

**PROPOSED REGULATION OF THE
BOARD OF HOMEOPATHIC MEDICAL EXAMINERS**

LCB File No. R213-97

January 23, 1998

EXPLANATION – Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [] is material to be omitted.

AUTHORITY: §§2,3 and 4, NRS 630A.200.

Section 1. Chapter 630A of NAC is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2, 3 and 4 of this regulation.

Sec. 2. 1. *As used in NRS 630A.040, unless the context otherwise requires, the board will interpret:*

(a) *“Herbal therapy” to mean the use of herbs, herbal extracts, plants, plant extracts or a combination thereof to treat a condition of a patient.*

(b) *“Neural therapy” to mean the injection of local anesthetics, vitamins, minerals, homeopathic medications, herbal extracts or other medicinal or pharmaceutical substances into the:*

(1) *Acupuncture, acupressure or trigger points; or*

(2) *Ganglia,*

of a patient to control pain or produce other beneficial effects.

(c) *“Neuromuscular integration” to mean the progressive harmonization of the body and mind of a patient by the use of:*

(1) Manual manipulation of the soft tissues of the body to balance the body structurally;
and

(2) Thought field therapy to recondition the nervous system.

(d) “Orthomolecular therapy” to mean the treatment and prevention of disease, including, without limitation, infection, malignancy and degenerative illness, by adjusting the natural chemical constituents of the body on the molecular level. The term includes, without limitation:

(1) The prescription of topical and oral supplements and pharmaceutical medicines; and

(2) The intravenous infusion of vitamins, amino acids, peptides, polypeptides, pharmaceutical medications, homeopathic medications, ozone, bio-oxidative substances or chelating agents, to detoxify and remove harmful substances from the body, including, without limitation, heavy metals, the buildup of vascular and arterial plaque and toxic environmental factors including, without limitation, pesticides, xenobiotics, bacteria and fungi.

(e) “Nutrition” to mean the recognition, evaluation, treatment and correction of the unique dietary needs of a patient.

2. As used in this section:

(a) “Bio-oxidative substances” means substances that are used to promote healing at the cellular level by the use of oxygen in its various forms.

(b) “Chelating agents” means substances that are used to remove heavy metals and other toxins from the body, including, without limitation:

(1) Sodium 2,3-dimercaptopropane-1-sulfonate (DMPS);

(2) Meso-2,3-dimercaptosuccinic acid (DMSA);

(3) *Ethylene diamine tetra-acetic acid (EDTA); and*

(4) *Penicillamine.*

(c) *“Thought field therapy” means a technique that uses the energy meridians of the body which are used in acupuncture and acupressure to treat emotional and psychological distress.*

(d) *“Trigger point” means a hyperirritable spot within the skeletal muscle or the fascia of that muscle that, upon compression, causes pain, tenderness and autonomic phenomena.*

(e) *“Xenobiotics” means chemical compounds that, under normal circumstances, are foreign to living organisms.*

Sec. 3. *Herbal substances intended for use in herbal therapy may be formulated by:*

1. *A homeopathic physician;*

2. *An herbalist;*

3. *A pharmacist;*

4. *A pharmacologist; or*

5. *Any other person determined by the board to possess the training and experience necessary to formulate herbal substances.*

Sec. 4. 1. *If a homeopathic physician, advanced practitioner of homeopathy or homeopathic assistant performs a nutritional evaluation on a patient, the nutritional evaluation may include:*

(a) *An analysis of the blood, urine and body tissue for vitamins, minerals and amino acids, whether or not such analysis is performed by a laboratory; and*

(b) *A functional intracellular analysis.*

2. *If a homeopathic physician, advanced practitioner of homeopathy or homeopathic assistant performs nutritional treatment on a patient, the treatment:*

(a) Must include dietary recommendations; and

(b) May include supplementation of the diet with vitamins, minerals, amino acids, protomorphogens or any combination thereof.

3. *As used in this section:*

(a) “Functional intracellular analysis” means the use of peripheral blood lymphocytes to analyze the metabolic and nutritional status of a patient.

(b) “Protomorphogens” means glandular material taken from mammals other than humans, including, without limitation, the bovine or porcine species, that supplies biologically active hormones, hormone precursors, enzymes, vitamins, minerals, soluble proteins and natural lipid factors.