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SECOND REPRINT

S.B. 221

SENATE BILL NO. 221—SENATORS JONES, FORD,
KIHUEN, SEGERBLOM AND SPEARMAN

MARCH 7, 2013

Referred to Committee on Health and Human Services

SUMMARY—Makes certain changes relating to public safety.
(BDR 14-943)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact.
Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to public safety; requiring a court to transmit within 5 business days certain records of adjudication concerning a person's mental health to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for certain purposes relating to the purchase or possession of a firearm; authorizing the inclusion, correction and removal of the information in such records in each appropriate database of the National Crime Information Center; requiring each agency of criminal justice to submit information relating to records of criminal history within 60 days after the date of the conviction; requiring certain persons to request a background check before transferring a firearm to another person under certain circumstances; prohibiting certain persons from having possession, custody or control of a firearm; prohibiting certain persons from selling a firearm under certain circumstances; revising the functions of the Division of Mental Health and Developmental Services of the Department of Health and Human Services; requiring a mental health professional to notify certain persons when a patient makes certain explicit threats of imminent serious physical harm or death; providing penalties; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.



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Legislative Counsel's Digest:

1 Existing law requires a court to transmit to the Central Repository for Nevada
2 Records of Criminal History a record of any court order, judgment, plea or verdict
3 concerning the involuntary admission of a person to a mental health facility, the
4 appointment of a guardian for a person with a mental defect, a finding that a person
5 is incompetent to stand trial, a verdict acquitting a defendant by reason of insanity
6 or a plea or finding of guilty but mentally ill, along with a statement that the record
7 is being transmitted for inclusion in all appropriate databases of the National Instant
8 Criminal Background Check System. (NRS 159.0593, 174.035, 175.533, 175.539,
9 178.425, 433A.310) **Sections 1-4, 7 and 11** of this bill require such records to be
10 transmitted to the Central Repository within 5 business days.

11 Existing law requires the inclusion, correction and removal of information in
12 records of criminal history in each appropriate database of the National Instant
13 Criminal Background Check System. (NRS 179A.163, 179A.165, 179A.167,
14 433A.310) **Sections 4.5, 4.6, 4.7 and 11** of this bill also authorize or require, as
15 appropriate, the inclusion, correction and removal of such information in each
16 appropriate database of the National Crime Information Center. **Section 4.1** of this
17 bill defines "National Crime Information Center" to mean the computerized
18 information system created and maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation
19 pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 534.

20 Existing law requires each agency of criminal justice to submit information
21 relating to records of criminal history within the period prescribed by the Director
22 of the Department of Public Safety. (NRS 179A.075) **Section 4.3** of this bill
23 requires the submission of such information within 60 days after the date of the
24 conviction.

25 Existing law authorizes a private person who wishes to transfer a firearm to
26 another person to request the Central Repository to perform a background check on
27 the person who wishes to acquire the firearm. (NRS 202.254) **Section 8** of this bill
28 requires, with certain exceptions which are set forth in **section 7.8** of this bill, that a
29 private person who wishes to transfer a firearm to another person request that a
30 federally licensed firearms dealer submit a request for a background check to the
31 National Instant Criminal Background Check System. Under **section 8**, the private
32 person who wishes to transfer the firearm and the private person who wishes to
33 acquire the firearm must appear jointly at the place of business of a licensed dealer
34 and, upon receipt of a request, the licensed dealer must contact the National Instant
35 Criminal Background Check System to initiate a background check on the person
36 who wishes to acquire the firearm. **Section 8** requires the licensed dealer to comply
37 with all requirements of state and federal law concerning the transfer of a firearm as
38 though the licensed dealer were selling the firearm from his or her own inventory,
39 except that the background check must be obtained from the National Instant
40 Criminal Background Check System and not the Central Repository. The licensed
41 dealer is required to inform the parties of the response from the National Instant
42 Criminal Background Check System and the consequences of the response. If the
43 response is that the transfer would violate state or federal law, the licensed dealer is
44 required to so inform the parties and the transfer must not take place. In addition,
45 **section 8** limits any fee that a licensed dealer may charge for the background check
46 to not more than \$30.

47 **Section 7.9** of this bill establishes criminal penalties for a private person who
48 transfers a firearm in violation of **section 8** or **section 7.85** of this bill. **Section 8**
49 further makes it a misdemeanor for a licensed dealer to request a background check
50 for any purpose other than the purpose set forth in that section or to disseminate
51 information obtained from a background check to a person other than a person
52 authorized to receive that information. **Section 8** also makes it a category E felony
53 for a person to make a materially false statement or furnish or exhibit any false



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54 identification to deceive a licensed dealer in connection with the transfer or
55 attempted transfer of a firearm by a private person.

56 **Section 7.85** requires a private person who wishes to transfer a firearm to
57 another private person who holds a permit to carry a concealed firearm to appear
58 jointly at the place of business of a licensed dealer and demonstrate to the licensed
59 dealer the firearm that is the subject of the transfer and the permit to carry a
60 concealed firearm of the person who wishes to acquire the firearm. A background
61 check is not required, but the licensed dealer is required to maintain a record of the
62 transaction.

63 Existing law prohibits a person who has been adjudicated as mentally ill, has
64 been committed to any mental health facility or is illegally or unlawfully in the
65 United States from possessing or having custody or control of a firearm. (NRS
66 202.360) **Section 9** of this bill also prohibits a person who has entered a plea of
67 guilty but mentally ill, has been found guilty but mentally ill or has been acquitted
68 by reason of insanity from possessing or having custody or control of a firearm.

69 Existing law prohibits a person from selling or otherwise disposing of any
70 firearm or ammunition to another person if he or she has actual knowledge that the
71 other person: (1) is under indictment for, or has been convicted of, a felony; (2) is a
72 fugitive from justice; (3) has been adjudicated as mentally ill or has been
73 committed to a mental health facility; or (4) is illegally or unlawfully in the United
74 States. (NRS 202.362) **Section 10** of this bill prohibits a person from selling or
75 otherwise disposing of any firearm or ammunition to another person if he or she has
76 reasonable cause to believe that the other person meets any of those listed
77 conditions or if the other person is otherwise prohibited from possessing a firearm.

78 Existing law provides that a patient has a privilege to refuse to disclose and to
79 prevent any other person from disclosing confidential communications between the
80 patient and the patient's psychologist or doctor. (NRS 49.209, 49.225) **Sections 5**
81 **and 6** of this bill provide exceptions to the privilege for certain determinations
82 which are now required pursuant to this bill.

83 Existing law: (1) designates the Division of Mental Health and Developmental
84 Services of the Department of Health and Human Services as the official state
85 agency for developing and administering outpatient mental health services; and (2)
86 requires the Division to perform certain functions relating to mental health. (NRS
87 436.123) **Section 12** of this bill requires the Division to assist and consult with
88 local governments and all law enforcement agencies in this State in providing
89 community mental health services.

90 Existing law imposes various requirements and duties on certain health care
91 professionals. (Chapter 629 of NRS) **Section 13** of this bill provides that if a patient
92 of a mental health professional makes an explicit threat of imminent serious
93 physical harm or death to a person, and the mental health professional believes the
94 patient has the intent and ability to carry out the threat, the mental health
95 professional must notify the threatened person and the appropriate law enforcement
96 agency. A mental health professional who exercises reasonable care in determining
97 whether or not to provide notice of such a threat is not subject to civil or criminal
98 liability or disciplinary action by a professional licensing board for disclosing
99 confidential or privileged information or for any damages caused by the actions of a
100 patient.



THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** NRS 174.035 is hereby amended to read as follows:
2 174.035 1. A defendant may plead not guilty, guilty, guilty
3 but mentally ill or, with the consent of the court, nolo contendere.
4 The court may refuse to accept a plea of guilty or guilty but
5 mentally ill.

6 2. If a plea of guilty or guilty but mentally ill is made in a
7 written plea agreement, the agreement must be in substantially the
8 form prescribed in NRS 174.063. If a plea of guilty or guilty but
9 mentally ill is made orally, the court shall not accept such a plea or a
10 plea of nolo contendere without first addressing the defendant
11 personally and determining that the plea is made voluntarily with
12 understanding of the nature of the charge and consequences of the
13 plea.

14 3. With the consent of the court and the district attorney, a
15 defendant may enter a conditional plea of guilty, guilty but mentally
16 ill or nolo contendere, reserving in writing the right, on appeal from
17 the judgment, to a review of the adverse determination of any
18 specified pretrial motion. A defendant who prevails on appeal must
19 be allowed to withdraw the plea.

20 4. A plea of guilty but mentally ill must be entered not less
21 than 21 days before the date set for trial. A defendant who has
22 entered a plea of guilty but mentally ill has the burden of
23 establishing the defendant's mental illness by a preponderance of
24 the evidence. Except as otherwise provided by specific statute, a
25 defendant who enters such a plea is subject to the same criminal,
26 civil and administrative penalties and procedures as a defendant who
27 pleads guilty.

28 5. The defendant may, in the alternative or in addition to any
29 one of the pleas permitted by subsection 1, plead not guilty by
30 reason of insanity. A plea of not guilty by reason of insanity must be
31 entered not less than 21 days before the date set for trial. A
32 defendant who has not so pleaded may offer the defense of insanity
33 during trial upon good cause shown. Under such a plea or defense,
34 the burden of proof is upon the defendant to establish by a
35 preponderance of the evidence that:

36 (a) Due to a disease or defect of the mind, the defendant was in a
37 delusional state at the time of the alleged offense; and

38 (b) Due to the delusional state, the defendant either did not:

39 (1) Know or understand the nature and capacity of his or her
40 act; or

41 (2) Appreciate that his or her conduct was wrong, meaning
42 not authorized by law.



1 6. If a defendant refuses to plead or if the court refuses to
2 accept a plea of guilty or guilty but mentally ill or if a defendant
3 corporation fails to appear, the court shall enter a plea of not guilty.

4 7. A defendant may not enter a plea of guilty or guilty but
5 mentally ill pursuant to a plea bargain for an offense punishable as a
6 felony for which:

7 (a) Probation is not allowed; or

8 (b) The maximum prison sentence is more than 10 years,

9 ↪ unless the plea bargain is set forth in writing and signed by the
10 defendant, the defendant's attorney, if the defendant is represented
11 by counsel, and the prosecuting attorney.

12 8. If the court accepts a plea of guilty but mentally ill pursuant
13 to this section, the court shall cause, *within 5 business days after*
14 *acceptance of the plea*, on a form prescribed by the Department of
15 Public Safety, a record of that plea to be transmitted to the Central
16 Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History along with a
17 statement indicating that the record is being transmitted for
18 inclusion in each appropriate database of the National Instant
19 Criminal Background Check System.

20 9. As used in this section:

21 (a) "Disease or defect of the mind" does not include a disease or
22 defect which is caused solely by voluntary intoxication.

23 (b) "National Instant Criminal Background Check System" has
24 the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 179A.062.

25 **Sec. 2.** NRS 175.533 is hereby amended to read as follows:

26 175.533 1. During a trial, upon a plea of not guilty by reason
27 of insanity, the trier of fact may find the defendant guilty but
28 mentally ill if the trier of fact finds all of the following:

29 (a) The defendant is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt of an
30 offense;

31 (b) The defendant has established by a preponderance of the
32 evidence that due to a disease or defect of the mind, the defendant
33 was mentally ill at the time of the commission of the offense; and

34 (c) The defendant has not established by a preponderance of the
35 evidence that the defendant is not guilty by reason of insanity
36 pursuant to subsection 5 of NRS 174.035.

37 2. Except as otherwise provided by specific statute, a defendant
38 who is found guilty but mentally ill is subject to the same criminal,
39 civil and administrative penalties and procedures as a defendant who
40 is found guilty.

41 3. If the trier of fact finds a defendant guilty but mentally ill
42 pursuant to subsection 1, the court shall cause, *within 5 business*
43 *days after the finding*, on a form prescribed by the Department of
44 Public Safety, a record of the finding to be transmitted to the Central
45 Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History, along with a



1 statement indicating that the record is being transmitted for
2 inclusion in each appropriate database of the National Instant
3 Criminal Background Check System.

4 4. As used in this section:

5 (a) "Disease or defect of the mind" does not include a disease or
6 defect which is caused solely by voluntary intoxication.

7 (b) "National Instant Criminal Background Check System" has
8 the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 179A.062.

9 **Sec. 3.** NRS 175.539 is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 175.539 1. Where on a trial a defense of insanity is
11 interposed by the defendant and the defendant is acquitted by reason
12 of that defense, the finding of the jury pending the judicial
13 determination pursuant to subsection 2 has the same effect as if the
14 defendant were regularly adjudged insane, and the judge must:

15 (a) Order a peace officer to take the person into protective
16 custody and transport the person to a forensic facility for detention
17 pending a hearing to determine the person's mental health;

18 (b) Order the examination of the person by two psychiatrists,
19 two psychologists, or one psychiatrist and one psychologist who are
20 employed by a division facility; and

21 (c) At a hearing in open court, receive the report of the
22 examining advisers and allow counsel for the State and for the
23 person to examine the advisers, introduce other evidence and cross-
24 examine witnesses.

25 2. If the court finds, after the hearing:

26 (a) That there is not clear and convincing evidence that the
27 person is a person with mental illness, the court must order the
28 person's discharge; or

29 (b) That there is clear and convincing evidence that the person is
30 a person with mental illness, the court must order that the person be
31 committed to the custody of the Administrator of the Division of
32 Mental Health and Developmental Services of the Department of
33 Health and Human Services until the person is discharged or
34 conditionally released therefrom in accordance with NRS 178.467 to
35 178.471, inclusive.

36 ➤ The court shall issue its finding within 90 days after the
37 defendant is acquitted.

38 3. The Administrator shall make the reports and the court shall
39 proceed in the manner provided in NRS 178.467 to 178.471,
40 inclusive.

41 4. If the court accepts a verdict acquitting a defendant by
42 reason of insanity pursuant to this section, the court shall cause,
43 *within 5 business days after accepting the verdict*, on a form
44 prescribed by the Department of Public Safety, a record of that
45 verdict to be transmitted to the Central Repository for Nevada



1 Records of Criminal History, along with a statement indicating that
2 the record is being transmitted for inclusion in each appropriate
3 database of the National Instant Criminal Background Check
4 System.

5 5. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
6 requires:

7 (a) "Division facility" has the meaning ascribed to it in
8 NRS 433.094.

9 (b) "Forensic facility" means a secure facility of the Division of
10 Mental Health and Developmental Services of the Department of
11 Health and Human Services for offenders and defendants with
12 mental disorders. The term includes, without limitation, Lakes
13 Crossing Center.

14 (c) "National Instant Criminal Background Check System" has
15 the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 179A.062.

16 (d) "Person with mental illness" has the meaning ascribed to it
17 in NRS 178.3986.

18 **Sec. 4.** NRS 178.425 is hereby amended to read as follows:

19 178.425 1. If the court finds the defendant incompetent, and
20 dangerous to himself or herself or to society and that commitment is
21 required for a determination of the defendant's ability to receive
22 treatment to competency and to attain competence, the judge shall
23 order the sheriff to convey the defendant forthwith, together with a
24 copy of the complaint, the commitment and the physicians'
25 certificate, if any, into the custody of the Administrator or the
26 Administrator's designee for detention and treatment at a division
27 facility that is secure. The order may include the involuntary
28 administration of medication if appropriate for treatment to
29 competency.

30 2. The defendant must be held in such custody until a court
31 orders the defendant's release or until the defendant is returned for
32 trial or judgment as provided in NRS 178.450, 178.455 and
33 178.460.

34 3. If the court finds the defendant incompetent but not
35 dangerous to himself or herself or to society, and finds that
36 commitment is not required for a determination of the defendant's
37 ability to receive treatment to competency and to attain competence,
38 the judge shall order the defendant to report to the Administrator or
39 the Administrator's designee as an outpatient for treatment, if it
40 might be beneficial, and for a determination of the defendant's
41 ability to receive treatment to competency and to attain competence.
42 The court may require the defendant to give bail for any periodic
43 appearances before the Administrator or the Administrator's
44 designee.



1 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, proceedings
2 against the defendant must be suspended until the Administrator or
3 the Administrator's designee or, if the defendant is charged with a
4 misdemeanor, the judge finds the defendant capable of standing trial
5 or opposing pronouncement of judgment as provided in
6 NRS 178.400.

7 5. Whenever the defendant has been found incompetent, with
8 no substantial probability of attaining competency in the foreseeable
9 future, and released from custody or from obligations as an
10 outpatient pursuant to paragraph (d) of subsection 4 of NRS
11 178.460, the proceedings against the defendant which were
12 suspended must be dismissed. No new charge arising out of the
13 same circumstances may be brought after a period, equal to the
14 maximum time allowed by law for commencing a criminal action
15 for the crime with which the defendant was charged, has lapsed
16 since the date of the alleged offense.

17 6. If a defendant is found incompetent pursuant to this section,
18 the court shall cause, *within 5 business days after the finding*, on a
19 form prescribed by the Department of Public Safety, a record of that
20 finding to be transmitted to the Central Repository for Nevada
21 Records of Criminal History, along with a statement indicating that
22 the record is being transmitted for inclusion in each appropriate
23 database of the National Instant Criminal Background Check
24 System.

25 7. As used in this section, "National Instant Criminal
26 Background Check System" has the meaning ascribed to it in
27 NRS 179A.062.

28 **Sec. 4.1.** Chapter 179A of NRS is hereby amended by adding
29 thereto a new section to read as follows:

30 *"National Crime Information Center" means the computerized*
31 *information system created and maintained by the Federal Bureau*
32 *of Investigation pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 534.*

33 **Sec. 4.2.** NRS 179A.010 is hereby amended to read as
34 follows:

35 179A.010 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
36 requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 179A.020 to
37 179A.073, inclusive, *and section 4.1 of this act* have the meanings
38 ascribed to them in those sections.

39 **Sec. 4.3.** NRS 179A.075 is hereby amended to read as
40 follows:

41 179A.075 1. The Central Repository for Nevada Records of
42 Criminal History is hereby created within the Records and
43 Technology Division of the Department.

44 2. Each agency of criminal justice and any other agency
45 dealing with crime or delinquency of children shall:



1 (a) Collect and maintain records, reports and compilations of
2 statistical data required by the Department; and

3 (b) Submit the information collected to the Central Repository
4 in the manner approved by the Director of the Department.

5 3. Each agency of criminal justice shall submit the information
6 relating to records of criminal history that it creates, ~~for~~ issues ~~it~~
7 *or collects*, and any information in its possession relating to the
8 genetic markers of a biological specimen of a person who is
9 convicted of an offense listed in subsection 4 of NRS 176.0913, to
10 the Division. The information must be submitted to the Division:

11 (a) Through an electronic network;

12 (b) On a medium of magnetic storage; or

13 (c) In the manner prescribed by the Director of the Department,
14 ~~within the period prescribed by the Director of the Department.]~~
15 *60 days after the date of the disposition of the case.* If an agency
16 has submitted a record regarding the arrest of a person who is later
17 determined by the agency not to be the person who committed the
18 particular crime, the agency shall, immediately upon making that
19 determination, so notify the Division. The Division shall delete all
20 references in the Central Repository relating to that particular arrest.

21 4. The Division shall, in the manner prescribed by the Director
22 of the Department:

23 (a) Collect, maintain and arrange all information submitted to it
24 relating to:

25 (1) Records of criminal history; and

26 (2) The genetic markers of a biological specimen of a person
27 who is convicted of an offense listed in subsection 4 of
28 NRS 176.0913.

29 (b) When practicable, use a record of the personal identifying
30 information of a subject as the basis for any records maintained
31 regarding him or her.

32 (c) Upon request, provide the information that is contained in
33 the Central Repository to the State Disaster Identification Team of
34 the Division of Emergency Management of the Department.

35 5. The Division may:

36 (a) Disseminate any information which is contained in the
37 Central Repository to any other agency of criminal justice;

38 (b) Enter into cooperative agreements with repositories of the
39 United States and other states to facilitate exchanges of information
40 that may be disseminated pursuant to paragraph (a); and

41 (c) Request of and receive from the Federal Bureau of
42 Investigation information on the background and personal history of
43 any person whose record of fingerprints the Central Repository
44 submits to the Federal Bureau of Investigation and:



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1 (1) Who has applied to any agency of the State of Nevada or
2 any political subdivision thereof for a license which it has the power
3 to grant or deny;

4 (2) With whom any agency of the State of Nevada or any
5 political subdivision thereof intends to enter into a relationship of
6 employment or a contract for personal services;

7 (3) Who has applied to any agency of the State of Nevada or
8 any political subdivision thereof to attend an academy for training
9 peace officers approved by the Peace Officers' Standards and
10 Training Commission;

11 (4) For whom such information is required to be obtained
12 pursuant to NRS 62B.270, 424.031, 427A.735, 432A.170, 433B.183
13 and 449.123; or

14 (5) About whom any agency of the State of Nevada or any
15 political subdivision thereof is authorized by law to have accurate
16 personal information for the protection of the agency or the persons
17 within its jurisdiction.

18 ➤ To request and receive information from the Federal Bureau of
19 Investigation concerning a person pursuant to this subsection, the
20 Central Repository must receive the person's complete set of
21 fingerprints from the agency or political subdivision and submit the
22 fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report.

23 6. The Central Repository shall:

24 (a) Collect and maintain records, reports and compilations of
25 statistical data submitted by any agency pursuant to subsection 2.

26 (b) Tabulate and analyze all records, reports and compilations of
27 statistical data received pursuant to this section.

28 (c) Disseminate to federal agencies engaged in the collection of
29 statistical data relating to crime information which is contained in
30 the Central Repository.

31 (d) Investigate the criminal history of any person who:

32 (1) Has applied to the Superintendent of Public Instruction
33 for the issuance or renewal of a license;

34 (2) Has applied to a county school district, charter school or
35 private school for employment; or

36 (3) Is employed by a county school district, charter school or
37 private school,

38 ➤ and notify the superintendent of each county school district, the
39 governing body of each charter school and the Superintendent of
40 Public Instruction, or the administrator of each private school, as
41 appropriate, if the investigation of the Central Repository indicates
42 that the person has been convicted of a violation of NRS 200.508,
43 201.230, 453.3385, 453.339 or 453.3395, or convicted of a felony or
44 any offense involving moral turpitude.



1 (e) Upon discovery, notify the superintendent of each county
2 school district, the governing body of each charter school or the
3 administrator of each private school, as appropriate, by providing
4 the superintendent, governing body or administrator with a list of all
5 persons:

6 (1) Investigated pursuant to paragraph (d); or

7 (2) Employed by a county school district, charter school or
8 private school whose fingerprints were sent previously to the
9 Central Repository for investigation,

10 ➤ who the Central Repository's records indicate have been
11 convicted of a violation of NRS 200.508, 201.230, 453.3385,
12 453.339 or 453.3395, or convicted of a felony or any offense
13 involving moral turpitude since the Central Repository's initial
14 investigation. The superintendent of each county school district, the
15 governing body of a charter school or the administrator of each
16 private school, as applicable, shall determine whether further
17 investigation or action by the district, charter school or private
18 school, as applicable, is appropriate.

19 (f) Investigate the criminal history of each person who submits
20 fingerprints or has fingerprints submitted pursuant to NRS 62B.270,
21 424.031, 427A.735, 432A.170, 433B.183, 449.122 or 449.123.

22 (g) On or before July 1 of each year, prepare and present to the
23 Governor a printed annual report containing the statistical data
24 relating to crime received during the preceding calendar year.
25 Additional reports may be presented to the Governor throughout the
26 year regarding specific areas of crime if they are approved by the
27 Director of the Department.

28 (h) On or before July 1 of each year, prepare and submit to the
29 Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for submission to the
30 Legislature, or to the Legislative Commission when the Legislature
31 is not in regular session, a report containing statistical data about
32 domestic violence in this State.

33 (i) Identify and review the collection and processing of
34 statistical data relating to criminal justice and the delinquency of
35 children by any agency identified in subsection 2 and make
36 recommendations for any necessary changes in the manner of
37 collecting and processing statistical data by any such agency.

38 7. The Central Repository may:

39 (a) In the manner prescribed by the Director of the Department,
40 disseminate compilations of statistical data and publish statistical
41 reports relating to crime or the delinquency of children.

42 (b) Charge a reasonable fee for any publication or special report
43 it distributes relating to data collected pursuant to this section. The
44 Central Repository may not collect such a fee from an agency of
45 criminal justice, any other agency dealing with crime or the



1 delinquency of children which is required to submit information
2 pursuant to subsection 2 or the State Disaster Identification Team of
3 the Division of Emergency Management of the Department. All
4 money collected pursuant to this paragraph must be used to pay for
5 the cost of operating the Central Repository.

6 (c) In the manner prescribed by the Director of the Department,
7 use electronic means to receive and disseminate information
8 contained in the Central Repository that it is authorized to
9 disseminate pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

10 8. As used in this section:

11 (a) "Personal identifying information" means any information
12 designed, commonly used or capable of being used, alone or in
13 conjunction with any other information, to identify a person,
14 including, without limitation:

15 (1) The name, driver's license number, social security
16 number, date of birth and photograph or computer-generated image
17 of a person; and

18 (2) The fingerprints, voiceprint, retina image and iris image
19 of a person.

20 (b) "Private school" has the meaning ascribed to it in
21 NRS 394.103.

22 **Sec. 4.5.** NRS 179A.163 is hereby amended to read as
23 follows:

24 179A.163 1. Upon receiving a record transmitted pursuant to
25 NRS 159.0593, 174.035, 175.533, 175.539, 178.425 or 433A.310,
26 the Central Repository ~~shall~~ :

27 *(a) Shall* take reasonable steps to ensure that the information
28 reported in the record is included in each appropriate database of the
29 National Instant Criminal Background Check System ~~+~~; *and*

30 *(b) May take reasonable steps to ensure that the information*
31 *reported in the record is included in each appropriate database of*
32 *the National Crime Information Center.*

33 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, if the Central
34 Repository receives a record described in subsection 1, the person
35 who is the subject of the record may petition the court for an order
36 declaring that:

37 (a) The basis for the adjudication reported in the record no
38 longer exists;

39 (b) The adjudication reported in the record is deemed not to
40 have occurred for purposes of 18 U.S.C. § 922(d)(4) and (g)(4) and
41 NRS 202.360; and

42 (c) The information reported in the record must be removed
43 from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System ~~+~~
44 *and the National Crime Information Center, if applicable.*



1 3. To the extent authorized by federal law, if the record
2 concerning the petitioner was transmitted to the Central Repository
3 pursuant to NRS 159.0593, 174.035, 175.533, 175.539, 178.425 or
4 433A.310, the petitioner may not file a petition pursuant to
5 subsection 2 until 3 years after the date of the order transmitting the
6 record to the Central Repository.

7 4. A petition filed pursuant to subsection 2 must be:

8 (a) Filed in the court which made the adjudication or finding
9 pursuant to NRS 159.0593, 174.035, 175.533, 175.539, 178.425 or
10 433A.310; and

11 (b) Served upon the district attorney for the county in which the
12 court described in paragraph (a) is located.

13 5. The Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure govern all proceedings
14 concerning a petition filed pursuant to subsection 2.

15 6. The court shall grant the petition and issue the order
16 described in subsection 2 if the court finds that the petitioner has
17 established that:

18 (a) The basis for the adjudication or finding made pursuant to
19 NRS 159.0593, 174.035, 175.533, 175.539, 178.425 or 433A.310
20 concerning the petitioner no longer exists;

21 (b) The petitioner's record and reputation indicate that the
22 petitioner is not likely to act in a manner dangerous to public safety;
23 and

24 (c) Granting the relief requested by the petitioner pursuant to
25 subsection 2 is not contrary to the public interest.

26 7. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the
27 petitioner must establish the provisions of subsection 6 by a
28 preponderance of the evidence. If the adjudication or finding
29 concerning the petitioner was made pursuant to NRS 159.0593 or
30 433A.310, the petitioner must establish the provisions of subsection
31 6 by clear and convincing evidence.

32 8. The court, upon entering an order pursuant to this section,
33 shall cause, on a form prescribed by the Department of Public
34 Safety, a record of the order to be transmitted to the Central
35 Repository.

36 9. Within 5 business days after receiving a record of an order
37 transmitted pursuant to subsection 8, the Central Repository shall
38 take reasonable steps to ensure that information concerning the
39 adjudication or finding made pursuant to NRS 159.0593, 174.035,
40 175.533, 175.539, 178.425 or 433A.310 is removed from the
41 National Instant Criminal Background Check System **†** *and the*
42 *National Crime Information Center, if applicable.*

43 10. If the Central Repository fails to remove a record as
44 provided in subsection 9, the petitioner may bring an action to
45 compel the removal of the record. If the petitioner prevails in the



1 action, the court may award the petitioner reasonable attorney's fees
2 and costs incurred in bringing the action.

3 11. If a petition brought pursuant to subsection 2 is denied, the
4 person who is the subject of the record may petition for a rehearing
5 not sooner than 2 years after the date of the denial of the petition.

6 **Sec. 4.6.** NRS 179A.165 is hereby amended to read as
7 follows:

8 179A.165 1. Any record described in NRS 179A.163 is
9 confidential and is not a public book or record within the meaning
10 of NRS 239.010. A person may not use the record for any purpose
11 other than for *a purpose related to criminal justice, including,*
12 *without limitation,* inclusion in the appropriate database of the
13 National Instant Criminal Background Check System **†** *and the*
14 *National Crime Information Center, if applicable. The Central*
15 *Repository may disclose the record to any agency of criminal*
16 *justice.*

17 2. If a person or governmental entity is required to transmit,
18 report or take any other action concerning a record pursuant to NRS
19 159.0593, 174.035, 175.533, 175.539, 178.425, 179A.163 or
20 433A.310, no action for damages may be brought against the person
21 or governmental entity for:

22 (a) Transmitting or reporting the record or taking any other
23 required action concerning the record;

24 (b) Failing to transmit or report the record or failing to take any
25 other required action concerning the record;

26 (c) Delaying the transmission or reporting of the record or
27 delaying in taking any other required action concerning the record;
28 or

29 (d) Transmitting or reporting an inaccurate or incomplete
30 version of the record or taking any other required action concerning
31 an inaccurate or incomplete version of the record.

32 **Sec. 4.7.** NRS 179A.167 is hereby amended to read as
33 follows:

34 179A.167 1. The Central Repository shall permit a person
35 who is or believes he or she may be the subject of information
36 relating to records of mental health held by the Central Repository
37 to inspect and correct any information contained in such records.

38 2. The Central Repository shall adopt regulations and make
39 available necessary forms to permit inspection, review and
40 correction of information relating to records of mental health by
41 those persons who are the subjects thereof. The regulations must
42 specify:

43 (a) The requirements for proper identification of the persons
44 seeking access to the records; and



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1 (b) The reasonable charges or fees, if any, for inspecting
2 records.

3 3. The Director of the Department shall adopt regulations
4 governing:

5 (a) All challenges to the accuracy or sufficiency of information
6 or records of mental health by the person who is the subject of the
7 allegedly inaccurate or insufficient record;

8 (b) The correction of any information relating to records of
9 mental health found by the Director to be inaccurate, insufficient or
10 incomplete in any material respect;

11 (c) The dissemination of corrected information to those persons
12 or agencies which have previously received inaccurate or
13 incomplete information; and

14 (d) A reasonable time limit within which inaccurate or
15 insufficient information relating to records of mental health must be
16 corrected and the corrected information disseminated.

17 4. As used in this section, "information relating to records of
18 mental health" means information contained in a record:

19 (a) Transmitted to the Central Repository pursuant to NRS
20 159.0593, 174.035, 175.533, 175.539, 178.425 or 433A.310; or

21 (b) Transmitted to the National Instant Criminal Background
22 Check System *or the National Crime Information Center* pursuant
23 to NRS 179A.163.

24 **Sec. 5.** NRS 49.213 is hereby amended to read as follows:

25 49.213 There is no privilege pursuant to NRS 49.209 or
26 49.211:

27 1. For communications relevant to an issue in a proceeding to
28 hospitalize the patient for mental illness, if the psychologist in the
29 course of diagnosis or treatment has determined that the patient
30 requires hospitalization.

31 2. *For communications relevant to any determination made*
32 *pursuant to NRS 202.360.*

33 3. For communications relevant to an issue of the treatment of
34 the patient in any proceeding in which the treatment is an element of
35 a claim or defense.

36 ~~4.~~ 4. If disclosure is otherwise required by state or federal
37 law.

38 ~~5.~~ 5. For communications relevant to an issue in a
39 proceeding to determine the validity of a will of the patient.

40 ~~6.~~ 6. If there is an immediate threat that the patient will harm
41 himself or herself or other persons.

42 ~~7.~~ 7. For communications made in the course of a court-
43 ordered examination of the condition of a patient with respect to the
44 specific purpose of the examination unless the court orders
45 otherwise.



1 ~~17-1~~ 8. For communications relevant to an issue in an
2 investigation or hearing conducted by the Board of Psychological
3 Examiners if the treatment of the patient is an element of that
4 investigation or hearing.

5 ~~18-1~~ 9. For communications relevant to an issue in a
6 proceeding relating to the abuse or neglect of a person with a
7 disability or a person who is legally incompetent.

8 **Sec. 6.** NRS 49.245 is hereby amended to read as follows:

9 49.245 There is no privilege under NRS 49.225 or 49.235:

10 1. For communications relevant to an issue in proceedings to
11 hospitalize the patient for mental illness, if the doctor in the course
12 of diagnosis or treatment has determined that the patient is in need
13 of hospitalization.

14 2. *For communications relevant to any determination made*
15 *pursuant to NRS 202.360.*

16 3. As to communications made in the course of a court-ordered
17 examination of the condition of a patient with respect to the
18 particular purpose of the examination unless the court orders
19 otherwise.

20 ~~13-1~~ 4. As to written medical or hospital records relevant to an
21 issue of the condition of the patient in any proceeding in which the
22 condition is an element of a claim or defense.

23 ~~14-1~~ 5. In a prosecution or mandamus proceeding under chapter
24 441A of NRS.

25 ~~15-1~~ 6. As to any information communicated to a physician in
26 an effort unlawfully to procure a dangerous drug or controlled
27 substance, or unlawfully to procure the administration of any such
28 drug or substance.

29 ~~16-1~~ 7. As to any written medical or hospital records which are
30 furnished in accordance with the provisions of NRS 629.061.

31 ~~17-1~~ 8. As to records that are required by chapter 453 of NRS
32 to be maintained.

33 ~~18-1~~ 9. If the services of the physician are sought or obtained to
34 enable or aid a person to commit or plan to commit fraud or any
35 other unlawful act in violation of any provision of chapter 616A,
36 616B, 616C, 616D or 617 of NRS which the person knows or
37 reasonably should know is fraudulent or otherwise unlawful.

38 **Sec. 7.** NRS 159.0593 is hereby amended to read as follows:

39 159.0593 1. If the court orders a general guardian appointed
40 for a proposed ward, the court shall determine, by clear and
41 convincing evidence, whether the proposed ward is a person with a
42 mental defect who is prohibited from possessing a firearm pursuant
43 to 18 U.S.C. § 922(d)(4) or (g)(4). If a court makes a finding
44 pursuant to this section that the proposed ward is a person with a
45 mental defect, the court shall include the finding in the order



1 appointing the guardian and cause , *within 5 business days after*
2 *issuing the order*, a record of the order to be transmitted to the
3 Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History, along
4 with a statement indicating that the record is being transmitted for
5 inclusion in each appropriate database of the National Instant
6 Criminal Background Check System.

7 2. As used in this section:

8 (a) “National Instant Criminal Background Check System” has
9 the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 179A.062.

10 (b) “Person with a mental defect” means a person who, as a
11 result of marked subnormal intelligence, mental illness,
12 incompetence, condition or disease, is:

13 (1) A danger to himself or herself or others; or

14 (2) Lacks the capacity to contract or manage his or her own
15 affairs.

16 **Sec. 7.1.** Chapter 202 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
17 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 7.2 to 7.9, inclusive, of
18 this act.

19 **Sec. 7.2.** *As used in NRS 202.254 and sections 7.2 to 7.9,*
20 *inclusive, of this act, the words and terms defined in sections 7.3 to*
21 *7.7, inclusive, of this act have the meanings ascribed to them in*
22 *those sections.*

23 **Sec. 7.3.** *“Background check” means a report from the*
24 *National Instant Criminal Background Check System.*

25 **Sec. 7.4.** *“Licensed dealer” means a person who holds a*
26 *license as a dealer in firearms issued pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 923.*

27 **Sec. 7.5.** *“Mental health professional” has the meaning*
28 *ascribed to it in section 13 of this act.*

29 **Sec. 7.6.** *“National Instant Criminal Background Check*
30 *System” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 179A.062.*

31 **Sec. 7.7.** *“Private person” means a person who is not a*
32 *licensed dealer.*

33 **Sec. 7.8.** *The provisions of NRS 202.254 do not apply to:*

34 1. *A transfer of a firearm to a person who is a holder of a*
35 *permit to carry a concealed firearm issued pursuant to the*
36 *provisions of NRS 202.3653 to 202.369, inclusive.*

37 2. *A transfer of a firearm to a person who holds a license as a*
38 *manufacturer or importer in firearms issued pursuant to 18 U.S.C.*
39 *§ 923.*

40 3. *A transfer of an antique firearm, as defined in 18 U.S.C. §*
41 *921, or a curio or relic, as defined in 27 C.F.R. § 478.11.*

42 4. *A transfer of a firearm that is a gift or loan between family*
43 *members who are related by consanguinity or affinity within the*
44 *second degree.*



1 5. *A transfer of a firearm that occurs by operation of law or*
2 *because of the death of a person for whom the person transferring*
3 *the firearm is an executor or administrator of an estate or a*
4 *trustee of a trust created in a will.*

5 6. *A transfer of a firearm that is temporary and occurs while*
6 *in the home of the person to whom the firearm is transferred if the*
7 *person to whom the firearm is transferred:*

8 (a) *Is not prohibited from possessing a firearm; and*

9 (b) *Reasonably believes that possession of the firearm is*
10 *necessary to prevent imminent death or serious bodily injury to the*
11 *person making the transfer or others.*

12 7. *A temporary transfer of possession of a firearm without*
13 *transfer of ownership or title to ownership of the firearm, if such*
14 *transfer takes place:*

15 (a) *At a shooting range located in or on any premises owned or*
16 *occupied by a duly incorporated organization organized for*
17 *conservation purposes or to foster proficiency with firearms;*

18 (b) *At a target firearm shooting competition under the*
19 *auspices of, or approved by, a state agency or a nonprofit*
20 *organization; or*

21 (c) *While hunting, fishing, target shooting or trapping if:*

22 (1) *The hunting, fishing, target shooting or trapping is*
23 *legal in all places where the person to whom the firearm is*
24 *transferred possesses the firearm; and*

25 (2) *The person to whom the firearm is transferred holds all*
26 *licenses or permits required for such hunting, fishing, target*
27 *shooting or trapping.*

28 8. *A temporary transfer of a firearm that occurs while in the*
29 *presence of the owner of the firearm.*

30 9. *A transfer of a firearm from a person serving in the Armed*
31 *Forces of the United States to an immediate family member if the*
32 *person transferring the firearm will be deployed outside the United*
33 *States within 30 days after the transfer.*

34 10. *A temporary transfer of a firearm from a person to a*
35 *mental health professional or to the person's physician if the*
36 *mental health professional, the physician or the person believes*
37 *the transfer is necessary to protect the health or safety of the*
38 *person or others.*

39 **Sec. 7.85.** *1. A private person who wishes to transfer a*
40 *firearm to another private person who holds a permit to carry a*
41 *concealed firearm issued pursuant to the provisions of NRS*
42 *202.3653 to 202.369, inclusive, shall, before transferring the*
43 *firearm, appear jointly at the place of business of a licensed dealer*
44 *during the licensed dealer's normal business hours and*
45 *demonstrate to the licensed dealer the firearm that is the subject of*



1 *the transfer and the permit to carry a concealed firearm of the*
2 *private person who wishes to acquire the firearm.*

3 2. *The licensed dealer shall maintain a record of the*
4 *transaction in the same manner as though the licensed dealer*
5 *were selling the firearm from his or her own inventory.*

6 **Sec. 7.9.** *A private person who transfers a firearm to another*
7 *private person in violation of NRS 202.254 or section 7.85 of this*
8 *act:*

9 1. *For a first offense:*

10 (a) *Is guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and*

11 (b) *Is prohibited from possessing a firearm for a period of 2*
12 *years after the date of the conviction. If the convicted person*
13 *possesses a firearm during the 2-year period in violation of this*
14 *paragraph, the person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor and is*
15 *prohibited from possessing a firearm for an additional period of 2*
16 *years after the date of the conviction.*

17 2. *For a second or subsequent offense, is guilty of a category*
18 *E felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.*

19 **Sec. 8.** NRS 202.254 is hereby amended to read as follows:

20 202.254 1. ~~It~~ *Except as otherwise provided in section 7.8*
21 *of this act, a private person who wishes to transfer a firearm to*
22 *another private person ~~may,~~ shall, before transferring the firearm,*
23 ~~request that the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal~~
24 ~~History perform~~ *obtain from a licensed dealer a background check*
25 *on the person who wishes to acquire the firearm ~~it~~ in accordance*
26 *with the provisions of this section.*

27 2. ~~The~~ *To obtain a background check from a licensed dealer*
28 *as required pursuant to subsection 1, the private person who*
29 ~~requests the information pursuant to subsection 1 shall provide the~~
30 ~~Central Repository with identifying information about the person~~
31 ~~who wishes to acquire the firearm.~~ *wishes to transfer the firearm*
32 *and the private person who wishes to acquire the firearm must*
33 *appear jointly at the place of business of a licensed dealer during*
34 *the licensed dealer's normal business hours and request the*
35 *licensed dealer to obtain a background check on the private*
36 *person who wishes to acquire the firearm. The private person who*
37 *wishes to transfer the firearm and the private person who wishes*
38 *to acquire the firearm must comply with any requirement*
39 *necessary for the licensed dealer to obtain the background check.*

40 3. *A licensed dealer who receives a request to obtain a*
41 *background check pursuant to subsection 2 shall comply with all*
42 *requirements of federal and state law concerning the transfer of a*
43 *firearm as though the licensed dealer were selling the firearm*
44 *from his or her own inventory, including, without limitation, 18*
45 *U.S.C. § 922, except that the licensed dealer must obtain the*



1 *background check from the National Instant Criminal*
2 *Background Check System and not the Central Repository.*

3 4. Upon receiving a request ~~{from a private person pursuant to~~
4 ~~subsection 1 and the identifying information required}~~ pursuant to
5 subsection 2 ~~[, the Central Repository shall within 5 business days~~
6 ~~after receiving the request:~~

7 ~~—(a) Perform a}~~ , *obtaining any necessary information and*
8 *complying with any requirements of state or federal law to obtain*
9 *the background check, the licensed dealer shall contact the*
10 *National Instant Criminal Background Check System to initiate a*
11 *background check on the private person who wishes to acquire the*
12 *firearm. }* ~~and~~

13 ~~—(b) Notify the person who requests the information whether the~~
14 ~~information available to the Central Repository indicates that the~~
15 ~~receipt of a firearm by the person who wishes to acquire the firearm~~
16 ~~would violate a state or federal law.~~

17 ~~—4. If the person who requests the information does not receive~~
18 ~~notification from the Central Repository regarding the request~~
19 ~~within 5 business days after making the request, the person may~~
20 ~~presume that the receipt of a firearm by the person who wishes to~~
21 ~~acquire the firearm would not violate a state or federal law.]~~

22 5. The ~~{Central Repository}~~ *licensed dealer shall inform the*
23 *private person who wishes to transfer the firearm and the private*
24 *person who wishes to acquire the firearm of the response from the*
25 *National Instant Criminal Background Check System and the*
26 *consequences of the response. If the response is that the transfer*
27 *would violate state or federal law, the licensed dealer must notify*
28 *the parties of that fact and the transfer shall not take place.*

29 6. A licensed dealer may charge a ~~{reasonable}~~ *fee of not more*
30 *than \$30* for performing a background check ~~{and notifying a~~
31 ~~person of the results of the background check}~~ pursuant to this
32 section.

33 ~~{6. The failure of a person to request the Central Repository to~~
34 ~~perform a background check pursuant to this section before~~
35 ~~transferring a firearm to another person does not give rise to any~~
36 ~~civil cause of action.]~~

37 7. *A licensed dealer who willfully and intentionally requests a*
38 *background check from the National Instant Criminal*
39 *Background Check System for any purpose other than to comply*
40 *with the provisions of this section, or who willfully and*
41 *intentionally disseminates any information obtained from a*
42 *background check performed pursuant to this section to a person*
43 *other than to the private person who requested the background*
44 *check or to the person who is the subject of the background check*
45 *is guilty of a misdemeanor.*



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1 **8. A person who, in connection with the transfer or attempted**
2 **transfer of a firearm pursuant to this section, willfully and**
3 **intentionally makes any materially false oral or written statement**
4 **or who willfully and intentionally furnishes or exhibits any false**
5 **identification intended or likely to deceive a licensed dealer is**
6 **guilty of a category E felony and shall be punished as provided in**
7 **NRS 193.130.**

8 **Sec. 9.** NRS 202.360 is hereby amended to read as follows:

9 202.360 1. A person shall not own or have in his or her
10 possession or under his or her custody or control any firearm if the
11 person:

12 (a) Has been convicted of a felony in this or any other state, or
13 in any political subdivision thereof, or of a felony in violation of the
14 laws of the United States of America, unless the person has received
15 a pardon and the pardon does not restrict his or her right to bear
16 arms;

17 (b) Is a fugitive from justice; ~~to~~

18 (c) Is an unlawful user of, or addicted to, any controlled
19 substance ~~H~~; or

20 **(d) Is otherwise prohibited by federal law from having a**
21 **firearm in his or her possession or under his or her custody or**
22 **control.**

23 ➔ A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty
24 of a category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the
25 state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a
26 maximum term of not more than 6 years, and may be further
27 punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000.

28 2. A person shall not own or have in his or her possession or
29 under his or her custody or control any firearm if the person:

30 (a) Has been adjudicated as mentally ill or has been committed
31 to any mental health facility ~~to~~ **by a court of this State, any other**
32 **state or the United States;**

33 (b) **Has entered a plea of guilty but mentally ill in a court of**
34 **this State, any other state or the United States;**

35 (c) **Has been found guilty but mentally ill in a court of this**
36 **State, any other state or the United States;**

37 (d) **Has been acquitted by reason of insanity in a court of this**
38 **State, any other state or the United States; or**

39 (e) Is illegally or unlawfully in the United States.

40 ➔ A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty
41 of a category D felony and shall be punished as provided in
42 NRS 193.130.

43 3. As used in this section:

44 (a) "Controlled substance" has the meaning ascribed to it in 21
45 U.S.C. § 802(6).



1 (b) "Firearm" includes any firearm that is loaded or unloaded
2 and operable or inoperable.

3 **Sec. 10.** NRS 202.362 is hereby amended to read as follows:

4 202.362 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, a
5 person within this State shall not sell or otherwise dispose of any
6 firearm or ammunition to another person if he or she has ~~actual~~
7 ~~knowledge~~ *reasonable cause to believe* that the other person:

8 (a) Is under indictment for, or has been convicted of, a felony in
9 this or any other state, or in any political subdivision thereof, or of a
10 felony in violation of the laws of the United States of America,
11 unless the other person has received a pardon and the pardon does
12 not restrict his or her right to bear arms; *or*

13 (b) ~~Is a fugitive from justice;~~

14 ~~—(c) Has been adjudicated as mentally ill or has been committed~~
15 ~~to any mental health facility; or~~

16 ~~—(d) Is illegally or unlawfully in the United States.~~ *Is prohibited*
17 *from possessing a firearm pursuant to NRS 202.360.*

18 2. A person who violates the provisions of subsection 1 is
19 guilty of a category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment
20 in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a
21 maximum term of not more than 10 years, and may be further
22 punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000.

23 3. This section does not apply to a person who sells or disposes
24 of any firearm or ammunition to:

25 (a) A licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, licensed dealer
26 or licensed collector who, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 925(b), is not
27 precluded from dealing in firearms or ammunition; or

28 (b) A person who has been granted relief from the disabilities
29 imposed by federal laws pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 925(c) or
30 NRS 179A.163.

31 *4. For the purposes of this section, a person has "reasonable*
32 *cause to believe" if, in light of all the surrounding facts and*
33 *circumstances which are known or which reasonably should be*
34 *known to the person at the time, a reasonable person would*
35 *believe, under those facts and circumstances, that an act,*
36 *transaction, event, situation or condition exists, is occurring or*
37 *has occurred.*

38 **Sec. 11.** NRS 433A.310 is hereby amended to read as follows:

39 433A.310 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS
40 432B.6076 and 432B.6077, if the district court finds, after
41 proceedings for the involuntary court-ordered admission of a person
42 to a public or private mental health facility:

43 (a) That there is not clear and convincing evidence that the
44 person with respect to whom the hearing was held has a mental
45 illness or exhibits observable behavior such that the person is likely



1 to harm himself or herself or others if allowed his or her liberty, the
2 court shall enter its finding to that effect and the person must not be
3 involuntarily detained in such a facility.

4 (b) That there is clear and convincing evidence that the person
5 with respect to whom the hearing was held has a mental illness and,
6 because of that illness, is likely to harm himself or herself or others
7 if allowed his or her liberty, the court may order the involuntary
8 admission of the person for the most appropriate course of
9 treatment. The order of the court must be interlocutory and must not
10 become final if, within 30 days after the involuntary admission, the
11 person is unconditionally released pursuant to NRS 433A.390.

12 2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 432B.608, an
13 involuntary admission pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1
14 automatically expires at the end of 6 months if not terminated
15 previously by the medical director of the public or private mental
16 health facility as provided for in subsection 2 of NRS 433A.390.
17 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 432B.608, at the end of the
18 court-ordered period of treatment, the Division or any mental health
19 facility that is not operated by the Division may petition to renew
20 the detention of the person for additional periods not to exceed 6
21 months each. For each renewal, the petition must set forth to the
22 court specific reasons why further treatment would be in the
23 person's own best interests.

24 3. Before issuing an order for involuntary admission or a
25 renewal thereof, the court shall explore other alternative courses of
26 treatment within the least restrictive appropriate environment as
27 suggested by the evaluation team who evaluated the person, or other
28 persons professionally qualified in the field of psychiatric mental
29 health, which the court believes may be in the best interests of the
30 person.

31 4. If the court issues an order involuntarily admitting a person
32 to a public or private mental health facility pursuant to this section,
33 the court shall, notwithstanding the provisions of NRS 433A.715,
34 cause, *within 5 business days after issuing the order*, on a form
35 prescribed by the Department of Public Safety, a record of ~~such~~
36 *the order* to be transmitted to the Central Repository for Nevada
37 Records of Criminal History, along with a statement indicating that
38 the record is being transmitted for inclusion in each appropriate
39 database of the National Instant Criminal Background Check
40 System ~~and the National Crime Information Center~~.

41 5. As used in this section ~~and~~:

42 (a) *“National Crime Information Center” has the meaning*
43 *ascribed to it in section 4.1 of this act.*

44 (b) *“National Instant Criminal Background Check System” has*
45 *the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 179A.062.*



1 **Sec. 12.** NRS 436.123 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2 436.123 The Division is designated as the official state agency
3 responsible for developing and administering preventive and
4 outpatient mental health services, subject to administrative
5 supervision by the Director of the Department. It shall function in
6 the following areas:

7 1. Assisting and consulting with local health authorities , *local*
8 *governments and all law enforcement agencies in this State* in
9 providing community mental health services, which services may
10 include prevention, rehabilitation, case finding, diagnosis and
11 treatment of persons with mental illness, and consultation and
12 education for groups and individuals regarding mental health.

13 2. Coordinating mental health functions with other state
14 agencies.

15 3. Participating in and promoting the development of facilities
16 for training personnel necessary for implementing such services.

17 4. Collecting and disseminating information pertaining to
18 mental health.

19 5. Performing such other acts as are necessary to promote
20 mental health in the State.

21 **Sec. 13.** Chapter 629 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
22 thereto a new section to read as follows:

23 1. *If a patient communicates to a mental health professional*
24 *an explicit threat of imminent serious physical harm or death to a*
25 *clearly identified or identifiable person and, in the judgment of the*
26 *mental health professional, the patient has the intent and ability to*
27 *carry out the threat, the mental health professional shall make a*
28 *reasonable effort to communicate the threat in a timely manner to:*

29 (a) *The person who is the subject of the threat;*

30 (b) *The law enforcement agency with the closest physical*
31 *location to the residence of the person; and*

32 (c) *If the person is a minor, the parent or guardian of the*
33 *person.*

34 2. *A mental health professional who exercises reasonable*
35 *care in determining that he or she:*

36 (a) *Has a duty to communicate a threat pursuant to subsection*
37 *1 is not subject to civil or criminal liability or disciplinary action*
38 *by a professional licensing board for disclosing confidential or*
39 *privileged information.*

40 (b) *Does not have a duty to communicate a threat pursuant to*
41 *subsection 1 is not subject to civil or criminal liability or*
42 *disciplinary action by a professional licensing board for any*
43 *damages caused by the actions of a patient.*



1 3. *The provisions of this section do not:*

2 (a) *Limit or affect the duty of the mental health professional to*
3 *report child abuse or neglect pursuant to NRS 432B.220; or*

4 (b) *Modify any duty of a mental health professional to take*
5 *precautions to prevent harm by a patient:*

6 (1) *In the custody of a hospital or other facility where the*
7 *mental health professional is employed; or*

8 (2) *Who is being discharged from such a facility.*

9 4. *As used in this section, "mental health professional"*
10 *includes:*

11 (a) *A psychiatrist licensed to practice medicine in this State*
12 *pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS;*

13 (b) *A psychologist who is licensed to practice psychology*
14 *pursuant to chapter 641 of NRS;*

15 (c) *A social worker who:*

16 (1) *Holds a master's degree in social work or a related*
17 *field;*

18 (2) *Is licensed as a clinical social worker pursuant to*
19 *chapter 641B of NRS; and*

20 (3) *Is employed by the Division of Mental Health and*
21 *Developmental Services of the Department of Health and Human*
22 *Services.*

23 (d) *A registered nurse who:*

24 (1) *Is licensed to practice professional nursing pursuant to*
25 *chapter 632 of NRS; and*

26 (2) *Holds a master's degree in psychiatric nursing or a*
27 *related field;*

28 (e) *A marriage and family therapist licensed pursuant to*
29 *chapter 641A of NRS; and*

30 (f) *A clinical professional counselor licensed pursuant to*
31 *chapter 641A of NRS.*

32 **Sec. 14.** As soon as practicable after the effective date of this
33 act, the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History
34 shall enter into an agreement with the Federal Bureau of
35 Investigation, if necessary, and take any other necessary actions to
36 allow licensed dealers, as defined in section 7.4 of this act, to
37 contact the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, as
38 defined in NRS 179A.062, to initiate a background check by the
39 National Instant Criminal Background Check System as required
40 pursuant to section 8 of this act.

41 **Sec. 15.** 1. This section and section 14 of this act become
42 effective upon passage and approval.

43 2. Sections 1 to 7, inclusive, and 9 to 13, inclusive, of this act
44 become effective on October 1, 2013.



1 3. Sections 7.1 to 8, inclusive, of this act become effective on
2 January 1, 2014.

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* S B 2 2 1 R 2 *