- 2. Class 2: A rate of 0.55 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [6.9] 9.8 percent but less than [8.5] 11.4 percent;
- 3. Class 3: A rate of 0.85 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [5.3] 8.2 percent but less than [6.9] 9.8 percent;
- 4. Class 4: A rate of 1.15 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [3.7] 6.6 percent but less than [5.3] 8.2 percent;
- 5. Class 5: A rate of 1.45 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [2.1] 5.0 percent but less than [3.7] 6.6 percent;

- 6. Class 6: A rate of 1.75 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [0.5] 3.4 percent but less than [2.1] 5.0 percent;
- 7. Class 7: A rate of 2.05 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [1.1] 1.8 percent but less than [0.5] 3.4 percent;
- 8. Class 8: A rate of 2.35 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [2.7] 0.2 percent but less than [1.1] 1.8 percent;
- 9. Class 9: A rate of 2.65 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [4.3] -1.4 percent but less than [-2.7] 0.2 percent;
- 10. Class 10: A rate of 2.95 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [-5.9] -3.0 percent but less than [-4.3] -1.4 percent;
- 11. Class 11: A rate of 3.25 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [-7.5] -4.6 percent but less than [-5.9] -3.0 percent;
- 12. Class 12: A rate of 3.55 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [9.1] -6.2 percent but less than [7.5] -4.6 percent;
- 13. Class 13: A rate of 3.85 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [-10.7] -7.8 percent but less than [-9.1] -6.2 percent;
- 14. Class 14: A rate of 4.15 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [-12.3] -9.4 percent but less than [-10.7] -7.8 percent;
- 15. Class 15: A rate of 4.45 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [-13.9] -11.0 percent but less than [-12.3] -9.4 percent;
- 16. Class 16: A rate of 4.75 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [-15.5] -12.6 percent but less than [-13.9] -11.0 percent;

- 17. Class 17: A rate of 5.05 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is at least [-17.1] -14.2 percent but less than [-15.5] -12.6 percent; and
- 18. Class 18: A rate of 5.4 percent is assigned to each employer whose reserve ratio is less than [-17.1] -14.2 percent.
 - **Sec. 2.** This regulation becomes effective on January 1, 2012.

State of Nevada Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation Employment Security Division

LEGISLATIVE REVIEW OF ADOPTED REGULATIONS AS REQUIRED BY ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES ACT, NRS 233B.066 LCB FILE R079-11

The following statement is submitted for adopted amendments to Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) 612.270. Hearing to adopt was held on December 6, 2011.

• A description of how public comment was solicited, a summary of public response, and an explanation how other interested persons may obtain a copy of the summary.

Employment Security Council Meeting and Workshop

In compliance with NRS 233B.061 and NRS 612.305, a regular meeting of the Employment Security Council was held on October 4, 2011, at the Legislative Building, 401 S. Carson Street, Room 2134, Carson City, Nevada, to consider the unemployment contribution rate schedule to be adopted for calendar year 2012. The meeting was also video conferenced to the Grant Sawyer Building, 555 East Washington Avenue, Room 4412E, Las Vegas, Nevada. Notice of the meeting was mailed on September 9, 2011, to all individuals on the Employment Security Division mailing list. Notice was posted at the principal office of the Employment Security Division in Carson City, as well as numerous offices of the Employment Security Division throughout the state. In addition, the notice was submitted to the Legislative Counsel Bureau, the Nevada State Library, and all main county libraries in the state, and was posted on the web sites of the Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation and the Legislative Counsel Bureau. The meeting was also noticed in three newspapers, the Reno Gazette journal, Nevada Appeal and the Las Vegas Review Journal. The council includes three members representing labor, three members representing the general public and three members representing employers.

During the workshop portion of the meeting, DETR staff members made a variety of presentations covering agency and legislative updates, Silver State Works/Business Expectations Service Transformation, the Unemployment Insurance Modernization Project (UINV), Economic Projections and Overview, a Review of the UI Trust Fund, and an explanation of the UI Tax Schedule.

There were no written comments received from the public. A verbal comment was offered by Ray Bacon of the Nevada Manufacturers Association. He recommended an increase in the average rate to at least 2.5%, but said he would actually prefer a rate of 2.75%.

After consideration, the Employment Security Council voted unanimously to maintain an average contribution rate of 2.00 percent of taxable wages for calendar year 2012.

The number of persons who:

(a) Attended the meeting: 35

- (b) Testified at the workshop: 6 (5 DETR staff, 1 public)
- (c) Submitted to the agency written comments: None

Small Business Workshop

In compliance with NRS 233B.0603, a small business workshop was held on October 24, 2011, at the Legislative Building, 401 S. Carson Street, Room 2134, Carson City, Nevada, to consider the effect on small businesses of the unemployment contribution rate schedule to be adopted for calendar year 2012. The meeting was also video conferenced to the Grant Sawyer Building, 555 East Washington Avenue, Room 4412E, Las Vegas, Nevada. A copy of the proposed regulation and a request for comment was circulated to the Department's mailing list, and public notices were sent to multiple locations as described above. There was no public comment at the meeting, either in Carson City or Las Vegas. The Employment Security Division Administrator chose to follow the Employment Security Council's recommendation to keep the average contribution rate at 2.00%.

There were no verbal or written comments received from the public.

The number of persons who:

- (a) Attended the workshop: 13
- (b) Testified at the workshop: 2 (DETR staff)
- (c) Submitted to the agency written comments: None

A total of 13 persons attended the workshop, which included Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation staff members and three newspaper reporters.

Two Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation staff members testified at the workshop regarding the proposed contribution rate schedule.

Hearing to Adopt a Regulation

Notices of a Hearing to Adopt a Regulation were submitted to the Legislative Counsel Bureau and the Nevada State Library on October 27, 2011, providing at least 30 days notice of the Employment Security Division's intention to consider the regulation. The notice included a copy of the proposed regulation and contained a statement of the need and purpose of the regulation. It further specified a time and location for a public hearing, at which interested individuals would be given the opportunity to present their views, or to submit any oral or written evidence. Notice was posted at the principal office of the Employment Security Division in Carson City, as well as numerous offices of the Employment Security Division throughout the state. Notice of the public hearing was mailed on October 27, to all individuals on the Employment Security Division mailing list, submitted to all main county libraries in the state and was posted on the web sites of the Department of Employment Training and Rehabilitation and the Legislative Counsel Bureau. The meeting was noticed in three newspapers. They were the Reno Gazette Journal, Nevada Appeal and the Las Vegas Review Journal.

 A description of how comment was solicited from affected businesses, a summary of their response, and an explanation how other interested persons may obtain a copy of the summary. Comment was solicited from affected businesses in the same manner as for the public, as indicated above. No written comments were received. One verbal comment was received at the Employment Security Council Meeting on October 4, 2011 recommending an increase in the average contribution rate. However, the Council's decision was to recommend maintaining the present contribution rate of 2.00%.

Copies of the regulation, minutes from the public workshop and the public hearing, as well as this summary, may be obtained from Joyce Golden, Employment Security Division, 500 East Third Street, Carson City, Nevada 89713, (775) 684-3909 and are also being made available on the Department's web site at http://www.nvdetr.org/.

• If the regulation was adopted without changing any part of the proposed regulation, a summary of the reasons for adopting the regulation without change.

The Employment Security Division adopted the regulation without change, as had been recommended by the Employment Security Council. The public expressed no opposition, either verbally or in written statements.

- The estimated economic effect of the adopted regulation on the businesses that it is to regulate and on the public. These must be stated separately, and each case must include:
- (a) Both adverse and beneficial effects: and
- (b) Both immediate and long-term effects.

Effects on Business

- **a.** All Nevada employers who are required by the Nevada Unemployment Compensation Law to pay state unemployment compensation contributions, and are eligible for a rate under the experience rating system, are affected by the adopted regulation, which sets the employer contribution rates for calendar year 2012. The adopted contribution rate schedule benefits businesses as there was no increase of the average contribution rate. The continuation of the average contribution rate at 2.00% should not put an extra strain on businesses dealing with the current economic recession. There are no anticipated adverse effects on businesses from the proposed contribution rate. Rebuilding the depleted trust fund, however, may impact businesses in the future.
- **b.** The immediate effect of the regulation is to continue payment of unemployment benefits with no increase to the average contribution rate paid by employers. The long-term effect is to allow the Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund to serve as a stabilizer during this economic downturn. It is projected that maintaining the current average contribution rate will produce revenue to the fund of approximately \$438.13 million, thus helping the State of Nevada control the current deficit spending and accrual of interest on outstanding loans.

Effects on the Public

- **a.** There are no anticipated adverse effects on the public. It is anticipated that maintaining the contribution rate of 2.00% will benefit the public by ensuring continued payment of unemployment benefits to unemployed workers, which will enable them to purchase basic goods and services. Payment of benefits also serves as an economic stabilizer for the Nevada economy, particularly during periods of an economic downturn.
- **b.** The immediate effect on the public is to ensure payment of unemployment benefits to workers who are unemployed through no fault of their own. The long-term effect is the restoration of solvency of the unemployment trust fund to ensure payment of such benefits in the future without borrowing funds from the federal government.
 - The estimated cost to the agency for enforcement of the adopted regulation.

There is no additional cost to the agency for enforcement of this regulation.

• A description of any regulations of other state or government agencies that the proposed regulation overlaps or duplicates, and a statement explaining why the duplication or overlapping is necessary. If the regulation overlaps or duplicates a federal regulation, the name of the regulating federal agency.

The proposed regulation does not overlap or duplicate regulations of other state or government agencies.

• If the regulation includes provisions that are more stringent than a federal regulation that regulates the same activity, a summary of such provisions.

There are no federal regulations that regulate the same activity.

• If the regulation provides a new fee or increases an existing fee, the total annual amount of the agency expects to collect and the manner in which the money will be used.

The regulation does not provide for a new fee or increase an existing fee.