This is the 2005 edition of the Legislative Manual.

If you are looking for the current edition, please visit our Publications page at http://www.leg.state.nv.us/Division/Research/Publications/index.cfm.

APPENDIX F LEGISLATIVE TERMINOLOGY

LEGISLATIVE TERMINOLOGY

Act......A bill passed by both houses and signed by the

sets the date for the next meeting.

Governor.

Amend	To alter formally by modification, deletion, or addition.
Annortionment	A division of the state into districts from which
Apportionment	members of the Legislature are elected.
Appropriation	A legislative grant of money for a specific purpose.
	One of the two chambers in a bicameral
Assembly	legislature; some states use the name "House of
	Representatives."
Attaché	An employee of the Senate or the Assembly.
	An omnibus act authorizing and limiting, except
rumonzed Expenditures rici	under certain conditions, the expenditure of special
	or dedicated revenues for government departments
	and programs.
Bicameral legislature	
	Occurring every two years; applied to the scheduled
	regular session of the Legislature.
Bill	A draft of a proposed law presented for enactment.
	(BDR) A bill draft request submitted to the Legislative
•	Counsel Bureau by a legislator, an executive agency,
	a member of the judiciary, or a local government,
	and assigned a two-part number; the first part, the
	title number of Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS),
	the second part, a unique sequence number for a
	session.
Boilerplate	Standard bill drafting language common to
	various subjects and designed to maintain the legal
	consistency of the language of the NRS.
Bond	A certificate of indebtedness issued by the government
	in return for money it has borrowed.
Budget	Estimate of the receipts and expenditures needed to
	carry out programs for a fiscal period.
By request	Introduction of a measure by a legislator on behalf
	of a private individual or group.
Calendar day	Each consecutive day on the calendar for the duration
	of the legislative session, whether or not the houses
	convene.
Caucus	Conference of legislative party members to decide
	on party policies and action, or a meeting of the Page 241
	Fage 241

	legislators from a particular county or group of counties.
Closing budgets	The process whereby final action is taken by the
Conference committee	money committees on individual budgets. A joint meeting of a conference committee from each of the two houses whose function is to arrive at a single version of a bill that has passed both houses in different form.
Consent calendar	A list of bills, of a noncontroversial nature, which is voted on as a single roll call vote instead of roll calls on each bill on the list.
Constitution	The written instrument agreed upon by the people of the United States, or of a particular state, as the absolute rule of action and decision for the government.
Daily File	List or docket of bills awaiting action, entered in order reported.
Engrossment	The preparation of a bill or joint resolution for third reading and concurrent resolutions for adoption by incorporating all amendments adopted and proofreading.
Enrollment	The final printing of a bill or resolution after enactment by both houses.
	Program of expected revenues and proposed expenditures comparing current, future, and past completed years for existing programs, and projecting revenues and expenditures of new programs for future years. The Executive Budget is proposed by the Governor and the Budget Administrator of the Budget Division of the Department of Administration.
Ex officio	Holding two offices; holding another office by virtue of or because of the holding of the first office.
	To delete or remove completelyIntroduction of a bill in either house of the Legislature by giving it a number and reading it before the full house by title before it is referred to the appropriate committee.
Fiscal note	Analysis required by statute to be prepared by an executive agency estimating revenue or expenditure changes that would be entailed by the passage of a proposed bill. The Fiscal Analysis Division of the Legislative Counsel Bureau prepares this estimate to accompany any bill that reduces the revenues or increases the expenditures of a local government.
Floor	Recognition by the Chair for the purpose of discussion, debate, or remarks while a house is in session.

General Appropriation Act	An omnibus act appropriating funds for government
General Appropriation Act	departments or programs, usually from the State
General File	General FundThe third reading file of bills and joint resolutions
General I ne	due for consideration in the houses.
General law	A law of general, or potentially general, application
	throughout the state.
Grandfather clause	A provision in a bill making it inapplicable to activities
	or personnel involved prior to the enactment of new
Hanina	legislation.
Hearing	A session of a legislative committee at which witnesses present testimony on matters under consideration by
	the committee.
History	A cumulative daily list of actions on all measures in
,	the houses.
Impeachment	A formal accusation against a public official by
	the Assembly. After the Assembly has impeached,
	the Senate tries the official.
Initiative	1
	voters to propose, by petition, a law or constitutional amendment, and to secure its submission to the
	electorate for approval.
Interim	11
	one regular legislative session to the convening
	of the next regular session.
Introduction	
T 1	consideration by a house.
	Record of daily proceedings in the houses.
Law	Bill passed by both houses and approved by the Governor, or, if vetoed by the Governor, the veto
	overridden by a two-thirds vote of each house.
Leadership	•
-	(President of the Senate and President pro Tempore;
	Speaker of the Assembly and Speaker pro Tempore)
	and the floor leaders of both houses (Majority and
	Minority Leaders, Assistant Majority Leaders,
Legislative day	and Assistant Minority Leaders)Each day that the houses actually convene. These
Legislative day	do not necessarily coincide in number with calendar
	days.
Legislative rules	The methods of procedure determined by the
	Legislature at the beginning of a session.
Lobbyist	A representative of a special interest who attends
	sessions to oppose or support the enactment of
	legislation.

Majority Floor Leader	A member of either house chosen by the members of
Minority Floor Leader	the majority party in that house as their spokesman A member of either house chosen by the members of the minority party in that house as their spokesman.
Money committees	The committees in each house that hear all appropriations requests and recommend the appropriations bills; specifically, the Assembly Standing Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Standing Committee on Finance.
Nevada Administrative Code	(NAC) The compilation of all effective, permanent regulations adopted by Nevada state agencies, except those of certain exempted agencies, after review by the Legislative Commission.
Nevada Revised Statutes	(NRS) The statutory law of Nevada of a general nature enacted by the Legislature, with such law arranged in an orderly manner by subject, and updated after every regular legislative session.
Preamble	The introductory part of a bill or resolution that states the reasons for and intent of the measure.
President of the Senate	Lieutenant Governor as presiding officer of the Senate.
President pro Tempore	A Senator elected by the Senate to preside in the absence of the President.
Presiding officer	The person in each house who chairs the conduct of business before the body and guides and directs the
Quorum	proceedings of the body. The number of members of a house or of a committee who must be present for the body to conduct official business.
Recall	Requesting the return of a measure from the Governor or the other house by a resolution.
Recede	Withdraw from an amendment in which the other house refused to concur.
Redo	The redrafting of a bill by the Legislative Counsel Bureau prior to its introduction.
Refer	Send a measure to a committee for study and consideration.
Referendum	The principle or practice of submitting a law to popular vote after the filing of a petition expressing the wish of the people to vote on such law.
Regular Session	Period during which the Nevada Legislature meets biennially, in odd-numbered years.
Reprint	Version of a bill or resolution subsequent to the introduced version, which reflects amendments

Resolutions	adopted by either house. Each formal amendment of a bill or resolution will be identified in sequence, such as "First Reprint," "Second Reprint," and so on A one-house resolution expresses facts, principles, opinions, and purposes of one house. A concurrent resolution expresses facts, principles, opinions, and purposes of the two houses and authorizes the creation of joint committees. A joint resolution memorializes federal officials to engage in an action, proposes amendments to the <i>Nevada Constitution</i> , or ratifies amendments to the <i>United States Constitution</i> .
Roll call	Recording of the presence of members or a tally by individual votes on a bill or joint resolution.
Second Reading	When a bill, after it has been reported from committee, is read for the second time before the full house. Committee amendments or amendments from the floor are adopted or rejected by simple majority vote of the members present and voting.
Second Reading File	File of bills for second reading and consideration of amendments in the houses.
Senate	One of the chambers in a bicameral legislature.
	Length of legislative service. Seniority is often used to assign committee positions and political rank.
Sine Die	Final adjournment of a legislative session. (See "Adjournment.") Adjournment sine die literally means "adjournment without a day;" it marks the end of the legislative session, since it does not set a time for reconvening.
Speaker of the Assembly	The presiding officer of the Assembly.
Speaker pro Tempore	A member of the Assembly chosen by the Assembly to preside in the absence of the Speaker.
Special law	A law of local or limited application.
Special Session	A meeting of the Legislature convened on the call of
	the Governor and restricted to the subjects stated in the Governor's call.
Sponsor	The legislator(s), legislative committee, or entity requesting that a bill or resolution be drafted.
Standing committee	A committee of either the Senate or Assembly that is created by legislative rule and is responsible for considering legislation in a certain subject area.
Statute	· · ·

LEGISLATIVE MANUAL

Statutes of Nevada	overridden by a two-thirds vote of each house. The bound compilation of all general and special laws
Statutes of Nevada	and resolutions enacted in a specific year.
Summary	A brief and unofficial résumé of the contents of a
	bill or resolution.
Third Reading	When the bill, reprinted with any adopted amend-
	ments, is debated by the full house on another day
	after the second reading. It may be passed, rejected,
	or further amended, in which case final action on the
	newly amended version is taken on a later day. If the
	bill is passed, it is sent to the other house; it is sent
	to the Governor if passed in identical form by both
	houses.
Title	An official summary of the contents of a bill or reso-
	lution.
Veto	Governor's formal disapproval of a bill or joint reso-
	lution.