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LEGISLATIVE MANUAL

#### THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE BILL

S.B. 127

#### SENATE BILL NO. 127-SENATORS TITUS AND HARDY

FEBRUARY 24, 2005

#### Referred to Committee on Taxation

SUMMARY—Expands exemption for certain small businesses from requirements for state business license. (BDR 32-679)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in boilded italics is new, matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to the licensing of businesses; expanding the exemption for certain small businesses from the requirements for a state business license; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

4567

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Existing law requires a business to obtain a state business license and pay a license fee of \$100 annually unless the business is exempt by law. (NRS 360.760-360.795) Among the businesses exempt from the license requirement is a business operated by a person from his home that earns not more than 66 2/3 percent of the previous year's average annual wage pursuant to Chapter 612 of NRS. (NRS 360.765)

This bill expands the exemption to include all businesses that earn not more than 66 2/3 percent of the previous year's average annual wage. To clarify the applicability of the exemption, this bill repeals NRS 360.785 which addresses the activities that constitute a business and incorporates the provision into the amendment of NRS 360.765.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 360.765 is hereby amended to read as follows: 360.765 1. ["Business"] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, "business" includes:

(a) A corporation, partnership, proprietorship, limited-liability company, business association, joint venture, limited-liability



#### SENATE BILL EXAMPLE CONTINUED

-2-

partnership, business trust and their equivalents organized under the laws of this State or another jurisdiction and any other person that conducts an activity for profit; and

(b) The Any activity or activities of a natural person which are 7

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- deemed to be a business pursuant to NRS 360.785.] for which the person is required to file with the Internal Revenue Service a Schedule C (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Business Form, or its equivalent or successor form, a Schedule E (Form 1040), Supplemental Income and Loss Form, or its equivalent or successor form, or a Schedule F (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Farming Form, or its equivalent or successor form.
- 2. The term does not include:(a) A governmental entity.
- (b) A nonprofit religious, charitable, fraternal or other organization that qualifies as a tax-exempt organization pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 501(e).
- (c) A person who operates a business [from his home] and earns from that business not more than 66 2/3 percent of the average annual wage, as computed for the preceding calendar year pursuant to chapter 612 of NRS and rounded to the nearest hundred dollars.
- 21 (d) A business whose primary purpose is to create or produce motion pictures. As used in this paragraph, "motion pictures" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 231.020. 22 23
  - Sec. 2. NRS 360.785 is hereby repealed.
    - This act becomes effective on July 1, 2005.

#### TEXT OF REPEALED SECTION

360.785 Activities of natural person constituting business. The activity or activities conducted by a natural person shall be deemed to be a business that is subject to the provisions of NRS 360.760 to 360.795, inclusive, if the person is required to file with the Internal Revenue Service a Schedule C (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Business Form, or its equivalent or successor form, a Schedule E (Form 1040), Supplemental Income and Loss Form, or its equivalent or successor form, or a Schedule F (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Farming Form, or its equivalent or successor form, for the business.



#### THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF AN ASSEMBLY BILL

A.B. 32

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 32–COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES, AGRICULTURE, AND MINING

(ON BEHALF OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE)

Prefiled February 4, 2005

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Mining

SUMMARY—Makes certain information collected by State
Department of Agriculture confidential.
(BDR 50-657)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new, matter between brackets femitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to the State Department of Agriculture; making certain information collected by the Department confidential; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

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Existing law authorizes the State Department of Agriculture to collect and disseminate information to educate and benefit the livestock and agricultural industries in this State. (NRS 561.285) Under existing law, the Department may be required to make such information open for public inspection. (NRS 239.010) Books and records of a governmental entity are required to be open for public inspection unless they are deemed by statute to be confidential or if the governmental entity determines pursuant to a balancing test that disclosure is not required. (Donrey v. Bradshaw, 106 Nev. 630 (1990))

required. (Donrey v. Bradshaw, 106 Nev. 630 (1990))

This bill expands the audience for whom the Department collects and disseminates information to include the general public. This bill further makes all proprietary information and information relating to a natural person, company, corporation or other entity that is collected by the Department confidential, unless the Director of the Department determines that release of the information will not be detrimental to the natural person, company, corporation or other entity.



#### ASSEMBLY BILL EXAMPLE CONTINUED

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THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 561.285 is hereby amended to read as follows: 561.285 [The]

I. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, the
Department may collect and disseminate, throughout the State, information calculated to educate and benefit the general public and the livestock and agricultural industries of the State of Nevada, and information pertaining to any program administered by the Department.

2. All proprietary information and other information specifically relating to a natural person, company, corporation or

9 2. All proprietary information and other information
10 specifically relating to a natural person, company, corporation or
11 other entity which is collected by the Department pursuant to the
12 provisions of titles 49 and 50 of NRS and chapters 581, 582, 583,
13 586, 587, 588 and 590 of NRS is confidential, unless the Director
14 determines that release of the information will not be detrimental
15 to the natural person, company, corporation or other entity.

Sec. 2. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2005.





#### THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

S.J.R. 13

## SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 13—COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES AND EDUCATION

MARCH 29, 2005

Referred to Committee on Human Resources and Education

SUMMARY—Urges Congress to preserve Community Services Block Grant program as independent federal program. (BDR R-1396)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italies is new, matter between brackets fomitted material is material to be omitted

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION—Urging Congress to preserve the Community Services Block Grant program as an independent federal program.

WHEREAS, The Community Services Block Grant program, administered by the Department of Health and Human Services, was created by the federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 and is designed to provide a range of services to address the needs of low-income persons to ameliorate the causes and conditions of poverty; and

WHEREAS, The money allocated by the program is used to provide services that assist such persons in attaining the skills, knowledge and motivation necessary to achieve self-sufficiency and may also be used to provide the immediate necessities of life such as food, shelter and medicine; and

food, shelter and medicine; and
WHEREAS, Throughout the nation, local governments have
created more than 1,080 Community Action Agencies as public or
private entities to channel the money provided by the Community
Services Block Grant program into communities to coordinate
resources and empower communities in rural and urban areas; and

WHEREAS, In Nevada, each dollar received by Community
Action Agencies leverages at least \$19 brought in from other
sources, and this money is reinvested in the business communities



#### SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION EXAMPLE CONTINUED

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of Nevada, thus enhancing the economic vitality as well as the social fabric of the entire State; and

WHEREAS, Using money provided by the Community Services Block Grant program, Community Action Agencies in this State not only assist low-income persons in obtaining employment, training, education, including participation in Head Start, energy assistance, senior services, and health and nutrition benefits, but the Agencies also acquire the infrastructure to develop affordable housing projects, assist first-time home buyers in paying down-payment and closing costs, and help senior citizens repair their homes; and

WHEREAS, When such activities relating to housing are considered, the leverage for each federal dollar received by the State of Nevada increases up to \$29; and

WHEREAS, The proposed federal budget for Fiscal Year 2006 recommends the elimination of the Community Services Block Grant program; and

WHEREAS, The elimination of the program would negatively impact not only the residents of Nevada but citizens all across the United States and would significantly hinder the ability of Community Action Agencies and other businesses to improve the economic viability of families and businesses, hurting those in need and lessening their ability to live a decent life; now, therefore, be it

23 RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF 24 NEVADA, JOINTLY, That the members of the 73rd Session of the 25 Nevada Legislature urge Congress to preserve the Community Services Block Grant program as an independent program 26 27 administered by the Department of Health and Human Services and 28 to appropriate money for the program for Fiscal Year 2006 that meets or exceeds the funding level for Fiscal Year 2005; and be it 29 30 further

RESOLVED, That the Secretary of the Senate prepare and transmit a copy of this resolution to the Vice President of the United States as the presiding officer of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services, and each member of the Nevada Congressional Delegation; and be it further

RESOLVED, That this resolution becomes effective upon passage.

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#### THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF AN ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION

A.J.R. 8

ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 8—COMMITTEE ON ELECTIONS, PROCEDURES, ETHICS, AND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

(ON BEHALF OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE)

### MARCH 23, 2005

Referred to Committee on Elections, Procedures, Ethics, and Constitutional Amendments

SUMMARY—Proposes to amend Nevada Constitution to specify time of determination of number of signatures required on petition for initiative or referendum. (BDR C-1069)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in boilded italics is new, matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted

ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION—Proposing to amend the Nevada Constitution to specify that the number of signatures required on a petition for referendum or a petition for initiative is to be determined when, before circulating the petition for signatures, a copy of the petition is filed with the Secretary of State.

RESOLVED BY THE ASSEMBLY AND SENATE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, JOINTLY, That Section 1 of Article 19 of the Nevada Constitution be amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1. A person who intends to circulate a petition that a statute or resolution or part thereof enacted by the Legislature be submitted to a vote of the people, before circulating the petition for signatures, shall file a copy thereof with the Secretary of State. He shall file the copy not earlier than August 1 of the year before the year in which the election will be held.

2. Whenever a number of registered voters of this State equal to 10 percent or more of the number of voters who voted at the last preceding general election shall express their



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wish by filing with the Secretary of State, not less than 120 days before the next general election, a petition in the form provided for in Section 3 of this Article that any statute or resolution or any part thereof enacted by the Legislature be submitted to a vote of the people, the officers charged with the duties of announcing and proclaiming elections and of certifying nominations or questions to be voted upon shall submit the question of approval or disapproval of such statute or resolution or any part thereof to a vote of the voters at the next succeeding election at which such question may be voted upon by the registered voters of the entire state. The number of registered voters of this State equal to 10 percent or more of the number of voters who voted at the last preceding general election required to file a petition must be determined at the time the copy of the petition is filed with the Secretary of State pursuant to subsection 1. The circulation of the petition shall cease on the day the petition is filed with the Secretary of State or such other date as may be prescribed for the verification of the number of signatures affixed to the petition, whichever is earliest.

3. If a majority of the voters voting upon the proposal submitted at such election votes approval of such statute or resolution or any part thereof, such statute or resolution or any part thereof shall stand as the law of the State and shall not be amended, annulled, repealed, set aside, suspended or in any way made inoperative except by the direct vote of the people. If a majority of such voters votes disapproval of such statute or resolution or any part thereof, such statute or resolution or any part thereof, such statute or

And be it further

RESOLVED, That Section 2 of Article 19 of the Nevada Constitution be amended to read as follows:

Sec. 2. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 1 of Article 4 of this Constitution, but subject to the limitations of Section 6 of this Article, the people reserve to themselves the power to propose, by initiative petition, statutes and amendments to statutes and amendments to this Constitution, and to enact or reject them at the polls.

2. An initiative petition shall be in the form required by Section 3 of this Article and shall be proposed by a number of registered voters equal to 10 percent or more of the number of voters who voted at the last preceding general election in not less than 75 percent of the counties in the State, but the total number of registered voters signing the initiative petition shall be equal to 10 percent or more of the voters who voted



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in the entire state at the last preceding general election. The number of registered voters equal to 10 percent or more of the number of voters who voted at the last preceding general election required to propose an initiative petition must be determined at the time a copy of the petition is filed with the Secretary of State pursuant to subsection 3 or 4.

3. If the initiative petition proposes a statute or an amendment to a statute, the person who intends to circulate it shall file a copy with the Secretary of State before beginning circulation and not earlier than January 1 of the year preceding the year in which a regular session of the Legislature is held. After its circulation, it shall be filed with the Secretary of State not less than 30 days prior to any regular session of the Legislature. The circulation of the petition shall cease on the day the petition is filed with the Secretary of State or such other date as may be prescribed for the verification of the number of signatures affixed to the petition, whichever is earliest. The Secretary of State shall transmit such petition to the Legislature as soon as the Legislature convenes and organizes. The petition shall take precedence over all other measures except appropriation bills, and the statute or amendment to a statute proposed thereby shall be enacted or rejected by the Legislature without change or amendment within 40 days. If the proposed statute or amendment to a statute is enacted by the Legislature and approved by the Governor in the same manner as other statutes are enacted, such statute or amendment to a statute shall become law, but shall be subject to referendum petition as provided in Section 1 of this Article. If the statute or amendment to a statute is rejected by the Legislature, or if no action is taken thereon within 40 days, the Secretary of State shall submit the question of approval or disapproval of such statute or amendment to a statute to a vote of the voters at the next succeeding general election. If a majority of the voters voting on such question at such election votes approval of such statute or amendment to a statute, it shall become law and take effect upon completion of the canvass of votes by the Supreme Court. An initiative measure so approved by the voters shall not be amended, annulled, repealed, set aside or suspended by the Legislature within 3 years from the date it takes effect. If a majority of such voters votes disapproval of such statute or amendment to a statute, no further action shall be taken on such petition. If the Legislature rejects such proposed statute or amendment, the Governor may recommend to the Legislature and the Legislature may



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propose a different measure on the same subject, in which event, after such different measure has been approved by the Governor, the question of approval or disapproval of each measure shall be submitted by the Secretary of State to a vote of the voters at the next succeeding general election. If the conflicting provisions submitted to the voters are both approved by a majority of the voters voting on such measures, the measure which receives the largest number of affirmative votes shall thereupon become law. If at the session of the Legislature to which an initiative petition proposing an amendment to a statute is presented which the Legislature rejects or upon which it takes no action, the Legislature amends the statute which the petition proposes to amend in a respect which does not conflict in substance with the proposed amendment, the Secretary of State in submitting the statute to the voters for approval or disapproval of the proposed amendment shall include the amendment made by the Legislature.

4. If the initiative petition proposes an amendment to the Constitution, the person who intends to circulate it shall file a copy with the Secretary of State before beginning circulation and not earlier than September 1 of the year before the year in which the election is to be held. After its circulation it shall be filed with the Secretary of State not less than 90 days before any regular general election at which the question of approval or disapproval of such amendment may be voted upon by the voters of the entire state. The circulation of the petition shall cease on the day the petition is filed with the Secretary of State or such other date as may be prescribed for the verification of the number of signatures affixed to the petition, whichever is earliest. The Secretary of State shall cause to be published in a newspaper of general circulation, on three separate occasions, in each county in the State, together with any explanatory matter which shall be placed upon the ballot, the entire text of the proposed amendment. If a majority of the voters voting on such question at such election votes disapproval of such amendment, no further action shall be taken on the petition. If a majority of such voters votes approval of such amendment, the Secretary of State shall publish and resubmit the question of approval or disapproval to a vote of the voters at the next succeeding general election in the same manner as such question was originally submitted. If a majority of such voters votes disapproval of such amendment, no further action shall be taken on such petition. If a majority of such voters votes



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approval of such amendment, it shall, unless precluded by subsection 5 or 6, become a part of this Constitution upon completion of the canvass of votes by the Supreme Court.

- 5. If two or more measures which affect the same section of a statute or of the Constitution are finally approved pursuant to this Section, or an amendment to the Constitution is finally so approved and an amendment proposed by the Legislature is ratified which affect the same section, by the voters at the same election:
- (a) If all can be given effect without contradiction in substance, each shall be given effect.
- (b) If one or more contradict in substance the other or others, the measure which received the largest favorable vote, and any other approved measure compatible with it, shall be given effect. If the one or more measures that contradict in substance the other or others receive the same number of favorable votes, none of the measures that contradict another shall be given effect.
- 6. If, at the same election as the first approval of a constitutional amendment pursuant to this Section, another amendment is finally approved pursuant to this Section, or an amendment proposed by the Legislature is ratified, which affects the same section of the Constitution but is compatible with the amendment given first approval, the Secretary of State shall publish and resubmit at the next general election the amendment given first approval as a further amendment to the section as amended by the amendment given final approval or ratified. If the amendment finally approved or ratified contradicts in substance the amendment given first approval, the Secretary of State shall not submit the amendment given first approval to the voters again.





## THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

S.C.R. 16

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 16-SENATORS RHOADS, Amodei, Beers, Care, Carlton, Cegavske, Coffin, HARDY, HECK, HORSFORD, LEE, MATHEWS, McGINNESS, NOLAN, RAGGIO, SCHNEIDER, TIFFANY, TITUS, TOWNSEND, WASHINGTON AND WIENER

#### APRIL 6, 2005

Joint Sponsors: Assemblymen Carpenter, Allen, Anderson, ARBERRY JR., ATKINSON. BUCKLEY. CHRISTENSEN, CLABORN, CONKLIN, DENIS, GANSERT, GERHARDT, GIUNCHIGLIANI, GOICOECHEA, GRADY, HARDY, HETTRICK, HOGAN, HOLCOMB, HORNE, KIRKPATRICK, KOIVISTO, LESLIE, MABEY, MANENDO, MARVEL, MCCLAIN, MCCLEARY, MORTENSON, MUNFORD, OCEGUERA, OHRENSCHALL, PARKS, PARNELL, PERKINS, PIERCE, SEALE, SHERER, SIBLEY, SMITH AND WEBER

### Read and Adopted

SUMMARY—Recognizes unveiling of statue of Winnemucca in National Statuary Hall in United States Capitol in Washington, D.C. and celebrates unveiling of replica of statue at Nevada State Capitol in Carson City. (BDR R-1414)

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new, matter between brackets femitted material is material to be omitted

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION—Recognizing the unveiling of the statue of Sarah Winnemucca in the National Statuary Hall in the United States Capitol in Washington, D.C. and celebrating the unveiling of a replica of the statue at the Nevada State Capitol in Carson City.

- WHEREAS, In 1864, Congress established the National Statuary Hall in the Old Hall of the House of Representatives in the United
- States Capitol and authorized each state to contribute two statues



#### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION EXAMPLE CONTINUED

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that represent important historical figures of that state to the National Statuary Hall; and

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WHEREAS, In 2001, the Nevada Legislature approved a bill providing for the creation of a statue of Sarah Winnemucca for placement in the National Statuary Hall Collection located in the United States Capitol in Washington, D.C. and provided for the designation of a committee to select an artist to create the statue and approve its design; and

WHEREAS, Nevada's First Lady Dema Guinn served as Honorary Chair of the Sarah Winnemucca Selection Committee and also spearheaded efforts by the Nevada Women's History Project to raise the funds necessary for completing and placing the original statue in the United States Capitol and a full-size replica of the statue in the Nevada State Capitol in Carson City; and

WHEREAS, The Nevada Department of Cultural Affairs provided administrative support for the project, ensuring that all funds raised were spent on the creation, transportation, documentation and placement of the statues; and

WHEREAS, Sarah Winnemucca, born near Nevada's Humboldt River in about 1844, was the daughter of Chief Winnemucca and the granddaughter of the formidable Chief Truckee of the Northern Paiute Tribe, who led John C. Fremont and his men across the Great Basin to California; and

WHEREAS, Sarah Winnemucca's life was filled with remarkable achievements, including serving as an interpreter for the United States Army and the Bureau of Indian Affairs, serving as a scout, peacemaker and interpreter during the Bannock War of 1878, becoming the first Native American woman to write and publish a book, and establishing a nongovernmental school for Paiute children that became a model for future educational facilities for Native American youth; and

WHEREAS, As a tireless spokeswoman for Native Americans, Sarah Winnemucca was an advocate for the rights of her people throughout the United States and even brought her message before President Rutherford B. Hayes and the Congress of the United States; and

WHEREAS, In fighting for justice, peace and equality for all persons, Sarah Winnemucca represented the highest ideals of America; and

WHEREAS, Sarah Winnemucca's wisdom, activism and determination made an invaluable and enduring contribution to the political and cultural history of Nevada; and

WHEREAS, On March 9, 2005, a 6-foot-4-inch bronze statue of Sarah Winnemucca, sculpted by artist Benjamin Victor, was unveiled in the rotunda of the United States Capitol before a



#### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION EXAMPLE CONTINUED

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delegation of state and national officials and hundreds of Nevadans; and

WHEREAS, Today, April 6, 2005, a full-size replica of the Sarah
Winnemucca statue representing Nevada in the United States
Capitol is being unveiled at the Nevada State Capitol in Carson
City; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, THE
ASSEMBLY CONCURRING, That the Nevada Legislature is hereby
proud to recognize the unveiling of the statue of Sarah Winnemucca
and its inclusion in the National Statuary Hall Collection at the
United States Capitol in Washington, D.C.; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Nevada Legislature is honored to celebrate the unveiling of a full-size replica of the Sarah Winnemucca statue at the Nevada State Capitol in Carson City which will serve to memorialize her lifetime of accomplishments and signify her position as a distinguished citizen of this State; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Secretary of the Senate prepare and transmit a copy of this resolution to Governor Kenny Guinn and Nevada's First Lady Dema Guinn, to each member of the Nevada Congressional Delegation, to Scott K. Sisco, Interim Director of the Department of Cultural Affairs, to Joan M. LeMere, State President of Nevada Women's History Project, and to artist and sculptor Benjamin Victor.

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## THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF AN ASSEMBLY CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

A.C.R. 30

ASSEMBLY CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 30-ASSEMBLYMEN KOIVISTO, ALLEN, ANDERSON, ANGLE, ARBERRY JR., ATKINSON, BUCKLEY, CARPENTER, CHRISTENSEN, CLABORN, CONKLIN, DENIS, GANSERT, GERHARDT, GIUNCHIGLIANI, GOICOECHEA, GRADY, HARDY, HETTRICK, HOGAN, HOLCOMB, HORNE, KIRKPATRICK, LESLIE, MABEY, MANENDO, MARVEL, MCCLAIN, MCCLEARY, MORTENSON, MUNFORD, OCEGUERA, OHRENSCHALL, PARKS, PARNELL, PERKINS, PIERCE, SEALE, SHERER, SIBLEY, SMITH AND WEBER

#### MAY 10, 2005

JOINT SPONSORS: SENATORS TITUS, AMODEI, BEERS, CARE, CARLTON, CEGAVSKE, COFFIN, HARDY, HECK, HORSFORD, LEE, MATHEWS, McGinness, Nolan, Raggio, Rhoads, Schneider, Tiffany, Townsend, Washington and WIENER

#### Read and Adopted

SUMMARY—Designates April 28, 2005, as Workers Memorial Day in Nevada. (BDR R-1405)

EXPLANATION - Matter in boilded italics is new; matter between brackets [comitted material] is material to be omitted

ASSEMBLY CONCURRENT RESOLUTION—Designating

April 28, 2005, as Workers Memorial Day in Nevada.

- WHEREAS, Since 1989, April 28 has been observed as Workers Memorial Day by the American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations (AFL-CIO), and the day has been
- recognized internationally since 1996 when a Global Union delegation lit a commemoration candle at the United Nations
- Headquarters in New York City to highlight the plight of workers who die, are injured or become ill on the job; and
- WHEREAS, This date is significant in that it is the anniversary of 8
- the enactment of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970,



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and trade unionists in nearly 100 countries around the world now mark April 28 as an "International Day of Mourning"; and

WHEREAS, Workers Memorial Day is not only a day on which to remember the workers who have succumbed to an occupational disease or been injured or killed on the job, but a time to renew the commitment to prevent these tragedies from occurring in the future by supporting needed protections and defending the promise of safe jobs for all workers; and

WHEREAS, The theme for Workers Memorial Day for this year is "Good Jobs, Safe Jobs: Protect Workers Now"; and

WHEREAS, Decades of struggle by workers and their unions has 12 resulted in significant improvements in working conditions, but the toll of workplace injuries, illness and deaths remains too high, with statistics showing that in 2003 alone, more than 4.3 million workers were injured, and 5,559 workers died as a result of job hazards and another 60,000 died from occupational diseases; and

17 WHEREAS, Too often these tragedies and the devastation they 18 cause for the workers, their families and their coworkers are quickly 19 forgotten; now, therefore, be it

20 RESOLVED BY THE ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, THE 21 SENATE CONCURRING, That the 73rd Session of the Nevada Legislature hereby designates April 28, 2005, as Workers Memorial 22 23 Day, a day to honor and remember the workers who have succumbed to occupational diseases or been injured or killed as a 25 result of work-related accidents; and be it further

26 RESOLVED, That the residents of the State of Nevada are hereby 27 urged to observe this day by recognizing the need for strengthening 28 safety and health protections in the workplace so that future workplace tragedies can be prevented.



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#### THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE RESOLUTION

S.R. 4

Senate Resolution No. 4–Senators Raggio, Titus, Amodei, Beers, Care, Carlton, Cegavske, Coffin, Hardy, Heck, Horsford, Lee, Mathews, McGinness, Nolan, Rhoads, Schneider, Tiffany, Townsend, Washington and Wiener

#### MARCH 23, 2005

#### Read and Adopted

SUMMARY—Inducts Joseph M. Neal, Jr., into Senate Hall of Fame. (BDR R-1363)

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new, matter between brackets [emitted material] is material to be omitted.

SENATE RESOLUTION—Inducting Joseph M. Neal, Jr., into the Senate Hall of Fame.

WHEREAS, The Senate of the Legislature of the State of Nevada

has established a Senate Hall of Fame whose members are selected by leadership from those past Senators who have served with distinction and who have made exemplary contributions to the State of Nevada; and
WHEREAS, Joseph "Joe" M. Neal, Jr., was first elected to the Senate in 1972, becoming the first African-American member of the Senate, and represented with great spirit and integrity the residents

9 of Clark County in the Nevada Legislature from 1973 to 2004 for a 10 total of 32 years, one of the longest tenures in the Senate in Nevada 11 history; and 12 WHEREAS, In his long and distinguished career in the Senate,

Joe Neal served as Senate President Pro Tempore, Assistant Majority Floor Leader, Minority Floor Leader and Assistant Minority Floor Leader and chaired both the Senate Committee on Human Resources and Facilities and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources; and

WHEREAS, Among his many accomplishments in the Legislature, Senator Neal led the fight to establish the state holiday in honor of Martin Luther King, Jr., and championed civil rights and equal rights; and



## SENATE RESOLUTION EXAMPLE CONTINUED

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WHEREAS, Senator Neal also fought for reforming Nevada's tax system to benefit the average resident of this State and sponsored legislation strengthening Nevada's fire protection codes; and WHEREAS, Throughout his legislative career, Senator Neal

WHEREAS, Throughout his legislative career, Senator Neal spoke eloquently and debated fiercely on behalf of the disadvantaged; and

WHEREAS, Senator Neal also distinguished himself through his mastery of the rules of parliamentary procedure and knowledge of legislative rules; and

WHEREAS, Senator Neal enhanced his legislative service by playing an active role in philanthropic endeavors by serving the Clark County community in leadership positions on numerous boards, commissions and foundations; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, That
Joseph M. Neal, Jr., who dedicated 32 years of his life to the service
of the people of the State of Nevada as a member of the Legislature
and in other public capacities, is hereby inducted into the Senate
Hall of Fame of the Legislature of the State of Nevada.

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#### THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF AN ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION

A.R. 7

## ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION NO. 7–ASSEMBLYMEN PERKINS, BUCKLEY AND HETTRICK

MAY 17, 2005

#### Read and Adopted

SUMMARY—Adds Joseph E. Dini, Jr., to Assembly Wall of Distinction. (BDR R-1448)

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EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new, matter between brackets [cmitted material] is material to be omitted

## ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION—Adding Joseph E. Dini, Jr., to the Assembly Wall of Distinction.

WHEREAS, The Assembly of the Legislature of the State of
Nevada has established an Assembly Wall of Distinction for those
past members selected by leadership who served with great
distinction and who made exemplary contributions to the State of
Nevada; and

WHÉREAS, Joseph E. Dini, Jr., served the Nevada Assembly, the people's house' of the Legislature, with great skill, integrity, leadership and fairness as its Speaker for an unprecedented 16 years, from 1977 to 1978 and 1987 to 2000, and as a member for a record 36 years; and

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WHEREAS, Joe Dini's record-setting service in the Assembly is a legacy that will endure over future years, decades and centuries and that rightly earned him the ongoing designations of "Speaker Emeritus" and "State Assemblyman 1"; and

WHEREAS, Joe Dini represented the very fabric of the legislative institution and will forever be remembered for his diligent efforts to guide Nevada in its transition from a small western state to the most vibrant and rapidly growing state in the nation; and

WHEREAS, Joe Dini was a recognized expert on numerous issues important to both rural and urban areas of the State, including the management of Nevada's precious water resources, public education, arts, cultural affairs and historic preservation, and the protection of the clear waters of Lake Tahoe through an Interstate Compact between Nevada and California; and



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WHEREAS, The people and government of the State of Nevada were incredibly fortunate to have been served faithfully and led with great vision by "Mr. Speaker" Joseph E. Dini, Jr.; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, That Speaker Joseph E. Dini, Jr., who dedicated much of his life to the service of the people of the State of Nevada as the longest serving Speaker and member of the Nevada Assembly, is hereby added to

the Assembly Wall of Distinction.

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## THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A FISCAL NOTE

BDR 32-716 SB 391

# EXECUTIVE AGENCY FISCAL NOTE

AGENCY'S ESTIMATES

Date Prepared: April 3, 2005

Agency Submitting: Compliance Division, Department of Taxation

Items of Revenue or Expense, or Both	Fiscal Year 2004-05	Fiscal Year 2005-06	Fiscal Year 2006-07	Effect on Future Biennia
Decrease in MBTFI tax due to section 1 (Revenue)		(\$1,801,800)	(\$2,047,500)	(\$4,311,216)
Increase to MBT tax due to section 1 (Revenue)		\$584,168	\$621,237	\$1,357,053
Total		(\$1,217,632)	(\$1,426,263)	(\$2,954,163)

Explanation (Use Additional Sheets of Attachments, if required)

The BDR appears to move the Pawn Shops and Collection Agencies from the financial institution business tax rate of 2% to the general business tax rate of 0.065%. The reported wages by these institutions were compared to total MBTFI wages to compute the rate of reduction of MBTFI at 8.19%. This was then applied to the Economic Forum Forcasts for MBTFI tax for FY 2006 and 2007. These same reported wages were compared to the wages reported for MBT to compute the rate of increase of MBT at 0.282%. Again this was applied to the Economic Forum Forcasts for MBT tax for FY 2006 and 2007. A growth rate percentage of 6% was applied for each year to arrive at the amounts for Future Biennia. No expense to change the computer system was computed as it appears very little would be changed.

	Name <u>Dino DiCianno</u> Title <u>Deputy Director - Compliance</u>
DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION'S COMMENTS	Date April 12, 2005
Agency's response appears reasonable.	
	Name John P Comeaux
	Title <u>Director</u>