# PROPOSED REGULATION OF THE STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

### **LCB File No. R145-11**

NAC 439.500 Fees and donations for provision of services and medications. (NRS 439.150, 439.200)

1. For a client [who is able to pay and] who does not qualify pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 300 et seq. for services and [medications] supplies concerning family planning, the fee to be charged and collected by the [Bureau of] Community Health Nursing Clinics of the Health Division of the Department of Health and Human Services [shall charge and collect the following fees for the] for such services and [medications] supplies provided by a nurse of the [Bureau] Division is the fee listed in the sliding fee scale[:]. The fee varies according to the annual gross income of the household of the client in comparison to the level of poverty designated for a household of that size by the United States Department of Health and Human Services. The sliding fee schedule is established by a cost analysis and will be updated no less than required by Federal Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) or completed every 2 years on the even year, or as needed to cover modifications to the nursing program. Notice of fee changes will be submitted for approval to the State Board of Health at the time nearest to completion of the cost analysis. The fee schedule or any information on fees will be given to anyone who requests such information.

£	Annual Gross Income	
	(As Percentage of Federa	<del>l Poverty Level)</del>
Services and medications	Category I	Category II
<del>-</del>	< <del>250%</del>	- ≥250%
Administering a vaccine against influenza, other than	ł	-
hemophilus B influenza, in addition to the cost of	£	
the vaccine	<del>\$15</del>	<del>\$20</del>
Administering a vaccine against pneumonia using a	ŧ	
vaccine other than Pneumococcal Conjugate		
Vaccine 7-Valent (PCV7), in addition to the cost	ŧ	
of the vaccine	<del>15</del>	<del>20</del>
Administering a vaccine against both influenza, other	=	
than hemophilus B influenza, and pneumonia	ŧ	
using a vaccine other than Pneumococcal	Į.	
Conjugate Vaccine 7-Valent (PCV7), in addition	<del>l</del>	
to the cost of the vaccine	<del>15</del>	<del>20</del>
Administering an injection prescribed by a physician	ł	
and provided by a client	<del>15</del>	<del>20</del>

# Annual Gross Income of Household (As Percentage of Federal Poverty Level)

Services and medications	Category I	Category II
		-
<del>-</del>	< <del>250%</del>	<u>≥250%</u>
Providing and administering an immunization for a		_
child who is less than 20 years of age against one	•	
or more diseases that may be prevented with a	:	
vaccine, such as diphtheria, polio, measles,	•	
mumps, rubella, pertussis, tetanus, hemophilus B	· •	
influenza, chicken pox (varicella), Pneumococcal		
Conjugate Vaccine 7-Valent (PCV7) for		
pneumonia and others as may be		
available	15	<del>20</del>
Providing and administering an immunization for a		20
person who is 20 years of age or older against one	•	
or more diseases that may be prevented with a		
vaccine, such as diphtheria, polio, measles,		
mumps, rubella, tetanus, hemophilus B influenza,		
chicken pox (varicella) and others as may be		
available available	<del>15</del>	<del>20</del>
Providing and administering a hepatitis A vaccine or		20
hepatitis B vaccine, or a combination thereof, to a		
person who is eligible to receive the vaccine free		
of charge pursuant to any program of the State or		
Federal Government	<del>15</del>	<del>20</del>
Administering a hepatitis A vaccine or hepatitis B		20
vaccine, or a combination thereof, to a person who		
is not otherwise eligible to receive the vaccine free		
of charge purguent to any program of the State or	•	
of charge pursuant to any program of the State or Federal Government, in addition to the cost of the	•	
	**************************************	<del>\$20</del>
Vaccine		<del></del>
Providing a duplicate immunization record after providing an initial record	<del>10</del>	<del>10</del>
		10
Administering immune globulin or hepatitis B		
immune globulin, when ordered by a physician as		
prophylaxis following exposure to an infectious		
disease, in addition to the cost of the		20
Vaccine	<del>15</del>	<del>20</del>
Performing a physical examination of one system	<del>26</del>	<del>39</del>
Performing a physical examination of an adult,		
including, but not limited to, an examination of		
height, weight, heart, lungs, vision, hearing and		(0
reflexes, and completing any form	<del>40</del>	<del>60</del>

# Annual Gross Income of Household (As Percentage of Federal Poverty Level)

Services and medications	Category I Category	
Services and medications	Cutogory 1	-
-	< <del>250%</del>	<del>≥250%</del>
- <del>Performing a physical examination of a child,</del>		<del>-</del>
including screening of developmental status,		
height, weight, hemoglobin, counseling		
concerning diet, sleep, elimination, growth and		
development, and completing any report to a child		
care facility or school	<del>40</del>	<del>60</del>
Performing a physical examination of an infant,		
including a physical and developmental evaluation		
of the infant and parental counseling and		
education, per year	<del>40</del>	<del>60</del>
Performing a physical examination to screen for	10	
cancer, including a pap smear and examination of		
the breasts, screening for testicular cancer and		
screening for colorectal cancer	<del>60</del>	<del>90</del>
Performing a colposcopy examination to screen for	00	70
cancer	90	<del>120</del>
Performing an endometrial biopsy to screen for	70	120
cancer	<del>85</del>	<del>100</del>
Performing a cervical biopsy and endocervical	03	100
curettage to screen for cancer	44	<del>66</del>
Performing cryosurgery procedures for dysplasia —	<del>\$63</del>	<del>\$126</del>
Performing ongoing screening of an adult, including	ΨΟΣ	Ψ120
necessary surveillance and counseling, checking		
blood pressure and screening for, without		
limitation, chronic illness, diabetes, hypertension,		
obesity, complications of pregnancy, lung disease		
and heart disease, per		
<del>vear</del>	45	<del>60</del>
Festing the skin of a person for tuberculosis using a	73	
Purified Protein Derivative (PPD) —	<del>20</del>	25
Testing and counseling for Human	20	<del></del>
Immunodeficiency Virus —	<del>30</del>	<del>45</del>
	30	<del></del>
Festing and counseling for a sexually transmitted disease other than Human Immunodeficiency		
Virus, in addition to the cost for the laboratory	27	44
analysis	<del></del>	44
Testing, other than pregnancy testing, or collection of		
specimen not specified in this table, in addition to	7	10
the cost for the laboratory analysis —	<del>7</del>	<del>10</del>

## Annual Gross Income of Household (As Percentage of Federal Poverty Level)

•	(As Percentage of Federal Poverty Level)		
Services and medications	Category I	Category II	
<del>-</del>	< <del>250%</del>	<u>≥250%</u>	
Dispensing and providing instruction in the use of		_	
medication, in addition to the cost of the medicine			
provided, per medication	<del>15</del>	<del>20</del>	
Direct professional nursing service by community			
health nurse:		_	
Registered Nurse (CHN II), per hour	<del>45</del>	<del>85</del>	
Advanced Practitioner of Nursing (CHN III),			
<del>per hour per</del>			
hour			
<del></del>	<del>50</del>	<del>90</del>	
Administering medication or providing instruction in			
the use of antibiotic medication for sexually			
transmitted diseases, in addition to the cost of the			
medicine provided	<del>20</del>	<del>30</del>	
Providing instruction for the control of parasites, in			
addition to the cost of the medicine provided.	<del>15</del>	<del>20</del>	
Processing a check returned for insufficient funds	<del>25</del>	<del>25</del>	
Completing a form or record upon the request of a			
person relating to the health of that person, when a			
physical examination is not required	<del>15</del>	<del>20</del>	
Vaccines:	-	-	
Hepatitis A, per dose	<del>20</del>	<del>25</del>	
Hepatitis B, per dose	<del>30</del>	<del>35</del>	
Hepatitis A and B combination	50	<del>60</del>	
Influenza, other than vaccine for hemophilus B			
influenza	<del>\$10</del>	<del>\$20</del>	
Pneumonia, other than Pneumococcal Conjugate			
Vaccine 7-Valent (PCV7)	<del>15</del>	<del>20</del>	
Laboratory Tests:		-	
— Chlamydia screening: Gen-Probe	<del>12</del>	<del>24</del>	
— Chlamydia screening: Urine test - Nucleic Acid			
Amplification Tests (NAATS)	<del>24</del>	<del>48</del>	
Gonorrhea cocci: Gen-Probe	<del>12</del>	<del>24</del>	
Gonorrhea cocci: Urine test - Nucleic Acid			
Amplification Tests (NAATS)	<del>24</del>	<del>48</del>	
Blood test for syphilis Reactive Plasma Reagent			
(RPR)	<del>12</del>	<del>24</del>	
Test for Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)		2.0	
antibody	<del></del>	<del>30</del>	
Hepatitis A, B or C analysis	<del>18</del>	<del>28</del>	

Annual Gross Income of Household
(As Percentage of Federal Poverty Level)

	(115 1 creentage of 1 ederal 1 everty Level)		
Services and medications	Category I	Category II	
-	< <del>250%</del>	- <del>≥250%</del>	
-		_	
Hematocrit or hemoglobin	<del>8</del>	<del>12</del>	
Pertussis	<del>65</del>	<del>85</del>	
Fecal occult blood	<del>8</del>	<del>12</del>	
Urinalysis (reagent strip)	<del>8</del>	<del>12</del>	
Drawing fee for venipuncture	<del>8</del>	<del>14</del>	
Laboratory tests, other than those listed above of	<del>or</del>		
performed in conjunction with an annual c			
initial examination	<del>8</del>	<del>121</del>	

- 2. For a client described in subsection 1 who [is not able to pay a fee listed in subsection 1, the Bureau of Community Health: ]has a household income of less than 100 percent of the federal poverty level, the Community Health Nursing Clinics
- [(a) May] may not deny the services or [medications] supplies provided by a nurse of the [Bureau] Division to the client.[; and
- (b) Shall ask the client to make a donation to help cover the cost of the service or medication.]
- 3. For the purposes of this section, except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, the [Bureau] Clinic shall charge a client described in subsection 1 the fees listed in [: ]the sliding fee scale.
- [(a) Category I if] If the annual gross income of the household of the client described in subsection 1 is [less] greater than [250] 100 percent of the poverty level designated for a household of that size by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, the Community Health Nursing Clinics may deny services or supplies for continued nonpayment of the fee.
- [(b) Category II if the annual gross income of the household of the client is at least 250 percent of the poverty level designated by the United States Department of Health and Human Services.]
  - 4. For the purposes of this section, a teenager is considered a household of one.
- [4.] 5. As used in this section, "household" means an association of persons who live together as a single economic unit, regardless of whether they are related.
- (Added to NAC by Bd. of Health, eff. 10-14-82; A 7-16-85, eff. 8-1-85; 1-31-90; 9-6-91; 9-1-93; R038-97, 10-30-97; R118-03, 12-4-2003)

## NAC 442.222 Fees and donations for certain services and supplies concerning family planning. (NRS 439.150, 439.200)

1. For a client who qualifies pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 300 et seq. for services and supplies concerning family planning, the fee[, if any,] to be charged and collected by the [Bureau of] Community Health *Nursing Clinics* of the Health Division of the Department of Health and Human Services for such services and supplies provided by a nurse of the [Bureau] *Division* is the fee listed in the [table below ]sliding fee scale. The fee varies according to the annual gross income of the household of the client in comparison to the level of poverty designated for a household of that size by the United States Department of Health and Human Services. *The* 

sliding fee schedule is established by a cost analysis and will be updated no less than required by Federal Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) or completed every 2 years on the even year, or as needed to cover modifications to the nursing program. Notice of fee changes will be submitted for approval to the State Board of Health at the time nearest to completion of the cost analysis. The fee schedule or any information on fees will be given to anyone who requests such information.

E Service or Supply -		nnual Gross Income Percentage of Feder		
-	- <del>101% to 125%</del>	- >125% to 150%	- >150% to 250%	- >250%
- Visits to clinic:	-	-	-	-
- Initial or annual visit, with pap smear	<del>\$45</del>	<del>\$55</del>	<del></del>	<del>-\$102</del>
Problem return visit, repeat pap smear, in addition to cost of laboratory analysis	25	35	<del>45</del>	55
- Problem return visit, colposcopy, in addition to cost of cervical biopsy	30	<del>60</del>	<del>90</del>	<del>- 120</del>
- Problem return visit, cervical biopsy (each)	50	55	<del>60</del>	<del>65</del>
Problem return visit, pelvic examination only	25	35	<del>45</del>	<del>55</del>
Problem return visit, no testing	<del>25</del>	35	<del>45</del>	55
Mini-exam (physical exam and pap smear done by private medical doctor), in addition to cost of laboratory analysis	<u>25</u>	<del>35</del>	45 -	<u>55</u>

Service or Supply	Annual Gross Income of Household (As Percentage of Federal Poverty Level)			
- -	- 101% to 125%	- >125% to 150%	- >150% to 250%	- >250%
Check for infection and pelvic examination, in addition to cost of laboratory analysis	<del>- 27</del>	54	<del>81</del>	<del></del>
- Physician consultation	<del>30</del>	35	<del>40</del>	<del>- 45</del>
- Pregnancy testing and counseling	<del>10</del>	<del>20</del>	<del>30</del>	<del>-</del> 40
- Direct professional nursing service: - Community health nurse (per hour) - Nurse practitioner (per	25	<del>45</del>	<del>45</del>	<del>85</del>
<del>hour)</del> -	<del>30</del>	<del>50</del>	<del>50</del> -	<del>90</del> -
Administrative surcharge for billing if fees are not collected at time of service	5	<del>7</del>	9	<del>11</del>
- Counseling and education	- 15	<del>- 20</del>	25	- 30
Brief office visit	<del>- 10</del>	<del>- 16</del>	22	<del>- 28</del>
Returned check charge	<del></del>	<del>- 25</del>	- 25	<del>-</del> 25
Transfer of records	5	5	5	5
— Fitting of diaphragm	<del>26</del>	<del>34</del>	<del></del>	<del>50</del>
— Fitting of cervical cap	<del>26</del>	34	<del>42</del> -	<del>50</del>
— Surgical procedure for insertion of birth control implant, including cost of device	<del>121</del>	<del>242</del>	<del>363</del>	<del>485</del>
- Surgical removal of birth control implant	<del>- 121</del>	- 242	<del>- 363</del>	- 485

Service or Supply	Annual Gross Income of Household (As Percentage of Federal Poverty Leve			
- -	- <del>101% to 125%</del>	- >125% to 150%	- >150% to 250%	- <del>&gt;250%</del>
-	-	-	-	-
- Insertion of intrauterine device, in addition to cost of device	<del>40</del>	<del>50</del>	<del>60</del>	<del>- 75</del>
- Removal of intrauterine device not with insertion	<del>-</del> 40	<del>- 50</del>	<del>60</del>	- 70
Treatment of condylomata (genital warts), in addition to cost of	-	-	-	-
medication	<del>25</del>	50	<del>75</del>	<del>100</del>
Treatment of dysplasia with cryosurgery	<del>63</del>	84	<del>105</del>	<del>126</del>
Pelvic examination for pregnancy	<del>15</del>	<del>30</del>	<del>45</del>	<del>60</del>
Vasectomy assessment,     counseling and referral	50	55	<del>60</del>	<del>65</del>
Laboratory tests, other than those performed in conjunction with annual/initial exam:		-	-	-
- — <del>Hematocrit/Hemoglobin</del>	<del>-</del>		<del>- 10</del>	<del>-</del> 12
— Gonorrhea cocci: Gen- Probe	<del>- 12</del>	<del>16</del>	<del>20</del>	24
- Gonorrhea cocci: Urine test - Nucleic Acid Amplification Test	-	-	-	_
(NAAT)	24	<del>36</del>	<del>48</del>	<del>60</del>
- Gonorrhea pharyngeal swab	<del>46</del>	<del>- 51</del>	<del>56</del>	<del>-</del> <del>61</del>
- Gonorrhea rectal culture	<del>- 78</del>	<del>83</del>		- 93

Service or Supply	Annual Gross Income of Household (As Percentage of Federal Poverty Level)			
_	_	-	-	_
-	<del>101% to 125%</del>	>125% to 150%	>150% to 250%	<del>&gt;250%</del>
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
<del>Wet smear</del>	<del>6</del>	<del>12</del>	<del>18</del>	<del>24</del>
-	-	-	-	-
— Pap smear:	-	-	-	-
Single slide	<del>22</del>	<del>24</del>	<del>26</del>	<del>28</del>
— Double slide	44	<del>48</del>	<del>52</del>	<del>56</del>
Thin prep	<del>30</del>	35	<del>40</del>	<del>45</del>
- Urinalysis (reagent strip)	<del>-</del> <del>6</del>	<del>- 12</del>	<del></del>	<del>-</del> 24
Blood test for syphilis, in addition to cost of	-	-	-	_
venipuncture	<del>6</del>	<del>12</del>	<del>18</del>	<del>24</del>
Test for human immuno- deficiency virus antibody, in addition to				
cost of venipuncture		<del>16</del>	<del>24</del> -	<del>32</del> -
— Chlamydia screening: Gen- Probe	<del>12</del>	<del>16</del>	20	<del>- 24</del>
Chlamydia screening: Urine test - Nucleic Acid Amplification Tests (NAATS)	24	<del>36</del>	<del>48</del>	<del>60</del>
- — Human Papilloma Virus (HPV) typing		<del>90</del>	- 95	<del>-</del> <del>- 100</del>
Testing or collection of specimen for other sexually transmitted diseases	<del>12</del>	22	33	44
-  Drawing fee for venipuncture	8	<del>- 10</del>	- 12	- 14
- Endometrial biopsies and other biopsies	- 85	- 90	- 95	- 100

Service or Supply	Annual Gross Income of Household (As Percentage of Federal Poverty Level)			
-	- <del>101% to 125%</del>	- >125% to 150%	- >150% to 250%	- >250%
- Contraceptive supplies:	-	-	-	-
- Intrauterine devices:  Mirena  Paraguard	355 175		- 380 215	- -407 -235
- Paraguard - Birth control pills, per	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del>- 233</del> -
eyele	<del>7</del>	<del>9</del>	<del>11</del>	<del>13</del>
Emergency contraception kit	<del>7</del>	9	<del>11</del>	<del>13</del>
Contraceptive injection of  Depo-Provera or  Lunelle, in addition to  cost of visit to office	26	31	36	41
- Condoms (per package of 12)	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del> <del>7</del>		<del>-</del>
- — <del>Diaphragm</del>	<del>-</del> 20	<del>- 25</del>	<del>- 30</del>	<del>-</del> 35
- Contraceptive foam or jelly for diaphragm	<del>-</del>	<del>- 7</del>	8	<del>-</del>
Contraceptive sponge (per package of 4)	<del>12</del>	14 14	16	<del>18</del>
— Contraceptive film (per box of 12)	<del>9</del>	<del>10</del>	<del>11</del>	<del>12</del>
— Contraceptive vaginal suppositories	<del>10</del>	<del></del>	<del>14</del>	<del>16</del>
— Cervical cap	<del>18</del>	22	33	<del>45</del>
Contraceptive NuvaRing (each)	<del></del>		36	<del>40</del>
— Contraceptive patch, Ortho Evra (each)	15	<del>19</del>	23	<del>27</del>

Service or Supply	Annual Gross Income of Household (As Percentage of Federal Poverty Level)			
-	- 101% to 125%	->125% to 150%	->150% to 250%	- >250%
- - Basal thermometer	- - 7	- - - 10	- - - - - - - - -	- - 16
	2	3	4	5
Book on natural family planning	4	<del></del>	<del>10</del>	15
Other medications and services:	- -	-	-	-
<ul> <li>Medicine for gonorrhea infection</li> </ul>	<del>21</del>	<del>25</del>	<del>29</del>	<del>33</del>
— Medicine for chlamydia infection	<del>15</del>	<del>19</del>	<del>23</del>	<del>27</del>
- Vaginal medication	<del>20</del>	<del>22</del>	<del>24</del>	<del>26</del>
— Medicine for parasites	<del>6</del>	<del>- 7</del>	8	<del>9</del>
— Medicine for other infections	<del>10</del>	<del>- 13</del>	<del>17</del>	- 20]

- 2. For a client described in subsection 1 who [If the annual gross income of the household of a client described in subsection 1 is] has a household income of less than [101] 100 percent of the [level of] federal poverty level, [designated for a household of that size by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, the [Bureau] Community Health Nursing Clinics may not charge a fee to the client for services or supplies provided by a nurse of the [Bureau] Division for matters related to family planning. [The Bureau shall ask such a client to make a donation to help defray the cost of the services or supplies that the client has received.] A client who is required to pay a fee pursuant to this section may not be denied services or supplies for continued nonpayment of the fee.
  - 3. For the purposes of this section, a teenager is considered a household of one.
- 4. As used in this section, "household" means an association of persons who live together as a single economic unit, regardless of whether they are related.

(Added to NAC by Bd. of Health, eff. 10-14-82; A 7-16-85, eff. 8-1-85; 2-18-88; 12-15-88; 1-31-90; 5-19-92; 9-1-93; 10-30-97; R119-03, 12-3-2003)

# Small Business Impact Statement Proposed Permanent Regulations – NAC 439.500 and NAC 442.222 (Prepared Pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes 233B.0608)

### Pertaining to

Proposal to Adopt (Permanent/Temporary) Regulations Under Nevada Administrative Code NAC 439.500 & 442.222; Petitions pertaining to Administration of Public Health and Maternal and Child Health; Abortion

### **Background**

1. A description of the manner in which comment was solicited from affected small businesses, a summary of their response and an explanation of the manner in which other interested persons may obtain a copy of the summary.

In November 2011, the Nevada State Health Division (NSHD), Public Health and Clinical Services (PHCS), mailed Small Business Impact Questionnaires to all providers in the rural communities. The providers were also provided the proposed changes to NAC 439.500 and 442.222, and the Notice of Public Workshop.

The notices were sent to 209 providers, and one was returned. There will be no adverse effects on that small business

To assure community members and providers were aware of the requested changes in NAC and allowing for their opportunity to respond to the questionnaire, notices were placed in community libraries, the Nevada State Library, county health offices, and the Nevada State Health Division's website. The Nevada State Health Division's website also states how interested persons may obtain a copy of the summary.

2. The estimated economic effect of the proposed regulation on the small business which it is to regulate including without limitation both adverse and beneficial effects and both direct and indirect effects.

In the initial review and consideration of the estimated economic effect of the proposed regulations on small businesses, it was determined there would be no or very little impact for adverse – beneficial or direct – indirect effects.

The Small Business Impact Questionnaire supported this presumption. Out of the one (1) Small Business Impact Questionnaires received, it showed no impact at all. Please refer to the response in Question #3 which illuminates why there is no impact.

3. A description of the methods that Nevada State Health Division considered to reduce the impact of the proposed regulation on small businesses and statement regarding whether the agency actually used those methods.

While drafting the proposed changes to NAC 439.500 and NAC 442.222 there did not appear to be a concern of impact on small business. The NSHD Community Health Nursing (CHN) Program tends to serve those individuals with lower incomes, no economic resources and no insurance. Community small businesses that provide family planning, OB/GYN and other related medical services charge a fee; for those patients who have limited resources and are unable to pay, referrals are made to the NSHD CHN Program for services. In as much as the private provider small business rarely provides a free service to patients, there was not a need to create a method to reduce impact.

4. The estimated cost to the agency for enforcement of proposed regulations.

It is anticipated there will be little cost to the agency for the enforcement of these proposed regulations. It is actually anticipated there will be a savings if the proposed changes to NAC are approved. Title X (a Family Planning Grant) requires a cost analysis to be performed every two to three years to reflect the cost of providing services to community patients. This is an essential federal requirement to maintain grant funding. As NAC is currently written, the CHN Program would be required to go through the costly procedure (estimated at \$8,500) every two to three years to be in compliance with and maintain grant funding from Title X. The proposed changes in NAC will allow CHN staff to perform the cost analysis every two to three years to determine the true costs of providing services in the rural communities without going through the Legislative Counsel Bureau. Changes to fees for services provided would be updated and sent to the NSHD Administrator for review, then would have to be approved by the Nevada State Board of Health for the public hearing.

## 5. Total amount the Health Division expects to collect from any fees and the manner in which the money will be used.

It is not anticipated that NSHD will collect substantially increased fees. Any funds that may be collected will be used to defray expenses of the CHN Program in providing services to low income families in the rural areas of the state.

## 6. An explanation of why any duplicative or more stringent provisions than federal, state or local standards regulating the same activity are necessary.

The provisions suggested in NAC 439.500 and NAC 442.222 are to meet the specified regulatory requirements of the Federal standards. Not meeting these standards jeopardizes the CHN Program's ability to sustain its largest monetary grant and impedes the program's ability to provide needed public health services to the underserved rural population of Nevada.