PROPOSED REGULATION OF THE

DIVISION OF HEALTH CARE FINANCING AND POLICY

OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

LCB File No. R033-10

March 22, 2010

EXPLANATION – Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AUTHORITY: §§1-15, NRS 422.390.

A REGULATION relating to public welfare; requiring certain governmental entities in larger counties to transfer to the Division of Health Care Financing and Policy of the Department of Health and Human Services certain percentages of the disproportionate share payments distributed to certain hospitals within the county; establishing methods for calculating, adjusting and redistributing disproportionate share payments to certain hospitals for the treatment of indigent patients; providing for audits of hospitals which receive disproportionate share payments; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

- **Section 1.** Chapter 422 of NAC is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 14, inclusive, of this regulation.
- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in sections 3 to 8, inclusive, of this regulation have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.
- Sec. 3. "Distribution factor" means the value of the formula set forth in section 11 of this regulation calculated for a hospital.
- Sec. 4. "Division" means the Division of Health Care Financing and Policy of the Department of Health and Human Services.

- Sec. 5. "Pool distribution factor" means the sum of each distribution factor for each hospital that is a member of the pool of hospitals for which a disproportionate share hospital payment is being calculated.
- Sec. 6. "Pool of hospitals" means a group of hospitals designated in a particular pool pursuant to subsection 1 of section 10 of this regulation.
 - Sec. 7. "Public hospital" means:
- 1. A hospital owned by a state or local government, including, without limitation, a hospital district; or
- 2. A hospital that is supported in whole or in part by tax revenue, other than tax revenue received for medical care which is provided to Medicaid patients, indigent patients or other low income patients.
- Sec. 8. "Uncompensated care costs" means the total annual uncompensated care costs as defined in 42 C.F.R. § 447.299(c)(16).
- Sec. 9. 1. In a county whose population is 100,000 or more within which a public hospital is located, the state or local government or other entity responsible for the public hospital shall transfer to the Division an amount equal to:
- (a) Seventy percent of the total amount of disproportionate share payments distributed to all hospitals pursuant to this chapter and NRS 422.380 to 422.390, inclusive, for the current fiscal year, less \$1,050,000; or
- (b) Sixty-eight and fifty-four one hundredths percent of the total amount of disproportionate share payments distributed to all hospitals pursuant to this chapter and NRS 422.380 to 422.390, inclusive, for the current fiscal year,

⇒ whichever is less.

- 2. In a county whose population is 100,000 or more within which a private hospital which receives a disproportionate share payment pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of section 10 of this regulation is located, the county shall transfer to the Division 1.95 percent of the total amount of disproportionate share payments distributed to all hospitals pursuant to this chapter and NRS 422.380 to 422.390, inclusive, for the current fiscal year, but not more than \$1,500,000.
- 3. If a county transfers to the Division the amount required pursuant to subsection 2, the county is discharged of the duty and is released from liability for providing medical treatment for indigent inpatients who are treated in the hospital in the county that receives a payment pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of section 10 of this regulation.
- Sec. 10. 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, the Division will initially distribute for:
- (a) Pool A, which consists of all public hospitals in counties whose population is 400,000 or more, total annual disproportionate share payments in the amount of \$66,650,000 plus 90 percent of the total amount of disproportionate share payments distributed by the State in that fiscal year which exceeds \$76,000,000;
- (b) Pool B, which consists of all private hospitals in counties whose population is 400,000 or more, total annual disproportionate share payments in the amount of \$1,200,000 plus 2.5 percent of the total amount of disproportionate share payments distributed by the State in that fiscal year which exceeds \$76,000,000;
- (c) Pool C, which consists of all private hospitals in counties whose population is 100,000 or more but less than 400,000, total annual disproportionate share payments in the amount of

\$4,800,000 plus 2.5 percent of the total amount of disproportionate share payments distributed by the State in that fiscal year which exceeds \$76,000,000;

- (d) Pool D, which consists of all public hospitals in counties whose population is less than 100,000, total annual disproportionate share payments in the amount of \$900,000 plus 2.5 percent of the total amount of disproportionate share payments distributed by the State in that fiscal year which exceeds \$76,000,000; and
- (e) Pool E, which consists of all private hospitals in counties whose population is less than 100,000, total annual disproportionate share payments in the amount of \$2,450,000 plus 2.5 percent of the total amount of disproportionate share payments distributed by the State in that fiscal year which exceeds \$76,000,000.
- 2. A hospital may not receive a disproportionate share payment unless the hospital meets all the requirements:
 - (a) Established by federal and state statutes and regulations; and
 - (b) As prescribed in the State Plan for Medicaid.
- Sec. 11. 1. The Division will use the following formula to calculate the distribution factor of a hospital:

$$DF = UCC x \left(\frac{UCPH}{UCPP} \right)^4$$

⇒ where:

DF is the distribution factor.

UCC is the uncompensated care cost of the hospital.

UCPH is the uncompensated care percentage of the hospital.

UCPP is the uncompensated care percentage of the pool of hospitals of which the hospital is a designated member.

- 2. As used in this section:
- (a) "Uncompensated care percentage of the hospital" means the uncompensated care costs of a hospital divided by the net patient revenues of the hospital, as reported on the report filed pursuant to subsection 1 of NAC 439B.230.
- (b) "Uncompensated care percentage of the pool of hospitals" means the sum of the uncompensated care costs for all hospitals in the pool divided by the sum of the net patient revenues of all hospitals in the pool, as reported on the reports filed pursuant to subsection 1 of NAC 439B.230 for each such hospital.
- Sec. 12. 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, the Division will make an initial distribution of disproportionate share payments to a hospital by dividing the distribution factor for that hospital by the pool distribution factor and multiplying the result by the total amount of money available for initial distribution to the pool of hospitals pursuant to section 10 of this regulation.
- 2. The Division will adjust the initial distribution for each hospital in a pool of hospitals to ensure that each hospital which is eligible to receive a disproportionate share payment receives not less than \$10,000.
- Sec. 13. The Division will audit each hospital for each year in which the hospital received a disproportionate share payment pursuant to this chapter and NRS 422.380 to 422.390, inclusive. The audit must be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1396 et seq., and the regulations adopted pursuant to those provisions.

- Sec. 14. 1. After conducting an audit pursuant to section 13 of this regulation, the Division will recalculate, based upon the results of the audit, the:
 - (a) Uncompensated care costs for each hospital in this State;
 - (b) Distribution factor for each hospital and each pool of hospitals; and
- (c) Disproportionate share payments for each hospital by dividing the recalculated distribution factor for that hospital by the pool distribution factor and multiplying the result by the total amount of money available for final distribution to the pool of hospitals pursuant to section 10 of this regulation.
- 2. A hospital may receive as a final distribution of disproportionate share payments for a fiscal year an amount equal to:
 - (a) The uncompensated care costs calculated pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1; or
- (b) The disproportionate share payment for the hospital calculated pursuant to paragraph(c) of subsection 1,
- ₩ whichever is less.
- 3. If the amount of the final distribution payment calculated pursuant to subsection 2 is less than the amount of the initial distribution of disproportionate share payments received by the hospital pursuant to section 12 of this regulation, the hospital shall return to the Division the difference between the amount of the initial distribution and the amount of the final distribution.
- 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, the Division will, for each pool of hospitals, redistribute among the hospitals within the pool the money returned to the Division pursuant to subsection 3 by the hospitals within that pool.

- 5. If each hospital within a pool of hospitals has received the maximum amount of disproportionate share payments allowable by federal and state statutes and regulations, the Division will use the money returned pursuant to subsection 3 to pay additional disproportionate share payments as follows:
- (a) If the money was returned by a hospital that is a member of pool A, to hospitals in pool B;
- (b) If the money was returned by a hospital that is a member of pool B, to hospitals in pool C;
- (c) If the money was returned by a hospital that is a member of pool C, to hospitals in pool D;
- (d) If the money was returned by a hospital that is a member of pool D, to hospitals in pool E; or
- (e) If the money was returned by a hospital that is a member of pool E, to hospitals in pool D,
- → or, if each hospital in a pool of hospitals to which additional payments would have been paid pursuant to this subsection has received the maximum allowable disproportionate share payments, to such other pool of hospitals as the Division determines appropriate.
- **Sec. 15.** NAC 422.020, 422.030, 422.040, 422.050, 422.060, 422.070, 422.080, 422.090, 422.100, 422.110, 422.120, 422.130, 422.140, 422.150, 422.160, 422.170, 422.180, 422.190, 422.200 and 422.210 are hereby repealed.

TEXT OF REPEALED SECTIONS

422.020 Rate of tax. The rate of the tax imposed pursuant to NRS 422.389 is the lesser of:

- 1. The amount billed less the Medicaid rates approved by the State Welfare Board at its meeting held on July 26, 1991; or
 - 2. The amount listed on the following table:

PROVIDER

PROVIDER TYPE DESCRIPTION TAX RATE

12 Hospital, Outpatient Medicine \$2.34

Anesthesia* 20.08

Surgery 42.30

Radiology 7.52

Pathology 1.00

Therapy* 1.60

14 State Mental Hospital, Outpatient Medicine 2.34

DESCRIPTION TAX RATE

17 Clinic Medicine .55 Surgery 57.45 Radiology 7.19 20 Physician Anesthesiology 20.08 Medicine 2.34 Surgery 42.31 Radiology 7.52 Pathology 1.01 21 Podiatrist Medicine 1.47 Surgery 43.60 Radiology 6.07 22 Dentist American Dental Association 4.70 Common Procedure Terminology 2.34

PROVIDER TYPE

23 Hearing Aids

Per hearing aid 99.37

PROVIDER TYPE **DESCRIPTION TAX RATE** 24 Certified Registered Nurse Practitioner/Physician Assistant Medicine 1.56 Anesthesia 20.08 Surgery 47.67 25 Optometrist Common Procedure Terminology 2.34 Per frame 9.00 26 Psychologist Medicine 1.22 27 Radiology Only Medicine 2.34 Radiology 7.19 Prescription fee .40 28 Pharmacy Unit dose professional fee .40 29 Home Health Agency RN, per visit 21.71

RN, hourly 11.19

LPN, per visit 16.17

LPN, hourly 8.32

PROVIDER TYPE	DESCRIPTION	TAX RATE

Therapist, per visit 17.09

Aid, first hour 9.24

Aid, each additional 1/2 hour 3.93

30 Home Care: Personal Care Aid Personal care aid I 2.85

Personal care aid II 3.88

31 Early Periodic Screening,

Diagnosis and Treatment Per Exam 25.74

32 Ambulance Base rate:

ground rural 31.05

ground urban 41.40

air 62.09

Sit-up rate:

rural 15.52

urban 20.07

Mileage:

ground 2.07

air 3.10

PROVIDER TYPE DESCRIPTION TAX RATE

Special equipment 33.60

Oxygen 4.66

Night rate 5.69

Emergency rate 8.28

RN 15.52

Paramedic, per hour 20.70

34 Therapy Common Procedure Terminology 1.60

36 Chiropractor Medicine 1.02

Radiology 4.18

40 Prepaid Health Plans Monthly, per client:

ADC Reno Age under 1 32.64

Age 1-17 11.63

Age 18-64 48.43

ADC Las Vegas Age under 1 33.89

Age 1-17 11.88

Age 18-64 42.47

Aged Community, Reno 28.00

PROVIDER TYPE

DESCRIPTION TAX RATE

Aged Community, Las Vegas 33.70

Aged Institution, Reno 38.03

Aged Institution, Las Vegas 38.74

41 Optical Business Common Procedure Terminology 2.34

Per frame 9.00

42 Psychiatric Hospital Outpatient

(Private) Medicine 2.34

43 Clinical Laboratory (Pathology) Medicine 1.42

Laboratory 1.00

Pathology .15

45 End Stage Renal Disease Medicine 2.34

422.030 Definitions. As used in NAC 422.030 to 422.210, inclusive, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NAC 422.040 to 422.090, inclusive, have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

^{*} Common Procedure Terminology

- **422.040** "**Fiscal year**" **defined.** Fiscal year means a period beginning on July 1 and ending June 30 of the following calendar year.
- **422.050** "Inpatient" defined. "Inpatient" means a patient who is admitted into a hospital, occupies a bed and remains hospitalized for at least 1 night.
- **422.060** "Medicare billed charge" defined. "Medicare billed charge" means a charge which is applied by a hospital to a program of insurance for Medicare. The term includes a charge which is applied to a patient of a program of insurance for Medicare for a health maintenance organization.
- **422.070** "Medicare patient" defined. "Medicare patient" means a patient for whom a payment is received directly by a hospital from a program of insurance for Medicare. The term includes a patient for whom a payment is received by the hospital pursuant to a program of insurance for Medicare for a health maintenance organization.
- **422.080** "Medicare revenues" defined. "Medicare revenues" means the revenue received directly by a hospital from a program of insurance for Medicare. The term includes payments received by the hospital pursuant to a program of insurance for Medicare for a health maintenance organization.
- **422.090** "Outpatient" defined. "Outpatient" means a patient who receives health care services from a hospital but who is not admitted to that hospital as an inpatient.

422.100 Applicability of provisions of NRS 422.383 to particular hospitals.

- 1. The following hospitals, which have no more than 45 beds or are owned by a federal, state or local government, including hospital districts, are exempt from the tax imposed pursuant to NRS 422.383:
 - (a) Battle Mountain Hospital.

(b) Boulder City Hospital.
(c) Carson-Tahoe Hospital.
(d) Churchill Community Hospital.
(e) Elko General Hospital.
(f) Grover C. Dils Medical Center.
(g) Humboldt General Hospital.
(h) Ioannis A. Lougaris Veterans Administration Medical Center.
(i) Mt. Grant General Hospital.
(j) Nye Regional Medical Center.
(k) Pershing General Hospital.
(l) South Lyon Medical Center.
(m) University Medical Center.
(n) William Bee Ririe Hospital.
(o) The 554 Medical Group.
2. The following hospitals are subject to the tax imposed by NRS 422.383:
(a) Desert Springs Hospital.
(b) Lake Mead Hospital Medical Center.
(c) St. Mary's Hospital.

(h) Washoe Medical Center.

(d) St. Rose Dominican Hospital.

(e) Sparks Family Medical Center.

(g) Valley Hospital Medical Center.

(f) Sunrise Hospital and Medical Center.

- (i) Womens Hospital.
- 3. The following hospitals shall pay an intergovernmental transfer pursuant to NRS 422.383:
 - (a) Carson-Tahoe Hospital.
 - (b) Elko General Hospital.
 - (c) University Medical Center.
- 4. The following facilities, which are licensed by the Health Division of the Department, shall not be deemed to be a hospital and are excluded from the program of tax and intergovernmental transfer imposed pursuant to NRS 422.383:
 - (a) Charter Hospital of Las Vegas.
 - (b) El Jen Medical Speciality Hospital.
 - (c) Horizon Speciality Hospital.
 - (d) Montevista Centre.
 - (e) Rehabilitation Hospital of Nevada, Las Vegas.
 - (f) Rehabilitation Hospital of Nevada, Reno.
 - (g) West Hills Hospital
 - (h) Willow Springs Hospital.
- **422.110 Total amount to be collected.** The total amount to be collected pursuant to NRS 422.383 for:
 - 1. Fiscal year 1994-1995 is \$38,350,000.
 - 2. Fiscal year 1995-1996 is \$40,300,000.
- **422.120** Tax rate for billed charges for inpatients. The tax rate for billed charges for inpatients is equal to:

- 1. Six percent of the net revenues, excluding Medicare revenues, from inpatients, for all hospitals which are subject to the tax pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 422.383, as listed in subsection 2 of NAC 422.100, divided by the amount for billed charges, excluding Medicare billed charges, for inpatients for those hospitals; or
- 2. The amount for the appropriate fiscal year, as set forth in NAC 422.110, divided by the amount for billed charges for inpatients, excluding Medicare billed charges, for all hospitals which are subject to the tax pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 422.383 or the intergovernmental transfer pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 422.383,

→ whichever is less.

422.130 Tax rate for outpatients.

- 1. If the amount generated from the tax rate specified in NAC 422.120, plus the amount of intergovernmental transfers specified in NAC 422.170, is less than the amount for the appropriate fiscal year, as set forth in NAC 422.110, the tax rate for outpatients is:
- (a) The amount for the appropriate fiscal year, as set forth in NAC 422.110, less the amount calculated for the annual taxes and intergovernmental transfers for inpatients, divided by the amount of total billed charges, excluding Medicare billed charges, for outpatients, for those hospitals paying taxes or intergovernmental transfers; or
- (b) Six percent of the net revenues, excluding Medicare revenues, for outpatients, divided by the billed charges, excluding Medicare billed charges, for outpatients for all hospitals subject to the tax pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 422.383, as listed in subsection 2 of NAC 422.100,

 → whichever is less.
- 2. If the amount generated from the tax rate specified in NAC 422.120 plus the amount of intergovernmental transfers, as specified in NAC 422.170, is equal to or greater than the amount

for the appropriate fiscal year, as set forth in NAC 422.110, the tax rate for outpatients must not be calculated.

- 422.140 Annual calculation of amount of taxes and intergovernmental transfers for inpatients for each hospital; monthly estimate of taxes for each hospital.
- 1. The Department will calculate annually the amount of taxes and intergovernmental transfers for inpatients for each of the hospitals.
- 2. Each month, the Department will estimate the taxes for each hospital that is required to pay the tax pursuant to NRS 422.383. The estimated taxes will be calculated as follows:
- (a) The annual billed charges for each hospital will be estimated based on the quarterly reports required pursuant to NAC 439B.220, for the latest 4 quarters, increased by 2.5 percent per quarter, or 10 percent per year.
- (b) The annual net revenues for each hospital will be estimated based on the quarterly reports required pursuant to NAC 439B.220, for the latest 4 quarters:
 - (1) Increased by 1.25 percent per quarter, or 5 percent per year; and
- (2) For revenues from inpatients, adjusted to include a full year of payments for disproportionate share.
- (c) The amount of the monthly tax payment will be determined by computing the annual tax based on the latest quarterly reports available, subtracting an amount equal to the amount of taxes which were previously billed, and dividing the balance by the number of payments left in the year.
- **422.150 Estimated taxes: Billing; date when payment is due.** The Department will send the bills for the estimated taxes on or before the 10th day of each month, beginning in August

1993. The payment for the estimated tax is due on or before the 25th day of each month. If the 25th day is a Saturday, Sunday or holiday, the estimated taxes are due on the next business day.

422.160 Estimated taxes: When payment is deemed delinquent; assessment of penalty and interest on late payment.

- 1. A payment for estimated taxes which is received by the Department after the date on which it was due shall be deemed delinquent, unless the payment is postmarked at least 3 days, not including Sunday, before the due date.
- 2. The department will assess a penalty on an outstanding balance at a rate of 1 percent for each day that the payment of the tax is late, up to 10 days. Interest will accrue at a rate of 1.5 percent per month or any portion thereof.

422.170 Intergovernmental transfers: Payment; notification of amount due; assessment of interest on late payment.

- 1. A hospital which is owned by a county or a hospital district and has more than 45 beds, as listed in subsection 3 of NAC 422.100, shall make an intergovernmental transfer to the hospital tax and intergovernmental transfer account. The amount of the transfer must be equal to the amount calculated pursuant to NAC 422.140 for that hospital.
- 2. The Department will notify a hospital which must pay the intergovernmental transfer of the amount due by sending the hospital a statement no later than the 10th day of the month. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, payment of the intergovernmental transfer is due before the 30th day of the month. If the 30th day is a Saturday, Sunday or holiday, the payment is due on the next business day. The payment of the intergovernmental transfer for the month of February is due before March 1. If March 1 is a Saturday, Sunday or holiday, the payment is due on the next business day.

3. If a payment of the intergovernmental transfer is received after the date on which it was due, the Department will assess interest at a rate of 1.5 percent per month or any portion thereof.

422.180 Assessment of penalty and interest: Appeal; waiver; request for hearing.

- 1. A hospital may appeal an assessment of a penalty or interest, or both, imposed pursuant to NAC 422.160 and 422.170, by providing, in writing to the Director of the Department, justification for the request to waive or lessen the assessed penalty or interest, or both. The Director of the Department, or a person designated by the director, may waive the assessed penalty or interest, or both, based upon the appeal of the hospital.
- 2. If the appeal is not granted, the Director shall notify the hospital of the reasons for the denial of the appeal. If the hospital disagrees with the reasons for the denial of the appeal, the hospital may request a hearing before a hearing officer in accordance with the procedures set forth in chapter 233B of NRS.

422.190 Interlocal contracts with Department for medical treatment of indigent patients: Release of county from liability; maintenance and availability of county records.

- 1. A county which enters into an interlocal contract with the Department to pay for the provision of medical treatment to indigent patients is released from liability pursuant to the contract for any completed claim filed after June 30, 1993, for an indigent patient who is discharged from that hospital on or before June 30, 1993.
- A county may apply a claim for an indigent inpatient who was discharged on or before
 June 30, 1993, to the obligation of the hospital for indigent care imposed pursuant to NRS
 439B.320 with the approval of the hospital, even if the claim is not complete as of June 30, 1993.
- 3. The liability of a county which enters into an interlocal agreement pursuant to subsection 1 for completed claims filed after June 30, 1995, for a patient who is discharged on or before

June 30, 1995, is limited to the amount for which the county was released from liability pursuant to subsections 1 and 2.

- 4. The county shall:
- (a) Maintain a record of each claim described by this section; and
- (b) Make those records available for examination or audit by the Department.

422.200 Payments for treatment of disproportionate share of indigent patients: Calculation of days of hospitalization; claims for days of hospitalization for birth of child or psychiatric care.

- 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the number of days of hospitalization of an indigent patient used in the calculation of the payments to a hospital for treating a disproportionate share of indigent patients must be based on the determinations of indigency made by the county using the standards of eligibility of that county which were in existence on January 1, 1993.
- 2. If the hospital receives partial payment from a source other than the county for a claim for a patient who has been determined to be an indigent by the county, the number of days of hospitalization of the indigent patient must be calculated as follows:
- (a) For a claim which the county could submit to the Supplemental Account for Medical Assistance to Indigent Persons for reimbursement pursuant to NRS 428.335 and 428.345, the number of days must be:
 - (1) Twenty-five days; or
 - (2) The actual number of days which have been approved for the claim,
- → whichever is less.

- (b) For a claim for which the payment from another source is less than 25 percent of the amount that the county would have paid and for claims for which the county would have paid at least \$1,000 for each approved day, the number of days must be counted as the actual number of days that have been approved for the claim.
- (c) For a claim for which the payment from another source is 25 percent or more of the amount that the county would have paid and the remaining liability is less than \$1,000 per approved day, the number of days must be computed on the basis of 1 day for each \$1,000 of remaining liability that the county would have had the obligation to pay. In computing the number of days pursuant to this paragraph, the liability of all such claims included on a report must be aggregated, the total amount must be divided by \$1,000, and the quotient must be rounded to the nearest whole number.
- 3. A claim, which is identified as having any days of hospitalization for the birth of a child or for psychiatric care for which the county would have had an obligation to pay, must receive an amount of consideration which is equal to the amount of consideration that a day of hospitalization for a patient on Medicaid would receive.
- 422.210 Validation of financial information provided by hospital; submission by hospital of information regarding annual treatment of indigent patients; annual settlement of underpayment or overpayment by hospital.
- 1. The Department may review any record of a hospital for validating the financial information included on the quarterly reports filed pursuant to NAC 439B.220 and used in the calculation of:
 - (a) Taxes or intergovernmental transfers imposed pursuant to NRS 422.383; or

- (b) The payments made to the hospital for treating a disproportionate share of indigent patients which are made in accordance with the State Plan, "Payment for Inpatient Hospital Services," as established in accordance with NRS 422.381.
- 2. Each hospital shall submit the amount of billed charges and the total number of days of hospitalization provided by that hospital to indigent patients for each fiscal year in such form as the Department may require. The data must be submitted within 6 months after the close of the fiscal year and must be certified as being accurate and complete by an independent certified public accountant.
- 3. Upon receipt of the data specified in subsection 2, the Department will calculate the annual hospital tax and the amount of intergovernmental transfers for the preceding fiscal year. The Department will make a final billing for any underpayment or a refund for any overpayment within 30 days after the completion of the final calculation.