THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE BILL

REQUIRES TWO-THIRDS MAJORITY VOTE (§ 6)

S.B. 342

SENATE BILL NO. 342-SENATOR FARLEY

MARCH 20, 2017

Referred to Committee on Revenue and Economic Development

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to the collection of certain taxes on passenger carriers. (BDR 32-1116)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material; is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to taxation; revising provisions relating to the collection of the excise tax imposed upon the use of certain methods of connecting a passenger to a person who provides transportation services; imposing an excise tax on the connection between a contract motor carrier and a person or operator willing to transport a passenger; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law imposes an excise tax upon each connection by a transportation network company, common motor carrier of passengers or certificate holder of a passenger to a driver, person or operator or taxicab, respectively, to provide transportation to the passenger. (NRS 372B.140-372B.160) This bill requires each transportation network company, common motor carrier of passengers and certificate holder to collect the excise tax from a passenger or group of passengers at the time the passenger or passengers pay a fare. This bill also imposes a similar tax on contract motor carriers.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 360.001 is hereby amended to read as follows: 360.001 As used in this title, except as otherwise provided in chapters 360A, 365, 366, 371 and 373 of NRS and unless the context requires otherwise:

1. "Department" means the Department of Taxation.





THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE BILL (continued)

-2-

- 1 2. "Excise tax" means an indirect tax that a producer or 2 seller:
 - (a) Pays to the State; and

- (b) May recover from or shift to a consumer or buyer.
- 3. "Executive Director" means the Executive Director of the Department of Taxation.
- **Sec. 2.** Chapter 372B of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:
- 9 "Contract motor carrier" has the meaning ascribed to it in 10 NRS 706.051.
- **Sec. 3.** NRS 372B.010 is hereby amended to read as 12 follows:
 - 372B.010 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 372B.020 to 372B.090, inclusive, *and section 2 of this act* have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.
 - **Sec. 4.** NRS 372B.070 is hereby amended to read as follows: 372B.070 "Taxpayer" means a:
- 19 1. Common motor carrier of passengers;
 - 2. Contract motor carrier;
- **3.** Taxicab; or
- 22 [3.] 4. Transportation network company.
 - **Sec. 5.** NRS 372B.140 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 372B.140 1. In addition to any other fee or assessment imposed pursuant to this chapter, an excise tax is hereby imposed on a transportation network company for the use of a digital network or software application service of [a] the transportation network company to connect a passenger to a driver for the purpose of providing transportation services at the rate of 3 percent of the total fare charged for transportation services, which must include, without limitation, all fees, surcharges, technology fees, convenience charges for the use of a credit or debit card and any other amount that is part of the fare. [The Department shall charge and collect from each transportation network company] Each transportation network company shall collect the excise tax from each passenger at the time the passenger pays a fare and remit the excise tax imposed by this subsection [.] to the Department.
 - 2. The excise tax collected by the Department pursuant to subsection 1 must be deposited with the State Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of NRS 372B.170.
- **Sec. 6.** NRS 372B.150 is hereby amended to read as 42 follows:
 - 372B.150 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 and in addition to any other fee or assessment imposed pursuant to this chapter, an excise tax is hereby imposed on *a common motor*





Page 224

THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE BILL (continued)

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carrier of passengers or contract motor carrier for the connection, whether by dispatch or other means, made by a between the common motor carrier of a passenger to passengers or contract motor carrier and a person or operator willing to transport [the] a passenger or group of passengers at the rate of 3 percent of the total fare charged for the transportation, which must include, without limitation, all fees, surcharges, technology fees, convenience charges for the use of a credit or debit card and any other amount 9 that is part of the fare. The Department shall charge and collect 10 from each common motor carrier of passengers Each common motor carrier of passengers or contract motor carrier shall collect 12 the excise tax from each passenger at the time the passenger pays 13 a fare and remit the excise tax imposed by this subsection \int to the 14 Department. 15

- 2. The provisions of subsection 1 do not apply to an airport transfer service [-], charter service by bus or special service provided by a common motor carrier of passengers or contract motor carrier.
- 3. The excise tax collected by the Department pursuant to subsection 1 must be deposited with the State Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of NRS 372B.170.
- 4. As used in this section, "airport transfer service" means the transportation of passengers and their baggage in the same vehicle, except by taxicab, for a per capita charge between airports or between an airport and points and places in this State. The term does not include charter services by bus, charter services by limousine, scenic tours or special services.
- **Sec. 7.** NRS 372B.160 is hereby amended to read as follows:

372B.160 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 and in addition to any other fee or assessment imposed pursuant to this chapter, an excise tax is hereby imposed on a certificate holder for the connection, whether by dispatch or other means, made between the certificate holder [of a passenger to] and a taxicab willing to transport [the] a passenger or group of passengers at the rate of 3 percent of the total fare charged for the transportation, which must include, without limitation, all fees, surcharges, technology fees, convenience charges for the use of a credit or debit card and any other amount that is part of the fare. [The Department shall charge and collect from each certificate holder] Each certificate holder shall collect the excise tax from each passenger at the time the passenger pays a fare and remit the excise tax imposed by this subsection [-] to the Department.



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THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE BILL (continued)

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- 2. The excise tax collected by the Department pursuant to subsection 1 must be deposited with the State Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of NRS 372B.170.

 Sec. 8. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2017. 2 3







THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF AN ASSEMBLY BILL

EXEMPT

(Reprinted with amendments adopted on April 4, 2017) FIRST REPRINT

A.B. 10

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 10-COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS

(ON BEHALF OF THE STATE CONTROLLER)

Prefiled November 15, 2016

Referred to Committee on Government Affairs

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to state purchasing. (BDR 27-430)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to state purchasing; providing for the disposition of rebates for purchases made with procurement cards; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

This bill provides for the disposition of money received by the State in the form of rebates for purchases made by using charge cards issued to state agencies or their authorized representatives, commonly known as "procurement cards," where the disposition is not otherwise prohibited by law or any other restriction on the use or disposition of the money used for such a purchase. Under the provisions of this bill, after deducting administrative costs: (1) 50 percent of any such rebate is deposited into the Account to Stabilize the Operation of the State Government, also known as the Rainy Day Fund; and (2) the other 50 percent is given to the state agency that made the purchase. Such money deposited into the Rainy Day Fund must not be used to replace or supplant funding from other sources. Also, such money received by a state agency: (1) must not be used to replace or supplant funding available from other sources; and (2) may be used at the discretion of the head of the agency.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 333 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

Except as otherwise prohibited by law or any other applicable restriction on the use or disposition of the money used





THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF AN ASSEMBLY BILL (continued)

-2-

1	for the purchase, any money provided to the State in the form of a
2	rebate for a purchase made with a procurement card must, after
3	deducting administrative costs, be distributed as follows:
4	(a) Fifty percent must be deposited into the Account to

4 (a) Fifty percent must be deposited into the Account to Stabilize the Operation of the State Government created pursuant to NRS 353.288; and

- (b) Fifty percent must be given to the using agency that made the purchase.
 - 2. The money:

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- 10 (a) Deposited into the Account to Stabilize the Operation of the 11 State Government pursuant to subsection 1 must not be used to 12 replace or supplant funding available from other sources.
 - (b) Received by a using agency pursuant to subsection 1:
 - (1) Must not be used to replace or supplant funding available from other sources; and
 - (2) May be used at the discretion of the head of the using agency.
 - 3. As used in this section, "procurement card" means a charge card issued to a using agency or its authorized representative for the purchase of goods and services pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
 - **Sec. 2.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2017.





THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

Senate Joint Resolution No. 1–Senators Parks, Segerblom and Manendo

Joint Sponsor: Assemblyman Ohrenschall

FILE NUMBER.....

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION—Proposing to amend the Nevada Constitution to expressly provide for the State Board of Pardons Commissioners and revise the duties of the State Board of Pardons Commissioners.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Under the Nevada Constitution and existing law, the State Board of Pardons Commissioners consists of the Governor, the justices of the Supreme Court and the Attorney General. (Nev. Const. Art. 5, § 14; NRS 213.010) The Nevada Constitution does not expressly provide for a State Board of Pardons Commissioners, but rather establishes the authority, powers and duties of the Board. Further, the Nevada Constitution requires the Governor to vote in the majority for any action. (Nev. Const. Art. 5, § 14)

This joint resolution proposes to amend the Nevada Constitution to: (1) expressly provide for the State Board of Pardons Commissioners; (2) eliminate the requirement that the Governor vote in the majority for any action; (3) require the State Board of Pardons Commissioners to meet at least quarterly; (4) authorize any member of the State Board of Pardons Commissioners to submit matters for consideration by the Board; and (5) provide that a majority of the members of the State Board of Pardons Commissioners is sufficient for any action taken by the Board. (Nev. Const. Art. 5, § 14)

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets fomitted materiall is material to be omitted.

RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, JOINTLY, That Section 14 of Article 5 of the Nevada Constitution be amended to read as follows:

- Sec. 14. 1. The governor, justices of the supreme court, and attorney general [, or a major part of them, of whom the governor] shall [be one, There is hereby created a Clemency] constitute the State Board [.] of Pardons Commissioners.
- 2. The State Board of Pardons Commissioners may, upon such conditions and with such limitations and restrictions as they may think proper, remit fines and forfeitures, commute punishments, except as provided in subsection [2,] 3, and grant pardons, after convictions, in all cases, except treason and impeachments, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law relative to the manner

THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

(continued)

-2-

- [2.] 3. Except as may be provided by law, a sentence of death or a sentence of life imprisonment without possibility of parole may not be commuted to a sentence which would allow parole.
- [3.] 4. The State Board of Pardons Commissioners shall meet at least quarterly.
- 5. Any member of the State Board of Pardons Commissioners may submit matters for consideration by the State Board of Pardons Commissioners.
- 6. A majority of the members of the State Board of Pardons Commissioners is sufficient for any action taken by the State Board of Pardons Commissioners.
- 7. The Legislature is authorized to pass laws conferring upon the district courts authority to suspend the execution of sentences, fix the conditions for, and to grant probation, and within the minimum and maximum periods authorized by law, fix the sentence to be served by the person convicted of crime in said courts.

THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF AN ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION

Assembly Joint Resolution No. 11–Assemblymen Hansen, Ellison; and McArthur

Joint Sponsor: Senator Gustavson

FILE NUMBER.....

ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION—Urging Congress to ensure that the Intermountain West Corridor does not bypass Mineral County.

WHEREAS, On December 4, 2015, the 114th Congress passed the Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act, which designated the Intermountain West Corridor as a high-priority corridor on the National Highway System; and

WHEREAS, The FAST Act established that the Intermountain West Corridor, from the vicinity of Las Vegas north to Reno, should follow U.S. Route 95 and terminate at Interstate 80: and

WHEREAS, The Board of Directors of the Nevada Department of Transportation voted unanimously to designate U.S. Route 95 as the primary route of the Intermountain West Corridor from the Las Vegas vicinity extending north, terminating at Interstate 80; and

WHEREAS, U.S. Route 95 runs through the heart of Mineral County, home of the Hawthorne Weapons and Ammunition Depot (HWAD) which encompasses 147,000 acres and where Army, Navy and Marine special forces are trained year-round in the unique aspects of mountainous terrain and a high desert environment similar to that found in Afghanistan; and

WHEREAS, Through the U.S. Army's Armament Retooling and Manufacturing Support (ARMS) Program, the 16,800-acre Hawthorne Technology and Industry Park at HWAD is the only facility of its kind west of Missouri certified as an ARMS site, which is a site designed to encourage commercial use of the facility through various incentives, encourage businesses to locate there, create jobs and new industries, yet retain the Depot's ability to carry out its primary mission; and

WHEREAS, Hawthorne and Mineral County possess both the natural and man-made resources to support the original mission of the Interstate Highway System and the goals of the Intermountain West Corridor project, including existing rail service, a dedicated railroad bed extending to Tonopah, existing geothermal and solar installations with the capacity to greatly expand renewable energy opportunities with the addition of transmission lines within the U.S. Route 95 and the Intermountain West Corridor, an airport capable of

THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF AN ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION

(continued)

-2-

landing a C-130 cargo plane, an on-site fire and emergency rapid response department and 24-hour security; and

WHEREAS, Hawthorne is centrally located 265 miles from Sacramento, 385 miles from Los Angeles, 513 miles from Salt Lake City, 612 miles from Phoenix, 133 miles from Reno and 314 miles from Las Vegas, and is strategically located to provide excellent highway access to surrounding states and the entire west coast region; and

WHEREAS, Regionally, it is estimated that the Intermountain West Corridor will result in a \$24 billion economic benefit, create 240,000 jobs and provide up to \$39 billion in travel benefits; and now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE ASSEMBLY AND SENATE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, JOINTLY, That the members of the 79th Session of the Nevada Legislature hereby urge Congress to continue to pursue the original intent of the FAST Act and establish that the Intermountain West Corridor, from the vicinity of Las Vegas north to Reno, will follow U.S. Route 95 and terminate at Interstate 80 and not bypass Mineral County; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly prepare and transmit a copy of this resolution to each member of the Board of Directors of the Nevada Department of Transportation, the Director of the Nevada Department of Transportation, the Vice President of the United States as the presiding officer of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and each member of the Nevada Congressional Delegation; and be it further

RESOLVED, That this resolution becomes effective upon passage.





THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 2–Senators Segerblom; Atkinson, Cancela, Cannizzaro, Denis, Farley, Ford, Gansert, Goicoechea, Gustavson, Hammond, Hardy, Harris, Kieckhefer, Manendo, Parks, Ratti, Roberson, Settelmeyer, Spearman and Woodhouse

Joint Sponsors: Assemblymen Ohrenschall; Elliot Anderson, Paul Anderson, Araujo, Benitez-Thompson, Bilbray-Axelrod, Brooks, Bustamante Adams, Carlton, Carrillo, Cohen, Daly, Diaz, Edwards, Ellison, Flores, Frierson, Fumo, Hambrick, Hansen, Jauregui, Joiner, Kramer, Krasner, Marchant, McArthur, McCurdy II, Miller, Monroe-Moreno, Neal, Oscarson, Pickard, Spiegel, Sprinkle, Swank, Thompson, Titus, Tolles, Watkins, Wheeler, Woodbury and Yeager

FILE NUMBER.....

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION—Memorializing William Patterson (Pat) Cashill.

WHEREAS, The members of the 79th Session of the Nevada Legislature note with profound sorrow the passing, on August 27, 2016, of Pat Cashill, a proud native Nevadan who was a tireless advocate on behalf of those injured by others and whose efforts helped protect Nevada's entire legal system; and

WHEREAS, William Patterson Cashill was born in Reno, Nevada, on August 22, 1944, beginning a life that was filled with adventure, travel and family; and

WHEREAS, After graduating from the University of Notre Dame and the University of Colorado Law School, Pat Cashill returned to Nevada, where he worked as an Assistant United States Attorney, was the first Nevadan appointed to serve as a special attorney in the Organized Crime and Racketeering Section of the United States Department of Justice and also served as a Special Attorney for Water Rights on behalf of the Department; and

WHEREAS, Pat Cashill was admitted to practice law in Nevada, California and Colorado; and

WHEREAS, Pat Cashill was active in numerous legal organizations, serving on the Board of the Nevada Justice Association for 20 years, as its president from 1986 to 1987, on its Political Action Committee, Citizens for Justice, for 30 years, and serving as a volunteer lobbyist on behalf of the Nevada Justice Association protecting the rights of all Nevadans for 40 years as well as serving on the American Association for Justice; and

THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

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WHEREAS, In addition to his successful career and steadfast work on behalf of the legal community, Pat Cashill became a certified Fraud Examiner at the age of 70 years; and

WHEREAS, Above all else, Pat Cashill loved his family, being a devoted husband to his wife Johnna and father to their children John and Kate, all of whom enjoyed exploring the world together, climbing, diving, snorkeling and trekking; and

WHEREAS, Their adventures took Pat Cashill and his family to such places as Egypt, Spain, Russia, Switzerland, Tanzania, Australia, Indonesia, Micronesia, Ecuador, Belize and Brazil, to name a few; and

WHEREAS, Pat Cashill was also an avid fisherman, fly fishing in rivers and lakes in Nevada as well as in other states and even other countries; and

WHEREAS, Pat Cashill was an avid skier, swimmer, former marathon runner, former rugby player, hunter and lifetime member of the Northern Nevada Handball Association; and

WHEREAS, Pat Cashill lived life to the fullest, never allowing anything to get in the way of pursuing his dreams and goals; and

WHEREAS, Pat Cashill leaves behind his loving wife Johnna, sister Terry Juhola, daughter Kate and her husband Ryan Blewett, son John and his wife Charlotte, and grandchildren Mackenzie and Aiden; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, THE ASSEMBLY CONCURRING, That the members of the 79th Session of the Nevada Legislature hereby extend their deepest condolences to the beloved family and countless friends of Pat Cashill; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Secretary of the Senate prepare and transmit a copy of this resolution to Johnna Cashill, the loving wife of Pat Cashill.

THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF AN ASSEMBLY CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

A.C.R. 6

ASSEMBLY CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 6– ASSEMBLYMEN ELLISON AND OSCARSON

MARCH 20, 2017

Referred to Committee on Legislative Operations and Elections

SUMMARY—Directs the Legislative Commission to conduct an interim study concerning increases in salary and benefits of state employees. (BDR R-44)

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

ASSEMBLY CONCURRENT RESOLUTION—Directing the Legislative Commission to appoint a committee to conduct an interim study concerning increases in the salary and benefits of state employees.

WHEREAS, The delivery of essential governmental services to the people of this State is dependent on the men and women employed by the State; and

WHEREAS, During the Great Recession, state employees were required to take furloughs, reductions in pay, loss of merit and longevity pay and other reductions in benefits; and

WHEREAS, State employees who first entered state service during and after the Great Recession receive certain benefits on less favorable terms than state employees who were hired during earlier, more favorable times for this State; and

WHEREAS, This State makes a significant investment in the recruitment and training of state employees; and

WHEREAS, The departure from state service of experienced and trained state employees not only interrupts the delivery of essential governmental services to the people of this State, but also imposes costs to recruit and train their successors; and

WHEREAS, The payment of adequate salaries and benefits is necessary to attract, recruit and retain an effective workforce; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, THE SENATE CONCURRING, That the Legislative Commission is hereby directed to appoint a committee composed of three members of the



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THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF AN ASSEMBLY CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

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Assembly and three members of the Senate, one of whom must be appointed by the Legislative Commission as Chair of the committee, to conduct an interim study of the desirability and feasibility of increasing the salary and benefits of state employees; and be it further

RESOLVED, That in performing the study, the committee shall, without limitation:

1. Compare the current salaries and benefits of persons with similar qualifications who are employed by the State of Nevada with other public employers and in the private sector;

2. Determine the minimum salary and benefits required to attract and retain experienced and competent persons; and

3. Consider the elimination or reduction of the disparity between certain benefits received by state employees who first entered state service during and after the Great Recession and the benefits received by state employees who entered state service earlier; and be it further

RESOLVED, That any recommended legislation proposed by the committee must be approved by a majority of the members of the Assembly and a majority of the members of the Senate appointed to the committee; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Legislative Commission submit a report of the results of the study and any recommended legislation to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the 80th Session of the Nevada Legislature; and be it further

25 80th Session of the Nevada Legislature; and be it further
26 RESOLVED, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly prepare and
27 transmit a copy of this resolution to the Governor, the Administrator
28 of the Division of Human Resource Management of the Department
29 of Administration, the Chair of the Public Employees' Retirement
30 Board and the Chair of the Board of the Public Employees' Benefits
31 Program.





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THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE RESOLUTION

Senate Resolution No. 6–Committee on Legislative Operations and Elections

FILE NUMBER.....

SENATE RESOLUTION—Designating certain members of the Senate as regular and alternate members of the Legislative Commission for the 2017-2019 biennium.

RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, That, pursuant to the provisions of NRS 218E.150 and the Joint Standing Rules of the Legislature, Senators Kelvin Atkinson, Moises Denis, Aaron Ford, Patricia Farley, Ben Kieckhefer and Scott Hammond are designated as the regular Senate members of the Legislative Commission; and be it further

RESOLVED, That Senators Joyce Woodhouse and David Parks are designated as the first and second alternate members, respectively, for Senator Kelvin Atkinson; Senators Pat Spearman and Tick Segerblom are designated as the first and second alternate members, respectively, for Senator Moises Denis; Senators Nicole Cannizzaro and Julia Ratti are designated as the first and second alternate members, respectively, for Senator Aaron Ford; Senators Heidi Gansert and Joe Hardy are designated as the first and second alternate members, respectively, for Senator Patricia Farley; Senators James Settelmeyer and Pete Goicoechea are designated as the first and second alternate members, respectively, for Senator Ben Kieckhefer; and Senators Becky Harris and Michael Roberson are designated as the first and second alternate members, respectively, for Senator Scott Hammond; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the procedure for requesting an alternate member to replace a regular member during his or her absence at a meeting must be as follows:

- 1. The Secretary of the Legislative Commission shall establish a record of service of alternate members at meetings of the Legislative Commission and shall maintain a list of the alternate members for each individual Senator or group of Senators. Each list must contain a numerical designation in ascending order for each alternate member on the list. The initial sequence in which the alternate members must be listed must correspond to their designation as alternates in this resolution.
- 2. If a regular member of the Legislative Commission is unable to attend a scheduled meeting of the Legislative Commission and notifies the Secretary of the Legislative Commission, the Secretary shall request the alternate member with the lowest numerical designation on the appropriate list to replace the regular member at



THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A SENATE RESOLUTION

(continued)

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the meeting. If the alternate member does not agree to serve, the Secretary shall make the same request of the alternate member with the next higher numerical designation on the list, and so on through the list until an alternate member agrees to replace the regular member.

- 3. An alternate member who agrees to replace a regular member at a meeting of the Legislative Commission loses the numerical designation he or she had on the appropriate list at the time he or she was requested to serve. The Secretary of the Legislative Commission shall, when the alternate member agrees to replace the regular member, assign to that alternate member the highest numerical designation on the appropriate list. At the same time, the Secretary shall also reduce by one the numerical designation on the appropriate list to those alternate members who have higher numerical designations on the appropriate list than the alternate member who has agreed to serve.
- 4. An alternate member who is requested to replace a regular member at a meeting of the Legislative Commission, but who does not agree to replace the regular member, does not lose the numerical designation he or she had on the appropriate list at the time of the request.



THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF AN ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION

Assembly Resolution No. 5–Assemblymen Frierson, Benitez-Thompson and Paul Anderson

FILE NUMBER.....

ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION—Adding former Assemblyman John E. (Jack) Jeffrey to the Assembly Wall of Distinction.

WHEREAS, The Assembly of the Legislature of the State of Nevada has established a Wall of Distinction for those past members of the Assembly, selected by leadership, who served with great distinction and who made exemplary contributions to the State of Nevada; and

WHEREAS, John E. (Jack) Jeffrey was born in Sioux City, Iowa, in 1938, and then moved to Henderson, Nevada, with his family in 1941: and

WHEREAS, Assemblyman Jeffrey worked as an electrician for many years and served as Secretary for the Southern Nevada Building and Construction Trades Council, experiences that gave him a deep understanding of the concerns and interests of the working men and women in this State; and

WHEREAS, Jack Jeffrey became involved in politics at an early age, before he was even old enough to vote, and went on to serve as a member of the Henderson City Council and as Mayor pro tem, and

WHEREAS, In 1974, Jack Jeffrey was elected to the Nevada Assembly where he represented the Henderson area for the next 16 years; and

WHEREAS, During his tenure in the Legislature, Assemblyman Jeffrey filled many leadership roles, serving as Assembly Majority Floor Leader during the 1983, 1987 and 1989 Regular Sessions and the 1984 and 1989 Special Sessions, as Majority Whip in 1977 and as Assistant Minority Floor Leader in 1985; and

WHEREAS, Jack Jeffrey served on the Assembly Committee on Commerce for 12 years and served as Chair of that Committee in 1979, 1983, 1987 and 1989, Chair of the Assembly Committee on Economic Development and Natural Resources in 1981, and Chair of the Legislative Commission in 1989 and 1990, as well as serving as a member of many other standing and interim committees; and

WHEREAS, Assemblyman Jeffrey successfully sponsored many significant pieces of legislation on subjects including fire safety, workers' compensation, preference for Nevada contractors on public works projects, occupational diseases, workplace health and safety and local government; and

WHEREAS, After his service in the Legislature, Jack Jeffrey returned to the Legislature as a lobbyist for an additional 20 years,



THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF AN ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION

(continued)

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working tirelessly to protect the rights of the working men a women in Nevada; and

WHEREAS, Jack Jeffrey will long be remembered as an ast and powerful political leader, a vigorous advocate of the rights the common citizen and a soft-spoken, kind and compassion colleague and friend; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, TI for his 16 years of dedicated service to the Assembly, John E. (Ja Jeffrey is hereby added to the Assembly Wall of Distinction; and it further

RESOLVED, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly prepare a transmit a copy of this resolution to the family of for Assemblyman John E. (Jack) Jeffrey.

THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A FISCAL NOTE

BDR 18-385 SB 25

EXECUTIVE AGENCY FISCAL NOTE

AGENCY'S ESTIMATES

Date Prepared: February 10, 2017

A	0	Ott:		0	4 04-4-
Agency	Submitting:	Office	or trie	Secretary	oi Siale

Items of Revenue or Expense, or Both	Fiscal Year 2016-17	Fiscal Year 2017-18	Fiscal Year 2018-19	Effect on Future Biennia
Personnel (Expense)		\$75,885	\$78,766	\$157,532
Travel (Expense)		\$3,000	\$3,000	\$6,000
Registration/Training (Expense)		\$3,750	\$1,950	\$4,900
Operating (Expense)		\$22,960	\$20,960	\$41,920
Hardware/Software (Expense)		\$6,655		
Total	0	\$112,250	\$104,676	\$210,352

Explanation

(Use Additional Sheets of Attachments, if required)

The amounts entered for this fiscal note represent the costs for the Office of the Secretary of State to resume oversight of the CAP Program from the Office of the Attorney General. Please see Exhibit 1 for detailed cost information.

	Name	PAMELA DOVER	
	Title	ASO 3	
DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION'S COMMENTS	Date	Friday, January 27, 2017	
The agency's response appears reasonable.			
	Name	Laura E. Freed	
	Title	Executive Branch Budget Office	

THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF A FISCAL NOTE (continued)

Description of Fiscal Effect BDR 18-385 Office of the Secretary of State 01/25/17

	Yr1	Yr2	Total
Ongoing Costs - Annual			
Personnel Services (Program Officer I 31-7) per NEBS	\$75,494	\$78,326	\$153,820
Employee Bond Ins/Tort Claim Assessment (per NEBS)	\$101	\$99	\$200
EITS Assessments (per NEBS)-	\$290	\$341	\$631
Personal Vehicle (in state) - 50 miles per month to deliver participant mail to secure ma	\$1,200	\$1,200	\$2,400
Commercial Air (out of state) - annual certification training	\$800	\$800	\$1,600
Per Diem (meals, loding, incidentals) for annual certification training	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$2,000
Registration for annual certification training	\$450	\$450	\$900
Administer training to cooperating partner agencies	\$1,300	\$1,300	\$2,600
Secure PO Box rental (\$249/month)	\$2,880	\$2,880	\$5,760
Outside postage to forward participant mail	\$12,000	\$12,000	\$24,000
Operating supplies	\$2,400	\$2,400	\$4,800
State Printing costs for program materials, letterhead, etc.	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$3,000
Advertising and public relations	\$500	\$500	\$1,000
National Association of Confidential Address Programs Dues	\$200	\$200	\$400
Staff email, phone line and voice mail (per NEBS)	\$540	\$540	\$1,080
Program email, phone line, fax and voice mail (per NEBS)	\$540	\$540	\$1,080
800 toll free charges	\$300	\$300	\$600
Long distance charges	\$300	\$300	\$600
Start Up Costs - One Time Start Up			
Office Furniture Workstation (per NEBS)	\$4,386		\$4,386
Telephone Handset	\$200		\$200
Office Computer w/two monitors (per NEBS)	\$1,527		\$1,527
MS Office Suite Pro (per NEBS)	\$330		\$330
Color Printer - high resolution (per NEBS)	\$212		\$212
State Printing costs for initial setup and printing of program materials, letterhead, etc.	\$2,000		\$2,000
Initial Program Officer I certification/training costs	\$1,800		\$1,800
<u> </u>	\$112,250	\$104,676	
		Grand Total	\$216,926